STATE OF UTAH

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020



PREPARED BY:

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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153 North 100 East Lehi, Utah 84043-1895 801-768-7100

November 30, 2020

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and Citizens of Lehi City:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Lehi City (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's basic financial statements have been audited by Osborne Robbins and Buhler, PLLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements, for the fiscal year June 30, 2020, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

Profile of the Government

Lehi is located 12 miles north of Provo and 23 miles south of Salt Lake City. Lehi was settled by Mormon pioneers in 1850 and was known by several different names: Sulphur Springs, Snow's Springs, Dry Creek and Evansville. The final name settled on by the Town's people was Lehi. The City was incorporated in 1852. Lehi is Utah's sixth oldest city.

The City has had a traditional Six Member Council form of government since 1852. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the mayor and five city council members. The governing council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City's administrator, recorder, and treasurer. The City's administrator is responsible for carrying out policies and ordinances of the governing council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing department heads of the various departments. The mayor and city council are elected on a non-partisan basis. City council members serve four-year staggered terms. The mayor is elected to serve a four-year term. The mayor and all five city council seats are elected at large.

Lehi has a rich history. The Overland Stage Coach Route ran through the town. The famous Pony Express Trail ran next to the town, and the Transcontinental Telegraph line ran adjacent to the City.



The City is a beautiful place to live. Just to the south is Utah Lake used for boating, fishing and hunting. The river that drains Utah Lake is the Jordan River, which runs through the City. To the east of the City are the beautiful Wasatch Mountains and to the west are the White Mountains and Oquirrh Mountains, all of which are within thirty minutes of Lehi offering a variety of activities including hiking, mountain biking, fishing, camping and skiing.

The City provides a full range of services including; police and fire protection, the construction and maintenance of streets and roads, parks, both commercial and residential building inspection, a wide variety of recreational programs and cultural events. The City also owns and operates a culinary water system, a secondary water system, a wastewater system, a storm water system, an electrical distribution system, a swimming and recreation facility and emergency medical services. Solid waste collection is contracted through Waste Management



Local Economy and Financial Information

The City has a great mix of traditional western feel and modern technology industries. The historic downtown maintains a western feel with many of the businesses operating in buildings built in the late 1800s. The Lehi Roundup is a five-day celebration with many different community events, including a stock parade, a grand parade, and a professional rodeo, which is one of the oldest rodeos in the state. Alternatively, Lehi is located in the heart of *Silicon Slopes*. The City is home to numerous technology companies such as: Micron, Adobe, Microsoft, Lending Club, Canopy Tax, Ancestory.com, Xactware, WeWork, and Podium. This mixture provides residents with strong community ties as well as positive economic potential.

Spurred by an expanding technology sector, the City continues to experience rapid growth. The population has increased from 49,753 to 69,724 over the past 10 years. With 45% of the City's land still available for development, build-out population, which is estimated to be reached in 2060, is projected at 133,800.

Lehi is continuing to experience rapid growth in both commercial and residential construction. This growth is reflected in both the City's revenues and expenditures. Governmental fund revenues increased from \$52,051,035 to \$77,016,327 from 2016 to 2020, and expenditures increased from \$52,290,827 to \$77,842,842. Operating revenues in enterprise funds grew from \$48,412,958 to

\$62,294,953 over the same time frame, while operating expenses rose from \$45,485,794 to \$62,031,761.

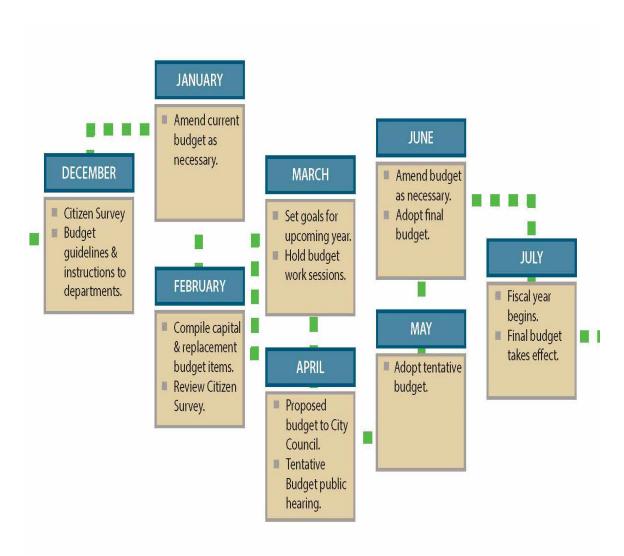
Growth in commercial office and technology continues. Lehi currently has approximately 5,000,000 square feet of class A office space with 885,000 square feet under construction and an additional 3,500,000 planed. Other projects, including car dealerships, hotels and retail establishments are also moving forward. The City has some of the best undeveloped commercial frontage along the Wasatch Front.

Brigham Young University, Utah Valley University (the largest University in the State) and the University of Utah campuses are within 25 minutes of the City center. These higher education facilities employ more than 3,000 people. These universities provide a strong educated work force for a large number of high tech businesses in the area. The region also provides some of the best medical facilities in the western United States. Utah County, the County in which the City is located, has an unemployment rate of 4.3%, Compared to a statewide rate of 5.0%.



The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City's budget process is well laid out, starting in December for a budget that will be adopted by June 30 and goes into effect July 1. By Utah State law, the City is required to adopt a tentative budget on or before the first council meeting in the month of May. This is a working document which can be amended until the final adoption. State law requires the City to adopt a final budget on or before June 22. A public hearing is required prior to final adoption and the budget must be available for public inspection for 10 days prior to the public hearing. This year, the tentative budget was adopted on April 14 and the final budget was adopted on May 12.

The creation of the budget follows the time line shown below:



Within the existing budget, the level of the City's budgetary control is established by activity and purpose within each individual fund. Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within their activity. Transfers of appropriations between activities, however, require the special approval of the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund and Redevelopment Agency, a major special revenue fund, the comparisons are presented on page 36. For capital projects and debt service funds, those comparisons are presented on pages 105 and 106.

Long-term Financial Planning

Lehi City continues to maintain rapid growth in commercial, retail, and residential development. This growth can put a strain on the City's infrastructure resources. In an effort to look towards the future, the City maintains five-year and ten-year capital plans. Rate studies, which include future

capital expenditures have been completed for utility funds. The purpose of these studies is charge rates sufficient to maintain current infrastructure and plan for future needs.

The City recently engaged Curtis Miner Architecture to complete a needs analysis and long-term plan for future city campus facilities. Their analysis provides a roadmap for facilities at the downtown city campus. These facilities include: City Hall, Justice Court, Recreation Center, and Fire Station. Options are included to phase in the construction of these facilities depending upon needs and available funding. This campus master plan will be a valuable tool as city growth spurs future needs.

The implementation of long-term planning has permitted the City to construct some of the finest park systems in our region. The City is home to more than fourteen major facilities. The community's park system has been transformed to produce exceptional open spaces for our citizens' enjoyment. The strategic planning for parks has been expanded to include a trail system that will allow joggers, walkers, and bicyclists to enjoy the Dry Creek Basin which runs through the entire City. The



City also assumed management of Willow Park near the Jordan River. Willow Park provides day use, overnight camping, and access to the Jordan River waterway. The facility, owned by Utah County, will be managed through a land lease with the City. This new arrangement will provide opportunities for development and amenities not previously possible.

During the year, the City, in association with North Utah Water Conservancy District, began construction on Dry Creek Reservoir, currently the site of a debris basin. This reservoir will serve as a large storage facility for the City pressurized irrigation water system. Additionally, the reservoir created will provide recreational amenities and opportunities to the public. Construction is anticipated to be completed Spring 2021.

A long term goal of the City is to maintain the current sense of safety so that citizens are able to enjoy the wide array of programs and activities provided in the community. Lehi's strategic plan has identified the need for a total of 6 fire stations, three on the north and three on the south at the City's build out. Construction of a new public safety building was completed November 2020.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR)

for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This was the twentieth consecutive year the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded the Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated July 1, 2019. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including its purpose as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

In addition, the City also received the GFOA's Popular Annual Financial Report (herein referred to as PAFR Award) for year ended June 30, 2019. In order to qualify for the PAFR Award, the government must obtain the CAFR award. The PAFR document provides summary information from the CAFR to citizens and is judged by a panel of GFOA professionals.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance, treasury, and administration departments. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the mayor and the governing council for their unfailing support and for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Jason Walker City Administrator Dean Lundell
Director of Finance

Down Lundel



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

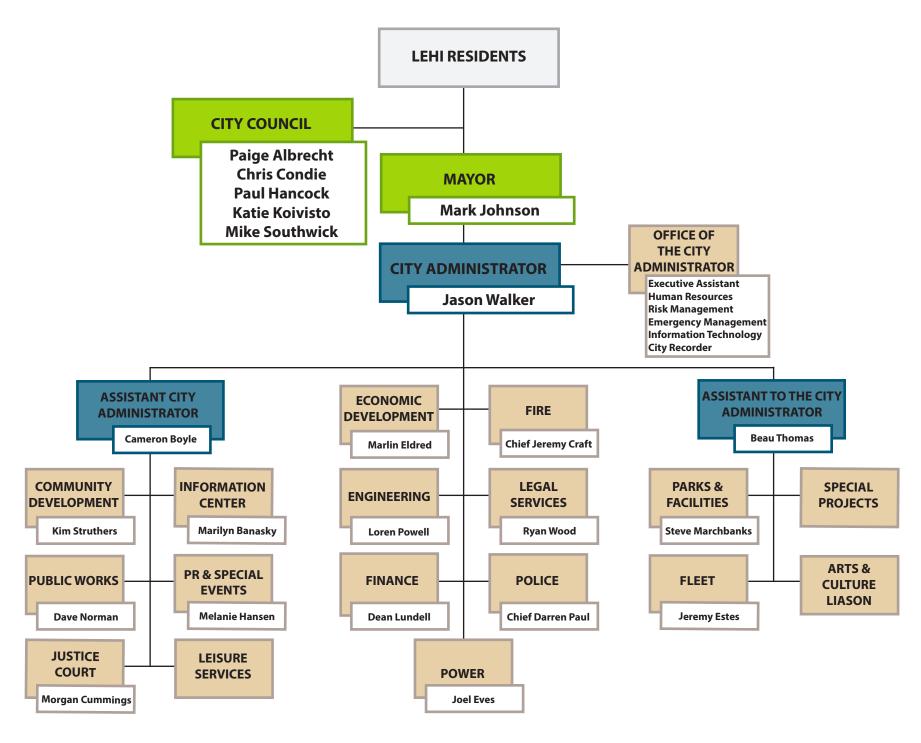
Lehi City Corporation Utah

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





Elected Officials

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020



Mayor Mark Johnson



Councilperson Paige Albrecht



Councilperson Chris Condie



Councilperson Paul Hancock



Councilperson Katie Koivisto



Councilperson Mike Southwick

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

City Administrator	Jason Walker
City Treasurer	Alyson Alger
City Pocardar	Toicha Wilson

FINANCIAL SECTION

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OSBORNE, ROBBINS & BUHLER, P.L.L.C. Certified Public Accountants

4527 SOUTH 2300 EAST, SUITE 201 • SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84117-4446 • PHONE: 308-0220 • FAX: 274-8589

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Lehi City Corporation, Utah

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lehi City Corporation, Utah (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lehi City Corporation as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Redevelopment Agency for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 17 through 29 and the Required Supplementary Information – Pensions on pages 95 through 99 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 25, 2020 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Oslome Kollins & Buller PLLC

November 25, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

As management of the City, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 3-9 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$649,933,195 (net position). This is an increase of 7.71% over the previous year. A large portion of this increase is related to capital grants and developer contributions of infrastructure.
- The City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$44,347,778 which is a decrease of \$797,646 in fund balance reported for 2019 of \$45,145,424. The decrease is to be expected as the City used fund balance accumulated in the prior year for the construction of a new police station and to add to and replace infrastructure within the City.
- Growth in the City continues at a rapid pace with general fund tax revenues increasing 10.7% over the previous year and utility revenues increasing by 5.9%. No tax rates were increased during the year. Recent rate studies have resulted in moderate increases in rates for the Culinary, Pressurized Irrigation, and Storm Drain funds. During 2020, the City implemented the third of five scheduled annual increases in the Culinary and Pressurized Irrigation funds and the second of six scheduled annual increases for the Storm Drain fund.
- The City's total long-term obligations decreased by a net of \$11,751,751 during the current fiscal year.
 - Decreases to long-term debt were due to regularly scheduled principal payments.
 - In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the City reported a net pension liability totaling \$6,269,223 as of June 30, 2020. This is a decrease of \$5,254,322 over the previous year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

- The *statement of net position* presents information on all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial state of the City is improving or deteriorating.
- The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, community development, streets and highways, parks, recreation and culture, and cemetery. The business-type activities of the City include culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, drainage, and garbage.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but one blended component unit. The Lehi Redevelopment Agency (The Agency) is legally separate from the City. However, since the Agency's board of trustees is composed of the Lehi Mayor and City Council and City staff maintain operational responsibility for the Agency, it is presented as a special revenue fund of the City. The Redevelopment Agency Fund contains the financial balances and activities of the Agency.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 32-33 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the capital projects fund, and the redevelopment agency special revenue fund which are considered to be major funds. The debt service fund is the only non-major governmental fund.

The City adopts annual appropriated budgets for its general fund and its special revenue redevelopment agency fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and the redevelopment agency fund to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statement can be found on pages 34-36 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds, enterprise funds and internal service funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, drainage, and garbage operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, and drainage funds, which are considered to be major funds of the City. The garbage fund is the only non-major proprietary fund.

The City of Lehi uses four *internal service funds* to account for its fleet maintenance, risk management activities, building and grounds maintenance, and computer maintenance and replacement activities. These are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in the report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 38-42 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 43-93 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. This required supplementary information can be found on pages 95-99 of this report.

Individual fund schedules and combining statements and schedules can be found on pages 101-110 of this report.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial state. In the case of the City, net position was \$649,933,195 at the close of the most recent year.

The statement of net position shows the City's investment in capital assets (e.g. land, intangible assets, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure assets); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding separate from remaining net position. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

In governmental activities, the investment in capital assets is larger than total net position resulting in a deficit in unrestricted net position for governmental activities. This is in large part a result of potential tax abatement obligations included as part of long-term liabilities in governmental activities. These obligations can only be paid from tax increment revenues and not from general tax revenues. Of the City's \$649,933,195 in net position, \$4,042,878 is subject to external restrictions on how those resources may be used.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION NET POSITION

	 Government	al Act	ivities	Business-ty	pe Act	ivities	 To	tal	
	 2020		2019	2020		2019	 2020		2019
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 82,778,464 339,661,541 422,440,005	\$	74,794,464 320,306,544 395,101,008	\$ 70,577,749 371,777,148 442,354,897	\$	75,380,733 347,410,557 422,791,290	\$ 153,356,213 711,438,689 864,794,902	\$	150,175,197 667,717,101 817,892,298
Deferred outflows of									
resources	\$ 2,746,895	\$	5,227,717	\$ 7,103,360	\$	7,951,670	\$ 9,850,255	\$	13,179,387
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities Interfund balances Total liabilities	\$ 135,544,791 11,783,689 543,531 147,872,011	\$	144,426,934 9,295,115 639,117 154,361,166	\$ 40,853,691 6,201,234 (543,531) 46,511,394	\$	43,723,299 9,672,193 (639,117) 52,756,375	\$ 176,398,482 17,984,923 - 194,383,405	\$	188,150,233 18,967,308 - 207,117,541
Deferred inflows of									
resources	\$ 29,570,555	\$	20,486,335	\$ 758,002	\$	57,724	\$ 30,328,557	\$	20,544,059
Net position Net investment in capital assets	\$ 310,508,319	\$	302,586,651	\$ 341,429,283	\$	325,775,552	\$ 651,937,602	\$	628,362,203
Restricted Unrestricted	1,330,917 (64,094,902)		1,480,415 (78,585,842)	2,711,961 58,047,617		2,528,731 49,624,578	4,042,878 (6,047,285)		4,009,146 (28,961,264)
Total net position	\$ 247,744,334	\$	225,481,224	\$ 402,188,861	\$	377,928,861	\$ 649,933,195	\$	603,410,085

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

LEHI CITY CORPORATION CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		Governmental Activities				Business-ty	pe Act	tivities	Total					
		2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019		
Revenues:														
Program revenues:														
Charges for services	\$	11,299,674	\$	13,736,669	\$	61,637,082	\$	58,617,853	\$	72,936,756	\$	72,354,522		
Operating grants and														
contributions		7,488,372		2,734,035		-		5,250,596		7,488,372		7,984,631		
Capital grants and														
contributions		17,986,306		28,364,171		24,840,140		41,980,410		42,826,446		70,344,581		
General revenues:										-		-		
Property taxes		26,503,325		20,483,605		-		-		26,503,325		20,483,605		
Sales and other taxes		20,305,493		18,667,058		-		-		20,305,493		18,667,058		
Other		2,381,620		1,631,931		2,141,324		2,037,704		4,522,944		3,669,635		
Total revenues		85,964,790		85,617,469		88,618,546		107,886,563		174,583,336		193,504,032		
F														
Expenses: General government		8,959,799		8,961,845						8,959,799		8,961,845		
Public safety		16,559,907		15,513,181		-		-		16,559,907		15,513,181		
Community development		5,777,381		4,836,058		-		-		5,777,381		4,836,058		
Highways/streets		14,920,711		13,522,976		-		-		14,920,711		13,522,976		
Parks, recreation, and		14,920,711		13,322,970		-		-		14,920,711		13,322,970		
culture		11,186,187		11,220,816						11,186,187		11,220,816		
Cemetery		473,663		430,339		-		-		473,663		430,339		
Interest on long-term debt		5,824,032		4,877,481		-		-		5,824,032		4,877,481		
Culinary Water		3,024,032		4,077,401		6,969,504		10,336,143		6,969,504		10,336,143		
Sewer		-		-		12,142,499		11,111,407		12,142,499		11,111,407		
Pressurized Irrigation		-		-		5,808,312		5,425,243		5,808,312		5,425,243		
Electric		-		-		33,265,006		33,073,473		33,265,006		33,073,473		
Drainage		-		-		2,851,399		2,551,414		2,851,399		2,551,414		
Garbage		-		-		3,321,826		2,649,266		3,321,826		2,649,266		
Garbage						3,321,020		2,049,200		3,321,820		2,049,200		
Total expenses		63,701,680		59,362,696		64,358,546		65,146,946		128,060,226		124,509,642		
Increase (decrease) in net														
position before transfers		22,263,110		26,254,773		24,260,000		42,739,617		46,523,110		68,994,390		
position before transfers		22,203,110		20,23 1,773		21,200,000		12,733,017		10,525,110		00,551,550		
Transfers						-				-		-		
Increase in net position		22,263,110		26,254,773		24,260,000		42,739,617		46,523,110		68,994,390		
Net position, beginning	_	225,481,224		199,226,451		377,928,861		335,189,244		603,410,085		534,415,695		
Net position, ending	\$	247,744,334	\$	225,481,224	\$	402,188,861	\$	377,928,861	\$	649,933,195	\$	603,410,085		

As of June 30, 2020, the net position of the City's governmental activities totaled \$247,744,334 compared to \$225,481,224 in 2019. The governmental activities reported an increase in net position of \$22,263,110. Capital grants and contributions, including contributions of infrastructure totaled \$17,986,306. The City also received \$46,808,818 in property, sales, and other taxes.

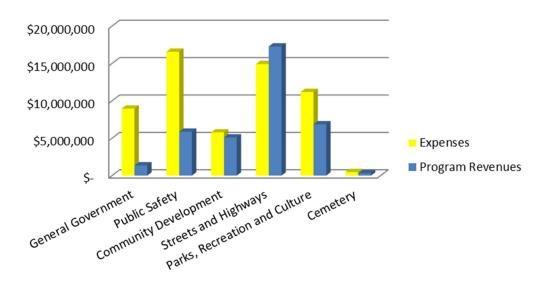
As of June 30, 2020, the net position of the City's business-type activities totaled \$402,188,861 compared to \$377,928,861 in 2019. The business-type activities reported an increase in net position of \$24,260,000. \$24,840,140 of this increase in net position can be attributed to capital grants and contributions, including contributions of infrastructure.

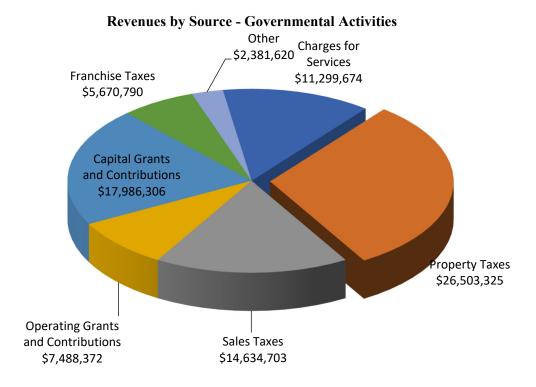
LEHI CITY CORPORATION Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Governmental activities. During 2020 governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$22,263,110. Some specific factors making up the change in net position during 2020 include:

- Charges for services decreased in 2020 over the prior year by approximately \$2.4 million. These revenues include fees for development, such as building permits and plan reviews. These revenues were decreased in large part due to the Covid-19 shut downs that occurred in the last quarter of the fiscal year. Specifically, recreation revenues were \$1.1 million lower than in the prior year and development related fees were \$500,000 less than the previous year.
- Capital grants and contributions were lower than in 2019 by approximately \$10.3 million. The reduction in revenue was primarily a result of less developer-installed infrastructure. Developer-installed road infrastructure was \$7.7 lower in 2020 than 2019. Also, grants for road construction were less than 2019 by \$2.3 million.
- Expenses of the governmental activities increased from 2019 to 2020 by \$4,338,984 with the largest increases occurring in streets and highway expenses as well as public safety operating expenses. Depreciation in governmental activities increased \$946,551 from 2019 to 2020.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

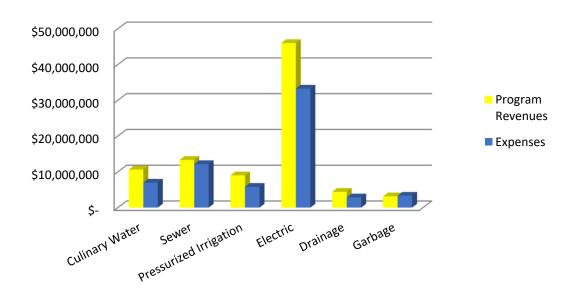




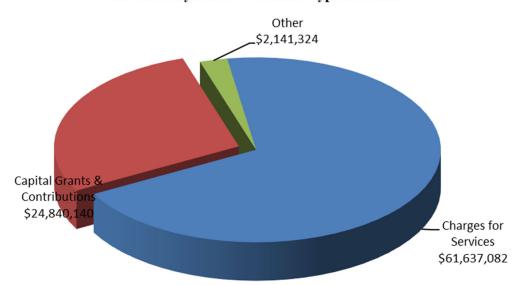
Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$24,260,000. At the end of the current fiscal year, all of the City's major business-type activities reported positive net position. Key elements of the increase in net position are as follows:

- Charges for services in the business-type activities increased over 2019 by \$3,019,229 (5.15%). Most of the enterprise funds experienced an increase in charges for services over 2019, a result of growth in the number of customers served as well as increase to the culinary water, pressurized irrigation, and storm water rates.
- Capital grants and contributions for the business-type activities added \$24,840,140 to the net position of the City. This amount was lower than in 2019 by \$17,140,270. Contributing causes were a reduction in impact fees of \$1.5 million and lower developer contributions of \$15 million.
- Expenses of the business-type activities decreased by \$788,400 from the prior year. The decrease is primarily due to decreases in system maintenance costs. Depreciation in business-type activities increased by \$1,466,891 from 2019 to 2020. Because the City's customer base has been expanding, the cost of providing services has also increased.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



LEHI CITY CORPORATION Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$44,347,778. \$11,968,763 of this total amount (27.0%) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is either *nonspendable*, *restricted*, *committed or assigned* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it 1) is not in a spendable form, 2) has constraints imposed either externally or by law, 3) has constraints imposed by formal resolution of the city council, or 4) is or intended by the city council and the city manager to be used for specific purposes.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$11,968,763, while total fund balance reached \$15,186,857. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 30.1% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 38.2% of that same amount. The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$3,017,316 during the current fiscal year, due largely to higher than anticipated tax revenues, and intergovernmental revenues, including Covid-19 related relief grant revenues.

The special revenue Redevelopment Agency Fund has an assigned fund balance of \$3,087,574. The project areas that received tax increment revenues in the current year were the Mill Pond Project, the Alpine Highway Project, the Alpine Highway West Project Area, the Thanksgiving Park Economic Development Project Area, the West Timpanogos Project Area and the Traverse Mountain Community Development Area. Overall, the fund experienced an increase in fund balance of \$902,317.

The capital projects fund had a decrease in fund balance in the amount of \$4,720,347, which resulted in a fund balance of \$26,070,279. The decrease in fund balance was the result of capital outlay totaling \$22,420,051 which included the construction of new public safety facilities. During the year, \$8,089,930 was transferred from the general fund to the capital projects fund to pay for future projects.

In 2020, the City established the debt service fund to account for the debt service on its outstanding 2019, 2018 and 2014 sales tax revenue bonds. The debt service fund has an assigned fund balance of \$3,068.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the business-type portions of the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at the end of the year totaled \$57,504,086. Individually, the electric fund's unrestricted net position totaled \$37,189,723, the drainage unrestricted net position totaled \$2,546,326, the sewer unrestricted net position totaled \$6,141,088, the water unrestricted net position totaled \$10,867,780 and the pressurized irrigation unrestricted net position totaled \$531,940. The non-major enterprise fund reported a positive unrestricted net position amount of \$227,229. Other factors concerning the finances of these proprietary funds can be found earlier in this section under business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the general fund's budget was amended from budgeted expenditures totaling \$43,531,696 to a final budget of \$43,784,696, an increase of \$253,000, which is an increase of less than 1%. Increased budget allocations were made to various departments based on changing conditions. These adjustments were funded primarily by appropriating fund balance. Significant variances between the final budget and actual results are shown below:

- Tax revenues recognized in 2020 were \$2,442,567 more than budgeted. Property taxes, sales taxes and franchise taxes were all higher than originally budgeted.
- Intergovernmental revenue was higher than budgeted by approximately \$4.7 million, due largely to Covid-19 relief grant funds that became available and were recognized late in the fiscal year.
- Total expenditures were less than the final budgeted amounts by \$4,020,878.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020 amounts to \$711,438,689 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements including infrastructure and distribution systems, machinery and equipment, vehicles, and office furniture and equipment.

Major capital asset activity during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Infrastructure, land, and water rights were donated to the City by developers. The estimated fair value of the infrastructure, land and water rights donated in the governmental and business-type activities was \$8,7456,629 and \$24,046,453, respectively.
- The City broke ground on a new police station during July 2019. Approximately \$11.3 million was incurred during the year on this project. Completion is anticipated in November 2020.
- In the pressurized irrigation fund, \$3.2 million was spent on the Dry Creek Reservoir.
- Approximately \$4.6 million was spent during the year on the Sandpit transmission line with half of that being recorded in the water fund and half in the pressurized irrigation fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

• In the electric fund, approximately \$4.0 million was spent on the Carter Substation upgrade project and another \$3.8 million on subdivision construction projects.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION CAPITAL ASSETS (net of depreciation)

	Govern	mei	ntal	Busine	ss-t	ype			
	 Activities			Acti	5	To			
	 2020		2019	 2020	_	2019	 2020		2019
Land	\$ 150,619,027	\$	145,988,077	\$ 3,426,304	\$	3,146,725	\$ 154,045,331	\$	149,134,802
Intangibles	-		-	59,130,125		58,744,205	59,130,125		58,744,205
Construction in progress	20,851,855		11,095,840	19,541,657		17,740,730	40,393,512		28,836,570
Buildings and structures	17,764,888		18,626,258	11,029,316		11,478,615	28,794,204		30,104,873
Improvements, including infrastructure	141,449,974		138,183,209	276,710,000		254,027,480	418,159,974		392,210,689
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	8,925,893		6,346,440	1,925,078		2,255,360	10,850,971		8,601,800
Office furniture and equipment	49,904		66,720	 14,668		17,442	64,572		84,162
Total	\$ 339,661,541	\$	320,306,544	\$ 371,777,148	\$	347,410,557	\$ 711,438,689	\$	667,717,101

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note F on pages 59-60 of this report.

Long-term obligations. At the end of the current fiscal year the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$72,030,132, all of which represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds).

LEHI CITY CORPORATION LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

	Governmental					Busine	/pe						
	Activities					Acti	vities		Total				
	2020		2019		2020		2019		2020			2019	
Tax increment notes payable													
to developers	\$	89,515,210	\$	95,969,054	\$	-	\$	-	\$	89,515,210	\$	95,969,054	
Other notes payable		655,769		751,629		1,185,284		1,226,142		1,841,053		1,977,771	
Revenue bonds		34,721,528		35,736,583		37,308,604		39,099,984		72,030,132		74,836,567	
Capital lease obligations		2,200,000		-		-		-		2,200,000		-	
Other liabilities		8,452,284		11,969,668		2,359,803		3,397,173		10,812,087		15,366,841	
Total	\$	135,544,791	\$	144,426,934	\$	40,853,691	\$	43,723,299	\$	176,398,482	\$	188,150,233	

The City's long-term obligations decreased by \$11,751,751 in fiscal year 2020 due primarily to regularly scheduled debt service requirements. No new bonds were issued during the year. The City reported, in accordance with the requirements of GAAP, net pension liability totaling \$6,269,223.

The 2019 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds were assigned a municipal bond rating of AA- by Standard and Poor's. The 2019 Water Revenue Bonds were assigned a municipal bond rating of AA by Fitch and Aa3 by Moody's. Power Revenue Bonds are rated A+ by Standard and Poor's.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 4% of its total taxable value. The current limitation for the City is \$449,216,804 and the City currently has no general obligation debt. In addition, state statutes allow for an additional 4% to be used for business-type debt, thus resulting in a debt limit of 8% of total taxable value. The current debt limitation for business-type projects is \$898,433,608, which significantly exceeds the outstanding business-type debt the City currently has.

Additional information on the City's long-term obligations can be found in note H on pages 61-72 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Lehi continues to grow rapidly. During the year, property values increased by 25.13% to an estimated market value of \$11,230,420,097.
- The City is in the third year of a five-year rate study for culinary water and pressurized irrigation rates. The rates recommended by the study were adopted by the city council. Rates for both utilities are 3.0% higher in the 2021 fiscal year than the 2020 fiscal year. Storm drain rates were increased January 2020 from \$3.00 per month to \$4.50 per month. An additional increase to \$4.75 per month was implemented July 2020. \$0.25 annual increased are planned for ending in FY 2026.
- Despite negative effects related to the worldwide pandemic, Utah's economy continues to grow. Lehi City experienced growth in both tax and utility revenue over the previous year. After the state unemployment rate reached a high of 10.4% in April 2020, economic conditions improved drastically to realize a statewide rate of 5.0% in October 2020. While this is 2.7% higher than last year, it is a significant improvement from conditions of Spring 2020. The unemployment rate in Utah County is 4.3%, which is 2.0% higher than the previous year. Lehi's population estimate grew from 66,037 to 69,724 during the year.

The above factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2021 fiscal year. The 2021 budget is balanced without a property tax rate increase. Budgeted revenues and expenditures for the upcoming year total \$181,197,237. This is an increase from the 2020 fiscal year opening budget of \$179,114,970. Expenditure increases are a result of a growing in population and infrastructure.

The City continues to expand with new residential and commercial development, with 707 residential and 148 commercial building permits issued. New companies which located or expanded office space in Lehi during the year include Carvana and Jaguar/Land Rover of Lehi. Adobe completed phase II of their project during the recently completed fiscal year as well. Lehi currently has approximately 5,000,000 square feet of class A office space with 885,000 currently under construction and an additional 3,500,000 planned. Intermountain Healthcare will break ground on second Primary Children's hospital. This facility is planned to encompass a 38-acre campus with a five-floor facility, 66 beds, and a three-story medical office building, with a combined 468,000 square feet. This level of growth is not anticipated to slow during the upcoming year.

New growth brings additional revenue, but it also brings increased costs. Infrastructure needs in roads, parks, and utilities will continue to consume additional City resources. Detailed focus must be maintained on capital planning and revenue to keep pace with the current pace of growth.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 153 North 100 East, Lehi, Utah, 84043.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT									
	GOV	ERNMENTAL		SINESS-TYPE						
		CTIVITIES	Α	CTIVITIES		TOTAL				
ASSETS										
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	33,165,137	\$	29,207,623	\$	62,372,760				
INVESTMENTS		-		18,911,115		18,911,115				
RECEIVABLES (NET)				(275 402		6 275 402				
ACCOUNTS		-		6,375,402		6,375,402				
UNBILLED TAXES		27,995,459		792,819		792,819 27,995,459				
INTERGOVERNMENTAL		6,541,355		-		6,541,355				
OTHER		787,337		5,493		792,830				
ADVANCE BILLING ON DEPOSIT WITH POWER SUPPLIER		-		632,377		632,377				
INVENTORY		55,767		3,690,198		3,745,965				
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		13,583,452		10,962,722		24,546,174				
NET PENSION ASSET		649,957		-		649,957				
NON-DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS		171,470,882		82,098,086		253,568,968				
DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		168,190,659		289,679,062		457,869,721				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	422,440,005	\$	442,354,897	\$	864,794,902				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
ADVANCE FUNDING OF UAMPS PROJECT	\$	_	\$	6,339,439	\$	6,339,439				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS RELATED TO PENSIONS	Ф	2,746,895	Ф	763,921	J	3,510,816				
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	2,746,895	\$	7,103,360	\$	9,850,255				
		, ,,,,,,		.,,						
LIABILITIES										
INTERFUND BALANCES	\$	543,531	\$	(543,531)	\$	-				
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		1,716,585		5,742,145		7,458,730				
LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS										
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		4,109,069		95,533		4,204,602				
ACCRUED INTEREST		124,243		-		124,243				
WAGES PAYABLE		783,536		179,533		963,069				
ACCRUED LIABILITIES		3,053,273		-		3,053,273				
ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE		1,996,983		144,053		2,141,036				
CUSTOMER DEPOSITS		-		39,970		39,970				
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES										
DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		2,608,748		1,566,237		4,174,985				
DUE IN MORE THAN ONE YEAR:										
COMPENSATED ABSENCES		1,884,421		588,679		2,473,100				
NET PENSION LIABILITY		4,922,274		1,346,949		6,269,223				
LANDFILL POSTCLOSURE COSTS		250,917		-		250,917				
CAPITAL LEASES		1,890,924		-		1,890,924				
TAX INCREMENT NOTE PAYABLE TO DEVELOPER		89,515,210		-		89,515,210				
OTHER NOTES PAYABLE		655,769		1,133,222		1,788,991				
BONDS PAYABLE		33,816,528		36,218,604		70,035,132				
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	147,872,011	\$	46,511,394	\$	194,383,405				
DEFENDED IN IT ON OF DEGOLOTION	·									
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES PROPERTY TAXES		25 112 201	ø		e	25 112 201				
	\$	25,112,281	\$	-	\$	25,112,281				
ADVANCE RECEIPT OF CARES GRANT REVENUE DEFERRED INFLOWS RELATED TO PENSIONS		1,748,118		750,000		1,748,118				
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	2,710,156 29,570,555	\$	758,002 758,002	\$	3,468,158 30,328,557				
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3	29,370,333	Ф	738,002	3	30,328,337				
NET POSITION										
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS	\$	310,508,319	\$	341,429,283	\$	651,937,602				
RESTRICTED FOR										
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS		1,020,889		2,711,961		3,732,850				
DEBT SERVICE		75,843		-		75,843				
OTHER PURPOSES		234,185		-		234,185				
UNRESTRICTED (DEFICIT)		(64,094,902)		58,047,617		(6,047,285)				
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	247,744,334	\$	402,188,861	\$	649,933,195				
	-	. /		. /						

										NUE (EXPENSE) S IN NET POSIT					
			PROG	RAM REVENUE	S		PRIMARY GOVERNMENT								
		CHARGES FOI	R G	OPERATING GRANTS AND	GR	CAPITAL ANTS AND		RNMENTAL		SINESS-TYPE					
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	SERVICES	<u>CO</u>	NTRIBUTIONS	CON	TRIBUTIONS	AC	CTIVITIES		ACTIVITIES		TOTAL			
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:															
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES															
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	\$ 8,959,799	\$ 1,343,0	004 \$	_	\$	16,755	\$	(7,600,040)	\$	_	\$	(7,600,040)			
PUBLIC SAFETY	16,559,907	1,685,2		3,641,743		543,675		(10,689,248)		_		(10,689,248)			
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	5,777,381	5,093,4		· · ·		_		(683,935)		-		(683,935			
STREETS AND HIGHWAYS	14,920,711			3,809,524		13,457,557		2,346,370		_		2,346,370			
PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE	11,186,187	2,855,2	578	37,105		3,968,319		(4,325,385)		_		(4,325,385)			
CEMETERY	473,663	322,0		-		· · · · ·		(151,058)		_		(151,058)			
INTEREST ON LONG-TERM DEBT	5,824,032			_		_		(5,824,032)		_		(5,824,032)			
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	63,701,680	11,299,	74	7,488,372		17,986,306		(26,927,328)		-		(26,927,328)			
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES															
CULINARY WATER	6,969,504	6,726,	162	_		3,915,036		_		3,672,294		3,672,294			
SEWER	12,142,499	9,399,4		_		3,922,082		_		1,179,071		1,179,071			
PRESSURIZED IRRIGATION	5,808,312	4,148,		_		4,847,807		_		3,187,643		3,187,643			
ELECTRIC	33,265,006	36,526,		_		9,470,157		_		12,731,663		12,731,663			
DRAINAGE	2,851,399	1,700,6		_		2,685,058		_		1,534,264		1,534,264			
GARBAGE	3,321,826	3,135,		_		-,002,000		_		(186,259)		(186,259)			
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	64,358,546	61,637,0				24,840,140		_		22,118,676		22,118,676			
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 128,060,226	\$ 72,936,		7,488,372	\$	42,826,446		(26,927,328)		22,118,676		(4,808,652)			
		GENERAL REVI	ENUES:												
		PROPERTY TAX	ŒS					26,503,325		-		26,503,325			
		SALES TAXES						14,634,703		-		14,634,703			
		FRANCHISE TA	XES					5,670,790		-		5,670,790			
		INVESTMENT E	ARNINGS	3				1,137,458		1,483,453		2,620,911			
		GAIN ON DISPO	SAL OF C	CAPITAL ASSETS	S			16,461		-		16,461			
		OTHER						1,227,701		657,871		1,885,572			
		TOTAL GENERA	L REVEN	NUES				49,190,438		2,141,324		51,331,762			
		TRANSFERS						-				-			
				NUES AND TRAN	ISFERS			49,190,438		2,141,324		51,331,762			
		CHANGE IN NE	f POSITIC	ON				22,263,110		24,260,000		46,523,110			
		NET POSITION A	T BEGIN	NING OF YEAR				225,481,224		377,928,861		603,410,085			
		NET POSITION A	T END O	F YEAR			\$	247,744,334	\$	402,188,861	\$	649,933,195			

LEHI CITY CORPORATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	G	ENERAL	RED	SPECIAL REVENUE EVELOPMENT AGENCY		CAPITAL ROJECTS	GOVE	OTHER RNMENTAL FUND		TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS										
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS RECEIVABLES	\$	9,516,565	\$	3,015,832	\$	18,982,677	\$	3,068	\$	31,518,142
TAXES		12,985,459		15,010,000		-		-		27,995,459
INTERGOVERNMENTAL		5,780,865		-		760,490		-		6,541,355
OTHER		594,493		179,412		4,232		-		778,137
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH										
EQUIVALENTS		3,179,694		_		10,214,017		_		13,393,711
TOTAL ASSETS	s	32,057,076	\$	18,205,244	S	29,961,416	\$	3,068	\$	80,226,804
•				, ,						
LIABILITIES										
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM	\$	599,846	\$	107,670	\$	407,738	\$	-	\$	1,115,254
RESTRICTED ASSETS		625,670		-		3,483,399		-		4,109,069
WAGES PAYABLE		741,031		-		-		-		741,031
ACCRUED LIABILITIES		3,053,273		-		-		-		3,053,273
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,019,820		107,670		3,891,137		-		9,018,627
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
TAXES		10,102,281		15,010,000		_		_		25,112,281
ADVANCE RECEIPT OF CARES		-, - , -		-,,						-, , -
GRANT REVENUE		1,748,118		_		_		_		1,748,118
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			-	-					-	-,,,
RESOURCES		11,850,399		15,010,000		-		-		26,860,399
FUND BALANCES										
RESTRICTED		2,554,024		_		6,730,618		_		9,284,642
COMMITTED		640,659		_		-		_		640,659
ASSIGNED		23,411		3,087,574		19,339,661		3,068		22,453,714
UNASSIGNED		11,968,763		-		-		-		11,968,763
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		15,186,857		3,087,574		26,070,279		3,068		44,347,778
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS		·				 _				
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	32,057,076	\$	18,205,244	\$	29,961,416	\$	3,068	\$	80,226,804

LEHI CITY CORPORATION RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2020

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 44,347,778
AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:	
CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ARE NOT FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND THEREFORE ARE NOT REPORTED IN THE FUNDS	339,661,541
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, INCLUDING BONDS PAYABLE, ARE NOT DUE AND PAYABLE IN THE CURRENT PERIOD AND THEREFORE ARE NOT REPORTED IN THE FUNDS	(135,544,791)
INTEREST PAYABLE ON LONG-TERM FINANCIAL RESOURCES IS NOT REPORTED IN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	(2,121,226)
THE CURRENT ASSETS, RESTRICTED CASH AND LIABILITIES OF THE INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS ARE INCLUDED IN THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1,257,867
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS RELATED TO PENSIONS AND THE NET PENSION ASSET WILL NEITHER REQUIRE THE USE OF NOR PROVIDE CURRENT PERIOD FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND THEREFORE ARE NOT REPORTED IN THE FUNDS	686,696
SOME OF THE INTERNAL SERVICE NET INCOME IS ALLOCABLE TO BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES. THESE AMOUNTS ARE SHOWN IN THE INTERNAL BALANCES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	 (543,531)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 247,744,334

	(GENERAL	REI	SPECIAL REVENUE DEVELOPMENT AGENCY	CAPITAL PROJECTS	GOV	OTHER /ERNMENTAL FUND	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES									
TAXES	\$	30,269,379	\$	16,065,710	\$ 473,729	\$	-	\$	46,808,818
LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS		2,892,314		-	5,276,552		-		8,168,866
INTERGOVERNMENTAL		7,519,678		-	3,921,819		-		11,441,497
CHARGES FOR SERVICES		7,058,720		-	-		-		7,058,720
FINES AND FORFEITURES		790,458		-	-		-		790,458
MISCELLANEOUS		1,648,639		-	-		-		1,648,639
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS		393,642		38,650	667,037		-		1,099,329
TOTAL REVENUES		50,572,830		16,104,360	10,339,137		-		77,016,327
EXPENDITURES CURRENT									
GENERAL GOVERNMENT		7,538,498							7,538,498
PUBLIC SAFETY		15,404,388		-	-		-		15,404,388
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		3,056,339		2,391,339	-		-		5,447,678
STREETS AND HIGHWAYS		3,789,510		2,391,339	-		-		3,789,510
PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE		9,541,822		-	-		-		9,541,822
CEMETERY		433,261		-	-		-		433,261
OTHER		433,201		-	7,625		3,150		10,775
CAPITAL OUTLAY		-		-	22,420,051		3,130		22,420,051
		-		-	22,420,031		-		22,420,031
DEBT SERVICE				6 452 044	05.061		000 000		7 420 705
PRINCIPAL		-		6,453,844	95,861		880,000		7,429,705
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES				4,472,991	 377,863		976,300		5,827,154
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		39,763,818		13,318,174	 22,901,400		1,859,450	-	77,842,842
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER									
EXPENDITURES		10,809,012		2,786,186	 (12,562,263)		(1,859,450)		(826,515)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
TRANSFERS IN		1,883,869		-	8,089,930		1,862,518		11,836,317
TRANSFERS OUT		(9,704,434)		(1,883,869)	(248,014)		-		(11,836,317)
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS		28,869							28,869
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(7,791,696)		(1,883,869)	 7,841,916		1,862,518		28,869
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		3,017,316		902,317	(4,720,347)		3,068		(797,646)
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		12,169,541		2,185,257	 30,790,626				45,145,424
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	15,186,857	\$	3,087,574	\$ 26,070,279	\$	3,068	\$	44,347,778

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE VEAR ENDED HINE 30, 2020

FOR THE TEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL		
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	(797,646)
AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL		
ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES		
ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:		
THE BITTEREST BESTOODS		
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REPORT CAPITAL OUTLAYS		
AS EXPENDITURES WHILE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		
REPORT DEPRECIATION EXPENSE TO ALLOCATE		
THOSE EXPENDITURES OVER THE LIFE OF THE ASSETS		
CAPITAL ASSET PURCHASES CAPITALIZED		22,501,064
DEPRECIATION EXPENSE		(15,160,017)
SOME EXPENSES REPORTED IN THE STATEMENT OF		
ACTIVITIES, SUCH AS COMPENSATED ABSENCES.		
ACCRUED INTEREST, LANDFILL POST-CLOSURE COSTS		
DO NOT REQUIRE THE USE OF CURRENT FINANCIAL		
RESOURCES AND THEREFORE ARE NOT REPORTED		
AS EXPENDITURES IN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		(442,328)
AS EAT ENDITORES IN THE GOVERNMENTAL PONDS		(442,328)
REPAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL IS AN EXPENDITURE IN		
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, BUT THE REPAYMENT		
REDUCES LONG-TERM LIABILITIES IN THE STATEMENT		
OF NET POSITION		7,429,705
THE VIET DEVELOP OF DIFFERENCE GENERAL SERVINGES FOR DECK		
THE NET REVENUE OF INTERNAL SERVICES FUNDS IS		
ALLOCATED BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		
AND BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES.		
INTERNAL SERVICE FUND NET LOSS LESS AMOUNT		(107,475)
ALLOCATED TO BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		95,586
PROCEEDS FROM DEBT ISSUES ARE AN OTHER FINANCING		
SOURCE IN THE FUNDS, BUT A DEBT ISSUE INCREASES		
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF		
NET POSITION		
NETTOSITION		-
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REPORT THE DISPOSAL OF		
ASSETS TO THE EXTENT PROCEEDS ARE RECEIVED, IN		
THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, A GAIN OR LOSS		
IS REPORTED FOR EACH DISPOSAL		(12,408)
DEVELOPER CONTRIBUTIONS OF INFRASTRUCTURE		
NOT RECORDED IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		8,756,629
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	¢	22 262 110
CHAINGE IN INET FUSITION OF GOVERNIVIENTAL ACTIVITIES	<u> </u>	22,263,110

LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		GENER	AL FUND			REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY									
	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		FINAL	ICE WITH BUDGET SITIVE	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		FINA	ANCE WITH AL BUDGET POSITIVE					
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEC	GATIVE)	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)						
REVENUES															
TAXES	\$ 27,826,812	\$ 27,826,812	\$ 30,269,379	\$	2,442,567	\$ 11,830,000	16,715,000	\$ 16,065,710	\$	(649,290)					
LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS	3,020,000	3,020,000	2,892,314		(127,686)	-	-	-		-					
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE	2,818,568	2,819,568	7,519,678		4,700,110	-	-	-		-					
CHARGES FOR SERVICE	7,755,535	7,755,535	7,058,720		(696,815)	-	-	-		-					
FINES AND FORFEITURES	655,000	655,000	790,458		135,458	-	-	-		-					
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	1,454,500	1,454,500	1,648,639		194,139	-	-	-		-					
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	61,000	61,000	393,642		332,642	7,500	7,500	38,650		31,150					
TOTAL REVENUES	43,591,415	43,592,415	50,572,830		6,980,415	11,837,500	16,722,500	16,104,360		(618,140)					
EXPENDITURES															
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	8,491,648	8,438,648	7,538,498		900,150	_	_	_		_					
PUBLIC SAFETY	16,233,507	16,416,507	15,404,388		1,012,119	_	_	_		_					
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	3,309,008	3,349,008	3,056,339		292,669	2,224,100	3,036,600	2,391,339		645,261					
STREETS AND HIGHWAYS	4,143,556	4,143,556	3,789,510		354,046	-	-	-		-					
PARKS, RECREATIONS AND CULTURE	10,843,590	10,926,590	9,541,822		1,384,768	_	_	_		_					
CEMETERY	510,387	510,387	433,261		77,126	-	-	-		-					
DEBT SERVICE						8,350,228	11,812,728	10,926,835		885,893					
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	43,531,696	43,784,696	39,763,818		4,020,878	10,574,328	14,849,328	13,318,174		1,531,154					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES															
OVER EXPENDITURES	59,719	(192,281)	10,809,012		11,001,293	1,263,172	1,873,172	2,786,186		913,014					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)															
ISSUANCE OF NOTES	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-					
TRANSFERS IN	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,883,869		383,869	-	-	-		-					
TRANSFERS OUT	(2,734,635)	(5,034,635)	(9,704,434)		(4,669,799)	(1,263,172)	(1,873,172)	(1,883,869)		(10,697)					
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	10,000	10,000	28,869		18,869										
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,224,635)	(3,524,635)	(7,791,696)		(4,267,061)	(1,263,172)	(1,873,172)	(1,883,869)		(10,697)					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,164,916)	(3,716,916)	3,017,316		6,734,232	-	-	902,317		902,317					
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	12,169,541	12,169,541	12,169,541		<u>-</u>	2,185,257	2,185,257	2,185,257							
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 11,004,625	\$ 8,452,625	\$ 15,186,857	\$	6,734,232	\$ 2,185,257	\$ 2,185,257	\$ 3,087,574	\$	902,317					

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LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	 BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES												GC	VERNMENTAL	
	CULINARY PRESSURIZED WATER SEWER IRRIGATION ELECTRIC DRAINAGE		PRAINAGE	EN:	ONMAJOR TERPRISE FUND ARBAGE)		TOTAL BUSINESS- TYPE FUNDS		ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS						
ASSETS															
CURRENT ASSETS															
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 6,114,734		3,630,401	\$	1,091,733	\$	16,610,218	\$	1,567,709	\$	192,828	\$	29,207,623	\$	1,646,995
INVESTMENTS, CURRENT PORTION	718,720		426,714		-		1,952,350		184,267		-		3,282,051		-
RECEIVABLES (NET):															
ACCOUNTS	657,681		899,015		339,835		3,914,823		195,921		368,127		6,375,402		9,200
UNBILLED	94,689		119,228		58,779		435,365		20,206		64,552		792,819		-
OTHER REFUND DUE FROM DEPOSIT	1,194		761		1,182		1,980		376		-		5,493		-
WITH POWER SUPPLIER							632,377		_				632,377		
INVENTORY	222,024		14,363		45,578		3,402,672		5,561		-		3,690,198		55,767
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	 7,809,042		5,090,482		1,537,107		26,949,785		1,974,040		625,507		43,985,963		1,711,962
NON-CURRENT ASSETS															
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,835,555		1,809,065		6,644,120		310,286		363,696		-		10,962,722		189,741
INVESTMENTS, LONG TERM PORTION	3,422,531		2,032,004		-		9,297,053		877,476		-		15,629,064		-
NONDEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS	26,920,771		191,268		47,404,001		6,880,680		701,366		-		82,098,086		-
DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	43,779,402		49,568,530		56,726,907		90,924,213		48,680,010		-		289,679,062		5,732,499
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	75,958,259		53,600,867		110,775,028		107,412,232		50,622,548		-		398,368,934		5,922,240
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 83,767,301	\$	58,691,349	\$	112,312,135	\$	134,362,017	\$	52,596,588	\$	625,507	\$	442,354,897	\$	7,634,202
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES															
ADVANCE FUNDING OF UAMPS PROJECT	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,339,439	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,339,439	\$	_
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS RELATED TO PENSIONS	149,108		59,764		42,078		415,549		97,422		-		763,921		156,437
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· ·				· ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
OF RESOURCES	\$ 149,108	\$	59,764	\$	42,078	\$	6,754,988	\$	97,422	\$		\$	7,103,360	\$	156,437

CONTINUED

LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CONTINUED PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES												GOVI	ERNMENTAL	
		ULINARY				SSURIZED					ENT F	NMAJOR TERPRISE TUND			ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE	
LIABILITIES		WATER		SEWER	IRR	IGATION		ELECTRIC	DI	RAINAGE	(GA	ARBAGE)		TOTALS		FUNDS
CURRENT LIABILITIES																
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$	123,082	\$	820,749	\$	424,140	\$	3,928,217	\$	47,679	\$	398,278	\$	5,742,145	\$	601,331
WAGES PAYABLE		36,193		12,323		9,543		103,269		18,205		-		179,533		42,505
ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE		21,483		-		63,070		58,119		1,381		-		144,053		-
PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS:																-
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		66,738		700		25,651		2,444		-		-		95,533		-
ACCRUED INTEREST		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		21,69
CUSTOMER DEPOSITS		32,550		-		-		7,420		-		-		39,970		-
CURRENT PORTION COMPENSATED ABSENCES		95,660		29,523		24,236		244,736		30,020		-		424,175		88,46
CURRENT MATURITIES OF LONG-TERM																
OBLIGATIONS		100,131		-		341,931		520,000		180,000		-		1,142,062		309,070
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		475,837		863,295		888,571		4,864,205		277,285		398,278		7,767,471		1,063,069
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES																
COMPENSATED ABSENCES		187,364		13,890		24,191		326,330		36,904		-		588,679		79,20
NET PENSION LIABILITY		262,909		105,376		74,191		732,698		171,775		-		1,346,949		275,83
NOTES PAYABLE		566,611		-		566,611		-		-		-		1,133,222		-
CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE, LESS CURRENT																
MATURITIES		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,890,924
BONDS PAYABLE, LESS CURRENT MATURITIES		3,623,153		-		15,446,071		16,369,380		780,000		-		36,218,604		-
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		4,640,037		119,266		16,111,064		17,428,408		988,679		-	_	39,287,454		2,245,962
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	5,115,874	\$	982,561	\$	16,999,635	\$	22,292,613	\$	1,265,964	\$	398,278	\$	47,054,925	\$	3,309,03
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																
DEFERRED INFLOWS RELATED TO PENSIONS	\$	147,953	\$	59,301	\$	41,752	\$	412,329	\$	96,667	\$	-	\$	758,002	\$	155,226
NET POSITION																
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS RESTRICTED FOR	\$	67,946,003	\$	49,759,798	\$	94,386,593	\$	80,915,513	\$	48,421,376	\$	-	\$	341,429,283	\$	3,722,24
CAPITAL PROJECTS		233,092		1,808,365		_		306,827		363,677		_		2,711,961		_
UNRESTRICTED		10,473,487		6,141,088		926,233		37,189,723		2,546,326		227,229		57,504,086		604,142
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	78,652,582	\$	57,709,251	\$	95,312,826	\$		\$	51,331,379	\$	227,229			\$	4,326,382
ADJUSTMENT TO REFLECT THE CONSOLIDATION	N OF INTERN	JAI SERVICE	FIINI	ACTIVITIES	RELATI	ED TO ENTE	PRISE	FEUNDS								
CURRENT YEAR ADJUSTMENT	TO DE INTERE	AND BEKVICE	LOINE	ACHVIIIES	KELA H	JO TO ENTER	A KISI	LICINDS						(95,586)		
CUMULATIVE ADJUSTMENT FROM PRIOR	VEARS													639,117		
NET POSITION OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVIT													•	402,188,861		
NET POSITION OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVI	HES												3	402,188,881		

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES (page 33)

OPERATING REVENUES (PLEDGED AS SECURITY FOR REVENUE BONDS) CHARGES FOR SERVICES HOOK-UP AND SERVICING FEES MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES OPERATING EXPENSES PERSONNEL	CULINARY WATER \$ 6,312,901 413,861 235,319		PRESSURIZED IRRIGATION	ELECTRIC	DRAINAGE	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND (GARBAGE)	TOTALS	ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
FOR REVENUE BONDS) CHARGES FOR SERVICES HOOK-UP AND SERVICING FEES MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES OPERATING EXPENSES	413,861 235,319							
FOR REVENUE BONDS) CHARGES FOR SERVICES HOOK-UP AND SERVICING FEES MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES OPERATING EXPENSES	413,861 235,319							
CHARGES FOR SERVICES HOOK-UP AND SERVICING FEES MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES OPERATING EXPENSES	413,861 235,319							
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES OPERATING EXPENSES	235,319		\$ 3,822,436	\$ 36,145,090	\$ 1,700,605	\$ 3,135,567	\$ 60,516,087	\$ 5,842,284
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES OPERATING EXPENSES	235,319	-	325,712	381,422	<u>-</u>	-	1,120,995	-
OPERATING EXPENSES		29,088	335	282,819	89,500	20,810	657,871	-
	6,962,081	9,428,576	4,148,483	36,809,331	1,790,105	3,156,377	62,294,953	5,842,284
	1,513,449	708,184	440,983	3,136,739	608,471	_	6,407,826	1,795,641
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION	233,041	128,555	46,088	529,319	99,774	10,283	1,047,060	1,755,011
OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE	2,261,404	9,079,179	2,565,498	23,813,587	242,162	3,311,543	41,273,373	3,363,867
INTERFUND CHARGES	275,122	182,004	75,000	1,220,004	46,992	-	1,799,122	-
DEPRECIATION	1,828,144	2,044,577	1,993,451	3,823,626	1,814,582	-	11,504,380	947,958
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	6,111,160	12,142,499	5,121,020	32,523,275	2,811,981	3,321,826	62,031,761	6,107,466
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	850,921	(2,713,923)	(972,537)	4,286,056	(1,021,876)	(165,449)	263,192	(265,182)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
WATER ACCESS RIGHTS	(688,291)	_	_	-	_	-	(688,291)	_
INTEREST INCOME	437,565	187,735	164,527	616,947	70,950	5,729	1,483,453	38,129
INTEREST EXPENSE	(170,053)	-	(687,292)	(646,145)	(39,418)	-	(1,542,908)	(21,691)
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	141,269
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(420,779)	187,735	(522,765)	(29,198)	31,532	5,729	(747,746)	157,707
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND								
TRANSFERS	430,142	(2,526,188)	(1,495,302)	4,256,858	(990,344)	(159,720)	(484,554)	(107,475)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS, IMPACT FEES AND OTHER								
IMPACT FEE REVENUE (PLEDGED AS SECURITY								
FOR REVENUE BONDS)	1,288,669	933,630	1,110,068	3,538,641	98,596	-	6,969,604	-
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	2,626,367	2,988,452	3,737,739	5,931,516	2,586,462		17,870,536	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	4,345,178	1,395,894	3,352,505	13,727,015	1,694,714	(159,720)	24,355,586	(107,475)
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	74,307,404	56,313,357	91,960,321	104,685,048	49,636,665	386,949		4,433,857
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 78,652,582	\$ 57,709,251	\$ 95,312,826	\$ 118,412,063	\$ 51,331,379	\$ 227,229		\$ 4,326,382
ADJUSTMENT TO REFLECT THE CONSOLIDATION OF I	INTERNAL SERVICE	ELINID ACTIVITIES						

24,260,000

LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			GOVERNMENTAL					
	CULINARY WATER	SEWER	PRESSURIZED IRRIGATION	ELECTRIC	DRAINAGE	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND (GARBAGE)	TOTALS	ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	0 (50.054	0.244.002	4116000	0.5015000	A 1.000.050	¢ 2020.242	Φ 60 501 105	0
CASH RECEIVED FROM CUSTOMERS	\$ 6,650,074	\$ 9,344,003		\$ 35,817,232		\$ 3,029,342		
CASH RECEIVED FROM INTERFUND SERVICES PROVIDED	- (2 (55 00 4)	- (10.10.10)	- (4.000.000)	- (22.542.062)	-	- (2.150.51.0)	-	5,860,179
CASH PAID TO SUPPLIERS	(3,677,084)	(10,194,210)	(4,099,802)	(22,542,863)	(391,670)	(3,178,514)	(44,084,143)	(2,060,284)
CASH PAID TO EMPLOYEES	(1,369,636)	(769,115)	(421,674)	(3,020,342)	(513,062)	-	(6,093,829)	(2,686,675)
CASH PAID FOR INTERFUND SERVICES	(275,122)	(182,004)	(75,000)	(1,220,004)	(46,992)	20.010	(1,799,122)	-
OTHER RECEIPTS	235,319	29,088	335	282,819	89,500	20,810	657,871	-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)								
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,563,551	(1,772,238)	(479,259)	9,316,842	761,428	(128,362)	9,261,962	1,113,220
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
OTHER RECEIPTS (PAYMENTS)	(688,291)	-		-			(688,291)	141,269
NET CASH USED IN NON-CAPITAL								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(688,291)						(688,291)	141,269
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF								
CAPITAL ASSETS	(3,521,266)	(211,419)	(8,596,077)	(10,310,030)	(876,938)	-	(23,515,730)	(4,217,687)
CONTRIBUTIONS FROM DEVELOPERS	319,750	-	-	5,090,073	105,472	-	5,515,295	-
PRINCIPAL PAID ON BONDS	(21,850)	-	(93,150)	(1,280,000)	(170,000)	-	(1,565,000)	-
INTEREST PAID	(239,086)	-	(984,449)	(775,520)	(39,663)	-	(2,038,718)	-
PROCEEDS FROM CAPITAL LEASE	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,200,000
PRINCIPAL PAID ON NOTES PAYABLE	(20,429)	-	(20,429)	-	-	-	(40,858)	-
IMPACT FEES COLLECTED	1,287,475	932,869	1,108,886	3,536,661	98,220		6,964,111	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) CAPITAL AND								
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(2,195,406)	721,450	(8,585,219)	(3,738,816)	(882,909)	-	(14,680,900)	(2,017,687)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		_		_			_	•
PURCHASE OF INVESTMENTS	(3,307,287)	(1,979,163)	(3,273)	(8,939,592)	(850,229)	-	(15,079,544)	-
PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF INVESTMENTS	3,474,647	3,087,776	215,060	6,526,573	1,105,050	-	14,409,106	-
INTEREST INCOME COLLECTED	437,565	187,735	164,527	616,947	70,950	5,729	1,483,453	38,129
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)								
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	604,925	1,296,348	376,314	(1,796,072)	325,771	5,729	813,015	38,129
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	004,923	1,290,348	3/0,314	(1,/90,0/2)	323,//1	3,729	613,013	38,1

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES											G	GOVERNMENTAL			
		ULINARY WATER		SEWER		ESSURIZED RIGATION		ELECTRIC	I	DRAINAGE	EN	ONMAJOR TERPRISE FUND ARBAGE)		TOTALS		ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(715,221)		245,560		(8,688,164)		3,781,954		204,290		(122,633)		(5,294,214)		(725,069)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	8,665,510		5,193,906	_	16,424,017	Φ.	13,138,550	Ф.	1,727,115	_	315,461	•	45,464,559	•	2,561,805
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$	7,950,289	\$	5,439,466	\$	7,735,853	\$	16,920,504	\$	1,931,405	\$	192,828	\$	40,170,345	2	1,836,736
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR CONSISTS OF: UNRESTRICTED CASH	\$	6 114 724	¢	2 620 401	e	1,091,733	¢	16 610 219	¢	1 567 700	\$	192,828	c	20 207 622	\$	1.646.005
RESTRICTED CASH	2	6,114,734 1,835,555	\$	3,630,401 1,809,065	2	6,644,120	3	16,610,218 310,286	2	1,567,709 363,696	3	192,828	\$	29,207,623 10,962,722	3	1,646,995 189,741
RESTRICTED CASH	\$	7,950,289	\$	5,439,466	\$	7,735,853	\$	16,920,504	\$	1,931,405	\$	192,828	\$	40,170,345	\$	1,836,736
NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES CONTRIBUTIONS OF CAPITAL ASSETS FROM DEVELOPERS	\$	2,306,617	\$	2,988,452	\$	3,737,739	\$	841,443	\$	2,480,990	\$	-	\$	12,355,241	\$	-
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	850,921	\$	(2,713,923)	\$	(972,537)	\$	4,286,056	\$	(1,021,876)	•	(165,449)	\$	263,192	\$	(265,182)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Ψ	650,721	Ψ	(2,/13,723)	Ψ	(712,551)	Ψ	4,200,000	Ψ	(1,021,070)	Ψ	(103,449)	ý	203,172	ų.	(203,182)
DEPRECIATION CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES		1,828,144		2,044,577		1,993,451		3,823,626		1,814,582		-		11,504,380		947,958
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		(80,798)		(60,477)		(32,639)		(697,321)		(74,077)		(103,479)		(1,048,791)		(9,200)
ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE AMOUNTS ADVANCE BILLING ON DEPOSIT		2,560		4,992		1,373		(10,924)		(2,876)		(2,746)		(7,621)		-
WITH POWER SUPPLIER		-		-		-		269,061		-		-		269,061		-
INVENTORY		(144,220)		(4,301)		(18,457)		1,142,002		(2,972)		-		972,052		26,276
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		(1,038,419)		(982,175)		(1,469,759)		145,155		(46,762)		143,312		(3,248,648)		368,865
WAGES PAYABLE		9,713		(2,941)		2,244		26,952		10,636		-		46,604		9,065
COMPENSATED ABSENCES AMORTIZATION OF ADVANCE FUNDING		89,344		(29,510)		12,901		46,259		12,030		-		131,024		32,782
OF UAMPS PROJECT CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS		-		-		-		243,825		-		-		243,825		-
RELATED TO PENSIONS CUSTOMER DEPOSITS		44,756 1,550		(28,480)		4,164		43,186 (1,035)		72,743		-		136,369 515		2,656
	\$	1,563,551	\$	(1,772,238)	\$	(479,259)	\$	9,316,842	\$	761,428	\$	(128,362)	\$	9,261,962	\$	1,113,220

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Lehi City Corporation (the City) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Utah in 1852 and operates under an elected Mayor-Council form of government. The City's major operations include police and fire protection, parks, library and recreation, public works, community development and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates culinary water, pressurized irrigation, sewer, drainage, and power systems.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

Reporting Entity

These financial statements present the City (primary government) and its component units, organizations that are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City. Blended component units, although legal separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City. Entities that were evaluated by the City for presentation in the City's financial statements consist of the following:

The Lehi City Redevelopment Agency - The Lehi City Redevelopment Agency (RDA) serves all the citizens of the City and is governed by a board comprised of the City Council. Additionally, City staff manage the activities of the RDA in essentially the same manner as it manages the activities of the City. In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the RDA have been included in the financial reporting entity as a special revenue fund. Separate financial statements are not issued for the RDA.

The Fox Hollow Golf Course – The Fox Hollow Golf Course was established in 1973 by American Fork City, Pleasant Grove City, and Lehi City. The Golf Course has its own board with one member of each city council serving on that board. The joint venture does not meet the criteria for inclusion in the City's financial report as a component unit because the City does not exercise administrative control and the effect of the City's investment in the joint venture is immaterial.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The City's police and fire protection, parks, library and recreation, streets, community development and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The City's culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, drainage, and garbage services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions and business-type activities (public safety, community development, streets, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, sales and franchise taxes, impact fees, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales and franchise taxes, etc.)

The City does not allocate indirect expenses.

The effect of interfund activity has generally been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Certain eliminations have been made in regard to interfund activities, payables and receivables. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The government-wide statements focus more on the sustainability of the City in its entirety and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the City are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. The following fund types are used by the City:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund financial statements) is upon the determination of sources, uses and balances of financial resources, rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the City:

- **General fund** is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounting for in another fund.
- Special revenue funds are used to account for the property taxes levied on properties within each RDA or EDA project area.
- Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type proprietary funds). The City has only one capital projects fund and it is used to account for major road, sidewalk, parks and land improvements.
- **Debt service funds** are used to account for governmental debt service activities.

The City has three major governmental funds – the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, and the Special Revenue Redevelopment Agency Fund which is used to account for revenues generated by development projects overseen by the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lehi. The City has one other, nonmajor governmental fund, the Debt Service Fund which is used to account for the debt service associated with the City's outstanding sales tax revenue bonds.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon the determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The City's proprietary funds consist of:

• Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity is (a) financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

The City's major enterprise funds are the Culinary Water Fund, the Sewer Fund, the Pressurized Irrigation Fund, the Electric Fund and the Drainage Fund.

 The purpose of the Culinary Water Fund is to assure an adequate supply of potable water. It also maintains the culinary water distribution lines, wells and storage tanks, and culinary water facilities.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

- o The purpose of the Pressurized Irrigation Fund is to provide the citizens of the City with an adequate supply of clean irrigation water and adequate working water pressure for the City Fire Department.
- The Sewer Fund's mission is to ensure the proper and healthy collection and transmission of the City's sewage and to protect, maintain and expand the City's sewer system.
- The purpose of the Electric Fund is to provide reliable electrical service to the City's customers at competitive rates. This includes the construction, operation and maintenance of the City's power distribution system including underground and overhead lines, meters, and substations.
- The Drainage Fund is responsible for improving storm water conveyance throughout the City. This includes construction of new storm water conveyance and detention facilities to correct existing drainage problems in order to protect the City's citizens and their property from serious flooding.
- Internal service funds are used to account for the City's fleet maintenance, risk management, information technology, and property management services. The internal service fund activities have been combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds are provided with the combining data elsewhere in this report.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities category. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GAAP sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Modified Accrual

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Cash and cash equivalents

The City has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agents and short-term investments with original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain qualifying commercial paper, repurchase agreements and bankers' acceptances, and negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and the Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund. The Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. Investments for the City are reported at fair value determined on quoted market prices. Changes in the fair value of investments are recognized as a component of investment income.

Restricted cash and cash equivalents

Certain restricted cash and cash equivalents are held by a fiscal agent for the redemption of bonded debt and for acquisition and construction of capital projects.

Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories in the proprietary funds consist of materials used in the construction and repair of the transmission, distribution, collection, and treatment systems are valued at cost on a weighted average basis. Supplies inventories, consisting principally of office supplies, are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Transformers are valued at cost on a specific identification basis.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Intangible Assets

The City records donated intangible assets meeting the criteria under GAAP at fair value. The City records purchased intangible assets as capital assets. Water rights are the City's primary intangible asset.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include buildings and structures, improvements (including distributions systems and infrastructure), machinery, equipment, vehicles and office furniture, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. All City infrastructure has been capitalized. Capital assets are defined as assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more. Capital assets are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on these assets is computed using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Years
Buildings and structures	10-50
Improvements, including distribution systems	
and other infrastructure	10-50
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	5-15
Office furniture and equipment	5-15

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is reported on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is reported in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year which the taxes are collected because the property taxes are intended to fund activities in the year of collection and not the fiscal year in which they were levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, matching requirements and expenditure requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from a nonexchange transaction must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: intergovernmental revenue, sales and franchise taxes, charges for services, interest, and other fees.

Property taxes and special assessments are measurable and susceptible to accrual when they attach as an enforceable lien on the property. They become available when they are due. Amounts that are measurable but not available are recorded as deferred revenue. Property taxes become an enforceable lien on January 1 but are not due until November 30.

The City bills utility customers once monthly when the meters are read. The City is divided into two billing districts. Unbilled accounts receivable were \$792,819 at June 30, 2020. The accounts receivable are reported net of the allowance for doubtful accounts of \$372,564 at June 30, 2020.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation is accrued as incurred based on the years of service for each employee. Vacation is accumulated on a monthly basis and is fully vested when earned. Accumulated vacation cannot exceed 240 hours at the end of any calendar year and any vacation in excess of this amount is forfeited. At retirement, death, or termination, unpaid accrued vacation is paid to the beneficiary. Proprietary funds expense all accrued vacation amounts when incurred. Governmental funds report an expenditure as the vacation is paid or at termination. The current portion is determined by the City to be the portion of vacation pay due employees who terminated prior to year-end.

Accumulated sick leave is earned at a rate of one day per month. Employees may accumulate unlimited sick leave. Upon retirement, employees may have 75% of outstanding sick pay deposited into a Retirement Health Savings Account in their name, which is administered by a third party. Proprietary funds expense 75% of sick pay when it is earned by the employee. Governmental funds report an expenditure when the sick pay is paid. The current portion is the accrued sick pay for employees of governmental funds who terminated prior to year end.

The noncurrent portion of these amounts (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported either as loans, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and, in the government-wide statement of activities, reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Equity

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance. This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City had no nonspendable fund balance as of June 30, 2020.

Restricted fund balance. This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional or enabling legislation.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Committed fund balance. These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions of the city council – the City's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the city council removes the specified use by taking the same type of action used to impose the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance. This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, as established by the city council with the recommendation of the city administrator. It also includes all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed.

Unassigned fund balance. This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund.

When both restricted and non-restricted fund balances are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then non-restricted fund balance. Furthermore, committed fund balances are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those non-restricted fund balance classifications can be used.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. Operating expenses are necessary costs that have been incurred in order to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Utah Retirement Systems Pension Plan (URS) and additions to/deductions from URS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by URS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Budgets and budgetary control

Annual budgets are prepared and adopted, in accordance with state law, by the Mayor and City Council on or before June 22 for the following fiscal year, beginning July 1. Estimated revenues and appropriations may be increased or decreased by resolution of the City Council at any time during the year. A public hearing must be held prior to any proposed increase in a fund's appropriations. Budgets include activities in several different funds, including the General Fund, Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund and Capital Projects Fund. The level of the City's budgetary control (that is, the level at which the City's expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amounts) is established by activity and purpose within an individual fund such as general government; public safety; community development; streets and highways; parks, recreation and culture; and cemetery within the governmental funds. Each department head is responsible to the Mayor and City Council for spending within the budget for their department. All annual budgets lapse at fiscal year end.

Utah State law prohibits the appropriation of unassigned General Fund balance until it exceeds 5% of the General Fund revenues. Until unassigned fund balance is greater than the above amount, it cannot be budgeted, but is used to provide working capital until tax revenue is received, to meet emergency expenditures, and to cover unanticipated deficits. When unassigned fund balance is greater than 25% of the next year's budgeted revenues, the excess must be appropriated within the following two years.

Once adopted, the budget can be amended by subsequent City Council action. The City Council can amend the budget to any extent, provided the budgeted expenditures do not exceed budgeted revenues and appropriated fund balance. A public hearing must be held to increase total appropriations of any governmental fund. With the consent of the Finance Director, department heads may reallocate unexpended appropriated balances from one expenditure account to another within that department during the budget year.

Budgetary information included in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual for the General Fund and the Redevelopment Agency are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Encumbrance accounting is not used by the City.

NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's deposits and investments are governed by the Utah Money Management Act (*Utah Code*, Title 51, Chapter 7) and rules of the State of Utah Money Management Council.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be recovered. The Money Management Act requires deposits be in a qualified depository. The Act defines a qualified depository as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of federal government and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

The deposits in the bank in excess of the insured amount are uninsured and uncollateralized. Deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by state statute. At June 30, 2020 the book value of cash on deposit was \$6,632,241 and the bank balance was \$8,522,821 (\$7,824,910 of which was exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured and uncollateralized) with the difference being outstanding checks and deposits.

Investments

The Money Management Act defines the types of securities authorized as appropriate investments and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions may be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of investment securities. The Act authorizes investments in both negotiable and nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and permitted negotiable depositories; repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; commercial paper that is classified as "first tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investors Services or Standard & Poor's; bankers' acceptances; obligations of the United States Treasury including bills, notes, and bonds; obligations, other than mortgage derivative products, issued by U.S. government sponsored enterprises (U.S. Agencies) such as the Federal Home Loan Bank System, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac), Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), and Student Loan Marketing Association (Sallie Mae); bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness of political subdivisions of the State; fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate securities rate "A" or higher, or the equivalent of "A" or higher, by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; and shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund as defined in the Act and the Utah State Public Treasurer's Investment Fund. (See Note C for additional information about the Utah State Public Treasurer's Investment Fund).

Fair Value of Investments

The City measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

• Level 1: Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the City has the ability to access. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these securities does not entail any significant degree of judgment. Securities classified as Level 1 inputs include U.S. Government securities and certain other U.S. Agency and sovereign government obligations.

NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

- Level 2: Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly. Securities classified as Level 2 include: corporate and municipal bonds, and "brokered" or securitized certificates of deposit; and,
- Level 3: Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

At June 30, 2020, the City had the following recurring fair value measurements:

		Fair Value Measurement Class						
Investment Type	Fair Value	-	Level 1	Level 2	Le	evel 3		
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	\$ 80,096,095	\$	-	\$ 80,096,095	\$	-		
Corporate Debt Securities	11,406,849		-	11,406,849		-		
Certificates of Deposit	7,493,224		-	7,493,224		-		
Money Market Funds	\$ 201,640 99,197,808	\$	201,640 201,640	\$ 98,996,168	\$	-		

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. For securities that generally have market prices from multiple sources, it can be difficult to select the best individual price, and the best source one day may not be the best source on the following day. The solution is to report a "consensus price" or a weighted average price for each security. The City receives market prices for these securities from a variety of industry standard data providers (e.g., Bloomberg), security master files from large financial institutions, and other third-party sources. Through the help of an investment advisor, the City uses these multiple prices as inputs into a distribution-curve based algorithm to determine the daily market value.

• U.S. Treasuries, Money Markets, U.S. Agencies: quoted prices for identical securities in markets that are active;

Debt securities classified in Level 2 are valued using the following approaches

- Corporate and Municipal Bonds and Commercial Paper: quoted prices for similar securities in active markets;
- Repurchase Agreements, Negotiable Certificates of Deposit, and Collateralized Debt Obligations: matrix pricing based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices;
- Bond Mutual Funds: published fair value per share (unit) for each fund;
- Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund: application of the June 30, 2019 fair value factor, as calculated by the Utah State Treasurer, to Lehi City's average daily balance in the Fund; and,
- Donated Real Estate: recent appraisals of the real estate's value.

NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS-CONTINUED

Interest Rate Risk – Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's policy for managing interest rate risk is to comply with the State's Money Management Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, fixed rate negotiable deposits, and fixed rate corporate obligations to 270-365 days or less. In addition, variable rate negotiable deposits and variable rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding two years.

The following table shows the maturities of the City's investments as of June 30, 2020:

		Investment Maturities (in years)							
	Fair	Less				M	ore		
<u>Investment Type</u>	Value	Than 1	1-5	6	-10	Th	an 10		
Debt Securities Certificates of Deposit	\$ 7,493,224	\$ -	\$ 7,493,224	\$	_	\$	_		
Corporate Debt Securities	11,406,849	3,271,008	8,135,841	Ť	-	•	-		
Money Market Funds	201,640 19,101,713	201,640 \$ 3,472,648	\$15,629,065	\$	-	\$	-		
Other Investments Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	80,096,095								
	\$ 99,197,808								

NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS-CONTINUED

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City follows the Money Management Act as previously discussed as its policy for reducing exposure to investment credit risk.

The quality ratings for the City's investments are presented below:

		Quality Ratings									
Investment Type	Fair Value		AAA		AA		A		BBB	Unrated	
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	\$ 80,096,095	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 80,096,095	
Corporate Debt Securities	11,406,849		-	4	,310,227	7,0	96,622			-	
Certificates of Deposit	7,493,224		-	1	,568,684	1,7	31,563		479,481	3,713,496	
Money Market Funds	201,640		-						-	201,640	
	\$ 99,197,808	\$	-	\$ 5	,878,911	\$ 8,8	28,185	\$	479,481	\$ 84,011,231	

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counter party, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All investments other than bank deposits or funds invested in the PTIF are to be held by a third party with securities delivered on a delivery vs. purchase basis.

As of June 30, 2020. the City kept all investments either in the PTIF or with custodian counterparty Moreton Asset Management and all investments which were held by the counterparty's trust department or agent are registered in the City's name. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Investments

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of a loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

The City's policy for reducing this risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Money Management Council. Rule 17 of the Money Management Council limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to between 5 and 10 percent depending upon the total dollar amount held in the portfolio. The Money Management Council limitations do not apply to securities issued by the U.S. government and its agencies.

At June 30, 2020, the City did not have more than 5 percent of its investments in any single issuer other than the amounts invested with the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund. The Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund is not categorized as to concentration of credit risk.

NOTE C – EXTERNAL INVESTMENT POOL

The City invests in the Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF) which is an external investment pool administered by Utah State Public Treasurer. State agencies, municipalities, counties, and local governments within the State of Utah are allowed to invest in the PTIF. There is no required participation and no minimum balance or minimum/maximum transaction requirements.

The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Money Management Act, Chapter 51-7, Utah Code Annotated, 1953, as amended. The Act establishes the Money Management Council which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF. The Act details the investments that are authorized which are high-grade securities and, therefore, there is very little credit risk except in the most unusual and unforeseen circumstances. Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah and participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments.

The PTIF allocates income and issues statements on a monthly basis. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The participants' balance is their investment deposited in the PTIF plus their share of income, gains and losses, net of administration fees, which are allocated to each participant on the ratio of each participant's share to the total funds in the PTIF.

Twice a year, at June 30 and December 31, the investments are valued at fair value to enable participants to adjust their investments in this pool at fair value. The Bank of New York and the State of Utah separately determine each security's fair value in accordance with GASB 31 (i.e. for almost all pool investments the quoted market price as of June 30, 2020) and then compare those values to come up with an agreed upon fair value of the securities.

As of June 30, 2020, the City had \$80,294,862 invested in the PTIF which had a fair value of \$80,292,206 for an unrealized gain of \$196,111. Due to the insignificance of this amount in relation to the funds affected by the unrealized gain, the fair value of investments in this external investment pool is deemed to be the amortized cost of the investment. The table below shows statistical information about the investment pool:

	Investment
Investment Type	Percentage
Corporate bonds and notes	77.74%
Money market accounts	16.02%
U.S Treasury bills	6.24%
	100.00%

NOTE D – RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The balance of the City's restricted cash and cash equivalents accounts are as follows:

	Primary Government							
	Governmental	Business-type						
	Activities	Activities	Total					
Reserves for future debt service	\$ 200,086	\$ 9,206	\$ 209,292					
Unexpended bond proceeds	7,768,306	8,192,530	15,960,836					
Unexpended B & C Road funds	1,419,849	-	1,419,849					
Utah County transportation funds	1,274,743	-	1,274,743					
Unexpended CDBG funds	69,038	-	69,038					
Funds restricted for landfill								
post-closure costs	309,687	-	309,687					
Fund restricted for library	175,415	-	175,415					
Unexpended impact fees	2,366,328	2,760,986	5,127,314					
	\$13,583,452	\$ 10,962,722	\$ 24,546,174					

NOTE E – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are presented on the governmental fund balance sheet in compliance with the requirements of GAAP. The detail of the fund balance categories is presented below:

	Majo	r Governmental			
	General	Special Revenue Redevelopment Agency	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Fund	Total
Restricted:					
Externally imposed by creditors					
Unexpended bond proceeds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,578,565	\$ -	\$ 7,578,565
Debt reserves	-	-	200,086	-	200,086
Externally imposed by grantors	175,415		69,038	-	244,453
Imposed by law or legislation					
C road funds	1,419,849	-	-	-	1,419,849
Less liabilities payable					
from C road funds	(625,670)	-	-	-	(625,670)
Utah County transportation funds	1,274,743	-	-	-	1,274,743
Landfill post-closure costs	309,687	-	-	-	309,687
Impact fees	-	-	2,366,328	-	2,366,328
Less liabilities payable					
from impact fees					-
or bond proceeds			(3,483,399)		(3,483,399)
Total restricted	2,554,024	-	6,730,618	-	9,284,642
Committed:					
Library Fund	640,659	_	-	-	640,659
Total committed	640,659	_			640,659
A : 1	,				,
Assigned:	22 411				22 411
Hutchings Museum	23,411	2.007.574	-	-	23,411
Redevelopment	-	3,087,574	10 220 661	-	3,087,574
Capital Projects			19,339,661	2.060	19,339,661
Debt Service	22 411	2.007.574	10.220.661	3,068	3,068
Total assigned	23,411	3,087,574	19,339,661	3,068	22,453,714
Unassigned:	11,968,763				11,968,763
Total fund balance	\$15,186,857	\$ 3,087,574	\$26,070,279	\$ 3,068	\$ 44,347,778

NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2020
Governmental Activities:				
Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 145,988,077	\$ 4,630,950	\$ -	\$ 150,619,027
Construction in progress	11,095,840	14,906,684	5,150,669	20,851,855
Total nondepreciable capital assets	\$ 157,083,917	\$ 19,537,634	\$ 5,150,669	\$ 171,470,882
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	\$ 31,803,180	\$ 514,715	\$ -	\$ 32,317,895
Improvements, including	+,,	4 0 - 1,7 - 0	*	· -,,
infrastructure	255,684,977	16,347,890	_	272,032,867
Machinery, equipment and	200,00.,577	10,5 . 7,0 5 0		2,2,002,007
vehicles	21,897,009	4,225,810	159,844	25,962,975
Office furniture and equipment	1,666,761	1,223,010	-	1,666,761
Total depreciable capital				
assets at historical cost	311,051,927	21,088,415	159,844	331,980,498
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	13,176,922	1,376,085		14,553,007
Improvements, including	13,170,922	1,3/0,063	-	14,555,007
infrastructure	117,501,768	13,081,125		130,582,893
Machinery, equipment and	117,501,700	13,061,123	-	130,362,693
vehicles	15,550,569	1,633,949	147,436	17,037,082
Office furniture and equipment	1,600,041	16,816	147,430	1,616,857
Total accumulated depreciation	147,829,300	16,107,975	147,436	163,789,839
Depreciable capital assets, net of	147,829,300	10,107,973	147,430	103,769,639
accumulated depreciation	\$ 163,222,627	\$ 4,980,440	\$ 12,408	\$ 168,190,659
accumulated depreciation	\$ 103,222,027	\$ 4,980,440	\$ 12,408	\$ 108,190,039
Depreciation was charged to functions as	follows:			
Governmental activities:				
General government			\$ 1,808,549	
Public safety			1,311,130	
Community development			91,315	
Streets and highways,			44.40=440	
including infrastructure			11,197,140	
Parks, recreation and culture			1,659,439	
Cemetery			40,402	
			\$ 16,107,975	

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

	July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2020		
Business-type Activities						
Nondepreciable capital assets:						
Land	\$ 3,146,725	\$ 279,579	\$ -	\$ 3,426,304		
Construction in progress	17,740,730	14,433,457	12,632,530	19,541,657		
Intangibles	58,744,205	385,920		59,130,125		
Total nondepreciable capital assets	\$ 79,631,660	\$ 15,098,956	\$ 12,632,530	\$ 82,098,086		
Depreciable capital assets:						
Buildings	\$ 13,408,298	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,408,298		
Improvements, including						
infrastructure	346,907,467	33,361,565	-	380,269,032		
Machinery, equipment and						
vehicles	6,945,671	42,980	-	6,988,651		
Office furniture and equipment	207,160	-	-	207,160		
Total depreciable capital						
assets at historical cost	367,468,596	33,404,545		400,873,141		
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings	1,929,683	449,299	-	2,378,982		
Improvements, including						
infrastructure	92,879,987	10,679,045	-	103,559,032		
Machinery, equipment and						
vehicles	4,690,311	373,262	-	5,063,573		
Office furniture and equipment	189,718	2,774		192,492		
Total accumulated depreciation	99,689,699	11,504,380	-	111,194,079		
Depreciable capital assets, net of						
accumulated depreciation	\$ 267,778,897	\$ 21,900,165	\$ -	\$ 289,679,062		
Depreciation was charged to functions as		ψ 21,700,103	Ψ	<i>\$ 207,017,002</i>		

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Business-t	ype	activities:
	<i>-</i> 1	

Culinary water	\$ 1,828,144
Sewer	2,044,577
Electric	3,823,626
Pressurized irrigation	1,993,451
Drainage	1,814,582_
	\$ 11,504,380

NOTE G – CUSTOMER DEPOSITS

Business-type activity deposits consist of 1) enterprise fund customer deposits the City requires from renters or businesses before they receive utility connections and 2) deposits from developers for the use of a water meter on a hydrant while a project is in process. The utility deposits are returnable when the residence is vacated by the renter, or the business has established a history of meeting its obligations to the City promptly. The developers are refunded their deposits upon completion of the project.

NOTE H – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A summary of long-term obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Balance				Deletions	Balance June 30, 2020	Current Amounts Due		
		July 1, 2019	Additions Deletions		Deletions	 June 30, 2020	An	nounts Due	
Governmental activities									
Direct Placements									
2014 Sales tax revenue and									
refunding bonds	\$	3,810,000	\$	-	\$	725,000	\$ 3,085,000	\$	745,000
2004 Subordinated sales									
tax revenue bonds		7,955,000		-		-	7,955,000		-
Other bonds and notes payable	•								
2019 Sales tax revenue bonds		16,470,000		-		-	16,470,000		-
Unamortized premium		1,916,424		-		96,626	1,819,798		-
2018 Sales tax revenue bonds		4,855,000		-		155,000	4,700,000		160,000
Unamortized premium		730,159		-		38,429	691,730		-
Tax increment notes payable									
to developers		95,969,054		-		6,453,844	89,515,210		-
Other notes payable		751,629				95,860	655,769		_
Total bonds and notes									
payable		132,457,266		-		7,564,759	 124,892,507		905,000
Other liabilities:									
Capital lease obligations		-	2	,200,000		-	2,200,000		309,076
Compensated absences		2,710,549	1	,475,592		907,048	3,279,093		1,394,672
Net pension liability		9,008,202		-		4,085,928	4,922,274		-
Landfill closure and post-									
closure care liability		250,917		-			 250,917		
		11,969,668	3	,675,592		4,992,976	 10,652,284		1,703,748
Governmental activities									
long-term debt	\$	144,426,934	\$ 3	,675,592	\$	12,557,735	\$ 135,544,791	\$	2,608,748

NOTE H – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

	July 1, 2019		Additions		Deletions		June 30, 2020		Amounts Due	
Business-type activities										
Direct Placements										
2014 Electric refunding bonds	\$	785,000	\$	-	\$	785,000	\$	-	\$	-
2010 Drainage refunding bonds		1,130,000		-		170,000		960,000		180,000
Other bonds and notes payable										
2019 Water revenue bonds		17,205,000				115,000		17,090,000		390,000
Unamortized premium		2,469,558				38,795		2,369,224		-
2018 Electric revenue bonds		15,165,000		-		495,000		14,670,000		520,000
Unamortized premium		2,345,426		-		126,046		2,219,380		-
Note payable to Provo Reservoir										
Water Users Company		391,522		-		14,490		377,032		15,021
Note payable to Provo River										
Water Users Association		834,620				26,368		808,252		37,041
Total bonds and notes										
payable		40,326,126		-		1,770,699		38,493,888		1,142,062
Compensated absences		881,830		455,784		324,760		1,012,854		424,175
Net pension liability		2,515,343		-		1,168,394		1,346,949		
		3,397,173		455,784		1,493,154		2,359,803		424,175
Business-type activities										
long-term debt	\$	43,723,299	\$	455,784	\$	3,263,853	\$	40,853,691	\$	1,566,237

The City has issued the following notes and bonds payable as of June 30, 2020:

Series	Original Issue	Interest Rate	Premium Paid on Issue	Maturity Date	Principal and Unamortized Premium Outstanding
Governmental Activities					
Bonds Payable					
2019 Sales tax revenue bonds	\$ 16,470,000	2.41% - 5.00%	\$ 1,932,528	2039	\$ 18,289,798
2018 Sales tax revenue bonds	5,000,000	4.00% - 5.25%	768,588	2038	5,391,730
2014 Sales tax revenue and refunding					
bonds	7,210,000	2.30%	-	2024	3,085,000
2004 Subordinated sales tax revenue					
bonds	9,000,000	4.75%	-	2024	7,955,000
Notes Payable					
Tax increment note payable to developer -					
Alpine Highway Project	75,744,432	6.50%	-	2028	46,856,201
Tax increment note payable to developer - West Timpanogos Community	, ,				, ,
Development Project Area	19,557,363	_	_	2034	18,223,571
Tax increment note payable to developer -	,,				,,-
Thanksgiving Park Economic					
Development Project Area	2,500,000	_	_	2024	899,119
Tax increment note payable to developer -	2,200,000			202.	0,,,11,
Traverse Mountain Community					
Development Project Area	13,612,053	_	_	2031	10,451,021
Tax increment note payable to developer -	15,012,055			2031	10,451,021
Alpine Highway West Economic					
Development Project Area	17,478,052			2031	13,085,298
Note payable to developer	1,000,000	-	-	2025	655,769
Note payable to developer	1,000,000	-	-	2023	033,709
Total governmental activities					\$ 124,892,507
Business-type activities					
Bonds Payable					
2018 Electric revenue bonds	\$ 15,640,000	4.00% - 5.00%	\$ 2,469,467	2038	\$ 16,889,380
2019 Water revenue bonds	17,205,000	4.00% - 5.00%	2,508,353	2044	19,459,224
2010 Storm Drain revenue and refunding					
bonds	2,500,000	3.51%	-	2025	960,000
Notes Payable					
Note payable to Provo Reservoir Water					
User Company	419,011	4.00%	=	2035	377,032
Note payable to Provo River Water	- ,				
Users Association	884,380	4.00%	-	2035	808,252
Total governmental activities					\$ 38,493,888

For the governmental activities, the sales tax revenue bonds, the net pension liability and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund. Capital project funds provide debt service for the subordinated sales tax revenue bonds and the other notes payable. The debt service for the tax increments notes payable to developer is provided by the RDA.

As of June 30, 2020 annual debt service requirements of governmental activities to maturity are as follows:

Direct Placement			Other					
Sales Tax				Sales Tax				
	Revenu	e Bon	ıds		Revenue Bonds			
	Principal	I	nterest	Principal			Interest	
\$	745,000	\$	70,954	\$	160,000	\$	881,913	
	765,000		53,820		170,000		873,912	
	780,000		36,224		180,000		865,413	
	795,000		18,285		190,000		856,413	
	=		=		1,025,000		846,912	
	=		=		5,770,000		3,613,750	
	-		-		7,140,000		2,287,800	
			-		6,535,000		8,845,926	
\$	3,085,000	\$	179,283		21,170,000		19,072,039	
		,						
					2,511,528		(2,511,528)	
				\$	23,681,528	\$	16,560,511	
	\$	Sales Revenu	Sales Tax Revenue Bon Principal I	Revenue Bonds Principal Interest \$ 745,000 \$ 70,954 765,000 53,820 780,000 36,224 795,000 18,285 - - - <t< td=""><td>Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Principal Interest \$ 745,000 \$ 70,954 \$ 765,000 53,820 780,000 36,224 795,000 18,285 - - <td>Sales Tax Sales Revenue Principal Interest Principal \$ 745,000 \$ 70,954 \$ 160,000 765,000 53,820 170,000 780,000 36,224 180,000 795,000 18,285 190,000 - - 5,770,000 - - 5,770,000 - - 6,535,000 \$ 3,085,000 \$ 179,283 21,170,000</td><td>Sales Tax Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Revenue Bonds Principal Interest Principal \$ 745,000 \$ 70,954 \$ 160,000 \$ 765,000 \$ 780,000 \$ 36,224 \$ 180,000 \$ 795,000 - - 1,025,000 \$ 5,770,000 - - 5,770,000 \$ 7,140,000 - - 6,535,000 \$ 3,085,000 \$ 179,283 21,170,000</td></td></t<>	Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Principal Interest \$ 745,000 \$ 70,954 \$ 765,000 53,820 780,000 36,224 795,000 18,285 - - <td>Sales Tax Sales Revenue Principal Interest Principal \$ 745,000 \$ 70,954 \$ 160,000 765,000 53,820 170,000 780,000 36,224 180,000 795,000 18,285 190,000 - - 5,770,000 - - 5,770,000 - - 6,535,000 \$ 3,085,000 \$ 179,283 21,170,000</td> <td>Sales Tax Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Revenue Bonds Principal Interest Principal \$ 745,000 \$ 70,954 \$ 160,000 \$ 765,000 \$ 780,000 \$ 36,224 \$ 180,000 \$ 795,000 - - 1,025,000 \$ 5,770,000 - - 5,770,000 \$ 7,140,000 - - 6,535,000 \$ 3,085,000 \$ 179,283 21,170,000</td>	Sales Tax Sales Revenue Principal Interest Principal \$ 745,000 \$ 70,954 \$ 160,000 765,000 53,820 170,000 780,000 36,224 180,000 795,000 18,285 190,000 - - 5,770,000 - - 5,770,000 - - 6,535,000 \$ 3,085,000 \$ 179,283 21,170,000	Sales Tax Sales Tax Revenue Bonds Revenue Bonds Principal Interest Principal \$ 745,000 \$ 70,954 \$ 160,000 \$ 765,000 \$ 780,000 \$ 36,224 \$ 180,000 \$ 795,000 - - 1,025,000 \$ 5,770,000 - - 5,770,000 \$ 7,140,000 - - 6,535,000 \$ 3,085,000 \$ 179,283 21,170,000	

The amortization of compensated absences, net pension liability, subordinated sales tax revenues bonds, and the tax increment notes payable to developer have not been included in the above schedules due to the uncertainty of the timing of the payments.

Annual payments in the amount of 70% of tax increment collections for the Alpine Highway Economic Development Area are required on the tax increment note payable to developer through the year 2028. The City is required, per the contract with the developer, to make annual payments, as specified above, until 2028. In no case would the City be required to pay more on the note than 70% of the tax increment collections from this area through 2028. If these collections are insufficient to fully repay the tax increment note payable, the remaining balance will not be paid to the developer.

Annual payments, in the amount of 87.5% of sales tax collections from the Cabela's store (an outdoor and sporting goods retailer located within the City) are required on the subordinated sales tax bonds. To date, collections have been sufficient to pay interest and some principal related to the subordinated sales tax bonds. Per the subordinated sales tax bond covenants, if the bonds have not been paid in full by their September 2024 maturity date, the remaining outstanding balance shall be forgiven by the owners of the bonds.

The amortization of the other notes payable of \$655,769 is unknown due to the uncertainty of the timing of the payments.

As of June 30, 2020, annual debt service requirements of business-type activities to maturity are as follows:

	Direct Placements						
	Drainage						
		Reven	ue bon	ds			
Year ending June 30,	Principal		Interest				
2021	\$	180,000	\$	33,696			
2022		185,000		27,378			
2023		190,000		20,885			
2024		200,000		14,215			
2025		205,000		7,196			
2026-2029		-		_			
	\$	960,000	\$	103,370			

	Other Bonds and Notes							
	W	ater	Electric					
	Revent	ue Bonds	Revenu	ie Bonds				
Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest				
2021	\$ 390,000	\$ 846,550	\$ 520,000	\$ 733,500				
2022	405,000	830,950	545,000	707,500				
2023	425,000	814,750	575,000	680,250				
2024	445,000	793,500	605,000	651,500				
2025	465,000	771,250	635,000	621,250				
2026-2030	2,705,000	3,482,500	3,680,000	2,597,500				
2031-2035	3,455,000	2,735,250	4,690,000	1,581,250				
2036-2040	4,410,000	1,780,500	3,420,000	347,500				
2041-2044	4,390,000	562,000						
	17,090,000	12,617,250	14,670,000	7,920,250				
Unamortized								
Premium	2,369,224	(2,369,224)	2,219,380	(2,219,380)				
	\$19,459,224	\$ 10,248,026	\$16,889,380	\$ 5,700,870				

		Note Paya	able to	Provo				
		Rive	r Wate	r		Note Paya	ble to	Provo
		Users A	Associa	tion	1	Reservoir W	ater U	sers Co.
Year ending June 30,	I	Principal		Interest	F	Principal		Interest
2021	\$	37,041	\$	32,330	\$	15,021	\$	13,666
2022		38,529		30,848		20,302		13,122
2023		40,054		29,307		21,034		12,385
2024		41,653		27,705		21,800		11,623
2025		43,326		26,039		22,602		10,833
2026-2030		244,041		102,775		125,889		41,269
2031-2035		296,923		49,899		150,384		16,742
2036		66,685		2,666				
	\$	808,252	\$	301,569	\$	377,032	\$	119,640

The amortization of compensated absences and the net pension liability has not been included in the above schedules due to the uncertainty of the timing of the payments.

Collateral and Events of Default:

All of the City's sales tax revenue bonds are payable from and secured solely by a pledge and assignment of the sales tax revenues collected by the City.

All outstanding revenue bonds in the City's enterprise funds are secured by a first lien on net revenues earned by the City. Net revenues are defined in the revenue bond agreements. The City is required to establish rates (including connection fees) sufficient to pay the operation and maintenance expenses and to provide net revenues in an amount not less than 125% of the aggregate annual debt service requirement for the upcoming fiscal year. The following summarizes the debt service coverage calculations for the various revenue bonds:

	 Electric Revenues Bonds	Drainage Revenue Bonds	Water Revenue Bonds
Net revenues			
Operating revenues	\$ 36,809,331	\$ 1,790,105	\$ 11,110,564
Operating expenses (excluding			
depreciation)	(28,699,649)	(997,399)	(7,410,585)
Impact fee revenues	3,538,641	98,596	2,398,737
Interest income	 616,947	70,950	602,092
Net revenues	\$ 12,265,270	\$ 962,252	\$ 6,700,808
Aggregate debt service for 2021	\$ 1,253,500	\$ 213,696	\$ 1,236,550
Ratio of net revenues to			
aggregate debt service	9.78	4.50	5.42
Minimum ratio	1.25	1.25	1.25

In the event of default on the City's bonds, the trustee may pursue any available remedy by suit at law or in equity to enforce payment of the principal and interest then outstanding or to enforce any obligations of the City under its bond indentures.

See Note I – Pledged Revenues for further discussion about revenues pledged as collateral for long-term obligations.

Details of Direct Placement Bonds – Governmental Activities

Series 2014 Sales Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds

Type: Direct Placement

Purpose: Refunding Series 2003 and 2004 Sales Tax

Revenue Bonds

Date of issuance: March 6, 2014
Term: 20 years
Interest rate: 2.30%

Original Issue: \$7,210,000

Debt service requirements, including interest:

Year ending June 30:	Principal	al Interest		Total
2021	\$ 745,000	\$	70,954	\$ 815,954
2022	765,000		53,820	818,820
2023	780,000		36,224	816,224
2024	795,000		18,285	 813,285
	\$ 3,085,000	\$	179,283	\$ 3,264,283

Series 2004 Suboordinated Sales Tax Revenue Bonds

Type: Direct Placement

Purpose: Street and parking improvements around Cabella's

store and construction of museum within the store

Date of issuance: 2004
Term: 20 years
Interest rate: 4.75%
Original Issue: \$9,000,000

Debt service requirements, including interest are based on 87.5% of sales tax collections from the Cabela's store located within the City. Timing of the payments is uncertain. If the bonds are not paid in full by 2024, the outstanding balance will be forgiven by the owners of the bonds.

Details of Other Bonds – Governmental Activities

Series 2019 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds

Type: Public Offering

Purpose: Construction of public safety building

 Date of issuance:
 May 30, 2019

 Term:
 20 years

 Interest rate:
 2.41% - 5.00%

 Original Issue:
 \$16,470,000

Debt service requirements, including interest:

Year ending June 30:	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ -	\$ 653,600	\$ 653,600
2022	-	653,600	653,600
2023	-	653,600	653,600
2024	-	653,600	653,600
2025	830,000	653,600	1,483,600
2026	860,000	623,200	1,483,200
2027	880,000	602,550	1,482,550
2028	925,000	558,550	1,483,550
2029	960,000	521,550	1,481,550
2030	985,000	499,950	1,484,950
2031	1,030,000	450,700	1,480,700
2032	1,085,000	399,200	1,484,200
2033	1,125,000	355,800	1,480,800
2034	1,170,000	310,800	1,480,800
2035	1,220,000	264,000	1,484,000
2036	1,265,000	215,200	1,480,200
2037	1,320,000	164,600	1,484,600
2038	1,370,000	111,800	1,481,800
2039	1,445,000	57,000	1,502,000
	\$ 16,470,000	\$8,402,900	\$24,872,900

NOTE H – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Series 2018 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds

Type: Public Offering

Purpose: Construction of fire station

Date of issuance: February 8, 2018

Term: 20 years
Interest rate: 4.00% - 5.25%
Original Issue: \$5,000,000

Debt service requirements, including interest:

Year ending June 30:	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 160,000	\$ 228,313	\$ 388,313
2022	170,000	220,312	390,312
2023	180,000	211,813	391,813
2024	190,000	202,813	392,813
2025	195,000	193,312	388,312
2026	205,000	183,563	388,563
2027	220,000	173,312	393,312
2028	230,000	162,313	392,313
2029	245,000	150,812	395,812
2030	260,000	137,950	397,950
2031	275,000	124,300	399,300
2032	285,000	113,300	398,300
2033	295,000	101,900	396,900
2034	310,000	90,100	400,100
2035	345,000	77,700	422,700
2036	360,000	59,587	419,587
2037	380,000	40,687	420,687
2038	395,000	20,737	415,737
	\$ 4,700,000	\$2,492,824	\$ 7,192,824

NOTE H – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Details of Direct Placement Bonds – Business-type Activities

Series 2010 Drainage Refunding Bonds

Type: Direct Placement

Purpose: Refund Series 2000 Drainage Revenue

bonds and finance drainage system

improvements

Date of issuance: September 30, 2010

Term: 15 years
Interest rate: 3.51%
Original Issue: \$2,500,000

Debt service requirements, including interest:

Year ending June 30:	I	Principal		Interest		Total
2021	\$	180,000	\$	33,696	\$	213,696
2022		185,000		27,378		212,378
2023		190,000		20,885		210,885
2024		200,000		14,215		214,215
2025		205,000		7,196		212,196
	\$	960,000	\$	103,370	\$	1,063,370

NOTE H – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Details of Other Bonds – Business-type Activities

Series 2019 Water Revenue Bonds

Type: Public Offering

Purpose: Construction of detention reservoir and related

improvements

Date of issuance: February 7, 2019

Term: 25 years

Interest rate: 4.00% - 5.00% Original Issue: \$17,205,000

Debt service requirements, including interest:

Year ending June 30:	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 390,000	\$ 846,550	\$ 1,236,550
2022	405,000	830,950	1,235,950
2023	425,000	814,750	1,239,750
2024	445,000	793,500	1,238,500
2025	465,000	771,250	1,236,250
2026	490,000	748,000	1,238,000
2027	515,000	723,500	1,238,500
2028	540,000	697,750	1,237,750
2029	565,000	670,750	1,235,750
2030	595,000	642,500	1,237,500
2031	625,000	612,750	1,237,750
2032	655,000	581,500	1,236,500
2033	690,000	548,750	1,238,750
2034	725,000	514,250	1,239,250
2035	760,000	478,000	1,238,000
2036	800,000	440,000	1,240,000
2037	835,000	400,000	1,235,000
2038	880,000	358,250	1,238,250
2039	925,000	314,250	1,239,250
2040	970,000	268,000	1,238,000
2041	1,020,000	219,500	1,239,500
2042	1,070,000	168,500	1,238,500
2043	1,120,000	115,000	1,235,000
2044	1,180,000	59,000	1,239,000
	\$ 17,090,000	\$12,617,250	\$ 29,707,250

NOTE H – LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Series 2018 Electric Revenue Bonds

Type: Public Offering

Purpose: Construction of power generation plant

Date of issuance: February 8, 2018

Term: 20 years Interest rate: 4.00% - 5.00% Original Issue: \$15,640,000

Debt service requirements, including interest:

Year ending June 30:	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 520,000	\$ 733,500	\$ 1,253,500
2022	545,000	707,500	1,252,500
2023	575,000	680,250	1,255,250
2024	605,000	651,500	1,256,500
2025	635,000	621,250	1,256,250
2026	665,000	589,500	1,254,500
2027	700,000	556,250	1,256,250
2028	735,000	521,250	1,256,250
2029	770,000	484,500	1,254,500
2030	810,000	446,000	1,256,000
2031	850,000	405,500	1,255,500
2032	890,000	363,000	1,253,000
2033	935,000	318,500	1,253,500
2034	985,000	271,750	1,256,750
2035	1,030,000	222,500	1,252,500
2036	1,085,000	171,000	1,256,000
2037	1,140,000	116,750	1,256,750
2038	1,195,000	59,750	1,254,750
	\$ 14,670,000	\$ 7,920,250	\$ 22,590,250

Prior Years Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, certain outstanding bonds were defeased by placing proceeds of bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts and the defeased bonds are not included in the financial statements.

At June 30, 2020 the following bonds are considered defeased:

		Defeased
	Bond Series	Balance
Governmental Activities:	2000 Lease Revenue Bonds	\$2,140,000

NOTE I – PLEDGED REVENUES

The City has pledged sales tax revenues in the amount of \$43,506,322 to fund debt service payments on the sales tax revenue bonds. The 2014 bonds were used to refund the 2003 and 2004 sales tax revenue and to finance infrastructure improvements. The 2018 bonds were used primarily to finance the construction of a new fire station within the City, and the 2019 bonds are being used primarily to finance the construction of a new police station within the City. Sales tax revenue has been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2039. Total sales tax collections through 2039 have not been estimated. Sales tax revenue in the current year was \$14,449,857 and debt service for the sales tax bonds was \$2,234,163.

The City has pledged tax increment revenues to fund debt service payments on the tax increment note payable to developer in the Alpine Highway Project Area. The principal portion of the note is \$46,856,201. The interest associated with the note is uncertain because of the timing of payments on the note are contingent upon tax increment revenues collected in the area. The proceeds from the note were used to fund redevelopment expenditures. Tax increment has been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2028. Total tax increment collections through 2028 are not estimable. Tax increment revenue available for debt service in the current year was \$13,572,636. As explained previously, if tax increment revenues over the life of the note are insufficient to pay the note, the City will not be required to pay the remaining balance.

The City has pledged tax increment revenues to fund debt service payments on a tax increment note payable to developer of the Thanksgiving Park Project Area in the amount of \$899,119. The note is noninterest bearing. Timing of the payments on the note is contingent upon tax increment revenues collected in the area. The note was issued to reimburse the developer for costs incurred in the project area. Tax increment revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2024. Tax increment revenue available for debt service in the current year was \$263,822. If tax increment revenues over the life of the note are insufficient to pay the note, the City will not be required to pay the remaining balance.

The City has pledged property and sales tax increment revenues to fund debt service payments on a tax increment note payable to developer of the Traverse Mountain Project Area in the amount of \$10,451,021. The note is noninterest bearing. Timing of the payments on the note is contingent upon tax increment revenues collected in the area. The note was issued to reimburse the developer for costs incurred in the project area. Tax increment revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2024. Tax increment revenue available for debt service in the current year was \$541,159. If tax increment revenues over the life of the note are insufficient to pay the note, the City will not be required to pay the remaining balance.

The City has pledged property tax increment revenues to fund debt service payments on a tax increment note payable to developer of the Alpine Highway West Project Area in the amount of \$13,085,298. The note is noninterest bearing. Timing of the payments on the note is contingent upon tax increment revenues collected in the area. The note was issued to reimburse the developer for costs incurred in the project area. Tax increment revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2034. Tax increment revenue available for debt service in the current year was \$914,355. If tax increment revenues over the life of the note are insufficient to pay the note, the City will not be required to pay the remaining balance.

NOTE I – PLEDGED REVENUES – CONTINUED

The City has pledged property tax increment revenues to fund debt service payments on a tax increment note payable to developer of the West Timpanogos Community Development Project Area in the amount of \$18,223,571. The note is noninterest bearing. Timing of the payments on the note is contingent upon tax increment revenues collected in the area. The note was issued to reimburse the developer for costs incurred in the project area. Tax increment revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2035. Tax increment revenue available for debt service in the current year was \$331,951. If tax increment revenues over the life of the note are insufficient to pay the note, the City will not be required to pay the remaining balance.

The City has pledged electric revenues in the amount of \$22,590,250 to fund debt service payments on the electric revenue bonds. The bonds were issued to fund electric system improvements within the City. Electric revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2038. Electric revenues are projected to produce 500 percent of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. In the current year, net electric revenues were \$12,265,270 and electric revenue bond debt service payments were \$2,055,520.

The City has pledged drainage revenues in the amount of \$1,063,370 to fund debt service payments on the drainage revenue bonds. The bonds were issued to refund the Series 2000 drainage revenue bonds and to fund drainage system improvements within the City. Drainage revenues have been pledged to fund debt service payments through the year 2025. Drainage revenues are expected to produce approximately 400 percent of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. In the current year, net drainage revenues were \$962,252 and drainage revenue bond debt service payments were \$209,663.

The City has pledged water and pressurized irrigation revenues in the amount of \$29,707,250 to fund debt service payments on the water revenue bonds. The bonds were issued to fund water and pressurized irrigation system improvements within the City. Water and pressurized irrigation revenues have been pledged to fund debt service payments through the year 2044. Water and pressurized irrigation revenues are expected to produce approximately 400 percent of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. In the current year, net water and pressurized irrigation revenues were \$6,700,808 and water revenue bond debt service payments were \$1,235,679.

NOTE J - CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATION

During 2020, the City entered into a lease agreement for the acquisition of several fire trucks and related equipment. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and has been recorded at the present value of its future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through this capital lease are as follows as of June 30, 2020:

	Governmental
	Activities
Fire trucks and equipment	\$ 2,016,365
Accumulated depreciation	74,190

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Governmental		
Year ending June 30:	Activities		
2021	\$ 334,010		
2022		334,010	
2023		334,010	
2024		334,010	
2025		334,010	
2026		334,010	
2027		334,010	
Less amount representing interest		(138,070)	
Present value of future minimum lease payments		2,200,000	
Current portion		309,076	
Long-term portion	\$	1,890,924	

NOTE K - RETIREMENT PLANS

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description: Eligible plan participants are provided with pensions through the Utah Retirement Systems. The Utah Retirement Systems are comprised of the following pension trust funds:

- Public Employees Noncontributory Retirement System (Noncontributory System) is a multiple employer cost sharing public employee retirement system.
- Firefighters Retirement System (Firefighters System); are multiple employer, cost sharing, public employees, retirement systems.
- Public Safety Retirement System (Public Safety System) is a mixed agent and costsharing, multiple-employer retirement system;
- Tier 2 Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Employees System) is a multiple employer cost sharing public employee retirement system;
- Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighters System) is a multiple employer, cost sharing, public employees, retirement system.

The Tier 2 Public Employees System became effective July 1, 2011. All eligible employees beginning on or after July 1, 2011, who have no previous service credit with any of the Utah Retirement Systems, are members of the Tier 2 Retirement System.

The Utah Retirement Systems (URS) are established and governed by the respective sections of Title 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953, as amended. The URS' defined benefit plans are amended statutorily by the State Legislature. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Title 49 provides for the administration of the URS under the direction of the Board, whose members are appointed by the Governor. The URS are fiduciary funds defined as pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds. URS is a component unit of the State of Utah. Title 49 of the Utah Code grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms. URS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained by writing Utah Retirement Systems, 560 E. 200 S, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or visiting the website: www.urs.org.

NOTE K - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Benefits provided: URS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are as follows:

Summary of Benefits by System

System	Final Average Salary	Years of service required and/or age eligible for benefit	Benefit percent per year of service	COLA**
Noncontributory system	Highest 3 years	30 years any age 25 years any age* 20 years age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65	2.0% per year all years	Up to 4%
Public Safety System	Highest 3 years	20 years any age 10 years age 60 4 years age 65	2.5% per year up to 20 years; 2.0% per year over 20 years	Up to 2.5% to 4% depending on the employer
Firefighters System	Highest 3 years	20 years any age 10 years age 60 4 years age 65	2.5% per year up to 20 years; 2.0% per year over 20 years	Up to 4%
Tier 2 Public Employees System	Highest 5 years	35 years any age 20 years any age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65	1.5% per year all years	Up to 2.5%
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System	Highest 5 years	25 years any age 20 years any age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65	1.5% per year all years	Up to 2.5%

^{*} with actuarial reductions applied

^{**} All post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments are non-compounding and are based on the original benefit except for Judges, which is a compounding benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments are also limited to the actual Consumer Price Index (CPI), increase for the year, although unused CPI increases not met may be carried forward to subsequent years.

NOTE K - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Contribution Rate Summary

As a condition of participation in the URS, employers and/or employees are required to contribute certain percentages of salary and wages as authorized by statute and specified by the URS Board. Contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions (where applicable) is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Contribution rates as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

		Employer	Employer
	Employee	Contribution	Rate for
	Paid	Rates	401(k) Plan
Contributory System			
111 - Local Governmental Division Tier 2	N/A	15.66%	1.03%
Noncontributory System			
15 - Local Governmental Division Tier 1	N/A	18.47%	N/A
Public Safety Retirement System			
Contributory			
23 - Other Division A with 2.5% COLA	12.29%	22.79%	N/A
122 - Other Division A Contributory Tier 2	N/A	23.13%	0.70%
Noncontributory			
43 - Other Division A with 2.5% COLA	N/A	34.04%	N/A
Firefighters System			
31 - Other Division A	15.05%	4.61%	N/A
132 - Tier 2 DB Hybrid Firefighters	N/A	11.38%	0.70%
Tier 2 DC Only			
211 - Local Government	N/A	6.69%	10.00%
222 - Public Safety	N/A	11.83%	12.00%
232 - Firefighters	N/A	0.08%	12.00%

Tier 2 rates include a statutory required contribution to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Tier 1 plans.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the employer and employee contributions to the Systems were as follows:

	Employer		I	Employee
System	C	ontributions	Co	ontributions
Noncontributory	\$	\$ 1,449,852		N/A
Public Safety	669,305		669,305	
Firefighters		79,145		258,381
Tier 2 Public Employees		667,703		-
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter		520,464		-
Tier 2 DC Only		57,441		N/A
Tier 2 DC Public Safety and Firefighter		181		N/A
Total Contributions	\$	3,444,091	\$	281,717

Contributions reported are the URS Board approved required contributions by System. Contributions in the Tier 2 Systems are used to finance the unfunded liabilities in the Tier 1 Systems.

NOTE K - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the City reported a net pension asset of \$649,957 and a net pension liability of \$6,269,223.

	Proportionate Share	Net Pension Asset	Net Pension Liability
Noncontributory system	0.9715484%	\$ -	\$ 3,661,638
Public Safety System	1.4913241%	-	2,394,496
Firefighters System	5.2407494%	649,957	- -
Tier 2 Public Employees System	0.2766880%	-	62,229
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System	1.6037989%	-	150,860
Total Net Pension Asset/Liability		\$ 649,957	\$ 6,269,223

The net pension asset and liability was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset and liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The proportion of the net pension asset and liability is equal to the ratio of the employer's actual contributions to the Systems during the plan year over the total of all employer contributions to the System during the plan year.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$3,512,665.

At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		I	Deferred
	(Outflows		Inflows
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	563,507	\$	216,023
Changes in assumptions		809,060		55,726
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		3,179,944
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		409,814		16,465
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,728,435		
Total	\$	3,510,816	\$	3,468,158

\$1,728,435 reported as deferred outflows of resources was related to contributions made by the City prior to its fiscal year end, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2019.

NOTE K - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred	
	Outflows	
	(Inflows)	
	of Resources	
Year Ended June 30,		
2021	\$ (246,046)	
2022	(575,975)	
2023	171,843	
2024	(1,153,363)	
2025	20,746	
Thereafter	97,018	

Noncontributory System Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,007,852.

At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows]	Inflows
	of	Resources	of l	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	333,068	\$	52,598
Changes in assumptions		387,810		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		1,851,723
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		213,705		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		715,644		
Total	\$	1,650,227	\$	1,904,321

\$715,644 reported as deferred outflows of resources was related to contributions made by the City prior to its fiscal year end, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2019.

NOTE K - RETIREMENT PLANS – CONTINUED

These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred	
	Outflows	
	(Inflows)	
	of F	Resources
Year Ended June 30,		
2021	\$	(8,313)
2022		(324,218)
2023		66,786
2024		(703,993)
2025		-
Thereafter		_

Public Safety System Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,139,252.

At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ι	Deferred	Γ	Deferred
	Outflows]	Inflows
	of l	Resources	of l	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	41,644	\$	51,129
Changes in assumptions		81,702		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		817,643
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		129,162		8,961
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		334,559		-
Total	\$	587,067	\$	877,733

\$334,559 reported as deferred outflows of resources was related to contributions made by the City prior to its fiscal year end, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2019.

NOTE K - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred	
	Outflows	
	(Inflows)	
	of Resources	
Year Ended June 30,		
2021	\$ (139,555)	
2022	(178,583)	
2023	3,590	
2024	(310,677)	
2025	-	
Thereafter	-	

Firefighters System Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$(428,487).

At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows			Inflows
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	126,284	\$	90,890
Changes in assumptions		277,146		52,576
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		425,662
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		8,250		5,697
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		39,010		-
Total	\$	450,690	\$	574,825

\$39,010 reported as deferred outflows of resources was related to contributions made by the City prior to its fiscal year end, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2019.

NOTE K - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred
	Outflows
	(Inflows)
	of Resources
Year Ended June 30,	
2021	\$ (87,500)
2022	(64,067)
2023	96,688
2024	(117,003)
2025	8,694
Thereafter	43

Tier 2 Public Employees System Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$349,964.

At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of	Resources	of I	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	17,409	\$	21,357
Changes in assumptions		26,572		1,788
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		47,835
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		48,904		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		368,873		-
Total	\$	461,758	\$	70,980

\$368,873 reported as deferred outflows of resources was related to contributions made by the City prior to its fiscal year end, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2019.

NOTE K - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	De	Deferred		
	Οι	Outflows		
	(In	(Inflows)		
	of R	esources		
Year Ended June 30,				
2021	\$	(6,527)		
2022		(5,596)		
2023		2,577		
2024		(12,755)		
2025		6,383		
Thereafter		37,823		

<u>Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$444,085.

At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources		of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	45,102	\$	49
Changes in assumptions		35,830		1,362
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		37,081
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		9,793		1,807
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		270,349		
Total	\$	361,074	\$	40,299

\$270,349 reported as deferred outflows of resources was related to contributions made by the City prior to its fiscal year end, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2019.

These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

NOTE K - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

	Deferred		
	Outflows		
	(Inflows)		
	of Resources		
Year Ended June 30,		_	
2021	\$	(4,151)	
2022		(3,511)	
2023		2,200	
2024		(8,934)	
2025		5,671	
Thereafter		59,151	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases 3.25 - 9.75 percent, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.95 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were developed from actual experience and mortality tables, based on gender, occupation and age, as appropriate, with adjustments for future improvement in mortality based on Scale AA, a model developed by the Society of Actuaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five year period ending December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class and is applied consistently to each defined benefit pension plan. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

NOTE K - RETIREMENT PLANS – CONTINUED

	Expected Return Arithmetic Basis		
			Long-term
			Expected
		Real	Portfolio
	Target	Return	Real
	Asset	Arithmetic	Rate of
Asset class	Allocation	Basis	Return
Equity securities	40%	6.15%	2.46%
Debt securities	20%	0.40%	0.08%
Real assets	15%	5.75%	0.86%
Private equity	9%	9.95%	0.89%
Absolute return	16%	2.85%	0.46%
Cash and cash equivalents		-	
Totals	100%		4.75%
Inflation			2.50%
Expected arithmetic nominal ret	urn		7.25%

The 6.95% assumed investment rate of return is comprised of an inflation rate of 2.50%, a real return of 4.45% that is net of investment expense.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from all participating employers will be made at contractually required rates that are actuarially determined and certified by the URS Board. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate does not use the Municipal Bond Index Rate. The discount rate remained unchanged from the prior measurement period at 6.95%.

NOTE K - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension asset and liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.95%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.95%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.95%)	Discount Rate (6.95%)	1% Increase (7.95%)
System			
Noncontributory	\$11,436,572	\$ 3,661,638	\$ (2,822,575)
Public Safety	6,202,675	2,394,496	(700,383)
Firefighters	1,329,174	(649,957)	(2,255,443)
Tier 2 Public Employees	536,630	62,229	(304,395)
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter	532,932	150,860	(132,765)
Total	\$20,037,983	\$ 5,619,266	\$ (6,215,561)

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued URS financial report.

NOTE L – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The City sponsors a defined contribution deferred compensation plan administered by either URS or ICMA Retirement Corporation under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) for City employees covered by the State's contributory and noncontributory retirement plans. The plan, available to all permanent full-time City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The 401(k) deferred compensation monies are not available to the City or its general creditors. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested in the employee's account from the date of employment. The City's total payroll in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, was approximately \$22,500,000. Employees with proof of other health insurance may choose to opt out of the City's health insurance plan and in lieu of those benefits, receive a contribution to a deferred compensation plan. During the year ended June 30, 2020, contributions totaling \$118,065 were made to the plan by employees and \$111,714 by the City.

The City sponsors another deferred compensation plan through ICMA Retirement Corporation in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. This plan is available to all City employees and permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

NOTE M – COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

The City has entered into a contract expiring in 2027 with the Intermountain Power Agency (IPA) for the purchase of power. Under the terms of the agreement, the City is liable for an agreed-upon purchase amount of approximately .43% of production regardless of whether it is used. The City has also entered into an excess power sales agreement whereby all power purchased from IPA in excess of the City's need, will be sold to a group of California cities, thus relieving the City's excess power purchase liability.

The City is a member of Utah Associated Municipal Power System (UAMPS), a political subdivision of the State of Utah created to secure electric power for the members of UAMPS. As a member, the City has entered into power supply agreements with respect to various projects in which UAMPS participates. The total cost of the power the City will be required to purchase in future years is not determinable, however, at a minimum, in connection with these power supply agreements, the City will be required to fund debt service on the UAMPS bonds which, at June 30, 2020, had an outstanding balance of \$141,375,000, of which the City's portion was \$15,073,394. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the City purchased power totaling \$21,968,640.

Effective April 1, 2018, the City entered into a Power Sales Contract with UAMPS. UAMPS is in the process of constructing a nuclear generating facility plant known as the Carbon Free Power Project (the Project). Under the contract, the City would purchase from UAMPS an Entitlement Share of up to 10,000 KW of capacity generated by the Project. UAMPS prepared a budget for the project reflecting total costs of approximately \$4.2 billion. Each participant would be responsible to fund its pro rata share of the project with either an initial capital contribution, or by funding its pro rata share of debt service on any bonds that UAMPS will issue to finance the project. As of August 25, 2020, the City chose to withdraw from the project and the resulting cost to the City is expected to be between \$350,000 and \$400,000.

The City has entered into a contract for the construction of a new police station. The total of the contract is approximately \$14,100,000, \$11,317,917 of which had been completed as of June 30, 2020. The City has also entered into a contract for the construction of a reservoir, a sediment basin and a pump station as part of the pressurized irrigation system. The total of the contracts for those projects is approximately \$5,800,000, \$5,595,025 of which had been completed as of June 30, 2020.

There are several pending lawsuits in which the City is involved. The City management estimates the potential claims against the City resulting from such litigation not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial position of the City.

NOTE N – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City self-insures for claim under \$100,000 and carries commercial insurance for risks in excess of that amount, except for risks associated with natural disasters. There were no decreases in coverage during 2020. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Expenses and claims not covered by insurance are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining claims, events that might create claims, but for which none have been reported, are considered. Claims information for the past two years is as follows:

	2020		2019	
Claims liability, July 1 Claims incurred during the year and changes	\$	56,615	\$	268,576
in estimates		135,758		93,452
Payments on claims during the year Payments made by insurance		153,811		211,961
Coinsurance and deductible insurance payments made by the City				93,452
Claims liability, June 30	\$	38,562	\$	56,615

NOTE O - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The City has transfers from the Redevelopment Agency to the general fund pursuant to the City's participation in various redevelopment projects. The transfer to the Capital Projects fund from the General fund is to fund projects identified by the Council. These projects will be completed in the coming fiscal year.

A summary of interfund transfers by fund is as follows:

	Transfers in to:						
		Other					
		Capital Governmental					
	General	Projects	Fund	Total			
Transfers out from:	_						
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 8,089,930	\$ 1,614,504	\$ 9,704,434			
Capital Projects Fund	-	-	248,014	248,014			
Redevelopment Agency	1,883,869	-	-	1,883,869			
	\$ 1,883,869	\$ 8,089,930	\$ 1,862,518	\$ 11,836,317			

NOTE P – SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The City has issued revenue bonds to finance certain improvements to its culinary water distribution system, pressurized irrigation system, electric power distribution system and drainage system. Because each of these activities is accounted for in separate funds and all of those funds are reported as major funds in the fund financial statements, segment disclosures herein are not required.

NOTE Q – EXPENDITURES EXCEEDING APPROPRIATIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the City incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations in the General Fund and the Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund as follows:

	E	Expenditures		
	Iı	In Excess of		
	Ap	propriations		
General Fund				
Transfers Out	\$	4,669,799		
Redevelopment Agency				
Transfers Out		10,697		

NOTE R - REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF LEHI

The Lehi City Redevelopment Agency was created in 1985 to increase and develop the commercial growth in the southeast area of the City, known as the Millpond Project Area. Redevelopment activity did not begin until 1996, when the first tax increment was generated.

In 1994, Micron Technologies, Inc. (IM Flash), a computer chip manufacturer, approached the City for tax incentives to construct a manufacturing facility in Utah. This project, which became a component of the Redevelopment Agency of the City, is known as the Alpine Highway Project Area. Infrastructure improvements on and off site have been made over the life of the project area. In 1998, the tax increment related to this project was triggered and received by the Redevelopment Agency and was used for debt service. In 2008 the Alpine Highway Project Area was extended for an additional twenty years. Consequently, payments will be made to IM Flash through 2028. The majority of the infrastructure improvements associated with this project were contributed to the City's business-type activities therefore the note payable to IM Flash related to this project has not been included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets for the City's governmental activities.

During 2010, the Redevelopment Agency approved another economic development project called the Thanksgiving Park Economic Development Project Area. The project involves the construction of several office buildings within the project area, with the Redevelopment Agency obligated to pay the developer a portion of the tax increment generated by the project. The office buildings must be developed according to a specific schedule and if the schedule is not met, the developer would forfeit some of the tax increment funds.

In August 2010, the Redevelopment Agency passed an ordinance adopting an economic development project area known as the Alpine Highway West Economic Development Project Area. The project will be funded with tax increment financing for a period not to exceed twenty years and up to a maximum of \$17,953,052, with the Agency electing to receive 93.33% of the tax increment from the project area.

During 2012, the Redevelopment Agency approved a community development project area known as the Traverse Mountain Community Development Project Area. The project will be funded with tax increment financing for a period not to exceed twenty years and up to a maximum of \$7,895,934 of property tax increment and \$5,716,119 of sales tax increment. The Agency will receive 100% of the property tax and sales tax increment from the project area.

In August 2014, the Redevelopment Agency passed a resolution adopting an economic development project area known as the West Timpanogos Community Development Project Area. The project will be funded with tax increment financing for a period not to exceed twenty years and up to a maximum of \$19,557,363, with the Agency distributing 97% of the tax increment from the project area to the developer and keeping the remaining 3% for administrative services.

In January 2020, the Redevelopment Agency passed a resolution adopting a community reinvestment project area known as the Meadow Pointe Community Reinvestment Project Area. The project will be funded with tax increment financing for a period not to exceed twenty years and up to a maximum of \$6,019,890. The Agency will receive 50% of the property tax and sales tax increment from the project area. If the project area generates more than \$100,000 of annual funds to be distributed to the Agency, the Agency will remit an additional 10% of the annual tax increment for housing allocation.

NOTE R - REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF LEHI – CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2020 the following activity occurred in the City's Redevelopment Agency:

Tax increment collected from other taxing agencies	
for the project area	
Millpond Project Area	\$ 441,787
Alpine Highway Project Area	13,572,636
Alpine Highway West Project Area	914,355
West Timpanogos Project Area	331,951
Traverse Mountain Project Area	541,159
Thanksgiving Park Project Area	 263,822
	\$ 16,065,710
Outstanding loans to finance RDA projects	\$ 89,515,210
Expenditures:	
Tax increments paid to other taxing agencies	\$ 2,282,866
Principal	6,453,844
Interest	4,472,991
Redevelopment costs	108,473
	\$ 13,318,174

NOTE S – TAX ABATEMENTS

The City negotiates property and sales tax abatement agreements with local businesses through its RDA and under the state Limited Purpose Local Government Entities Act. Under the Act, localities may grant property and sales tax abatements for the purpose of promoting economic growth.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City abated the following taxes:

	Property		Sales
	Taxes		Taxes
RDA Project Area tax abatements			
Millpond Project Area	\$ 74,577	\$	-
Alpine Highway Project Area	1,603,810		-
Alpine Highway West Project Area	111,087		-
West Timpanogos Project Area	112,267		-
Traverse Mountain Project Area	110,712		372,404
Thanksgiving Park Project Area	 54,199		-
	2,066,652		372,404
Other relocation incentive			
projects	 -		95,861
	\$ 2,066,652	\$	468,265

NOTE T – LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expenditure in the General fund in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The landfill closure and postclosure care liability is evaluated every three years and as of June 30, 2020, the balance of the liability is as follows based on the cumulative use of 77% of the estimated capacity of the landfill:

Total estimated closure and postclosure care costs	\$ 325,866
Capacity used as of June 30, 2020	77%
Cumulative closure and postclosure care liability,	
as revised during 2020	250,917
Amounts previously recognized	 250,917
Amount to be recognized as of June 30, 2019	 =
Amount reported as a long-term liability in the	
governmental activities statement of net position	\$ 250,917

The total estimated closure and postclosure care costs are based on estimates of what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2020. The City has a capacity of 230,000 cubic yards. The landfill is only used for City purposes. The City anticipates the landfill not reaching full capacity until at least 2035. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The City is required to establish financial assurance in accordance with the State of Utah Department of Environmental Quality, Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste Administrative Rules. The City must submit an annual report in which certain financial information is provided to the State indicating that the City meets the minimum financial requirements outlined in the aforementioned rules.

REQUIRED S	SUPPLEMENTA	ARY INFORM <i>A</i>	ATION - PENSIONS	5

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

For the fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

With a Measurement Date of December 31, 2019

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.9715484%	0.9518516%	0.9004162%	0.8609147%	0.8368340%	0.8252402%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,661,638	\$ 7,009,172	\$ 3,944,993	\$ 5,528,126	\$ 4,735,214	\$ 3,583,385
Covered payroll	\$ 7,934,823	\$ 7,802,584	\$ 7,400,491	\$ 7,264,143	\$ 7,048,506	\$ 6,956,642
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	46.1%	89.8%	53.3%	76.1%	67.2%	51.5%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	93.7%	87.0%	91.9%	87.3%	87.8%	90.2%
Public Safety System for the Fiscal Years En	ded June 30,					
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	1.4913241%	1.4826790%	1.3389936%	1.3909834%	1.3094092%	1.2531910%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,394,496	\$ 3,674,341	\$ 2,100,423	\$ 2,822,689	\$ 2,345,629	\$ 1,575,992
Covered payroll	\$ 1,983,001	\$ 1,922,593	\$ 1,857,970	\$ 2,050,939	\$ 1,983,624	\$ 2,112,919
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	120.8%	191.1%	113.0%	137.6%	118.2%	74.6%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.9%	84.7%	90.2%	86.5%	87.1%	90.5%
Firefighters Retirement System for the Fiscal	Years Ended Ju	ne 30,				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	5.2407494%	5.2830772%	5.4021529%	5.6106342%	5.4181698%	5.2918057%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (649,957)	\$ 685,993	\$ (337,393)	\$ (44,231)	\$ (98,134)	\$ (301,971)
Covered payroll	\$ 1,805,883	\$ 1,716,828	\$ 1,698,209	\$ 1,704,194	\$ 1,573,859	\$ 1,523,975
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	-36.0%	40.0%	-19.9%	-2.6%	-6.2%	-19.8%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	105.0%	94.3%	103.0%	100.4%	101.0%	103.5%

CONTINUED

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY –

UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS - CONTINUED

For the fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020 With a Measurement Date of December 31, 2019

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Tier	2 Public	Employees	System	for the	Fiscal Vears	ended June 30.
HIEL.	z rubnc	Employees	System	ioi me	riscai i cais	enaca June 30.

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.2766880%	0.2619050%	0.2458871%	0.2829680%	0.1455133%	0.1454933%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 62,229	\$ 112,168	\$ 21,679	\$ 23,236	\$ (318)	\$ (4,409)	
Covered payroll	\$ 3,844,219	\$ 3,057,042	\$ 2,404,504	\$ 1,708,206	\$ 940,334	\$ 713,760	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	1.6%	3.7%	0.9%	1.4%	-0.03%	-0.60%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96.5%	90.8%	97.4%	95.1%	100.2%	103.5%	
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighters Retirem	ent System for t	he Fiscal Years F	Ended June 30,				
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	1.6037989%	1.6711253%	1.3301614%	1.1522095%	0.1455133%	0.1454933%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 150,860	\$ 41,871	\$ (15,391)	\$ (10,003)	\$ (318)	\$ (4,409)	
Covered payroll	\$ 2,643,299	\$ 2,236,149	\$ 1,403,195	\$ 951,984	\$ 940,334	\$ 713,760	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	5.7%	1.9%	-1.1%	-1.1%	-0.03%	-0.60%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	89.6%	95.6%	103.0%	103.6%	100.2%	103.5%	

^{*}In accordance with GAAP, the City will need to disclose a 10 year history of its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) in its RSI. The City will continue to present information for available years until a full 10 year trend is compiled.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS June 30, 2020 Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	As of fiscal year	Actuarial	Contributions in relation to the contractually	Contribution		Contribution as a percentage
	ended	determined	required	deficiency	Covered	of covered
	June 30,	contributions	contribution	(excess)	payroll	payroll**
Noncontributory System	2014	\$ 1,165,022	\$ 1,165,022	\$ -	\$6,864,580	16.97%
	2015	1,282,664	1,282,664	-	7,052,771	18.19%
	2016	1,268,549	1,268,549	-	6,981,779	18.17%
	2017	1,309,056	1,309,056	-	7,475,118	17.51%
	2018	1,424,802	1,424,802	-	8,093,782	17.60%
	2019	1,438,487	1,438,487	-	7,923,875	18.15%
	2020	1,449,852	1,449,852	-	7,939,103	18.26%
Public Safety System	2014	559,089	559,089	-	2,134,344	26.19%
	2015	625,298	625,298	-	2,036,078	30.71%
	2016	629,374	629,374	-	1,983,967	31.72%
	2017	620,098	620,098	-	2,025,956	30.61%
	2018	611,262	611,262	-	1,948,987	31.36%
	2019	653,299	653,299	-	1,991,955	32.80%
	2020	669,305	669,305	-	2,028,984	32.99%
Firefighters System	2014	41,630	41,630	-	1,559,356	2.67%
	2015	54,021	54,021	-	1,527,355	3.54%
	2016	58,367	58,367	-	1,581,637	3.69%
	2017	62,382	62,382	-	1,795,409	3.47%
	2018	64,687	64,687	-	1,795,471	3.60%
	2019	75,547	75,547	-	1,737,870	4.35%
	2020	79,145	79,145	-	1,855,490	4.27%
Tier 2 Public Employees System*	2014	102,833	102,833	-	735,043	13.99%
	2015	113,924	113,924	-	762,543	14.94%
	2016	191,737	191,737	-	1,285,962	14.91%
	2017	302,455	302,455	-	2,107,941	14.35%
	2018	426,116	426,116	-	2,918,623	14.60%
	2019	526,354	526,354	-	3,387,092	15.54%
	2020	667,703	667,703	-	4,264,085	15.66%
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter		48,582	48,582	-	275,951	17.61%
System*	2015	73,202	73,202	-	393,710	18.59%
	2016	139,579	139,579	-	745,270	18.73%
	2017	205,341	205,341	-	1,119,520	18.34%
	2018	340,795	340,795	-	2,021,465	16.86%
	2019	420,325	420,325	-	2,391,478	17.58%
	2020	520,464	520,464	-	2,984,517	17.44%

CONTINUED

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS - CONTINUED June 30, 2020

Last Ten Fiscal Years**

	As of fiscal year ended June 30,	Actuarial determined contributions	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll**
Tier 2 Public Employees DC Only	2014	17,563	17,563	-	303,986	5.78%
System*	2015	33,416	33,416	-	506,307	6.60%
	2016	33,262	33,262	-	497,195	6.69%
	2017	34,392	34,392	-	530,379	6.48%
	2018	39,190	39,190	-	609,291	6.43%
	2019	52,248	52,248	-	780,986	6.69%
	2020	57,441	57,441	-	858,607	6.69%
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter	2014	-	-	-	-	0.00%
DC Only System*	2015	55	55	-	38,946	0.14%
	2016	36	36	-	45,001	0.08%
	2017	39	39	-	50,870	0.08%
	2018	63	63	-	82,150	0.08%
	2019	110	110	-	137,353	0.08%
	2020	181	181	-	225,335	0.08%

^{*}Contributions in Tier 2 include an amortization rate to help fund the unfunded liabilities in the Tier 1 systems. Tier 2 systems were created effective July 1, 2011.

^{**}In accordance with GAAP, the City will need to disclose a 10 year history of its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) in its RSI. The City will continue to present information for available years until a full 10 year trend is compiled.

LEHI CITYCORPORATION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 WITH A MEASUREMENT DATE OF DECEMBER 31, 2019

Changes in assumptions

As a result of the passage of SB 129, the retirement rates for members in the Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter Hybrid System have been modified to be the same as the assumption used to model the retirement pattern in the Tier 1 Public Safety and Firefighter Systems, except for a 10% load at first eligibility for unreduced retirement prior to age 65.

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

					VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
		BUDGETED			POSITIVE
		ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES					
TAXES		e 0.950.000	¢ 0.850.000	¢ 10.010.010	6 060.010
PROPERTY TAXES		\$ 9,850,000	\$ 9,850,000	\$ 10,810,019	\$ 960,019
GENERAL SALES TAX		12,551,812	12,551,812	13,976,128	1,424,316
911 TAX FRANCHISE TAX		325,000 5,100,000	325,000 5,100,000	5,483,232	(325,000 383,232
FRANCHISE IAA	TOTAL	27,826,812	27,826,812	30,269,379	2,442,567
LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS	IOIAL	27,820,812	27,020,012	30,209,379	2,442,307
BUSINESS LICENSES		115,000	115,000	97,099	(17,901
BUILDING PERMITS		2,905,000	2,905,000	2,795,215	(109,785
Delibir (GT ERWITS	TOTAL	3,020,000	3,020,000	2,892,314	(127,686
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE	101712	3,020,000	3,020,000	2,072,514	(127,000
CLASS "C" ROAD FUNDS		2,200,000	2,200,000	3,809,524	1,609,524
FIRE DEPARTMENT GRANT		268,568	268,568	104,880	(163,688
POLICE SALARY REIMBURSEMENT		100,000	100,000	103,000	3,000
STATE LIQUOR FUNDS ALLOTMENT		60,000	60,000	63,167	3,167
COUNTY FIRE ALLOCATION		15,000	15,000	7,337	(7,663
STATE GRANTS		75,000	75,000	37,105	(37,895
OTHER GRANTS		100,000	101,000	3,394,665	3,293,665
	TOTAL	2,818,568	2,819,568	7,519,678	4,700,110
CHARGES FOR SERVICE					
PLANNING/INSPECTION FEES		2,420,000	2,420,000	2,201,132	(218,868
AMBULANCE FEES		1,224,000	1,224,000	1,518,619	294,619
FIRE FEES		195,600	195,600	84,116	(111,484
CEMETERY FEES		186,500	186,500	322,605	136,105
RECREATION FEES		3,569,435	3,569,435	2,773,092	(796,343
LIBRARY FEES		95,000	95,000	27,144	(67,856
OTHER SERVICE REVENUE		65,000	65,000	132,012	67,012
	TOTAL	7,755,535	7,755,535	7,058,720	(696,815
FINES AND FORFEITURES					
COURTS FINES AND FORFEITURES		655,000	655,000	790,458	135,458
MISCELLANEOUS		1,454,500	1,454,500	1,648,639	194,139
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS		61,000	61,000	393,642	332,642
TOTAL RE	VENUES	43,591,415	43,592,415	50,572,830	6,980,415
EXPENDITURES					
GENERAL GOVERNMENT COURT					
		452 100	452 100	102.052	(20.952
PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		453,199 146,660	453,199 121,660	483,052 85,085	(29,853 36,575
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	TOTAL				
ADMINISTRATIVE	TOTAL	599,859	574,859	568,137	6,722
		060 271	075 271	004 700	(0.427
PERSONNEL ODER ATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		960,371	975,371	984,798	(9,427
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	TOTAL	250,062	250,062 1,225,433	170,755 1,155,553	79,307 69,880
TREASURY	IOIAL	1,210,433	1,223,433	1,133,333	09,880
		262 722	421 022	424 022	(2.001
PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		362,732 37,700	431,832 37,700	434,823 48,340	(2,991 (10,640
OI ERATIONS AND WAINTENANCE	TOTAL	400,432	469,532	483,163	(13,631
	IOIAL	700,434	707,334	703,103	(13,031

		BUDGETED	AMOI INTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
		ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
FINANCE					(**======)
PERSONNEL		493,265	493,265	496,065	(2,800
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		86,796	86,796	77,051	9,745
of Electron of English with the view of	TOTAL	580,061	580,061	573,116	6,94
HUMAN RESOURCES	IOIAL	300,001	360,001	373,110	0,74.
PERSONNEL		235,981	235,981	217,836	18,145
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		39,800	39,800	31,952	7,84
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	TOTAL		275,781	249,788	25,99
CITY DECORDED	TOTAL	275,781	2/3,/81	249,788	23,99.
CITY RECORDER		110 221	110 221	115051	2.07
PERSONNEL		119,221	119,221	115,251	3,97
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		164,650	164,650	136,207	28,44
	TOTAL	283,871	283,871	251,458	32,41
LEGAL SERVICES					
PERSONNEL		542,051	542,051	531,487	10,56
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		105,000	105,000	66,602	38,39
	TOTAL	647,051	647,051	598,089	48,96
LEGISLATIVE					
PERSONNEL		250,949	250,949	239,614	11,33
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		107,000	107,000	115,593	(8,59
	TOTAL	357,949	357,949	355,207	2,74
NONDEPARTMENTAL					
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		3,249,705	3,194,705	2,511,728	682,97
CAPITAL		275,000	275,000	253,111	21,88
CAFIIAL	TOTAL	3,524,705	3,469,705	2,764,839	704,86
EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT	TOTAL	3,324,703	3,407,703	2,704,037	704,00
PERSONNEL		20,000	32,000	31,942	5
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		54,700	*	35,444	19,25
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	TOTAL		54,700		19,23
NICODA ATION CENTED	TOTAL	74,700	86,700	67,386	19,31
INFORMATION CENTER		516.206	447.106	450 (0)	(5.50
PERSONNEL		516,206	447,106	452,626	(5,52
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		20,600	20,600	19,136	1,46
	TOTAL	536,806	467,706	471,762	(4,05
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT		8,491,648	8,438,648	7,538,498	900,15
PUBLIC SAFETY					
POLICE					
PERSONNEL		7,186,468	7,414,468	6,974,704	439,76
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		975,188	990,188	872,754	117,43
OI ENTITOTISTED MAINTENANCE	TOTAL	8,161,656	8,404,656	7,847,458	557,19
CODE ENFORCEMENT	IOIAL	0,101,030	0,707,000	1,071,730	
		257 902	200.002	204 462	(12.57
PERSONNEL		257,892	290,892	304,463	(13,57
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	TOTAL	22,294	22,294	17,050	5,24
FIDE	TOTAL	280,186	313,186	321,513	(8,32)
FIRE					
PERSONNEL		6,258,855	6,165,855	5,828,272	337,58
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		1,323,088	1,323,088	1,215,893	107,19
	TOTAL	7,581,943	7,488,943	7,044,165	444,77
ANIMAL CONTROL					
PERSONNEL		107,662	107,662	107,485	17
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		102,060	102,060	83,767	18,29
	TOTAL	209,722	209,722	191,252	18,470
		16,233,507	16,416,507	15,404,388	1,012,119

CONTINUED

					VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
		BUDGETED A			POSITIVE
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
PUBLIC WORKS ADMINISTRATION					
PERSONNEL		75,447	75,447	75,278	169
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		20,100	20,100	12,954	7,146
of Eldfiologie and in mixing which	TOTAL	95,547	95,547	88,232	7,315
ENGINEERING					
PERSONNEL		693,055	693,055	688,053	5,002
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		76,000	76,000	84,971	(8,971)
	TOTAL	769,055	769,055	773,024	(3,969)
PLANNING AND ZONING					
PERSONNEL		773,147	773,147	627,094	146,053
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		108,215	138,215	95,700	42,515
	TOTAL	881,362	911,362	722,794	188,568
INSPECTIONS					
PERSONNEL		1,264,210	1,264,210	1,175,067	89,143
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		102,011	102,011	107,199	(5,188)
	TOTAL	1,366,221	1,366,221	1,282,266	83,955
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT					
PERSONNEL		160,048	170,048	169,946	102
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		36,775	36,775	20,077	16,698
	TOTAL	196,823	206,823	190,023	16,800
TOTAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		3,309,008	3,349,008	3,056,339	292,669
STREETS AND HIGHWAYS					
STREETS AND PUBLIC IMPROVEMEN	ITS				
PERSONNEL	.15	1,522,026	1,522,026	1,279,590	242,436
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		412,730	412,730	442,606	(29,876)
CAPITAL		8,800	8,800	-	8,800
6. L 11. L	TOTAL	1,943,556	1,943,556	1,722,196	221,360
C ROAD			, ,	, , ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		1,980,000	1,910,000	1,843,588	66,412
CAPITAL		220,000	290,000	223,726	66,274
	TOTAL	2,200,000	2,200,000	2,067,314	132,686
TOTAL STREETS AND HIGHWAYS		4,143,556	4,143,556	3,789,510	354,046
PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE					
PARKS					
PERSONNEL		1,633,916	1,633,916	1,646,178	(12,262)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		942,437	993,437	978,775	14,662
CAPITAL		55,000	86,000	89,024	(3,024)
	TOTAL	2,631,353	2,713,353	2,713,977	(624)
COMMUNITY ARTS AND EVENTS					
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		490,700	491,700	286,039	205,661
	TOTAL	490,700	491,700	286,039	205,661
SENIOR CITIZENS					
PERSONNEL		221,003	221,003	172,987	48,016
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		112,650	112,650	49,765	62,885
	TOTAL	333,653	333,653	222,752	110,901

CONTINUED

	BUDGETED AMOUNTS			VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
RECREATION				
PERSONNEL	3,285,005	3,285,005	2,805,647	479,358
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	1,895,567	1,895,567	1,456,839	438,728
CAPITAL	179,000	179,000	119,256	59,744
TOTAL	5,359,572	5,359,572	4,381,742	977,830
MUSEUM				
PERSONNEL	-	-	-	-
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	299,750	299,750	294,176	5,574
TOTAL	299,750	299,750	294,176	5,574
LITERACY CENTER				
PERSONNEL	332,436	332,436	250,477	81,959
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	28,250	28,250	35,693	(7,443)
TOTAL	360,686	360,686	286,170	74,516
LIBRARY				
PERSONNEL	981,469	981,469	970,827	10,642
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	386,407	386,407	386,139	268
TOTAL	1,367,876	1,367,876	1,356,966	10,910
TOTAL PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE	10,843,590	10,926,590	9,541,822	1,384,768
CEMETERY				
PERSONNEL	417,530	417,530	346,723	70,807
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	92,857	92,857	86,538	6,319
TOTAL	510,387	510,387	433,261	77,126
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	43,531,696	43,784,696	39,763,818	4,020,878
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	59,719	(192,281)	10,809,012	11,001,293
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
TRANSFERS IN	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,883,869	383,869
TRANSFERS OUT	(2,734,635)	(5,034,635)	(9,704,434)	(4,669,799)
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	10,000	10,000	28,869	18,869
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	(1,224,635)	(3,524,635)	(7,791,696)	(4,267,061)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,164,916)	(3,716,916)	3,017,316	6,734,232
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	12,169,541	12,169,541	12,169,541	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 11,004,625	\$ 8,452,625	\$ 15,186,857	\$ 6,734,232

	BUDGETED) AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL		
REVENUES					
IMPACT FEE REVENUE	\$ 4,700,000	\$ 4,700,000	\$ 5,276,552	\$ 576,552	
SALES TAX REVENUE	432,500	432,500	473,729	41,229	
INTERGOVERMENTAL REVENUES	16,820,000	17,150,000	3,921,819	(13,228,181)	
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES	500,000	2,000,000	-	(2,000,000)	
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	32,000	32,000	667,037	635,037	
TOTAL REVENUES	22,484,500	24,314,500	10,339,137	(13,975,363)	
EXPENDITURES CURRENT					
OTHER	250,500	250,500	7,625	242,875	
CAPITAL OUTLAY	41,786,140	45,571,140	22,420,051	23,151,089	
DEBT SERVICE					
PRINCIPAL	96,000	96,000	95,861	139	
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES	381,500	381,500	377,863	3,637	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	42,514,140	46,299,140	22,901,400	23,397,740	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER					
EXPENDITURES	(20,029,640)	(21,984,640)	(12,562,263)	9,422,377	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES					
TRANSFERS IN	1,120,140	3,420,140	8,089,930	4,669,790	
TRANSFERS OUT		(248,014)	(248,014)	<u> </u>	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	1,120,140	3,172,126	7,841,916	4,669,790	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(18,909,500)	(18,812,514)	(4,720,347)	14,092,167	
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	30,790,626	30,790,626	30,790,626		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 11,881,126	\$ 11,978,112	\$ 26,070,279	\$ 14,092,167	

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUND – DEBT SERVICE JUNE 30, 2020

	BUDGETED		ACTIVAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
TOTAL REVENUES				
EXPENDITURES CURRENT OTHER DEBT SERVICE PRINCIPAL INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES	7,500 855,000 1,151,995	7,500 855,000 1,151,995	3,150 880,000 976,300	4,350 (25,000) 175,695
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,014,495	2,014,495	1,859,450	155,045
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(2,014,495)	(2,014,495)	(1,859,450)	155,045
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES TRANSFERS IN TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	1,614,495 1,614,495	1,862,509 1,862,509	1,862,518 1,862,518	9
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(400,000)	(151,986)	3,068	155,054
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR				
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ (400,000)	\$ (151,986)	\$ 3,068	\$ 155,054

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City.

Information Technology-This fund is used to account for the costs of providing computers, related equipment, and software to City departments. A service fee is charged to City departments monthly.

Fleet-This fund is used to account for the costs of maintaining the City's vehicles and equipment.

Risk Management-This fund is used to account for the costs of general liability insurance premiums, property damage, and claims for which the City is responsibility. The City employs a risk manager whose salary and benefits are recorded in this fund.

Building and Grounds – This fund is used to account for the costs of maintaining the buildings and grounds of the City's physical facilities. A service fee is charged to the relevant departments of the City on a monthly basis.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS									
		RMATION INOLOGY		FLEET		RISK AGEMENT		DING AND ROUNDS	7	TOTALS
ASSETS										
CURRENT ASSETS										
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	\$	641,492	\$	309,902 9,200	\$	94,117	\$	601,484	\$	1,646,995 9,200
INVENTORY		-		55,767		-		-		55,767
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	-	641,492		374,869		94,117		601,484		1,711,962
TOTAL CORRENT ASSETS		041,492	_	374,809		94,117		001,404		1,/11,902
NON-CURRENT ASSETS RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		_		189,741		-		-		189,741
NONDEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS		-		-		-		-		-
DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		282,702		5,058,424		-		391,373		5,732,499
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		282,702		5,248,165		-		391,373		5,922,240
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	924,194	\$	5,623,034	\$	94,117	\$	992,857	\$	7,634,202
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
RELATED TO PENSIONS	\$	38,516	\$	37,185	\$	14,003	\$	66,733	\$	156,437
LIABILITIES										
CURRENT LIABILITIES										
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$	116,922	\$	389,765	\$	21,339	\$	73,305	\$	601,331
WAGES PAYABLE PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASESTS:		8,648		9,059		3,145		21,653		42,505
ACCRUED INTEREST		_		21,691		_		_		21,691
CURRENT PORTION CAPITAL LEASE		-		309,076		-		-		309,076
CURRENT PORTION COMPENSATED ABSENCES		16,951		23,216		9,845		38,454		88,466
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		142,521		752,807		34,329		133,412		1,063,069
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES										
COMPENSATED ABSENCES		7,927		29,944		21,985		19,349		79,205
NET PENSION LIABILITY		67,912		65,565		24,691		117,665		275,833
CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE, LESS CURREENT										
MATURITIES		-		1,890,924		-		-		1,890,924
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		75,839		1,986,433		46,676		137,014		2,245,962
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	218,360	\$	2,739,240	\$	81,005	\$	270,426	\$	3,309,031
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	_				_					
RELATED TO PENSIONS	\$	38,218	\$	36,897	\$	13,895	\$	66,216	\$	155,226
NET POSITION										
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS		282,702		3,048,165		-		391,373		3,722,240
UNRESTRICTED		423,430		(164,083)		13,220		331,575		604,142
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	706,132	\$	2,884,082	\$	13,220	\$	722,948	\$	4,326,382

LEHI CITY CORPORATION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

		INT	ERNAI	L SERVICE F	UNDS		
	ORMATION HNOLOGY	 FLEET		RISK IAGEMENT		DING AND	 TOTALS
OPERATING REVENUES							
CHARGES FOR SERVICES - INTERNAL	\$ 804,348	\$ 2,828,796	\$	650,016	\$	1,559,124	\$ 5,842,284
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	804,348	2,828,796		650,016		1,559,124	5,842,284
OPERATING EXPENSES							
PERSONNEL	375,539	402,392		136,424		881,286	1,795,641
OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE	601,814	1,195,632		1,082,138		484,283	3,363,867
DEPRECIATION	63,522	827,839		-		56,597	947,958
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,040,875	2,425,863		1,218,562		1,422,166	6,107,466
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 (236,527)	402,933		(568,546)		136,958	 (265,182)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)							
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES	2,873	18,438		119,958		-	141,269
INTEREST INCOME	16,923	6,669		1,540		12,997	38,129
INTEREST EXPENSE	-	(21,691)		-		-	(21,691)
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	19,796	3,416		121,498		12,997	157,707
CHANGE IN NET POSTION	(216,731)	406,349		(447,048)		149,955	(107,475)
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	922,863	2,477,733		460,268		572,993	4,433,857
NET POSTION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 706,132	\$ 2,884,082	\$	13,220	\$	722,948	\$ 4,326,382

LEHI CITY CORPORATION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS JUNE 30, 2020

				INT	ERNAL	SERVICE F	UNDS			
		ORMATION HNOLOGY		FLEET		RISK AGEMENT		LDING AND ROUNDS	,	ΓΟΤΑLS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES CASH RECEIVED FROM INTERFUND SERVICES PROVIDED CASH PAID TO SUPPLIERS CASH PAID TO EMPLOYEES	\$	804,348 (525,123) (373,511)	\$	2,819,596 (951,720) (380,650)	\$	677,111 (133,109) (1,068,646)	\$	1,559,124 (450,332) (863,868)	\$	5,860,179 (2,060,284) (2,686,675)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(94,286)		1,487,226		(524,644)		244,924		1,113,220
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS		2,873		18,438		119,958				141,269
NET CASH USED IN NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		2,873	_	18,438		119,958				141,269
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES PROCEEDS FROM CAPITAL LEASE ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF CAPITAL ASSETS		- (89,821)		2,200,000 (3,872,582)		-		- (255,284)		2,200,000 (4,217,687)
NET CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(89,821)		(1,672,582)				(255,284)		(2,017,687)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES INTEREST INCOME COLLECTED		16,923		6,669		1,540		12,997		38,129
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		16,923		6,669		1,540		12,997		38,129
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u> </u>	(164,311) 805,803		(160,249) 659,892	<u></u>	(403,146) 497,263	ф.	2,637 598,847	-	(725,069) 2,561,805
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$	641,492	\$	499,643	\$	94,117	\$	601,484	\$	1,836,736
CONSISTS OF: UNRESTRICTED CASH RESTRICTED CASH	\$	641,492	\$	309,902 189,741	\$	94,117	\$	601,484	\$	1,646,995 189,741
	\$	641,492	\$	499,643	\$	94,117	\$	601,484	\$	1,836,736
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	(236,527)	\$	402,933	\$	(568,546)	\$	136,958	\$	(265,182)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(2.522		027 020				56 507		047.050
DEPRECIATION CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES		63,522		827,839		-		56,597		947,958
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE INVENTORY PREPAID EXPENSES		-		(9,200) (819)		27,095		-		(9,200) 26,276
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE WAGES PAYABLE CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS		76,691 2,558		244,731 2,039		13,492 643		33,951 3,825		368,865 9,065
RELATED TO PENSIONS COMPENSATED ABSENCES		(7,759) 7,229		3,693 16,010		92 2,580		6,630 6,963		2,656 32,782
	\$	(94,286)	\$	1,487,226	\$	(524,644)	\$	244,924	\$	1,113,220

LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATISTICAL SECTION TABLE OF CONTENTS

This part of the Lehi City Corporation comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

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FINANCIAL TRENDS These schedules provide trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and economic conditions have changed over time.	112 - 118
REVENUE CAPACITY These schedules contain information to help the reader understand the City's capacity to raise revenues and the sources of these revenues.	119 - 122
DEBT CAPACITY These schedules provide information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	123 - 131
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION These schedules present demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	132 - 133
OPERATING INFORMATION These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial reports relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	134 - 136
Note: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the	

comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

			Fiscal Year		
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 242,558,256	\$ 270,733,436	\$ 288,966,135	\$ 302,586,651	\$ 310,508,319
Restricted	4,262,799	590,207	349,363	1,480,415	1,330,917
Unrestricted	(101,045,130)	(101,325,874)	(90,089,047)	(78,585,842)	(64,094,902)
Total governmental activities net position	145,775,925	169,997,769	199,226,451	225,481,224	247,744,334
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	238,650,352	267,462,097	299,404,845	325,775,552	341,429,283
Restricted	4,555,304	126,965	547,651	2,528,731	2,711,961
Unrestricted	24,970,618	30,640,955	35,236,748	49,624,578	58,047,617
Total business-type activities net position	268,176,274	298,230,017	335,189,244	377,928,861	402,188,861
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	481,208,608	538,195,533	588,370,980	628,362,203	651,937,602
Restricted	8,818,103	717,172	897,014	4,009,146	4,042,878
Unrestricted	(76,074,512)	(70,684,919)	(54,852,299)	(28,961,264)	(6,047,285)
Total primary government net position	\$ 413,952,199	\$ 468,227,786	\$ 534,415,695	\$ 603,410,085	\$ 649,933,195
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 211,722,660	\$ 215,235,149	\$ 214,537,806	\$ 219,129,389	\$ 229,907,904
Restricted	9,514,316	6,905,380	6,470,224	8,560,047	6,565,677
Unrestricted	(71,391,471)				
	(, 1,0, 1, 1, 1)	(66,936,366)	(73,872,812)	(88,715,100)	(108,048,049)
Total governmental activities net position	149,845,505	(66,936,366) 155,204,163	(73,872,812) 147,135,218	(88,715,100) 138,974,336	(108,048,049) 128,425,532
Business-type activities	149,845,505	155,204,163	147,135,218	138,974,336	128,425,532
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets	149,845,505	155,204,163	147,135,218	138,974,336	128,425,532
Business-type activities	149,845,505	155,204,163	147,135,218	138,974,336	128,425,532
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted	149,845,505 171,920,314 5,166,369	155,204,163 176,523,733 5,681,780	147,135,218 184,918,965 8,545,937	138,974,336 202,621,488 9,063,049	128,425,532 224,324,128 4,293,339
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	149,845,505 171,920,314 5,166,369 49,034	155,204,163 176,523,733 5,681,780 5,025,384	147,135,218 184,918,965 8,545,937 13,515,909	138,974,336 202,621,488 9,063,049 16,429,759	128,425,532 224,324,128 4,293,339 19,502,118
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position Primary government	149,845,505 171,920,314 5,166,369 49,034 177,135,717	155,204,163 176,523,733 5,681,780 5,025,384 187,230,897	184,918,965 8,545,937 13,515,909 206,980,811	138,974,336 202,621,488 9,063,049 16,429,759 228,114,296	128,425,532 224,324,128 4,293,339 19,502,118 248,119,585
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position Primary government Net investment in capital assets	149,845,505 171,920,314 5,166,369 49,034 177,135,717 383,642,974	155,204,163 176,523,733 5,681,780 5,025,384 187,230,897 391,758,882	184,918,965 8,545,937 13,515,909 206,980,811	138,974,336 202,621,488 9,063,049 16,429,759 228,114,296 421,750,877	128,425,532 224,324,128 4,293,339 19,502,118 248,119,585 454,232,032
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted	149,845,505 171,920,314 5,166,369 49,034 177,135,717 383,642,974 14,680,685	155,204,163 176,523,733 5,681,780 5,025,384 187,230,897 391,758,882 12,587,160	184,918,965 8,545,937 13,515,909 206,980,811 399,456,771 15,016,161	138,974,336 202,621,488 9,063,049 16,429,759 228,114,296 421,750,877 17,623,096	128,425,532 224,324,128 4,293,339 19,502,118 248,119,585 454,232,032 10,859,016
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position Primary government Net investment in capital assets	149,845,505 171,920,314 5,166,369 49,034 177,135,717 383,642,974	155,204,163 176,523,733 5,681,780 5,025,384 187,230,897 391,758,882	184,918,965 8,545,937 13,515,909 206,980,811	138,974,336 202,621,488 9,063,049 16,429,759 228,114,296 421,750,877	128,425,532 224,324,128 4,293,339 19,502,118 248,119,585 454,232,032

						Fiscal Year				
Emman		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
Expenses Governmental activities										
General government	\$	6,904,634	\$	9,041,919	\$	8,274,466	s	8,961,845	\$	8,959,799
Public Safety	Ψ	11,170,823	Ψ	12,096,387	Ψ	13,656,195	Ψ	15,513,181	Ψ	16,559,907
Community Development		4,079,029		5,796,634		4,928,368		4,836,058		5,777,381
Streets and Highways		10,632,298		11,727,234		12,764,811		13,522,976		14,920,711
Parks, recreation, and culture		9,251,152		9,856,045		10,486,576		11,220,816		11,186,187
Cemetery		443,058		406,824		414,906		430,339		473,663
Interest on long-term debt		4,832,597		4,834,457		4,906,081		4,877,481		5,824,032
Total governmental activities		47,313,591		53,759,500		55,431,403		59,362,696		63,701,680
Business-type activities										
Culinary Water		4,110,256		6,233,288		12,102,087		10,336,143		6,969,504
Sewer Pressurized Irrigation		8,188,182 2,933,070		9,525,964 3,412,437		9,865,657		11,111,407 5,425,243		12,142,499
Electric		26,793,013		28,132,875		3,637,826 30,707,792		33,073,473		5,808,312 33,265,006
Drainage		1,610,648		1,968,846		2,228,474		2,551,414		2,851,399
Garbage		2,123,488		2,310,261		2,448,938		2,649,266		3,321,826
Total business-type activities		45,758,657		51,583,671		60,990,774		65,146,946		64,358,546
Total primary government expenses	\$	93,072,248	\$	105,343,171	\$	116,422,177	\$	124,509,642	\$	128,060,226
Program Revenues										
Governmental activities Charges for services										
General government	\$	1,225,124	\$	1,035,384	\$	1,270,675	\$	1,431,761	\$	1,343,004
Public Safety	-	772,926	-	1,515,823	-	1,510,422		1,897,103	-	1,685,241
Community Development		4,122,688		4,539,888		6,753,793		6,115,690		5,093,446
Parks, recreation, and culture		3,669,216		3,701,396		3,989,072		4,035,165		2,855,378
Cemetery		240,285		219,065		232,520		256,950		322,605
Operating grants and contributions		1,921,433		3,449,482		2,687,038		2,734,035		7,488,372
Capital grants and contributions		17,731,567		24,434,520		28,063,535		28,364,171		17,986,306
Total governmental activities		29,683,239		38,895,558		44,507,055		44,834,875		36,774,352
Business-type activities										
Charges for services										
Culinary Water		4,282,274		6,623,580		5,671,068		6,324,393		6,726,762
Sewer		8,632,614		8,515,717		8,560,318		9,213,563		9,399,488
Pressurized Irrigation Electric		2,697,436		2,649,309		3,002,057		3,716,615		4,148,148
Drainage		28,967,401 1,018,434		31,303,180 1,098,866		33,458,042 1,162,357		35,473,772 1,263,529		36,526,512 1,700,605
Garbage		2,196,940		2,300,452		2,412,652		2,625,981		3,135,567
Operating grants and contributions		2,170,740		2,300,432		7,294,687		5,250,596		3,133,307
Capital grants and contributions		17,914,832		28,411,382		35,292,708		41,980,410		24,840,140
Total business-type activities		65,709,931		80,902,486		96,853,889		105,848,859		86,477,222
Total primary government program revenues	\$	95,393,170	\$	119,798,044	\$	141,360,944	\$	150,683,734	\$	123,251,574
Net (Expense)/Revenue										
Governmental activities	\$	(22,076,340)	\$	(18,242,733)	\$	(15,349,057)	\$	(14,527,821)	\$	(26,927,328)
Business-type activities		14,853,433		23,987,587		25,912,376		40,701,913		22,118,676
Total primary government net	¢.	(7,222,907)	6	5 744 054	e	10.562.210	6	26 174 002	\$	(4,808,652)
(expense)/revenue	<u> </u>	(7,222,907)	3	5,744,854	\$	10,563,319	\$	26,174,092	<u> </u>	(4,808,032)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net P Governmental activities Taxes	osition									
Property taxes	\$	18,943,311	\$	21,435,929	\$	21,124,631	\$	20,483,605	\$	26,503,325
Sales taxes	-	9,830,594	-	11,034,838	-	12,222,987		13,156,245	-	14,634,703
Franchise taxes		5,221,608		4,886,832		5,287,987		5,510,813		5,670,790
Earnings on investments		153,854		193,325		337,123		756,650		1,137,458
Gain on disposal of capital assets		-		-		256,152		-		16,461
Other Transfers		100,458		1,534,862		924,150		875,281		1,227,701
Total governmental activities	-	730,920 34,980,745		39,085,786		40,153,030		40,782,594		49,190,438
-		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,,		,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Business-type activities Earnings on investments		151,462		304,489		560,760		1,357,423		1,483,453
Gain on disposal of capital assets		67,014		38,613		29,501		41,107		1,705,755
Other		617,859		391,826		505,851		639,174		657,871
Transfers		(730,920)		-		-		037,17.		057,071
Total business-type activities		105,415		734,928		1,096,112		2,037,704		2,141,324
Total primary government	\$	35,086,160	\$	39,820,714	\$	41,249,142	\$	42,820,298	\$	51,331,762
Change in Net Position Governmental activities	\$	17,350,393	\$	24,221,844	\$	29,228,682	\$	26,254,773	\$	22,263,110
Business-type activities	~	20,056,689		30,053,743		36,959,227		42,739,617		24,260,000
Total primary government	\$	37,407,082	\$	54,275,587	\$	66,187,909	\$	68,994,390	\$	46,523,110
Town primary government	Φ	51,701,002	φ	J-1,2/J,J0/	Ψ	00,107,707	φ	00,777,370	φ	70,523,110

Emana		2011		2012		Fiscal Year 2013		2014		2015
Expenses Governmental activities	_	2011		2012		2013	_	2014		2013
General government	\$	5,307,139	\$	5,664,766	\$	5,602,138	\$	6,608,885	\$	7,536,526
Public Safety	-	8,781,592	-	8,759,020	-	9,487,082		10,046,876	-	10,178,031
Community Development		4,264,439		3,826,912		17,364,548		21,231,389		23,302,007
Streets and Highways		10,227,496		11,731,075		8,696,026		9,473,624		9,676,339
Parks, recreation, and culture		6,369,274		6,740,823		7,585,566		8,023,291		8,503,024
Cemetery		269,700		261,054		315,796		362,172		386,084
Interest on long-term debt	-	4,545,032		4,457,480	_	4,498,839		4,520,957	_	4,437,878
Total governmental activities	-	39,764,672		41,441,130		53,549,995		60,267,194		64,019,889
Business-type activities										
Culinary Water		2,544,131		2,562,929		2,848,555		3,409,071		3,935,066
Sewer		6,102,340		6,372,255		6,218,600		6,248,401		7,415,879
Pressurized Irrigation		2,676,304		2,277,980		2,604,120		2,747,577		2,811,392
Electric		20,787,596		19,951,247		23,776,549		24,328,858		25,550,168
Drainage Garbage		1,225,380 1,816,865		1,161,325 2,120,558		1,299,785 2,243,542		1,301,784 2,427,119		1,377,942 2,354,165
Total business type activities		25 152 616		34,446,294		38,991,151		40,462,810		43,444,612
Total business-type activities Total primary government expenses	\$	35,152,616 74,917,288	\$	75,887,424	\$	92,541,146	\$	100,730,004	\$	107,464,501
Program Revenues Governmental activities										
Charges for services										
General government	S	1,021,657	\$	901,786	\$	852,069	\$	1,280,770	\$	922,395
Public Safety	*	505,979	-	491,458	-	639,389		735,826	-	713,288
Community Development		1,487,215		2,331,513		3,697,018		3,380,948		3,996,282
Parks, recreation, and culture		2,949,442		3,103,973		3,261,742		3,442,123		3,538,275
Cemetery		161,502		147,453		170,515		200,865		235,200
Operating grants and contributions		2,153,477		3,443,139		1,990,385		1,652,937		1,879,304
Capital grants and contributions		12,581,519	_	7,656,824		2,693,363		6,669,536		15,157,512
Total governmental activities		20,860,791		18,076,146	_	13,304,481	_	17,363,005		26,442,256
Business-type activities										
Charges for services										
Culinary Water		2,634,733		2,843,567		3,353,732		3,387,526		3,606,036
Sewer		4,886,485		6,292,827		7,329,883		7,518,893		8,561,592
Pressurized Irrigation		2,200,146		2,296,606		2,160,964		2,236,370		2,678,561
Electric		19,856,320		21,222,943		23,493,768		24,730,251		26,168,996
Drainage		1,070,910		1,107,979		1,023,980		1,072,401		958,281
Garbage Capital grants and contributions		2,193,629 4,245,278		2,291,890 5,631,871		2,155,728 9,991,274		2,025,666 13,031,629		2,075,810 20,541,414
Total business-type activities		37,087,501		41,687,683		49,509,329		54,002,736		64,590,690
Total primary government revenues	\$	57,948,292	\$	59,763,829	\$	62,813,810	\$	71,365,741	\$	91,032,946
Total primary government Tevenues		37,940,292	φ	39,703,629	٥	02,613,610	٠	/1,303,/41	- p	91,032,940
Net (Expense)/Revenue		(10.002.001)	•	(22.264.004)		(40.202.264)		(42.027.400)	•	(42.542.200)
Governmental activities	\$	(18,903,881)	\$	(23,364,984)	\$	(40,303,264)	\$	(42,927,489)	\$	(42,542,388)
Business-type activities		1,934,885		7,241,389		10,518,178		13,539,926	_	13,906,694
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	\$	(16,968,996)	\$	(16,123,595)	\$	(29,785,086)	\$	(29,387,563)	\$	(28,635,694)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Po	osition									
Governmental activities Taxes										
Property taxes	\$	15,216,011	\$	14,967,910	\$	14,564,416	\$	16,373,300	\$	17,134,391
Sales taxes		5,985,133		6,818,129		7,361,030		7,904,519		9,060,843
Franchise taxes		3,418,306		3,374,229		3,733,118		4,285,907		4,626,674
Impact Fees		-		2,719,390		4,727,508		4,899,084		-
Earnings on investments		74,775		95,889		108,596		98,028		81,658
Gain on disposal of assets		28,511		-		57,750		-		-
Other		4,402		17,175		47,656		18,862		75,314
Transfers	_	730,920	_	730,920		730,920		730,920	_	485,920
Total governmental activities	_	25,458,058	_	28,723,642	_	31,330,994	_	34,310,620		31,464,800
Business-type activities										
Earnings on investments		48,967		159,686		99,922		106,836		114,557
Impact fees		-		3,127,551		4,273,216		7,617,749		-
Gain on disposal of assets		-		33,221		1,800		68,690		6,164
Other Transfers		274,384		264,253		286,009		531,204		411,696
Transfers		(730,920)	_	(730,920)		(730,920)	-	(730,920)	_	(485,920)
Total business-type activities Total primary government	\$	(407,569) 25,050,489	\$	2,853,791 31,577,433	\$	3,930,027 35,261,021	\$	7,593,559 41,904,179	\$	46,497 31,511,297
Change in Not Position										
Change in Net Position Governmental activities		1,902,182	\$	6,554,177	\$	(8,972,270)	\$	(8,593,569)	\$	(6,112,833)
Business-type activities	_	2,015,797		1,527,316	_	14,448,205	_	21,133,485		21,192,575
Total primary government	\$	3,917,979	\$	8,081,493	\$	5,475,935	\$	12,539,916	\$	15,079,742

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 3 FUND BALANCES: GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS) (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2016	2017	Fiscal Year	2010	2020
Community of	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Fund Nonspendable	\$ 103,000	\$ 197,599	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted	574,992	306,630	458,007	893,511	2,554,024
Committed	624,936	542,731	552,705	568,378	640,659
Assigned	192,026	194,253	22,295	22,927	23,411
Unassigned	6,918,012	5,052,340	10,887,280	10,684,725	11,968,763
Total general fund	8,412,966	6,293,553	11,920,287	12,169,541	15,186,857
All Other Governmental Funds					
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	4,738,086	711,561	1,017,852	18,980,465	6,730,618
Assigned	5,043,913	1,403,153	5,097,302	13,995,418	22,430,303
Total all other governmental funds	9,781,999	2,114,714	6,115,154	32,975,883	29,160,921
Total governmental funds	\$ 18,194,965	\$ 8,408,267	\$ 18,035,441	\$ 45,145,424	\$ 44,347,778
			Fiscal Year		
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 2,637	\$ -	\$ 25,858	\$ 29,902	\$ 24,000
Restricted	1,079,347	1,160,885	652,048	1,028,085	799,082
Committed	355,345	398,166	448,237	466,584	496,802
Assigned	181,923	183,210	184,415	190,349	191,324
Unassigned	1,590,564	3,410,473	6,439,616	6,645,733	6,758,479
Total general fund	3,209,816	5,152,734	7,750,174	8,360,653	8,269,687
All Other Governmental Funds					24.055
Nonspendable	0.566.451	- (101 204	- 105.047	- 0.074.001	24,877
Restricted	8,566,451	6,121,394	6,195,047	8,274,991	6,245,868
Assigned	(1,008,431)	37,941	2,690,851	2,617,559	2,536,176
Total all other governmental funds	7,558,020	6,159,335	8,885,898	10,892,550	8,806,921
Total governmental funds	\$ 10,767,836	\$ 11,312,069	\$ 16,636,072	\$ 19,253,203	\$ 17,076,608

`	Fiscal Year								
	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020				
Revenues									
Taxes	\$ 33,995,513	\$ 37,357,599	\$ 38,635,605	\$ 39,150,663	\$ 46,808,818				
Licenses, fees and permits	6,533,438	6,533,438	8,000,076	9,613,360	8,168,866				
Intergovernmental	3,539,749	3,539,749	6,253,575	8,648,408	11,441,497				
Charges for services	6,519,088	6,519,088	8,636,679	8,739,191	7,058,720				
Fines and forfeitures	668,151	668,151	799,079	844,289	790,458				
Miscellaneous	649,434	649,434	1,818,819	1,451,781	1,648,639				
Interest on investments	145,662	145,662	300,658	692,189	1,099,329				
Total revenues	52,051,035	55,413,121	64,444,491	69,139,881	77,016,327				
Expenditures									
General government	6,804,485	6,804,485	6,856,047	7,112,048	7,538,498				
Public Safety	10,602,138	10,602,138	12,622,099	13,821,781	15,404,388				
Community development	3,820,164	3,820,164	5,121,202	4,556,038	5,447,678				
Streets and highways	3,114,886	3,114,886	3,372,051	3,455,349	3,789,510				
Parks, recreation and culture	8,279,958	8,279,958	9,675,126	9,750,314	9,541,822				
Cemetery	415,615	415,615	390,147	403,066	433,261				
Other	3,600	3,600	63,900	8,250	10,775				
Capital outlay	9,752,734	9,752,734	9,962,532	12,490,153	22,420,051				
Debt Service									
Principal	4,764,670	4,764,670	7,683,967	4,319,419	7,429,705				
Interest and fiscal charges	4,732,577	4,732,577	4,890,766	4,904,070	5,827,154				
Total expenditures	52,290,827	52,290,827	60,637,837	60,820,488	77,842,842				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	(239,792)	3,122,294	3,806,654	8,319,393	(826,515)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in	5,818,343	5,818,343	4,098,769	9,572,504	11,836,317				
Transfers out	(5,087,423)	(5,087,423)	(4,098,769)	(9,572,504)	(11,836,317)				
Sale of capital assets	627,229	627,229	51,932	388,062	28,869				
Bond and note proceeds			5,768,588	18,402,528					
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,358,149	1,358,149	5,820,520	18,790,590	28,869				
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,118,357	\$ 4,480,443	\$ 9,627,174	\$ 27,109,983	\$ (797,646)				
Debt service as a percentage									
of noncapital expenditures	22.33%	22.33%	24.81%	19.08%	23.92%				

			Fiscal Year		
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 24,619,450	\$ 25,160,268	\$ 25,658,564	\$ 28,563,726	\$ 30,821,908
Licenses, fees and permits	3,070,742	4,187,195	6,695,905	6,444,720	7,372,672
Intergovernmental	10,694,110	7,031,764	2,015,152	1,671,598	2,056,379
Charges for services	4,209,859	4,554,976	5,668,980	5,762,720	6,081,697
Fines and forfeitures	835,010	651,848	593,424	547,825	554,622
Miscellaneous	335,460	365,682	357,656	806,898	433,344
Interest on investments	67,281	83,006	96,393	88,992	72,298
Total revenues	43,831,912	42,034,739	41,086,074	43,886,479	47,392,920
Expenditures					
General government	4,928,570	4,926,429	4,756,942	5,512,993	7,432,107
Public Safety	8,453,897	8,430,152	9,108,300	9,830,309	9,745,736
Community development	4,388,643	3,775,472	17,383,350	21,215,648	23,120,657
Streets and highways	1,770,865	1,873,444	2,094,633	2,462,221	2,790,957
Parks, recreation and culture	6,058,330	6,927,077	6,805,808	8,295,691	7,656,136
Cemetery	223,569	244,481	291,914	334,730	358,145
Other	798,307	312,483	13,780	77,920	12,476
Capital outlay	5,362,725	8,858,638	3,569,430	4,245,051	10,087,085
Debt Service					
Principal	3,848,822	3,508,069	3,136,951	10,722,440	4,353,681
Interest and fiscal charges	4,603,039	4,032,356	4,405,021	4,636,091	4,246,198
Total expenditures	40,436,767	42,888,601	51,566,129	67,333,094	69,803,178
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	3,395,145	(853,862)	(10,480,055)	(23,446,615)	(22,410,258)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	5,254,970	2,522,057	3,708,947	4,408,662	3,917,960
Transfers out	(4,524,050)	(1,791,137)	(2,978,027)	(3,677,742)	(3,432,040)
Sale of capital assets	49,110	17,175	82,760	52,930	190,380
Bond and note proceeds	958,500	650,000	14,087,053	25,163,052	19,557,363
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,738,530	1,398,095	14,900,733	25,946,902	20,233,663
Net change in fund balances	\$ 5,133,675	\$ 544,233	\$ 4,420,678	\$ 2,500,287	\$ (2,176,595)
Debt service as a percentage					
of noncapital expenditures	24.10%	22.16%	15.71%	24.34%	14.40%

Fiscal Year	General General Use Property and Sales Tax Tax		Franchise Tax	Fees in Lieu of Personal Property Tax	Total		
2011	\$ 14,704,702	\$ 5,985,133	\$ 3,418,306	\$ 511,309	\$ 24,619,450		
2012	14,430,126	6,818,129	3,374,229	537,784	25,160,268		
2013	14,014,696	7,361,030	3,733,118	549,720	25,658,564		
2014	15,812,205	7,904,519	4,285,907	561,095	28,563,726		
2015	16,576,423	9,060,843	4,626,674	557,968	30,821,908		
2016	18,985,237	9,377,782	5,067,062	581,027	34,011,108		
2017	21,295,398	10,757,971	4,698,705	605,525	37,357,599		
2018	20,843,539	12,062,139	5,073,080	656,847	38,635,605		
2019	19,787,689	13,381,416	5,285,642	695,916	39,150,663		
2020	26,181,863	14,449,857	5,483,232	693,866	46,808,818		
Growth							
2011-2020	78.1%	141.4%	60.4%	35.7%	90.1%		

Fiscal Year	Real Property	Personal Property (1)	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2011	\$ 2,512,537,899	\$ 716,232,799	\$ 3,228,770,698	0.002519	\$ 4,449,089,196	72.6%
2012	2,413,402,390	595,908,946	3,009,311,336	0.002585	4,177,983,527	72.0%
2013	2,471,989,979	552,044,117	3,024,034,096	0.002432	4,207,485,475	71.9%
2014	2,781,443,616	636,160,403	3,417,604,019	0.002172	4,740,895,420	72.1%
2015	3,260,372,368	679,951,110	3,940,323,478	0.002090	5,515,472,867	71.4%
2016	3,659,970,869	841,344,071	4,501,314,940	0.002005	6,273,725,606	71.7%
2017	4,179,645,929	1,001,269,708	5,180,915,637	0.001830	7,122,345,588	72.7%
2018	4,694,115,192	1,049,063,478	5,743,178,670	0.001678	7,936,815,060	72.4%
2019	5,435,544,143	999,783,768	6,435,327,911	0.001538	8,975,243,406	71.7%
2020	6,664,194,033	1,580,861,282	8,245,055,315	0.001451	11,230,420,097	73.4%

Source: Values obtained from the Utah County Treasurer and do not include RDA values.

⁽¹⁾ Personal Property has been combined with centrally assessed values.

		Collected v	within the			
		Fiscal Year	of the Levy	Collections	Total Collect	ions to Date
Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2011	\$ 5,676,477	\$ 5,203,186	91.66%	\$ 472,879	\$ 5,676,065	99.99%
2012	5,822,681	5,293,437	90.91%	520,694	5,814,131	99.85%
2013	6,149,530	5,660,924	92.05%	455,422	6,116,346	99.46%
2014	6,343,087	6,020,853	94.92%	218,213	6,239,066	98.36%
2015	8,631,183	8,222,670	95.27%	303,443	8,526,113	98.78%
2016	9,388,153	8,960,710	95.45%	349,731	9,310,441	99.17%
2017	10,467,968	10,028,134	95.80%	370,879	10,399,013	99.34%
2018	10,682,184	10,215,281	95.63%	448,752	10,664,033	99.83%
2019	10,934,267	10,244,566	93.69%	503,735	10,748,301	98.30%
2020	12,883,259	12,306,550	95.52%	-	12,306,550	95.52%

Source: Utah County Treasurer

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 8 DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

	Lehi	City Direct I	Rates	Overlapping Rates										
Fiscal Year	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Direct Rate	Alpine School District	Utah County	Central Utah Water Conservancy District	North Utah County Water Conservancy District	Lehi Metropolitan Water District	Total					
2011	0.002519	_	0.002519	0.008812	0.001091	0.000500	0.000028	0.000008	0.012958					
2012	0.002585	-	0.002585	0.008828	0.001342	0.000500	0.000029	0.000013	0.013297					
2013	0.002432	-	0.002432	0.008699	0.001342	0.000500	0.000028	0.000013	0.013014					
2014	0.002172	-	0.002172	0.008096	0.001259	0.000446	0.000025	0.000012	0.012010					
2015	0.002090	-	0.002090	0.008177	0.001149	0.000422	0.000024	0.000011	0.011873					
2016	0.002005	-	0.002005	0.007718	0.001098	0.000405	0.000023	0.000011	0.011260					
2017	0.001830	-	0.001830	0.007167	0.000969	0.000400	0.000021	0.000010	0.010397					
2018	0.001678	-	0.001678	0.007033	0.000911	0.000400	0.000019	0.000009	0.010050					
2019	0.001538		0.001538	0.006699	0.000839	0.000400	0.000017	0.000008	0.009501					
2020	0.001451		0.001451	0.006800	0.001202	0.000400	0.000016	0.000008	0.009877					

The City's certified property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the city council, after holding one or more truth-in-taxation public hearings.

Source: Utah State Tax Commission, Utah County Treasurer

		2020			2011	
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation	Taxable Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Valuation
IM Flash Technologies	\$ 312,682,400	1	3.79%	\$523,680,513	1	16.22%
Adobe Systems Inc.	92,330,900	2	1.12%			
Young Living Warm Springs LLC	74,694,500	3	0.91%			
Geneva Rock Products Inc.	60,665,969	4	0.74%			
Outlets at Traverse Mountain LLC	57,706,400	5	0.70%			
MPT of Lehi-Steward LLC	51,659,200	6	0.63%			
Traverse Ridge Center III LLC	47,477,200	7	0.58%			
TMCV #2 LLC	46,069,700	8	0.56%			
TMCV #1 LLC	43,976,800	9	0.53%			
TMCV Retail #1 Retail Center LLC	38,999,400	10	0.47%			
Thanksgiving Point LC				70,685,444	2	2.19%
Cabela's				29,950,435	3	0.93%
Fox Ridge Investments LLC				23,983,959	4	0.74%
Thai Properties LLC				17,744,236	5	0.55%
Point Development LC				11,535,677	7	0.36%
Whistle Stop Development Corp				7,355,868	6	0.23%
Smiths				7,045,990	8	0.22%
Century Link				6,958,003	9	0.22%
Museum of Ancient History				5,879,554	10	0.18%
Total	\$ 826,262,469	- =	10.02%	\$704,819,679		21.83%

Source: Utah County Treasurer's Office

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
SCHEDULE 10
RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
(LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

	Governmental Activities						Business-Type Activities												
Fiscal Year		Sales Tax Revenue Bonds		Excise Tax Road Bonds		Capital Leases		Notes Payable		Water Revenue Bonds		Electric Revenue Bonds	R	Orainage Revenue Bonds	·	ial Assessments Bonds/Other otes Payable	 Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita (1)
2011	\$	16,670,000	\$	1,125,000	\$	160,014	\$	72,133,133	\$	2,497,427	\$	6,306,000	\$	2,335,492	\$	1,686,586	\$ 102,913,652	8.80%	2,068
2012		16,110,000		575,000		81,888		68,779,604		2,125,873		5,730,250		2,200,369		1,672,366	97,275,350	8.30%	1,951
2013		15,570,000		-		-		80,926,594		1,739,319		5,200,000		2,070,000		1,636,904	107,142,817	8.90%	2,094
2014		15,165,000		-		-		95,772,209		140,000		4,560,000		1,920,000		1,600,010	119,157,219	9.19%	2,191
2015		14,515,000		-		-		111,625,886		-		3,820,000		1,760,000		1,561,666	133,282,552	9.92%	2,368
2016		13,855,000		-		-		107,521,217		-		3,075,000		1,610,000		1,521,786	127,583,003	8.78%	2,238
2017		13,175,000		-		-		107,169,069		-		2,320,000		1,455,000		1,480,286	125,599,355	8.09%	2,055
2018		18,243,588		-		-		100,185,102		-		19,669,467		1,295,000		1,291,636	140,684,793	8.20%	2,243
2019		35,736,583		-		-		96,720,683		19,674,558		18,295,426		1,130,000		1,226,142	172,783,392	8.91%	2,616
2020		34,721,528		-		-		90,170,979		19,459,224		16,889,380		960,000		1,185,284	163,386,395	7.99%	2,343

¹⁾ See Schedule 19 for personal income and population data

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 11 RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Fiscal Year	Oblig	eral gation nds		her nds	T	otal	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property		Per Capita
2011	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	_	%	- %
2012	*	_	•	_	*	-	_		_
2013		_		_		_	-		_
2014		_		_		_	-		-
2015		_		_		_	-		-
2016		_		_		_	-		-
2017		_		_		_	-		-
2018		-		-		-	-		_
2019		_		_		_	-		-
2020		_		-		-	-		_

Note: Lehi City has no general obligation debt outstanding or any other bonds that would commit property taxes for payment.

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable to Lehi (1)	A	Estimated Amount Applicable to Lehi
Overlapping Debt:				
Central Utah Water Conservancy District	\$ 192,855,487	14.94%	\$	28,809,220
Alpine School District	 654,067,031	22.96%		150,147,043
Subtotal, overlapping debt	846,922,518			178,956,264
Direct Debt:				
Lehi City	 124,892,507	100.00%		124,892,507
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 971,815,025		\$	303,848,771

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Lehi City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden born by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by dividing the City's taxable assessed value by each overlapping unit's total taxable assessed value.

Sources: Utah State Tax Commission; Alpine School District; Utah County Auditor's Office; Central Utah Water Conservancy District

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 13 LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Fiscal Year		Debt Limit	applica	Total debt ble to limit	L	egal debt margin
2011	\$	177,963,568	\$	=	\$	177,963,568
2012		167,119,341		_		167,119,341
2013		168,299,419		-		168,299,419
2014		189,635,817		-		189,635,817
2015		220,618,915		-		220,618,915
2016		250,949,024		-		250,949,024
2017		284,893,824		-		284,893,824
2018		317,472,602		_		317,472,602
2019		359,009,736		-		359,009,736
2020		449,216,804		_		449,216,804
Total debt applicable limit as a percentage		imit				0.0%
Legal Debt Margin	Calculatio	on for Fiscal Year 2	2020			
Estimated market va	ılue				\$	11,230,420,097
Debt limit (4% of m	arket valı	ie)				449,216,804
Debt applicable to li	mit					-
Legal debt margin					\$	449,216,804

Source: Utah State Tax Commission; Utah County Auditor's Office

				Net Revenue Available				
Fiscal		Gross	Operating	for Debt	Debt	Service Requirem	ents (3)	
Year		Revenues (1)	Expenses (2)	Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2011	\$	5,901,420	\$ 3,195,015	\$ 2,706,405	\$ 355,000	\$ 107,178	\$ 462,178	5.86
2012		6,611,424	2,708,050	3,903,374	370,000	94,383	464,383	8.41
2013		6,956,808	3,215,600	3,741,208	385,000	73,148	458,148	8.17
2014		8,692,057	3,926,658	4,765,399	400,000	66,428	466,428	10.22
2015		9,113,818	4,447,560	4,666,258	140,000	6,860	146,860	31.77
2016		8,561,431	4,448,967	4,112,464	-	-	-	-
2017		11,583,625	6,744,977	4,838,648	-	-	-	-
2018		13,029,446	5,207,971	7,821,475	-	-	-	-
2019	(4)	13,377,347	6,569,152	6,808,195	-	-	-	-
2020		14,111,393	7,410,585	6,700,808	115,000	1,120,679	1,235,679	5.42

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

combined.

⁽¹⁾ Total revenue (including interest and impact fees) for culinary water and secondary water combined.

Amounts are exclusive of any developer fees that are passed through to the Central Valley Water Conservancy District. (2) Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation. Amounts shown are for culinary water and secondary water

⁽³⁾ Amounts shown are for culinary water and secondary water combined.

⁽⁴⁾ The City issued \$17,205,000 in water revenue bonds in fiscal year 2019 to finance improvements to the culinary water distribution system and pressurized irrigation system.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 15 PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE SALES TAX REVENUE BONDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Fiscal	cal Sales Tax				Deb	s				
Year	_	Revenue		I	Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage
2011		\$	5,985,133	\$	550,000	\$	389,371	\$	939,371	6.37
2012			6,818,129		560,000		380,434		940,434	7.25
2013			7,361,030		540,000		358,034		898,034	8.20
2014			7,904,519		560,000		337,473		897,473	8.81
2015			9,060,843		650,000		165,824		815,824	11.11
2016			9,377,782		660,000		150,880		810,880	11.56
2017			10,757,971		680,000		135,700		815,700	13.19
2018	(1)		12,062,139		700,000		196,433		896,433	13.46
2019	(2)		13,381,416		855,000		725,135		1,580,135	8.47
2020			14,449,857		880,000		979,108		1,859,108	7.77

⁽¹⁾ The City issued \$5,768,588 in sales tax revenue bonds in fiscal year 2018 to finance the construction of a new fire station.

⁽²⁾ The City issued \$18,402,528 in sales tax revenue bonds in fiscal year 2019 to finance the construction of a new public safety building.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 16 PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE EXCISE TAX ROAD BONDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Fiscal	Fiscal Excise Tax		Debt	3				
Year	Revenue		Principal		nterest		Total	Coverage
		_		_				
2011	\$ 1,534,646	\$	540,000	\$	51,100	\$	591,100	2.60
2012	1,520,746		550,000		34,900		584,900	2.60
2013	1,586,980		575,000		18,400		593,400	2.56
2014	1,513,953		-		-		-	-
2015	1,592,893		-		-		-	-
2016	1,785,860		-		-		-	-
2017	2,169,616		-		-		-	-
2018	2,229,760		-		-		-	-
2019	2,511,008		-		-		-	-
2020	3,809,524		=		=		-	-

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 17 PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE ELECTRIC REVENUE BONDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

			Net Revenue Available				
Fiscal	Gross	Operating	for Debt	Debt	Service Require	ements	
Year	Revenues (1)	Expenses (2)	Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2011	\$ 20,907,913	\$ 19,138,670	\$ 1,769,243	\$ 600,000	\$ 128,398	\$ 728,398	2.43
2012	22,771,390	18,216,123	4,555,267	600,000	117,490	717,490	6.35
2013	25,857,917	21,786,781	4,071,136	630,000	119,249	749,249	5.43
2014	28,948,402	22,324,365	6,624,037	700,000	94,032	794,032	8.34
2015	29,919,796	23,489,726	6,430,070	740,000	64,703	804,703	7.99
2016	32,413,055	24,643,464	7,769,591	745,000	58,782	803,782	9.67
2017	34,068,518	26,050,071	8,018,447	755,000	52,078	807,078	9.94
2018	38,653,790	27,683,496	10,970,294	760,000	287,365	1,047,365	10.47
2019	40,759,383	28,965,807	11,793,576	1,250,000	819,648	2,069,648	5.70
2020	40,964,919	28,699,649	12,265,270	1,280,000	775,520	2,055,520	5.97

⁽¹⁾ Total revenue including interest and impact fees.

⁽²⁾ Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation and amortization.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 18 PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE DRAINAGE REVENUE BONDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Fiscal	Gross	Operating	Net Revenue Available for Debt	Debt S			
Year	Revenues (1)	Expenses (2)	Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2011	\$ 1,225,501	\$ 457,221	\$ 768,280	\$ 145,000	\$ 62,156	\$ 207,156	3.71
2012	1,332,332	358,815	973,517	140,000	82,661	222,661	4.37
2013	1,334,947	394,904	940,043	145,000	77,747	222,747	4.22
2014	1,480,016	363,271	1,116,745	150,000	72,657	222,657	5.02
2015	1,394,965	368,077	1,026,888	160,000	67,393	227,393	4.52
2016	1,427,089	457,652	969,437	150,000	61,776	211,776	4.58
2017	1,491,237	696,897	794,340	155,000	56,511	211,511	3.76
2018	1,711,571	734,418	977,153	160,000	51,986	211,986	4.61
2019	1,739,673	874,651	865,022	165,000	51,873	216,873	3.99
2020	1,959,651	997,399	962,252	170,000	39,663	209,663	4.59

⁽¹⁾ Total revenue including interest and impact fees.

⁽²⁾ Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

Population	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income (1)	Unemployment Rate (2)	
49,753	\$ 1,169,892,042	\$ 23,514	7.2%	
49,857	1,172,337,498	23,514	6.5%	
51,173	1,203,281,922	23,514	4.9%	
54,382	1,296,640,685	23,843	3.5%	
56,275	1,343,453,075	23,873	3.4%	
57,000	1,453,767,554	25,504	3.4%	
61,130	1,552,978,545	25,405	3.3%	
62,712	1,715,886,931	27,361	3.1%	
66,037	1,939,815,006	29,375	2.7%	
69,724	2,045,205,540	29,333	2.7%	
	49,753 49,857 51,173 54,382 56,275 57,000 61,130 62,712 66,037	Population Income 49,753 \$ 1,169,892,042 49,857 1,172,337,498 51,173 1,203,281,922 54,382 1,296,640,685 56,275 1,343,453,075 57,000 1,453,767,554 61,130 1,552,978,545 62,712 1,715,886,931 66,037 1,939,815,006	Population Personal Income Personal Income (1) 49,753 \$ 1,169,892,042 \$ 23,514 49,857 1,172,337,498 23,514 51,173 1,203,281,922 23,514 54,382 1,296,640,685 23,843 56,275 1,343,453,075 23,873 57,000 1,453,767,554 25,504 61,130 1,552,978,545 25,405 62,712 1,715,886,931 27,361 66,037 1,939,815,006 29,375	

⁽¹⁾ Per capita personal income amounts shown are for the tax calendar year that ended during the specified fiscal year.

Sources: Population information provided by the Lehi Planning Department.

Personal income information found at http://www.tax.utah.gov/econstats/income (Federal AGI).

Unemployment rates provided by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

⁽²⁾ Unemployment rates are for Utah County, Utah.

_	2020	2011	2011			
Employer	Range of Employees	Estimated Employees	Rank			
Adobe	1000-1999					
Micron Technology (IM Flash)	1000-1999	1,668	1			
Vivint Solar	1000-1999					
Young Living Essential Oils	1000-1999	123	9			
Alpine School District	1000-1999					
Ancestry.com	500-999					
Entrata	500-999					
Hadco Construction	500-999	274	5			
Repdrive	500-999					
Workfront	500-999					
Xactware	500-999					
Weave Communications	500-999					
Younique	250-499					
Digicert	250-499					
Moneydesktop MX	250-499					
Mountain Point Medical Center	250-499					
Thanksgiving Point	250-499	375	4			
Costco	250-499	213	7			
Pure Storage	250-499					
Solutionreach	250-499					
Smiths Marketplace	250-499	178	8			
Cabela's	100-249	413	3			
Lowes	100-249	123	10			
Xango	-	710	2			
Jack B Parson Co.	-	250	6			

Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services

Note: The State of Utah only tracks employees by range of employees. The City does not collect employee information as part of the business license or any other process.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 21 FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Government										
Court	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Administrative	4.5	4.5	6.5	9.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	15	15	15
Treasury	6	6	6	5	5	6	6	6	6.5	5
Finance	5	5	5	7	7	7	7	4	4	4
Information Center	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Legal	-	-	4.5	4.5	5.3	5.3	5.3	5	5	5
Legislative (1)	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Public Safety										
Police	41.5	44.5	45	48	51	54	59	59	59	59
Fire	39	40	40	42	43	46	50	66	66	67
Animal Control	1.5	1.5	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1
Community Development										
Public Works Administration	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	7	8
Planning and Zoning	6.5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7
Inspections	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9	9	12
Streets and Highways										
Streets and Public Improvements	9	12	12	12	14	15	15	15	16	16
Parks, Recreation and Culture										
Parks	19	21	22	27	27	29	29	29	31	30
Senior Citizens	3	3	3	2	2	2	2.5	3	4	3
Recreation	115.5	73.5	75.5	84.5	84.5	87.5	82	91	84	64
Library	13	18	20	20	20	21	21	21	21	16
Literacy Center	-	5.5	5.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6	6	6	6
Cemetery	2.5	2.5	3	3.5	3.5	4	4	6	6	6
Culinary Water	8	8	8	9	9	10	10	12	12	13
Sewer	3	3	3	3	3	4	8	8	8	7
Power	19	24.5	24.5	23.5	25.5	27.5	29	32	33	33
Secondary Water	3.5	3.5	3.5	6.5	5.5	6.5	6.5	5	5	5
Storm Drain	3	3	3	3	3.65	4.65	5.65	5	7	12

Source: City records

⁽¹⁾ Legislative is made up of 1 part-time mayor and 5 part-time city council members.

⁽²⁾ Garbage service is contracted out to a private hauler.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 22 OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

					Fisca	l Year				
Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Community development										
Residential building permits issued	286	590	569	340	464	548	489	781	871	707
Commercial building permits issued	28	38	25	26	165	195	195	183	172	148
Court										
Traffic and Misdemeanor cases handled	8,333	7,102	5,896	5,845	4,705	6,387	5,547	7,321	7,349	6,988
Police										
Calls for service	14,062	15,278	15,575	27,087	32,130	32,534	28,602	29,832	22,770	25,438
Arrests	1,950	1,235	1,089	1,261	1,188	1,179	1,436	1,414	1,443	1,173
Fire										
Fire/Medical responses	2,050	2,136	2,232	2,200	2,480	2,708	2,946	3,162	3,717	3,866
Recreation										
Recreation programs	75	72	71	70	69	72	80	74	78	62
Participants in recreation programs	22,500	23,690	24,555	25,983	27,445	28,396	27,999	28,549	28,324	20,777
Library										
Books in collection	95,611	108,669	121,168	125,220	114,442	150,158	115,022	122,055	129,002	129,826
Books circulated	451,362	509,764	511,130	529,218	532,094	597,433	474,778	486,687	502,167	402,543
Cemetery										
Acres maintained	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
Total gravesites	24,791	25,659	26,428	26,485	27,645	27,955	27,966	29,528	29,543	29,713
Culinary Water										
Residential accounts serviced	12,568	13,121	13,152	14,419	14,987	15,691	16,043	16,562	17,872	18,811
Average daily consumption	3,570	3,500	2,630	2,740	3,210	3,490	4,210	3,840	4,490	4,638
(thousands of gallons)										
Sewer										
Sewer lines miles inspected	80	78	78	78	47	47	58	62	54	52
Power										
Accounts serviced	14,817	15,010	16,279	16,764	17,873	18,879	19,656	20,693	22,193	23,611
Energy sold (megawatts in thousands)	223	220	259	270	286	315	342	364	383	402
Secondary Water										
Accounts serviced	11,426	11,632	12,574	13,019	13,247	15,584	14,119	14,799	15,669	16,314

Source: City records

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 23 CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

	-				Fiscal Y	ear				
Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Streets and Highways										
Street lights	2,355	2,412	2,446	2,506	2,600	2,689	2,910	3,027	3,359	3,495
Street miles	202	204	206	221	224	233	244	246	256	262
Police										
Vehicles	43	46	51	57	59	60	65	63	63	66
Fire										
Fire stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3
Fire vehicles	12	12	12	12	15	16	17	17	17	20
Ambulances	3	3	3	4	5	4	5	5	5	5
Public works										
Incorporated area in square miles	32	32	32	32	28	28	29	29	29	29
City buildings in square feet	235,000	235,000	235,000	235,000	235,000	235,000	321,600	321,600	321,600	321,600
Parks and recreation										
Park acreage	333	333	333	333	339	339	522	522	531	592
Baseball/softball diamonds	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Soccer fields	4	4	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Culinary water										
Water main line miles	243	263	256	271	281	297	310	322	339	355
Storage capacity										
(thousands of gallons)	9,800	9,800	9,800	8,400	10,400	10,400	10,400	10,400	12,600	12,700
Sewer										
Sewer line miles	205	210	212	223	226	241	253	262	271	279
Secondary water										
Secondary water main line miles	243	249	258	272	282	298	312	325	343	360
Power										
Power main feeder line miles	219	231	240	248	258	275	515	680	756	795
Overhead line miles	52	64	64	64	67	65	147	117	117	116

Source: City records