**STATE OF UTAH** 

# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018



PREPARED BY:

FINANCE DEPARTMENT



PLONEERING UTAM I PUTURE

### COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION



153 North 100 East Lehi, Utah 84043-1895 801-768-7100

December 11, 2018

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and Citizens of Lehi City:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Lehi City (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's basic financial statements have been audited by Osborne Robbins and Buhler, PLLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements, for the fiscal year June 30, 2018, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

#### **Profile of the Government**

Lehi is located 12 miles north of Provo and 23 miles south of Salt Lake City. Lehi was settled by Mormon pioneers in 1850 and was known by several different names: Sulphur Springs, Snow's springs, Dry Creek and Evansville. The final name settled on by the Town's people was Lehi. The City was incorporated in 1852. Lehi is Utah's sixth oldest city.

The City has had a traditional Six Member Council form of government since 1852. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the mayor and five city council members. The governing council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City's administrator, recorder, and treasurer. The City's administrator is responsible for carrying out policies and ordinances of the governing council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing department heads of the various departments. The mayor and city council are elected on a non-partisan basis. City council members serve four-year staggered terms. The mayor is elected to serve a four-year term. The mayor and all five city council seats are elected at large.

Lehi has a rich history. The Overland Stage Coach Route ran through the town. The famous Pony Express Trail ran next to the town, and the Transcontinental Telegraph line ran adjacent to the City.



The City is a beautiful place to live. Just to the south is Utah Lake used for boating, fishing and hunting. The river that drains Utah Lake is the Jordan River, which runs through the City. To the east of the City are the beautiful Wasatch Mountains and to the west are the White Mountains and Oquirrh Mountains, all of which are within thirty minutes of Lehi offering a variety of activities including hiking, mountain biking, fishing, camping and skiing.

The City provides a full range of services including; police and fire protection, the construction and maintenance of streets and roads, parks, both commercial and residential building inspection, a wide variety of recreational programs and cultural events. The City also owns and operates a culinary water system, a secondary water system, a wastewater system, a storm water system, an electrical distribution system, solid waste collection facilities, a swimming and recreation facility and emergency medical services.



#### **Local Economy and Financial Information**

The City has a great mix of traditional western feel and modern technology industries. The historic downtown maintains a western feel with many of the businesses operating in buildings built in the late 1800s. The Lehi Roundup is a five-day celebration with many different community events, including a stock parade, a grand parade, and a professional rodeo, which is one of the oldest rodeos in the state. Alternatively, Lehi is located in the heart of *Silicon Slopes*. The City is home to numerous technology companies such as: I/M Flash, Adobe, Microsoft, Snapchat, Canopy Tax, Ancestory.com, Xactware, and Podium. This mixture provides residents with strong community ties as well as positive economic potential.

Spurred by an expanding technology sector, the City continues to experience rapid growth. The population has increased from 46,802 to 62,712 over the past 10 years. With 50% of the City's land still available for development, build-out population, which is estimated to be reached in 2060, is projected at 133,800.

Lehi is continuing to experience rapid growth in both commercial and residential construction. This growth is reflected in both the City's revenues and expenditures. Governmental fund revenues increased from \$41,086,074 to \$64,444,491 from 2014 to 2018, and expenditures increased from \$51,566,129 to \$60,637,837. Operating revenues in enterprise funds grew from \$39,804,064 to \$54,772,345 over the same time frame, while operating expenses rose from \$38,647,853 to \$53,068,839.

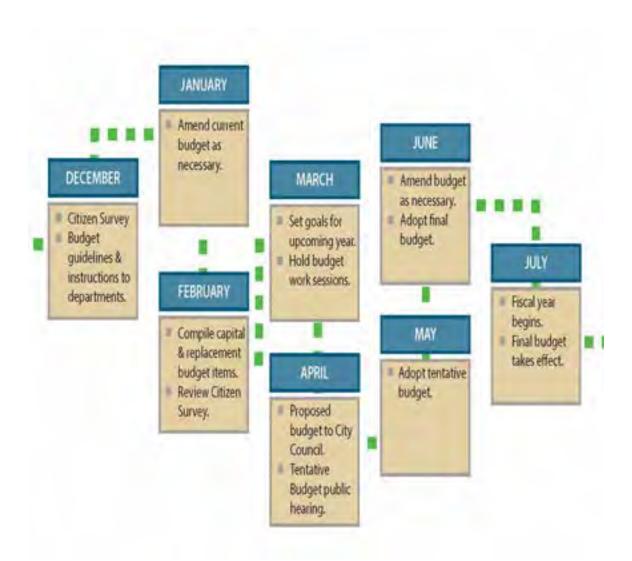
Companies continue to relocate or open offices in the City. Young Living recently completed their office building, which contains approximately 100,000 square feet of workspace. Currently under construction are three office buildings, which will add an additional 500,000 square feet of Class A office space. Other projects, including car dealerships, hotels and retail establishments are also moving forward. The City has some of the best undeveloped commercial frontage along the Wasatch Front.

Brigham Young University, Utah Valley University (the largest University in the State) and the University of Utah campuses are within 25 minutes of the City center. These higher education facilities employ more than 3,000 people. These universities provide a strong educated work force for a large number of high tech businesses in the area. The region also provides some of the best medical facilities in the western United States. Utah County, the County in which the City is located, has an unemployment rate of 2.8%, Compared to a statewide rate of 3.2%



The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City's budget process is well laid out, starting in December for a budget that will be adopted by June 30 and goes into effect July 1. By Utah State law, the City is required to adopt a tentative budget on or before the first council meeting in the month of May. This is a working document which can be amended until the final adoption. State law requires the City to adopt a final budget on or before June 22. A public hearing is required prior to final adoption and the budget must be available for public inspection for 10 days prior to the public hearing. This year, the tentative budget was adopted on April 10 and the final budget was adopted on May 22.

The creation of the budget follows the time line shown below:



Within the existing budget, the level of the City's budgetary control is established by activity and purpose within each individual fund. Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within their activity. Transfers of appropriations between activities, however, require the special approval of the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund and Redevelopment Agency, a major special revenue fund, the comparisons are presented on page 36. For the capital projects fund this comparison is presented on page 95.

#### **Long-term Financial Planning**

The City's long term goals are intended to meet tomorrow's needs with good financial decisions and by focusing on operational capital needs. The City recently completed capital facility plans and impact fee studies for Parks, Culinary Water, Pressurized Irrigation, Sewer, and Power. Other

impact fee studies for streets, police, and fire were completed two years ago. Impact fees help the City add the capital improvements that are needed to accommodate new growth.

A new power facility was completed early in calendar year 2018. This facility not only houses power employees, vehicles, and equipment; it also includes power generation facilities that will allow the City to generate power in response to demand and market conditions. The ability to generate our own power will provide significant savings to the City by supplementing the City's system rather than purchasing power at the most expensive prices.

The implementation of long term planning has permitted the City to construct some of the finest park systems in our region. The City is home to more than fourteen major facilities. The community's park system has been transformed to produce exceptional open spaces for our citizens' enjoyment. The strategic planning for parks has been expanded to include a trail system that will allow joggers, walkers, and bicyclists to enjoy the Dry Creek Basin which runs through the entire City. A significant project turning the Dry Creek Basin into a storage facility for the City's pressurized irrigation water and recreational amenities and opportunities is scheduled to begin early in calendar year 2019.

A long term goal of the City is to maintain the current sense of safety so that citizens are able to enjoy the wide array of programs and activities provided in the community. Lehi's strategic plan has identified the need for a total of 6 fire stations, three on the north and three on the south at the City's build out. Fire Station 63 was completed in November 2017 and dedicated December 4, 2017. The City is also planning a new public safety building, which should begin construction early in the 2020 fiscal year.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgements**

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This was the twentieth consecutive year the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded the Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated July 1, 2017. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including its purpose as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

In addition, the City also received the GFOA's Popular Annual Financial Report (herein referred to as PAFR Award) for year ended June 30, 2017. In order to qualify for the PAFR Award, the government must obtain the CAFR award. The PAFR document provides summary information from the CAFR to citizens and is judged by a panel of GFOA professionals.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance, treasury, and administration departments. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the mayor and the governing council for their unfailing support and for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Jason Walker City Administrator Dean Lundell Director of Finance

Doan Lundel



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

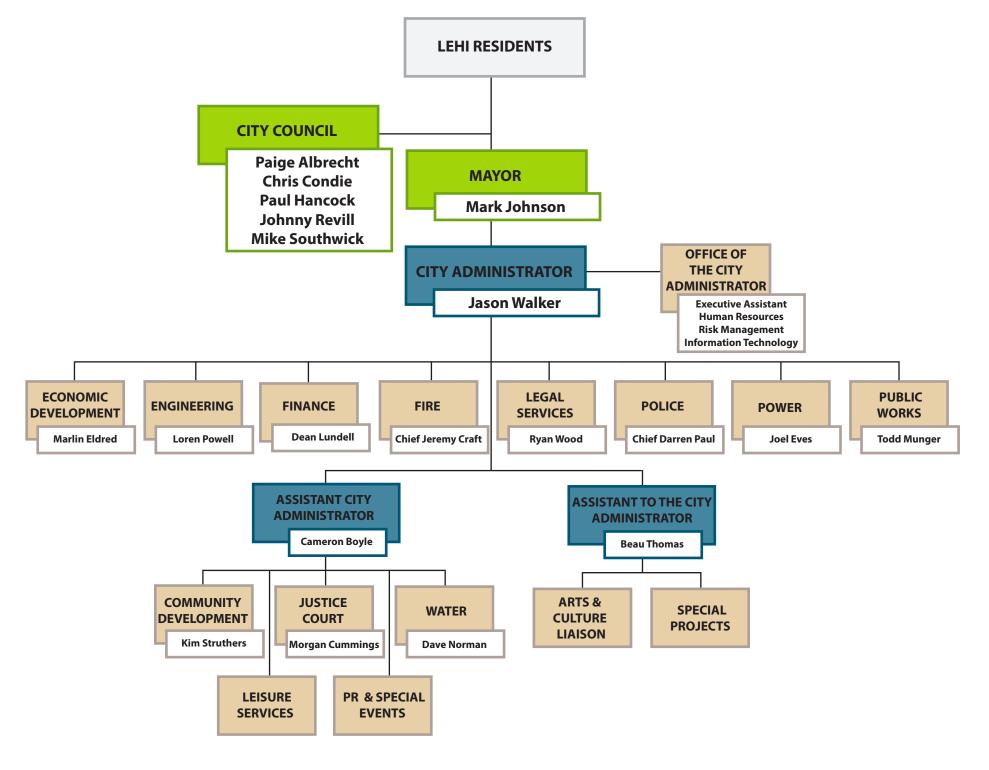
# Lehi City Corporation Utah

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Churtopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





**Principal Officials**For the Year Ended
June 30, 2018

Mark Johnson Mayor Term Ends: December 2021





Paige Albrecht City Council Term Ends: December 2019

Chris Condie City Council Term Ends: December 2021





Paul Hancock
City Council
Term Ends: December 2021

Johnny Revill
City Council
Term Ends: December 2019





Michael Southwick City Council Term Ends: December 2019

Jason Walker City Administrator Appointed May 2015

FINANCIAL SECTION

# OSBORNE, ROBBINS & BUHLER, P.L.L.C. Certified Public Accountants

4527 SOUTH 2300 EAST, SUITE 201 • SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84117-4446 • PHONE: 308-0220 • FAX: 274-8589

# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Lehi City Corporation, Utah

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lehi City Corporation, Utah (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lehi City Corporation as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Redevelopment Agency for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 17 through 29 and the Required Supplementary Information – Pensions on pages 85 through 88 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 27, 2018 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Oslome Kollins & Bahler PLLC

November 27, 2018

# **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

As management of the City, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 3-9 of this report.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$534,415,695 (net position). This is an increase of 14.1% over the previous year. A large portion of this increase is related to capital grants and developer contributions of infrastructure.
- The City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$18,035,441 which is an increase of \$9,627,174 in fund balance reported for 2017 of \$8,408,267. The increase in fund balance is due to both revenues in excess of budget and actual expenditures that were less than budgeted amounts. These excess funds will be used to add to and replace City infrastructure assets.
- Growth in the City continues at a rapid pace with general fund tax revenues increasing 8.8% over the previous year. This revenue increase is due to growth as no tax rates were increased during the year.
- The City's total debt increased by a net of \$12,971,433 during the current fiscal year.
  - Decreases to debt were due to regularly scheduled principal payments.
  - Revenue bonds totaling \$23,878,055 were issued during the year.
  - In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the City reported a net pension liability totaling \$6,067,095 as of June 30, 2018.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to of the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- The *statement of net position* presents information on all the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial state of the City is improving or deteriorating.
- The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related*

### Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, community development, streets and highways, parks, recreation and culture, and cemetery. The business-type activities of the City include culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, drainage, and garbage.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but one blended component unit. The Lehi Redevelopment Agency (The Agency) is legally separate from the City. However, since the Agency's board of trustees is composed of the Lehi Mayor and City Council and city staff maintain operational responsibility for the Agency, it is presented as a special revenue fund of the City. The Redevelopment Agency Fund contains the financial balances and activities of the Agency.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 32-33 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the capital projects fund, and the redevelopment agency special revenue fund which are considered to be major funds.

The City adopts annual appropriated budgets for its general fund and its special revenue redevelopment agency fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and the redevelopment agency fund to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

The basic governmental fund financial statement can be found on pages 34-36 of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds, enterprise funds and internal service funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, drainage, and garbage operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, and drainage funds, which are considered to be major funds of the City. The garbage fund is the only non-major proprietary fund.

The City of Lehi uses four *internal service funds* to account for its fleet maintenance, risk management activities, building and grounds maintenance, and computer maintenance and replacement activities. These are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in the report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 38-42 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 43-83 of this report.

**Other information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. This required supplementary information can be found on pages 85-88 of this report.

Individual fund schedules and combining statements and schedules can be found on pages 91-99 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial state. In the case of the City, net position was \$534,415,695 at the close of the most recent year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, intangible assets, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure assets); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (\$897,014) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

As of June 30, 2018, the net position of the City's governmental activities totaled \$199,226,451 compared to \$169,997,769 in 2017. The governmental activities reported an increase in net position of \$29,228,682. \$23,638,826 of this increase in net position can be attributed to capital grants and contributions, including contributions of infrastructure.

As of June 30, 2018, the net position of the City's business-type activities totaled \$335,189,244 compared to \$298,230,017 in 2017. The business-type activities reported an increase in net position of \$36,959,227. \$25,341,969 of this increase in net position can be attributed to capital grants and contributions, including contributions of infrastructure.

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities				Total			
		2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017	
Current and other assets	\$	47,479,745	\$	36,733,741	s	50,429,325	\$	32,434,353	\$	97,909,070	\$	69,168,094	
	Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф	, ,	
Capital assets	Ф	306,281,432	•	287,999,878	0	313,784,117	Ф.	272,717,385	Ф.	620,065,549	•	560,717,263	
Total assets	<b>3</b>	353,761,177	\$	324,733,619	\$	364,213,442	\$	305,151,738	\$	717,974,619	\$	629,885,357	
Deferred outflows of													
resources	\$	4,692,761	\$	3,648,334	\$	8,159,359	\$	9,168,154	\$	12,852,120	\$	12,816,488	
	_		_		_		_	<del></del>	_		_		
Long-term liabilities	\$	125,754,697	\$	128,645,662	\$	24,333,985	\$	8,471,587	\$	150,088,682	\$	137,117,249	
Other liabilities		8,562,576		7,235,838		12,698,790		8,179,475		21,261,366		15,415,313	
Interfund balances		905,807		1,035,241		(905,807)		(1,035,241)		-		-	
Total liabilities	\$	135,223,080	\$	136,916,741	\$	36,126,968	\$	15,615,821	\$	171,350,048	\$	152,532,562	
							-						
Deferred inflows of													
resources	\$	24,004,407	\$	21,467,443	\$	1,056,589	\$	474,054	\$	25,060,996	\$	21,941,497	
			-						_				
Net position													
Net investment in													
capital assets	\$	288,966,135	\$	270,733,436	\$	299,404,845	\$	267,462,097	\$	588,370,980	\$	538,195,533	
Restricted		349,363		590,207		547,651		126,965		897,014		717,172	
Unrestricted		(90,089,047)		(101,325,874)		35,236,748		30,640,955		(54,852,299)		(70,684,919)	
Total net position	\$	199,226,451	\$	169,997,769	\$	335,189,244	\$	298,230,017	\$	534,415,695	\$	468,227,786	
-			_		_		_		_				

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION CHANGES IN NET POSITION

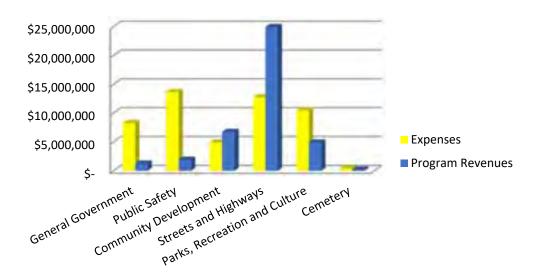
	Government	al Ac	tivities	Business-type Activities			Total			
	2018		2017		2018		2017	2018		2017
Revenues:										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 13,756,482	\$	11,011,556	\$	54,266,494	\$	52,491,104	\$ 68,022,976	\$	63,502,660
Operating grants and										
contributions	2,687,038		3,449,482		-		-	2,687,038		3,449,482
Capital grants and										
contributions	23,638,826		21,055,729		25,341,969		23,080,154	48,980,795		44,135,883
General revenues:								-		-
Property taxes	21,124,631		21,435,929		-		-	21,124,631		21,435,929
Sales and other taxes	17,510,974		15,921,670		-		-	17,510,974		15,921,670
Impact fees	4,424,709		3,378,791		9,950,739		5,331,228	14,375,448		8,710,019
Other	 1,517,425		1,728,187		1,096,112		734,928	2,613,537		2,463,115
Total revenues	84,660,085		77,981,344		90,655,314		81,637,414	175,315,399		159,618,758
Expenses:										
General government	8,274,466		9,041,919		_		-	8,274,466		9,041,919
Public safety	13,656,195		12,096,387		_		_	13,656,195		12,096,387
Community development	4,928,368		5,796,634		_		_	4,928,368		5,796,634
Highways/streets	12,764,811		11,727,234		_		-	12,764,811		11,727,234
Parks, recreation, and	, ,									
culture	10,486,576		9,856,045		_		_	10,486,576		9,856,045
Cemetery	414,906		406,824		-		-	414,906		406,824
Interest on long-term debt	4,906,081		4,834,457		-		-	4,906,081		4,834,457
Culinary Water	-		-		4,807,400		6,233,288	4,807,400		6,233,288
Sewer	_		_		9,865,657		9,525,964	9,865,657		9,525,964
Pressurized Irrigation	_		_		3,637,826		3,412,437	3,637,826		3,412,437
Electric	_		_		30,707,792		28,132,875	30,707,792		28,132,875
Drainage	_		_		2,228,474		1,968,846	2,228,474		1,968,846
Garbage			-		2,448,938		2,310,261	2,448,938		2,310,261
Total expenses	 55,431,403		53,759,500		53,696,087		51,583,671	 109,127,490		105,343,171
Increase (decrease) in net										
position before transfers	29,228,682		24,221,844		36,959,227		30,053,743	66,187,909		54,275,587
position octore transfers	27,220,002		21,221,011		30,737,221		30,033,713	00,107,707		51,275,507
Transfers	 		-					 -		-
Increase in net position	29,228,682		24,221,844		36,959,227		30,053,743	66,187,909		54,275,587
Net position, beginning	169,997,769		145,775,925		298,230,017		268,176,274	468,227,786		413,952,199
Net position, ending	\$ 199,226,451	\$	169,997,769	\$	335,189,244	\$	298,230,017	\$ 534,415,695	\$	468,227,786

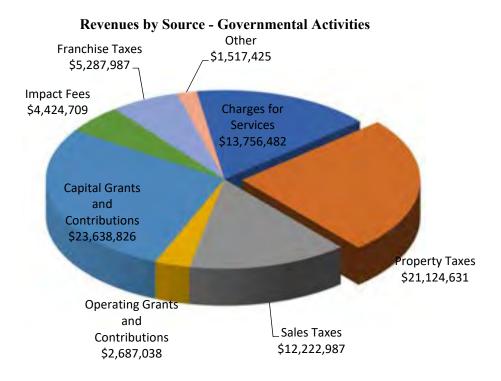
# LEHI CITY CORPORATION Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

**Governmental activities.** During 2018 governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$29,228,682. Some specific factors making up the change in net position during 2018 include:

- Charges for services increased in 2018 over the prior year by approximately \$2.7 million due primarily to increases in building permits, plan review and inspection fees. This increase is an indicator of the growth continuing to occur in the City.
- Capital grants and contributions were higher than in 2017 by approximately \$2.5 million. In 2018 the City recognized over \$20 million in capital grant revenues related to infrastructure installed by developers during the year as well as another \$3.5 million in federal, state and county grants for infrastructure improvements.
- Expenses of the governmental activities increased from 2017 to 2018 by \$1,671,903 with the largest increases occurring in the public safety and highways and streets expenses due primarily to increases in salaries and benefits as well as to maintenance expenditures on various City streets and highways.

#### **Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities**

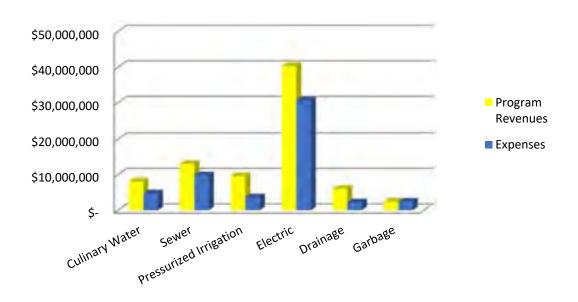




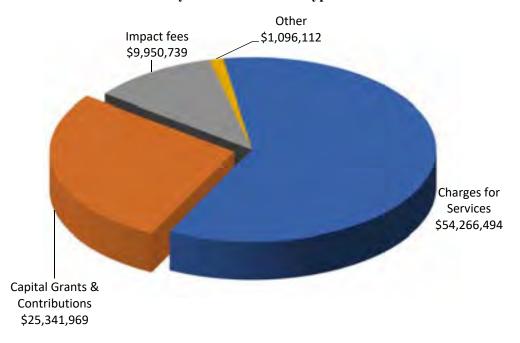
**Business-type activities.** Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$36,959,227. At the end of the current fiscal year, all of the City's major business-type activities reported positive net position. Key elements of the increase in net position are as follows:

- Charges for services in the business-type activities increased over 2017 by \$1,775,390 (3.4%). Most of the enterprise funds experienced an increase in charges for services over 2017, a result of growth in the number of customers served. During the year there were no changes made to the rates.
- Capital grants and contributions for the business-type activities added \$25,341,969 to the net position of the City. This amount was higher than in 2017 due to continued high levels of development. Overall capital grants and contributions are indicative of the consistent growth levels year over year.
- Expenses of the business-type activities increased by \$2,112,416 from the prior year. The increase is primarily due to increases in system maintenance costs and purchased power costs. Because the City's customer base has been expanding, the cost of providing services has also increased.

#### **Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities**



#### **Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities**



# LEHI CITY CORPORATION Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$18,035,441. \$10,887,280 of this total amount (60.0%) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is either *nonspendable*, *restricted*, *committed or assigned* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it 1) is not in a spendable form, 2) has constraints imposed either externally or by law, 3) has constraints imposed by formal resolution of the city council, or 4) is or intended by the city council and the city manager to be used for specific purposes.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$10,887,280, while total fund balance reached \$11,920,287. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 29.8% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 49.4% of that same amount. The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$5,626,734 during the current fiscal year, due largely to higher than anticipated tax revenues, planning and inspection fees, and intergovernmental revenues.

The special revenue Redevelopment Agency Fund has an assigned fund balance of \$1,350,316. The project areas that received tax increment revenues in the current year were the Mill Pond Project, the Alpine Highway Project, the Alpine Highway West Project Area, the Thanksgiving Park Economic Development Project Area, the West Timpanogos Project Area and the Traverse Mountain Community Development Area. Overall, the fund experienced an increase in fund balance of \$326,574.

The capital projects fund had an increase in fund balance in the amount of \$3,673,866, which resulted in a fund balance of \$4,764,838, \$1,017,852 representing restricted fund balance, with an assigned fund balance of \$3,746,986.

**Proprietary funds.** The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the business-type portions of the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at the end of the year totaled \$34,330,941. Individually, the electric fund's unrestricted net position totaled \$18,325,524, the drainage unrestricted net position totaled \$2,517,086, the sewer unrestricted net position totaled \$6,823,673, the water unrestricted net position totaled \$4,425,686 and the pressurized irrigation unrestricted net position totaled \$1,857,684. The non-major enterprise fund reported a positive unrestricted net position amount of \$381,288. Other factors concerning the finances of these proprietary funds can be found earlier in this section under business-type activities.

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

During the fiscal year, the general fund's budget was amended from budgeted expenditures totaling \$39,156,277 to a final budget of \$39,907,245, an increase of \$750,968. Increased budget allocations were made to streets and highways expenditures and parks and recreation expenditures, primarily for certain capital improvements. These adjustments were funded primarily by appropriating fund balance. Significant variances between the final budget and actual results are shown below:

- Tax revenues recognized in 2018 were \$1,518,232 more than budgeted. Property taxes, sales taxes and franchise taxes were all higher than originally budgeted.
- Charges for services, particularly planning and inspection fees, ambulance fees and recreation fees, were higher than budgeted by a total of \$1,568,744.
- Total expenditures were less than the final budgeted amounts by \$3,391,653.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018 amounts to \$620,065,549 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements including infrastructure and distribution systems, machinery and equipment, vehicles, and office furniture and equipment.

Major capital asset activity during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Infrastructure, land, and water rights were donated to the City by developers. The estimated fair value of the infrastructure, land and water rights donated in the governmental and business-type activities was \$20,072,289 and \$25,341,969, respectively.
- The City expended approximately \$5.7 million on the construction of a new fire station.
- In the governmental activities, the City expended \$870,000 for improvements to trails that were funded through a federal grant.
- Intangible assets in the pressurized irrigation fund increased by \$2,625,970. The increase was due to the contribution of water shares by developers as required by the City's development code.
- In the electric fund, the City expended \$19,115,615 for the construction of a new power plant and \$2,194,662 for the construction of the City's West Side Substation, which were both in process at year end.

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION CAPITAL ASSETS (net of depreciation)

	Govern Activ			ss-type vities	Total			
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Land	\$ 137,779,596	\$127,719,888	\$ 3,146,725	\$ 3,146,725	\$ 140,926,321	\$130,866,613		
Intangibles	-	-	49,518,828	46,892,858	49,518,828	46,892,858		
Construction in progress	4,415,434	6,008,312	32,548,564	9,629,758	36,963,998	15,638,070		
Buildings and structures	19,824,703	14,141,953	1,672,456	1,779,908	21,497,159	15,921,861		
Improvements, including infrastructure	136,603,509	132,578,484	224,678,959	209,194,226	361,282,468	341,772,710		
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	7,578,013	7,437,506	2,198,370	2,050,921	9,776,383	9,488,427		
Office furniture and equipment	80,177	113,735	20,215	22,989	100,392	136,724		
Total	\$ 306,281,432	\$287,999,878	\$313,784,117	\$272,717,385	\$ 620,065,549	\$560,717,263		

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note F on pages 59-60 of this report.

**Long-term liabilities.** At the end of the current fiscal year the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$39,208,055, all of which represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds).

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	Governmental Activities		Busine Acti	ss-ty vities	ре	Total		
	2018	2017	2018	2017		2017 2018		
Tax increment notes payable								
to developers	\$ 99,046,278	\$103,077,627	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 99,046,278	\$103,077,627	
Other notes payable	1,138,824	4,091,442	1,291,636		1,480,288	2,430,460	5,571,730	
Revenue bonds	18,243,588	13,175,000	20,964,467		3,775,000	39,208,055	16,950,000	
Other liabilities	7,326,007	8,301,593	2,077,882		3,216,299	9,403,889	11,517,892	
Total	\$ 125,754,697	\$128,645,662	\$ 24,333,985	\$	8,471,587	\$ 150,088,682	\$137,117,249	

The City's debt increased by \$12,971,433 in fiscal year 2018. Major long-term debt activity included the following:

- The City issued \$5,768,588 in sales tax revenue bonds to finance the construction of the City's new fire station.
- The City issued \$18,109,467 in electric revenue bonds to finance the construction of the new power plant.
- The City reported, in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68 net pension liability totaling \$5,617,095.

The 2018 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds were assigned a municipal bond rating of AA- by Standard & Poors. The 2018 Electric Revenue Bonds were assigned a municipal bond rating of A+ by Standard & Poors.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 4% of its total taxable value. The current limitation for the City is \$317,472,602 and the City currently has no general obligation debt. In addition, state statutes allow for an additional 4% to be used for business-type debt, thus resulting in a debt limit of 8% of total taxable value. The current limitation for business-type projects is \$634,945,204, which significantly exceeds the outstanding business-type debt the City currently has.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in note H on pages 61-70 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- Lehi continues to grow rapidly. During the year, property values increased by 11.4% to an estimated market value of \$7,936,815,060.
- The City recently conducted a utility rate study related to both culinary water and pressurized irrigation. The study analyzed current rates as well as infrastructure needs both for new growth and facility replacement. The study recommended a 3% increase to culinary rates as well as a 10% increase to the pressurized irrigation rates. These rates will assist the City in maintaining and even improving the level of service provided to city residents and businesses.
- Plans are in motion to construct a new Police Station. The City has outgrown the current facility. Construction is anticipated to begin sometime late in the summer of 2019.
- The City is anticipating the issuance of water revenue bonds early in the 2019 calendar year. The proceeds from the bonds will allow the City to move forward with several projects for both the culinary and pressurized irrigation systems. These projects will help prepare for upcoming growth as well as improve the current level of service for current residents.

The above factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2019 fiscal year. The 2019 budget is balanced without a property tax rate increase. Budgeted revenues and expenditures for the upcoming year total \$192,177,044. This is a decrease from the 2018 fiscal year opening budget of \$198,333,982. Expenditure reductions are related to fewer capital projects in 2019 as compared to 2018.

The City continues to expand with new residential and commercial development. Several new companies have relocated or opened offices in Lehi during the past year. These companies include: Canopy Tax, Podium, Nature's Sunshine, Young Living, and We Work. Several new office buildings are under construction, which will add close to 500,000 square feet of new Class A office space in the City. A new development has recently begun that will bring a Land Rover/Jaguar dealership to Lehi as well as potentially three other car dealerships. This development will also include a hotel and several hundred thousand feet of professional office space. During the recently completed year, 781 residential building permits and 183 commercial permits were issued. This level of growth is not anticipated to slow during the upcoming year.

New growth brings additional revenue, but it also brings increased costs. Infrastructure needs in roads, parks, and utilities will continue to consume additional City resources. Detailed focus must be maintained on capital planning and revenue to keep pace with the current pace of growth.

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 153 North 100 East, Lehi, Utah, 84043.

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

	PRIM ARY GOVERNMENT					
	GOV	VERNMENTAL		SINESS-TYPE		
		ACTIVITIES		ACTIVITIES		TOTAL
ASSETS						
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	18,621,125	\$	16,141,759	\$	34,762,884
INVESTMENTS		-		17,642,457		17,642,457
RECEIVABLES (NET) ACCOUNTS				5 295 420		5 295 420
UNBILLED		-		5,285,430 177,659		5,285,430 177,659
TAXES		22,794,805		177,039		22,794,805
INTERGOVERNMENTAL		2,258,989		_		2,258,989
OTHER		781,732		-		781,732
ADVANCE BILLING ON DEPOSIT WITH POWER SUPPLIER		-		564,576		564,576
INVENTORY		71,115		2,697,328		2,768,443
NET PENSION ASSET		352,784		-		352,784
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		2,599,195		7,907,218		10,506,413
RESTRICTED IMPACT FEES RECEIVABLE		-		12,898		12,898
NON-DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS		142,195,030		85,214,117		227,409,147
DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		164,086,402		228,570,000		392,656,402
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	353,761,177	\$	364,213,442	\$	717,974,619
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
ADVANCE FUNDING OF UAMPS PROJECT	\$	-	\$	6,827,089	\$	6,827,089
LOSS ON REFUNDING DEFERRED OUTFLOWS RELATED TO PENSIONS		4 602 761		30,609 1,301,661		30,609
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	•	4,692,761 4,692,761	-	8,159,359	•	5,994,422
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	4,092,761	\$	8,139,339	\$	12,852,120
LIABILITIES						
INTERFUND BALANCES	\$	905,807	\$	(905,807)	\$	-
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		975,991		4,946,509		5,922,500
LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS						
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		944,670		7,372,465		8,317,135
ACCRUED INTEREST		125,954				125,954
WAGES PAYABLE		535,093		152,865		687,958
ACCRUED LIABILITIES		2,460,206		- 06 271		2,460,206
ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE CUSTOMER DEPOSITS		1,835,395		96,271 50,680		1,931,666 50,680
UNEARNED REVENUE		1,685,267		80,000		1,765,267
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,005,207		00,000		1,703,207
DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		2,039,303		1,807,819		3,847,122
DUE IN MORE THAN ONE YEAR:						
COMPENSATED ABSENCES		1,441,133		436,652		1,877,785
NET PENSION LIABILITY		4,749,654		1,317,441		6,067,095
LANDFILL POSTCLOSURE COSTS		250,917		-		250,917
TAX INCREMENT NOTE PAYABLE TO DEVELOPER		99,046,278		-		99,046,278
OTHER NOTES PAYABLE		838,824		1,222,606		2,061,430
BONDS PAYABLE		17,388,588		19,549,467		36,938,055
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	135,223,080	\$	36,126,968	\$	171,350,048
DECEMBED INCLOWS OF DESCRIBERS						
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES PROPERTY TAXES	\$	20,195,181	\$	_	\$	20,195,181
DEFERRED INFLOWS RELATED TO PENSIONS	Ф	3,809,226	3	1,056,589	Ф	4,865,815
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	24,004,407	\$	1,056,589	\$	25,060,996
	Ψ	= 1,00 1,107		1,000,000	Ψ	,,,,,,,
NET POSITION						
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS	\$	288,966,135	\$	299,404,845	\$	588,370,980
RESTRICTED FOR		60.005		545 551		616 600
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS		69,038		547,651		616,689
DEBT SERVICE OTHER PURPOSES		73,235 207,090		-		73,235 207,090
UNRESTRICTED (DEFICIT)		(90,089,047)		35,236,748		(54,852,299)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	199,226,451	\$	335,189,244	\$	534,415,695
	-	,,		,,		,,

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

									REVENUE (EXPENSE ANGES IN NET POSIT	*	)				
			PROG	RAM REVENUE	S		PRIM ARY GOVERNMENT								
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	G	PERATING RANTS AND NTRIBUTIONS	GF	CAPITAL RANTS AND ITRIBUTIONS		ZERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL				
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:															
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES															
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	\$ 8,274,466	\$ 1,270,675	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(7,003,791)	s -	\$	(7,003,791				
PUBLIC SAFETY	13,656,195	1,510,422		416,015		_	•	(11,729,758)	· -	•	(11,729,758				
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	4,928,368	6,753,793		-		_		1,825,425	_		1,825,425				
STREETS AND HIGHWAYS	12,764,811	0,755,775		2,229,760		22,737,620		12,202,569			12,202,569				
PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE	10,486,576	3,989,072		41,263		901,206		(5,555,035)	-		(5,555,035				
CEMETERY	414,906			-		901,200			-						
		232,520	,	-		-		(182,386)	-		(182,386				
INTEREST ON LONG-TERM DEBT	4,906,081	12.77.6.400		2 607 020				(4,906,081)			(4,906,081				
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	55,431,403	13,756,482	<u> </u>	2,687,038		23,638,826		(15,349,057)	-		(15,349,057				
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES															
CULINARY WATER	4,807,400	5,671,068	3	-		2,435,525		-	3,299,193		3,299,193				
SEWER	9,865,657	8,560,318	;	-		4,485,233		-	3,179,894		3,179,894				
PRESSURIZED IRRIGATION	3,637,826	3,002,057	,	-		6,651,018		-	6,015,249		6,015,249				
ELECTRIC	30,707,792	33,458,042	2	-		6,863,662		-	9,613,912		9,613,912				
DRAINAGE	2,228,474	1,162,357	,	-		4,906,531		-	3,840,414		3,840,414				
GARBAGE	2,448,938	2,412,652		_		_		_	(36,286)		(36,286				
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	53,696,087	54,266,494	_			25,341,969			25,912,376		25,912,376				
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 109,127,490	\$ 68,022,976		2,687,038	\$	48,980,795		(15,349,057)	25,912,376		10,563,319				
		GENERAL REVEN	JUES:												
		PROPERTY TAXI						21,124,631	-		21,124,631				
		SALES TAXES						12,222,987	-		12,222,987				
		FRANCHISE TAX	ES					5,287,987	_		5,287,987				
		IMPACT FEES						4,424,709	9,950,739		14,375,448				
		INVESTMENT EA	RNING	S				337,123	560,760		897,883				
		GAIN ON DISPOS			S			256,152	29,501		285,653				
		OTHER						924,150	505,851		1,430,001				
		TOTAL GENERA	L REVE	NUES				44,577,739	11,046,851		55,624,590				
		TRANSFERS								_	-				
		TOTAL GENERA			NSFEF	RS		44,577,739	11,046,851		55,624,590				
		CHANGE IN NET	POSITI	ON				29,228,682	36,959,227		66,187,909				
		NET POSITION A	Γ BEGIN	NNING OF YEAR	1			169,997,769	298,230,017		468,227,786				
		NET POSITION A	Γ END C	OF YEAR			\$	199,226,451	\$ 335,189,244	\$	534,415,695				

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		CENED AL	REDE	SPECIAL REVENUE EVELOPMENT		CAPITAL	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL
ASSETS	- (	GENERAL		AGENCY	P	ROJECTS		FUNDS
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS RECEIVABLES	\$	11,481,417	\$	1,060,904	\$	3,616,673	\$	16,158,994
TAXES		10,963,438		11,831,367		-		22,794,805
INTERGOVERNMENTAL		408,391		-		1,850,598		2,258,989
OTHER		490,694		289,412		-		780,106
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH								
EQUIVALENTS		553,394		_		2,045,801		2,599,195
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	23,897,334	\$	13,181,683	\$	7,513,072	\$	44,592,089
LIABILITIES								
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$	553,813	\$	-	\$	35,018	\$	588,831
LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM								
RESTRICTED ASSETS		95,387		-		1,027,949		1,123,336
WAGES PAYABLE		503,827		-		-		503,827
ACCRUED LIABILITIES		2,460,206		-		-		2,460,206
UNEARNED REVENUES		-				1,685,267		1,685,267
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,613,233		-		2,748,234		6,361,467
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
TAXES		8,363,814		11,831,367		-		20,195,181
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES		8,363,814		11,831,367		-		20,195,181
FUND BALANCES								
RESTRICTED		458,007		-		1,017,852		1,475,859
COMMITTED		552,705		-		-		552,705
ASSIGNED		22,295		1,350,316		3,746,986		5,119,597
UNASSIGNED		10,887,280		<del>-</del>		<u>-</u>		10,887,280
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		11,920,287		1,350,316		4,764,838		18,035,441
OTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	23,897,334	\$	13,181,683	\$	7,513,072	\$	44,592,089

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2018

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 18,035,441
AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL	
ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET	
POSITION ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:	
CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN GOVERNMENTAL	
ACTIVITIES ARE NOT FINANCIAL RESOURCES	
AND THEREFORE ARE NOT REPORTED IN	
THE FUNDS	306,281,432
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, INCLUDING BONDS	
PAYABLE, ARE NOT DUE AND PAYABLE IN	
THE CURRENT PERIOD AND THEREFORE	
ARE NOT REPORTED IN THE FUNDS	(125,754,697)
INTEREST PAYABLE ON LONG-TERM FINANCIAL	
RESOURCES IS NOT REPORTED IN THE	
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	(1,961,349)
THE CURRENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE	
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS ARE INCLUDED	
IN THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	2,295,112
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS RELATED TO	
PENSIONS AND THE NET PENSION ASSET	
WILL NEITHER REQUIRE THE USE OF NOR	
PROVIDE CURRENT PERIOD FINANCIAL RESOURCES	
AND THEREFORE ARE NOT REPORTED	
IN THE FUNDS	1,236,319
SOME OF THE INTERNAL SERVICE NET INCOME IS	
ALLOCABLE TO BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES.	
THESE AMOUNTS ARE SHOWN IN THE INTERNAL	
BALANCES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	(905,807)

\$ 199,226,451

NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		GENERA L	REI	SPECIAL REVENUE DEVELOPMENT AGENCY	CAPITAL PROJECTS	GOVE	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES							
TAXES	\$	25,958,232	\$	12,207,123	\$ 470,250	\$	38,635,605
LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS		3,575,367		-	4,424,709		8,000,076
INTERGOVERNMENTAL		2,717,917		-	3,535,658		6,253,575
CHARGES FOR SERVICES		8,636,679		-	-		8,636,679
FINES AND FORFEITURES		799,079		-	-		799,079
MISCELLANEOUS		1,508,819		110,000	200,000		1,818,819
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS		163,562		12,580	124,516		300,658
TOTAL REVENUE	<u> </u>	43,359,655		12,329,703	8,755,133		64,444,491
EXPENDITURES CURRENT							
GENERAL GOVERNMENT		6,856,047		-	-		6,856,047
PUBLIC SAFETY		12,622,099		-	-		12,622,099
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		2,780,062		2,341,140	-		5,121,202
STREETS AND HIGHWAYS		3,372,051		-	-		3,372,051
PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE		9,675,126		-	-		9,675,126
CEMETERY		390,147		-	-		390,147
OTHER		´-		-	63,900		63,900
CAPITAL OUTLAY		_		_	9,962,532		9,962,532
DEBT SERVICE					- / /		- , ,
PRINCIPAL		700,000		4,031,349	2,952,618		7,683,967
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES		120,060		4,215,886	554,820		4,890,766
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	S	36,515,592		10,588,375	13,533,870		60,637,837
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER		_					
EXPENDITURES		6,844,063		1,741,328	(4,778,737)		3,806,654
				7. /	( ),/		-,,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
TRANSFERS IN		1,414,754		-	2,684,015		4,098,769
TRANSFERS OUT		(2,684,015)		(1,414,754)	-		(4,098,769)
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS		51,932		-	-		51,932
ISSUANCE OF NOTES AND BONDS		-		-	5,768,588		5,768,588
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(1,217,329)		(1,414,754)	8,452,603		5,820,520
NET CHANCE DIFFINE DAY ANGE		5.606.500		226.551	 2 (72 0 (		0.625.151
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		5,626,734		326,574	3,673,866		9,627,174
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	6,293,553		1,023,742	 1,090,972		8,408,267
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	11,920,287	\$	1,350,316	\$ 4,764,838	\$	18,035,441

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 9,627,174
_ _	AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:	
, ; ; ) )	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REPORT CAPITAL OUTLAYS AS EXPENDITURES WHILE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES REPORT DEPRECIATION EXPENSE TO ALLOCATE THOSE EXPENDITURES OVER THE LIFE OF THE ASSETS CAPITAL ASSET PURCHASES CAPITALIZED DEPRECIATION EXPENSE	10,579,310 (13,138,084)
·- ·	SOME EXPENSES REPORTED IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, SUCH AS COMPENSATED ABSENCES, ACCRUED INTEREST, LANDFILL POST-CLOSURE COSTS DO NOT REQUIRE THE USE OF CURRENT FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND THEREFORE ARE NOT REPORTED AS EXPENDITURES IN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	(522,126)
)	REPAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL IS AN EXPENDITURE IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, BUT THE REPAYMENT REDUCES LONG-TERM LIABILITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	7,683,967
<u> </u>	THE NET REVENUE OF INTERNAL SERVICES FUNDS IS ALLOCATED BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES. INTERNAL SERVICE FUND NET INCOME LESS AMOUNT ALLOCATED TO BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	(249,427) 129,434
)	PROCEEDS FROM DEBT ISSUES ARE AN OTHER FINANCING SOURCE IN THE FUNDS, BUT A DEBT ISSUE INCREASES LONG-TERM LIABILITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	(5,768,588)
! !	DEVELOPER CONTRIBUTIONS OF INFRASTRUCTURE NOT RECORDED IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	 20,887,022
<u> </u>	CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 29,228,682

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		GENER	AL FUND		REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY									
	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE	BUDGETED	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE						
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)						
REVENUES														
TAXES	\$ 24,440,000	\$ 24,440,000	\$ 25,958,232	\$ 1,518,232	\$ 13,830,000	\$ 13,830,000	\$ 12,207,123	\$ (1,622,877)						
LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS	2,615,000	2,615,000	3,575,367	960,367	-	-	-	-						
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE	1,998,000	1,998,000	2,717,917	719,917	-	-	-	-						
CHARGES FOR SERVICE	6,970,935	7,067,935	8,636,679	1,568,744	-	-	-	-						
FINES AND FORFEITURES	657,500	657,500	799,079	141,579	-	-	-	-						
MISCELLA NEOUS REVENUE	1,229,000	1,229,000	1,508,819	279,819	-	-	110,000	110,000						
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	69,500	69,500	163,562	94,062	7,500	7,500	12,580	5,080						
TOTAL REVENUES	37,979,935	38,076,935	43,359,655	5,282,720	13,837,500	13,837,500	12,329,703	(1,507,797)						
EXPENDITURES														
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	8,287,060	8,272,060	6,856,047	1,416,013	-	_	_	_						
PUBLIC SAFETY	13,800,547	13,800,547	12,622,099	1,178,448	-	_	_	_						
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	2,820,051	2,820,051	2,780,062	39,989	12,181,400	12,181,400	2,341,140	9,840,260						
STREETS AND HIGHWAYS	3,431,930	3,446,330	3,372,051	74,279	-	-	-	-						
PARKS, RECREATIONS AND CULTURE	9,532,268	10,283,836	9,675,126	608,710	-	_	_	_						
CEMETERY	463,589	463,589	390,147	73,442	-	_	_	_						
DEBT SERVICE	820,832	820,832	820,060	772	9,465,228	9,465,228	8,247,235	1,217,993						
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	39,156,277	39,907,245	36,515,592	3,391,653	21,646,628	21,646,628	10,588,375	11,058,253						
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES														
OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,176,342)	(1,830,310)	6,844,063	8,674,373	(7,809,128)	(7,809,128)	1,741,328	9,550,456						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)														
ISSUANCE OF NOTES	-	-	-	-	9,000,000	9,000,000	-	(9,000,000)						
TRANSFERS IN	1,500,000	1,907,000	1,414,754	(492,246)	-	-	-	-						
TRANSFERS OUT	(2,684,015)	(2,684,015)	(2,684,015)	-	(1,798,372)	(1,798,372)	(1,414,754)	383,618						
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	10,000	10,000	51,932	41,932										
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,174,015)	(767,015)	(1,217,329)	(450,314)	7,201,628	7,201,628	(1,414,754)	(8,616,382)						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,350,357)	(2,597,325)	5,626,734	8,224,059	(607,500)	(607,500)	326,574	934,074						
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,293,553	6,293,553	6,293,553		1,023,742	1,023,742	1,023,742							
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 3,943,196	\$ 3,696,228	\$ 11,920,287	\$ 8,224,059	\$ 416,242	\$ 416,242	\$ 1,350,316	\$ 934,074						

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES													GO	VERNMENTAL
	(	CULINARY WATER		SEWER		ESSURIZED		ELECTRIC	I	DRAINAGE	EN'	ONMAJOR TERPRISE FUND ARBAGE)		TOTAL BUSINESS- TYPE FUNDS		ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
ASSETS																
CURRENT ASSETS																
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	1,988,722		3,573,817	\$	902,287	\$	8,001,398	\$	1,327,094	\$	348,441	\$	16,141,759	\$	2,462,131
INVESTMENTS, CURRENT PORTION		588,879		606,816		154,475		1,499,898		254,909		-		3,104,977		-
RECEIVABLE (NET):																
ACCOUNTS		625,838		808,668		215,338		3,274,459		111,688		249,439		5,285,430		1,626
UNBILLED		18,974		25,620		10,567		108,715		2,399		11,384		177,659		-
REFUND DUE FROM DEPOSIT																
WITH POWER SUPPLIER		-		-		-		564,576		-		-		564,576		-
INVENTORY		106,363		7,004		30,402		2,550,970		2,589		-		2,697,328		71,115
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	_	3,328,776		5,021,925		1,313,069		16,000,016		1,698,679		609,264		27,971,729		2,534,872
NON-CURRENT ASSETS																
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		-		58,342		-		7,848,661		215		-		7,907,218		-
INVESTMENTS, LONG TERM PORTION		2,757,127		2,841,108		723,250		7,022,512		1,193,483		-		14,537,480		-
RESTRICTED IM PACT FEE RECEIVABLE		12,898		-		-		-		-		-		12,898		-
NONDEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS		26,260,384		78,775		30,171,159		28,282,012		421,787		-		85,214,117		-
DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		37,410,855		45,097,562		46,102,448		56,571,182		43,387,953		-		228,570,000		3,084,096
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	_	66,441,264		48,075,787		76,996,857		99,724,367		45,003,438		-		336,241,713		3,084,096
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	69,770,040	\$	53,097,712	\$	78,309,926	\$	115,724,383	\$	46,702,117	\$	609,264	\$	364,213,442	\$	5,618,968
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES																
ADVANCE FUNDING OF UAMPS PROJECT	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	6,827,089	\$	_	\$	_	\$	6,827,089	\$	_
LOSS ON REFUNDING	φ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	30,609	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	30,609	Ψ	-
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS RELATED TO PENSIONS		223,524		149,227		83,362		752,676		92,872		_		1,301,661		212,752
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	-	- /		-, -,		/		,		- ,-,-				<i>y y</i>		
OF RESOURCES	\$	223,524	\$	149,227	\$	83,362	\$	7,610,374	\$	92,872	\$	-	\$	8,159,359	\$	212,752
			_		_		_		_		_		_		_	

CONTINUED

LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CONTINUED PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES												GC	VERNMENTAL	
	(	CULINARY				ESSURIZED					EN'	ONMAJOR FERPRISE FUND				ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE
LIABILITIES	_	WATER		SEWER	IR	RIGATION		ELECTRIC	D	RAINAGE	(G.	ARBAGE)		TOTALS		FUNDS
CURRENT LIABILITIES																
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$	1,222,724	\$	829,565	\$	57,309	\$	2,449,610	\$	159,325	\$	227,976	\$	4,946,509	\$	208,494
WAGES PAYABLE		24,053		18,800		7,712		90,940		11,360		-		152,865		31,266
ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE		15,144		-		15,144		64,120		1,863		-		96,271		-
PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS:																-
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		11,508		980		-		7,359,977		-		-		7,372,465		-
CUSTOMER DEPOSITS		41,850		-		-		8,830		-		-		50,680		-
UNEARNED REVENUES		-		-		-		-		80,000				80,000		-
CURRENT PORTION COMPENSATED ABSENCES CURRENT MATURITIES OF LONG-TERM		60,937		38,058		14,905		191,793		18,096		-		323,789		44,442
OBLIGATIONS		34,515		-		34,515		1,250,000		165,000		-		1,484,030		-
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	1,410,731		887,403		129,585		11,415,270		435,644		227,976		14,506,609		284,202
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES																
COMPENSATED ABSENCES		111,359		29,997		14,888		252,488		27,920		_		436,652		53,754
NET PENSION LIABILITY		226,234		151,036		84,372		761,801		93,998		_		1,317,441		215,331
NOTES PAYABLE		611,303		-		611,303		-		-		_		1,222,606		-
BONDS PAYABLE, LESS CURRENT MATURITIES		-		-		-		18,419,467		1,130,000		-		19,549,467		-
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	948,896		181,033		710,563		19,433,756		1,251,918		-		22,526,166		269,085
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	2,359,627	\$	1,068,436	\$	840,148	\$	30,849,026	\$	1,687,562	\$	227,976	\$	37,032,775	\$	553,287
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																
DEFERRED INFLOWS RELATED TO PENSIONS	\$	181,440	\$	121,131	\$	67,667	\$	610,965	\$	75,386	\$	-	\$	1,056,589	\$	172,695
DEFERRED IN EOWS RELATED TO TENSIONS																
NET POSITION  NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS  RESTRICTED FOR	\$	63,025,421	\$	45,176,337	\$	75,627,789	\$	73,060,558	\$	42,514,740	\$	-	\$	299,404,845	\$	3,084,096
NET POSITION  NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS	\$	63,025,421 1,390	\$	45,176,337 57,362	\$	75,627,789	\$	73,060,558 488,684	\$	42,514,740	\$	-	\$	299,404,845 547,651	\$	3,084,096
NET POSITION  NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS  RESTRICTED FOR	\$		\$		\$	75,627,789 - 1,857,684	\$		\$	, ,	\$	- - 381,288	\$		\$	3,084,096 - 2,021,642

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

			BUS	INESS-TYPE ACTIVIT	ΓIES			GOVERNMENTAL
	CULINARY WATER	SEWER	PRESSURIZED IRRIGATION	ELECTRIC	DRAINAGE	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND (GARBAGE)	TOTALS	ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
	WILLER	BEWER	nadomion	ELLETINE	Diemwice	(G/HE//GE)	TOTALS	TONDS
OPERATING REVENUES (PLEDGED AS SECURITY								
FOR REVENUE BONDS)	\$ 5,147,281	0.5(0.210	e 2.5(2.20(	¢ 22.060.022	0 1162257	e 2.412.652	e 52.014.726	¢ 4.041.042
CHARGES FOR SERVICES	\$ 5,147,281 523,787	\$ 8,560,318	\$ 2,562,296 439,761	\$ 33,069,822 388,220	\$ 1,162,357		\$ 52,914,726 1,351,768	\$ 4,041,042
HOOK-UP AND SERVICING FEES MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES	178,455	73,407	5,315	234,244	-	14 420	505,851	-
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	5,849,523	8,633,725	3,007,372	33,692,286	1,162,357	2,427,082	54,772,345	4,041,042
	3,049,323	6,033,723	3,007,372	33,092,200	1,102,337	2,427,002	34,772,343	4,041,042
OPERATING EXPENSES								
PERSONNEL	982,557	836,096	283,797	2,363,715	428,804	-	4,894,969	1,099,511
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION	124,105	121,337	40,204	766,601	34,859	14,845	1,101,951	-
OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE	1,879,791	7,014,137	1,613,177	23,774,795	223,755	2,434,093	36,939,748	2,508,401
INTERFUND CHARGES	209,340	181,000	75,000	778,385	47,000	-	1,290,725	-
DEPRECIATION	1,557,239	1,709,861	1,594,781	2,545,045	1,434,520	-	8,841,446	773,930
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	4,753,032	9,862,431	3,606,959	30,228,541	2,168,938	2,448,938	53,068,839	4,381,842
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	1,096,491	(1,228,706)	(599,587)	3,463,745	(1,006,581)	(21,856)	1,703,506	(340,800)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
IMPACT FEE REVENUE (PLEDGED AS SECURITY								
FOR REVENUE BONDS)	2,643,651	729,150	1,403,509	4,671,076	503,353	_	9,950,739	_
DEVELOPER FEES	7,294,687		-,,-	-	-	_	7,294,687	_
WATER ACCESS RIGHTS	(7,294,687)	_	-	_	_	_	(7,294,687)	_
INTEREST INCOME	99,185	94,178	26,206	290,428	45,861	4,902	560,760	85,925
INTEREST EXPENSE	(54,368)	(3,226)	(30,867)	(349,817)	(59,536)	-	(497,814)	-
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	1,228
GAIN ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	-	-	-	29,501	-	-	29,501	4,220
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	2,688,468	820,102	1,398,848	4,641,188	489,678	4,902	10,043,186	91,373
INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND								
TRANSFERS	3,784,959	(408,604)	799,261	8,104,933	(516,903)	(16,954)	11,746,692	(249,427)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	2,435,525	4,485,233	6,651,018	6,863,662	4,906,531		25,341,969	<u> </u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	6,220,484	4,076,629	7,450,279	14,968,595	4,389,628	(16,954)	37,088,661	(249,427)
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR,	61,232,013	47,980,743	70,035,194	76,906,171	40,642,413	398,242		5,355,165
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 67,452,497	\$ 52,057,372	\$ 77,485,473	\$ 91,874,766	\$ 45,032,041	\$ 381,288		\$ 5,105,738
	ON OF INTERNAL SERVI							

ADJUSTMENT TO REFLECT THE CONSOLIDATION OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUND ACTIVITIES RELATED TO ENTERPRISE FUNDS CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES (page 33)

(129,434) 36,959,227

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

· <del>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </del>			GOVERNMENTAL					
	CULINARY WATER	SEWER	PRESSURIZED IRRIGATION	ELECTRIC	DRAINAGE	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND (GARBAGE)	TOTALS	ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							*****	
CASH RECEIVED FROM CUSTOMERS  CASH RECEIVED FROM INTERFUND SERVICES PROVIDED	\$ 5,575,580	\$ 8,622,059	\$ 2,991,861	\$ 33,414,966	\$ 1,158,674	\$ 2,397,416	\$ 54,160,556	\$ - 4,039,416
CASH PAID TO SUPPLIERS	(2,518,252)	(7,198,925)	(1,829,848)	(19,709,748)	(539,836)	(2,442,301)	(34,238,910)	(1,851,693)
CASH PAID TO SOFFLIERS  CASH PAID TO EMPLOYEES	(1,065,381)	(7,198,923)	(312,387)	(2,604,895)	(423,176)	(2,442,301)	(5,159,948)	(1,914,695)
CASH PAID FOR INTERFUND SERVICES	(209,340)	(181,000)	(75,000)	(778,385)	(423,170)	-	(1,290,725)	(1,914,093)
OTHER RECEIPTS	178,455	73,407	5,315	234,244	(47,000)	14,430	505,851	-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)								
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,961,062	561,432	779,941	10,556,182	148,662	(30,455)	13,976,824	273,028
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
OTHER RECEIPTS (PAYMENTS)								1,228
NET CASH USED IN NON-CAPITAL								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(3,226)		-			(3,226)	1,228
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED								
FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF								
CAPITAL ASSETS	(697,043)	(165,784)	(1,695,270)	(26,369,260)	(868,888)	-	(29,796,245)	(734,482)
ADVANCE FUNDING OF UAMPS PROJECT	-	-	-	702,091	-	-	702,091	-
UNEARNED REVENUE COLLECTED	-	-	-	-	80,000	-	80,000	-
PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	-	-	-	29,501	-	-	29,501	11,466
CONTRIBUTIONS FROM DEVELOPERS	-	-	-	5,152,472	117,564	-	5,270,036	-
PRINCIPAL PAID ON BONDS	(75,154)	-	-	(760,000)	(160,000)	-	(995,154)	-
INTEREST PAID	(39,224)	-	(15,723)	(310,151)	(58,620)	-	(423,718)	-
PRINCIPAL PAID ON NOTES PAYABLE	(19,172)	-	(94,326)	-	-	-	(113,498)	-
IMPACT FEES COLLECTED	2,635,275	730,870	1,416,447	4,772,669	509,002		10,064,263	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) CAPITAL AND								
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	1,804,682	565,086	(388,872)	1,378,236	(380,942)		2,978,190	(723,016)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
PURCHASE OF INVESTMENTS	(3,346,006)	(3,447,924)	(877,725)	(8,522,410)	(1,448,392)			-
INTEREST INCOME COLLECTED	99,185	94,178	26,206	290,428	45,861	4,902	560,760	85,925
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)								
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(3,246,821)	(3,353,746)	(851,519)	(8,231,982)	(1,402,531)	4,902	560,760	85,925

LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES													GOVERNMENTAL		
	CULINARY WATER			SEWER		ESSURIZED RIGATION		ELECTRIC	D	PRAINAGE	EN	ONMAJOR TERPRISE FUND ARBAGE)		TOTALS		ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH																
EQUIVALENTS		518,923		(2,230,454)		(460,450)		3,702,436		(1,634,811)		(25,553)		(129,909)		(362,835)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,469,799		5,862,613		1,362,737		12,147,623		2,962,120		373,994		24,178,886		2,824,966
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$	1,988,722	\$	3,632,159	\$	902,287	\$	15,850,059	\$	1,327,309	\$	348,441	\$	24,048,977	\$	2,462,131
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR																
CONSISTS OF:																
UNRESTRICTED CASH	\$	1,988,722	\$	3,573,817	\$	902,287	\$	8,001,398	\$	1,327,094	\$	348,441	\$	16,141,759	\$	2,462,131
RESTRICTED CASH		-		58,342		-		7,848,661		215		-		7,907,218		-
	\$	1,988,722	\$	3,632,159	\$	902,287	\$	15,850,059	\$	1,327,309	\$	348,441	\$	24,048,977	\$	2,462,131
NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES																
CONTRIBUTIONS OF CAPITAL ASSETS FROM																
DEVELOPERS	\$	2,435,525	\$	4,485,233	\$	6,651,018	\$	1,711,190	\$	4,788,967	\$	-	\$	20,071,933	\$	-
RECONCILIATION OF ORED ATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET																
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET																
CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	s	1 007 401	s	(1.229.700)	e	(599,587)	e	2 462 745	s	(1.00(.591)	e	(21.950)	6	1 702 506	e	(240,900)
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME	э	1,096,491	э	(1,228,706)	Ф	(399,387)	Э	3,463,745	э	(1,006,581)	Э	(21,856)	Þ	1,703,506	Ф	(340,800)
(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY																
OPERATING ACTIVITIES																
DEPRECIATION		1,557,239		1,709,861		1,594,781		2,545,045		1,434,520		_		8,841,446		773,930
CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES		1,337,239		1,709,801		1,594,761		2,343,043		1,434,320		-		0,041,440		773,930
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		(115,678)		61,763		(8,343)		(24,384)		(2,827)		(12,857)		(102,326)		(1,626)
ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE AMOUNTS		(2,860)		(22)		(1,853)		(16,617)		(856)		(2,379)		(24,587)		(1,020)
ADVANCE BILLING ON DEPOSIT		(2,000)		(22)		(1,055)		(10,017)		(050)		(2,377)		(21,507)		
WITH POWER SUPPLIER		_		_		_		(296,680)		-		_		(296,680)		_
INVENTORY		(17,137)		1,547		3,584		(158,498)		(1,851)		_		(172,355)		(26,638)
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		(497,219)		(64,998)		(180,051)		5,286,826		(279,371)		6,637		4,271,824		(23,606)
WAGES PAYABLE		2,846		903		1,758		8,988		313		-		14,808		4,098
COMPENSATED ABSENCES		532		37,881		57		26,200		7,598		_		72,268		(26,217)
CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND				,		3,		,		.,-20				,_ 00		(,217)
DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS																
RELATED TO PENSIONS		(86,202)		43,203		(30,405)		(276,368)		(2,283)		-		(352,055)		(86,113)
CUSTOMER DEPOSITS		23,050		-		-		(2,075)		-		-		20,975		=
	\$	1,961,062	\$	561,432	\$	779,941	\$	10,556,182	\$	148,662	\$	(30,455)	\$	13,976,824	\$	273,028

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Lehi City Corporation (the City) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Utah in 1852 and operates under an elected Mayor-Council form of government. The City's major operations include police and fire protection, parks, library and recreation, public works, community development and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates culinary water, pressurized irrigation, sewer, drainage, and power systems.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

## **Reporting Entity**

These financial statements present the City (primary government) and its component units, organizations that are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City. Blended component units, although legal separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City. Entities that were evaluated by the City for presentation in the City's financial statements consist of the following:

The Lehi City Redevelopment Agency - The Lehi City Redevelopment Agency (RDA) serves all the citizens of the City and is governed by a board comprised of the City Council. Additionally, City staff manage the activities of the RDA in essentially the same manner as it manages the activities of the City. In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the RDA have been included in the financial reporting entity as a special revenue fund. Separate financial statements are not issued for the RDA.

The Fox Hollow Golf Course – The Fox Hollow Golf Course was established in 1973 by American Fork City, Pleasant Grove City, and Lehi City. The Golf Course has its own board with one member of each city council serving on that board. The joint venture does not meet the criteria for inclusion in the City's financial report as a component unit because the City does not exercise administrative control and the effect of the City's investment in the joint venture is immaterial.

## NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## **Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Statements**

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The City's police and fire protection, parks, library and recreation, streets, community development and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The City's culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, drainage, and garbage services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions and business-type activities (public safety, community development, streets, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, sales and franchise taxes, impact fees, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales and franchise taxes, etc.)

The City does not allocate indirect expenses.

The effect of interfund activity has generally been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Certain eliminations have been made in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The government-wide statements focus more on the sustainability of the City in its entirety and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## **Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements**

The financial transactions of the City are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. The following fund types are used by the City:

#### Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund financial statements) is upon the determination of sources, uses and balances of financial resources, rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the City:

- **General fund** is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounting for in another fund.
- **Special revenue funds** are used to account for the property taxes levied on properties within each RDA or EDA project area.
- Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type proprietary funds). The City has only one capital projects fund and it is used to account for major road, sidewalk, parks and land improvements.

The City has three major governmental funds – the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, and the Special Revenue Redevelopment Agency Fund which is used to account for revenues generated by development projects overseen by the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lehi.

## Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon the determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The City's proprietary funds consist of:

• Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity is (a) financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

The City's major enterprise funds are the Culinary Water Fund, the Sewer Fund, the Pressurized Irrigation Fund, the Electric Fund and the Drainage Fund.

The purpose of the Culinary Water Fund is to assure an adequate supply of potable water. It also maintains the culinary water distribution lines, wells and storage tanks, and culinary water facilities.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

- o The purpose of the Pressurized Irrigation Fund is to provide the citizens of the City with an adequate supply of clean irrigation water and adequate working water pressure for the City Fire Department.
- The Sewer Fund's mission is to ensure the proper and healthy collection and transmission of the City's sewage and to protect, maintain and expand the City's sewer system.
- O The purpose of the Electric Fund is to provide reliable electrical service to the City's customers at competitive rates. This includes the construction, operation and maintenance of the City's power distribution system including underground and overhead lines, meters, and substations.
- O The Drainage Fund is responsible for improving storm water conveyance throughout the City. This includes construction of new storm water conveyance and detention facilities to correct existing drainage problems in order to protect the City's citizens and their property from serious flooding.
- Internal service funds are used to account for the City's fleet maintenance, risk management, information technology, and property management services. The internal service fund activities have been combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds are provided with the combining data elsewhere in this report.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities category. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds.

## **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

## Accrual

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

## Modified Accrual

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## Cash and cash equivalents

The City has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agents and short-term investments with original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

## **Investments**

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain qualifying commercial paper, repurchase agreements and bankers' acceptances, and negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and the Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund. The Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. Investments for the City are reported at fair value determined on quoted market prices. Changes in the fair value of investments are recognized as a component of investment income.

## Restricted cash and cash equivalents

Certain restricted cash and cash equivalents are held by a fiscal agent for the redemption of bonded debt and for acquisition and construction of capital projects.

## **Inventories and prepaid items**

Inventories in the proprietary funds consist of materials used in the construction and repair of the transmission, distribution, collection, and treatment systems are valued at cost on a weighted average basis. Supplies inventories, consisting principally of office supplies, are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Transformers are valued at cost on a specific identification basis.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

## **Intangible Assets**

The City records donated intangible assets meeting the criteria outlined in GASB Statement No. 51 at fair value. The City records purchased intangible assets as capital assets. Water rights are the City's primary intangible asset.

## Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## Capital assets

Capital assets, which include buildings and structures, improvements (including distributions systems and infrastructure), machinery, equipment, vehicles and office furniture, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. All City infrastructure has been capitalized. Capital assets are defined as assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more. Capital assets are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on these assets is computed using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Years
Buildings and structures	10-50
Improvements, including distribution systems	
and other infrastructure	10-50
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	5-15
Office furniture and equipment	5-15

## **Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions**

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is reported on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is reported in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year which the taxes are collected because the property taxes are intended to fund activities in the year of collection and not the fiscal year in which they were levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, matching requirements and expenditure requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from a nonexchange transaction must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: intergovernmental revenue, sales and franchise taxes, charges for services, interest, and other fees.

Property taxes and special assessments are measurable and susceptible to accrual when they attach as an enforceable lien on the property. They become available when they are due. Amounts that are measurable but not available are recorded as deferred revenue. Property taxes become an enforceable lien on January 1 but are not due until November 30.

The City bills utility customers once monthly when the meters are read. The City is divided into two billing districts. Unbilled accounts receivable were \$177,659 at June 30, 2018. The accounts receivable are reported net of the allowance for doubtful accounts of \$384,425 at June 30, 2018.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## **Compensated Absences**

Accumulated unpaid vacation is accrued as incurred based on the years of service for each employee. Vacation is accumulated on a monthly basis and is fully vested when earned. Accumulated vacation cannot exceed 80 hours at the end of any calendar year and any vacation in excess of this amount is forfeited. At retirement, death, or termination, up to 240 hours unpaid accrued vacation is paid to the beneficiary. Proprietary funds expense all accrued vacation amounts when incurred. Governmental funds report an expenditure as the vacation is paid or at termination. The current portion is determined by the City to be the portion of vacation pay due employees who terminated prior to year-end.

Accumulated sick leave is earned at a rate of one day per month. Employees may accumulate unlimited sick leave. Upon retirement, employees may elect to be paid 25% of outstanding sick pay or may have 75% of outstanding sick pay deposited into a Retirement Health Savings Account in their name, which is administered by a third party. Proprietary funds expense 75% of sick pay when it is earned by the employee. Governmental funds report an expenditure when the sick pay is paid. The current portion is the accrued sick pay for employees of governmental funds who terminated prior to year end.

The noncurrent portion of these amounts (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

## **Interfund Activity**

Interfund activity is reported either as loans, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and, in the government-wide statement of activities, reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

## **Fund Equity**

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance. This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City had no nonspendable fund balance as of June 30, 2018.

Restricted fund balance. This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional or enabling legislation.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Committed fund balance. These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions of the city council – the City's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the city council removes the specified use by taking the same type of action used to impose the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance. This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, as established by the city council with the recommendation of the city administrator. It also includes all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed.

Unassigned fund balance. This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund.

When both restricted and non-restricted fund balances are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then non-restricted fund balance. Furthermore, committed fund balances are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those non-restricted fund balance classifications can be used.

## **Operating Revenues and Expenses**

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. Operating expenses are necessary costs that have been incurred in order to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund.

## **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Utah Retirement Systems Pension Plan (URS) and additions to/deductions from URS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by URS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## **Estimates and assumptions**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## **Budgets and budgetary control**

Annual budgets are prepared and adopted, in accordance with state law, by the Mayor and City Council on or before June 22 for the following fiscal year, beginning July 1. Estimated revenues and appropriations may be increased or decreased by resolution of the City Council at any time during the year. A public hearing must be held prior to any proposed increase in a fund's appropriations. Budgets include activities in several different funds, including the General Fund, Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund and Capital Projects Fund. The level of the City's budgetary control (that is, the level at which the City's expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amounts) is established by activity and purpose within an individual fund such as general government; public safety; community development; streets and highways; parks, recreation and culture; and cemetery within the governmental funds. Each department head is responsible to the Mayor and City Council for spending within the budget for their department. All annual budgets lapse at fiscal year end.

Utah State law prohibits the appropriation of unassigned General Fund balance until it exceeds 5% of the General Fund revenues. Until unassigned fund balance is greater than the above amount, it cannot be budgeted, but is used to provide working capital until tax revenue is received, to meet emergency expenditures, and to cover unanticipated deficits. When unassigned fund balance is greater than 25% of the next year's budgeted revenues, the excess must be appropriated within the following two years.

Once adopted, the budget can be amended by subsequent City Council action. The City Council can amend the budget to any extent, provided the budgeted expenditures do not exceed budgeted revenues and appropriated fund balance. A public hearing must be held to increase total appropriations of any governmental fund. With the consent of the Finance Director, department heads may reallocate unexpended appropriated balances from one expenditure account to another within that department during the budget year.

Budgetary information included in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual for the General Fund and the Redevelopment Agency are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Encumbrance accounting is not used by the City.

## NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's deposits and investments are governed by the Utah Money Management Act (*Utah Code*, Title 51, Chapter 7) and rules of the State of Utah Money Management Council.

## **Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits**

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be recovered. The Money Management Act requires deposits be in a qualified depository. The Act defines a qualified depository as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of federal government and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

The deposits in the bank in excess of the insured amount are uninsured and uncollateralized. Deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by state statute. At June 30, 2018 the book value of cash on deposit was \$2,088,003 and the bank balance was \$5,369,065 (\$4,959,936 of which was exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured and uncollateralized) with the difference being outstanding checks and deposits.

#### **Investments**

The Money Management Act defines the types of securities authorized as appropriate investments and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions may be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of investment securities. The Act authorizes investments in both negotiable and nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and permitted negotiable depositories; repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; commercial paper that is classified as "first tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investors Services or Standard & Poor's; bankers' acceptances; obligations of the United States Treasury including bills, notes, and bonds; obligations, other than mortgage derivative products, issued by U.S. government sponsored enterprises (U.S. Agencies) such as the Federal Home Loan Bank System, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac), Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), and Student Loan Marketing Association (Sallie Mae); bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness of political subdivisions of the State; fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate securities rate "A" or higher, or the equivalent of "A" or higher, by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; and shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund as defined in the Act and the Utah State Public Treasurer's Investment Fund. (See Note C for additional information about the Utah State Public Treasurer's Investment Fund).

## **Fair Value of Investments**

The City measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

• Level 1: Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the City has the ability to access. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these securities does not entail any significant degree of judgment. Securities classified as Level 1 inputs include U.S. Government securities and certain other U.S. Agency and sovereign government obligations.;

## NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

- Level 2: Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly. Securities classified as Level 2 include: corporate and municipal bonds, and "brokered" or securitized certificates of deposit; and,
- Level 3: Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

At June 30, 2018, the City had the following recurring fair value measurements:

		Fair Value Measurement Classification						
	Fair							
Investment Type	Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3				
Utah Public Treasurer's								
Investment Fund	\$ 42,991,581	\$ -	\$ 42,991,581	\$ -				
U.S. Agencies	5,703,914	5,703,914	-	-				
Corporate Debt Securities	11,377,474	-	11,377,474	-				
Commercial Paper	467,676	-	467,676	-				
Money Market Funds	283,106	283,106						
	\$ 60,823,751	\$ 5,987,020	\$ 54,836,731	\$ -				

## **Interest Rate Risk – Investments**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's policy for managing interest rate risk is to comply with the State's Money Management Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, fixed rate negotiable deposits, and fixed rate corporate obligations to 270-365 days or less. In addition, variable rate negotiable deposits and variable rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding two years.

## NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS-CONTINUED

The following table shows the maturities of the City's investments as of June 30, 2018:

		I	nvestment Matu	ırities (in yeaı	rs)	
	Fair	Less			More	
<u>Investment Type</u>	Value	Than 1	1-5	6-10	Than 10	
<b>Debt Securities</b>						
U.S. Agencies	\$ 5,703,914	\$ -	\$ 5,703,914	\$ -	\$ -	
Corporate Debt Securities	11,377,474	2,637,302	8,740,172	-	-	
Commercial Paper	467,676	467,676	-	-	-	
Money Market Funds	283,106	283,106				
	17,832,170	\$ 3,388,084	\$14,444,086	\$ -	\$ -	
Other Investments Utah Public Treasurer's	42.004.504					
Investment Fund	42,991,581					
	\$ 60,823,751					

## **Credit Risk of Debt Securities**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City follows the Money Management Act as previously discussed as its policy for reducing exposure to investment credit risk.

The quality ratings for the City's investments are presented below:

		Quality Ratings								
Investment Type	Fair Value	AAA	AA	A	A-	Unrated				
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	\$ 42,991,581	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$42,991,581				
U.S. Agencies	5,703,914	5,703,914	-	-	-	-				
Corporate Debt Securities	11,377,474	-	1,815,777	6,694,527	2,867,170	-				
Commercial Paper	467,676	-	-	467,676	-	-				
Money Market Funds	283,106 \$ 60,823,751	\$ 5,703,914	\$ 1.815.777	\$7,162,203	\$ 2,867,170	283,106 \$43,274,687				
	<del>+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + </del>	<del>+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + </del>	<u> </u>	ψ,,10 <b>2</b> ,200	<del>\$\pi\$ 2,007,170</del>	<del>\$ 12,27 1,007</del>				

#### NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS-CONTINUED

## **Custodial Credit Risk – Investments**

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counter party, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All investments other than bank deposits or funds invested in the PTIF are to be held by a third party with securities delivered on a delivery vs. purchase basis.

As of June 30, 2018, the City kept all investments either in the PTIF or with custodian counterparty Moreton Asset Management and all investments which were held by the counterparty's trust department or agent are registered in the City's name. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk.

## **Concentration of Credit Risk – Investments**

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of a loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

The City's policy for reducing this risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Money Management Council. Rule 17 of the Money Management Council limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to between 5 and 10 percent depending upon the total dollar amount held in the portfolio. The Money Management Council limitations do not apply to securities issued by the U.S. government and its agencies.

At June 30, 2018, the City did not have more than 5 percent of its investments in any single issuer other than the amounts invested with the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund. The Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund is not categorized as to concentration of credit risk.

## NOTE C – EXTERNAL INVESTMENT POOL

The City invests in the Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF) which is an external investment pool administered by Utah State Public Treasurer. State agencies, municipalities, counties, and local governments within the State of Utah are allowed to invest in the PTIF. There is no required participation and no minimum balance or minimum/maximum transaction requirements.

The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Money Management Act, Chapter 51-7, Utah Code Annotated, 1953, as amended. The Act establishes the Money Management Council which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF. The Act details the investments that are authorized which are high-grade securities and, therefore, there is very little credit risk except in the most unusual and unforeseen circumstances. Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah and participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments.

The PTIF allocates income and issues statements on a monthly basis. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The participants' balance is their investment deposited in the PTIF plus their share of income, gains and losses, net of administration fees, which are allocated to each participant on the ratio of each participant's share to the total funds in the PTIF.

## NOTE C – EXTERNAL INVESTMENT POOL – CONTINUED

Twice a year, at June 30 and December 31, the investments are valued at fair value to enable participants to adjust their investments in this pool at fair value. The Bank of New York and the State of Utah separately determine each security's fair value in accordance with GASB 31 (i.e. for almost all pool investments the quoted market price as of June 30, 2018) and then compare those values to come up with an agreed upon fair value of the securities.

As of June 30, 2018, the City had \$42,991,581 invested in the PTIF which had a fair value of \$43,154,431 for an unrealized gain of \$162,850. Due to the insignificance of this amount in relation to the funds affected by the unrealized gain, the fair value of investments in this external investment pool is deemed to be the amortized cost of the investment. The table below shows statistical information about the investment pool:

	Investment
Investment Type	Percentage
Corporate bonds and notes	87.57%
Certificates of deposit	0.64%
Money market accounts	0.66%
Commercial paper and	
other	11.13%
	100.00%

# NOTE D – RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The balance of the City's restricted cash and cash equivalents accounts are as follows:

	Primary Government							
		vernmental		siness-type				
	<i>P</i>	Activities	Activities			Total		
Reserves for future debt service	\$	199,189	\$	2,656	\$	201,845		
Unexpended bond proceeds		928,291		7,846,222		8,774,513		
Unexpended B & C Road funds		95,387		-		95,387		
Unexpended CDBG funds	69,038		-			69,038		
Funds restricted for landfill								
post-closure costs		294,930		-		294,930		
Fund restricted for library		163,077		-		163,077		
Unexpended impact fees	849,283		58,340			907,623		
	\$	2,599,195	\$	7,907,218	\$	10,506,413		

## NOTE E – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are presented on the governmental fund balance sheet in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement No. 54. The detail of the fund balance categories is presented below:

	Major Governmental Funds							
		Special						
		Revenue						
		Redevelopment	Capital					
	General	Agency	Projects	Total				
Restricted:								
Externally imposed by creditors								
Unexpended bond proceeds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 928,291	\$ 928,291				
Debt reserves	-	-	199,189	199,189				
Externally imposed by grantors	163,077		69,038	232,115				
Imposed by law or legislation								
C road funds	95,387	-	-	95,387				
Less liabilities payable								
from C road funds	(95,387)	-	-	(95,387)				
Landfill post-closure costs	294,930	-	-	294,930				
Impact fees	-	-	849,283	849,283				
Less liabilities payable	-	-	-	-				
from impact fees								
or bond proceeds			(1,027,949)	(1,027,949)				
Total restricted	458,007	-	1,017,852	1,475,859				
Committed:								
Library Fund	552,705			552,705				
Total committed	552,705	-	-	552,705				
Assigned:								
Hutchings Museum	22,295	-	-	22,295				
Redevelopment	-	1,350,316	-	1,350,316				
Capital Projects			3,746,986	3,746,986				
Total assigned	22,295	1,350,316	3,746,986	5,119,597				
Unassigned:	10,887,280			10,887,280				
Total fund balance	\$ 11,920,287	\$ 1,350,316	\$ 4,764,838	\$ 18,035,441				

# NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

	July 1, 2017		Increases		Decreases		June 30, 2018	
Governmental Activities:			 _				_	
Nondepreciable capital assets:								
Land	\$	127,719,888	\$ 10,059,708	\$	-	\$	137,779,596	
Construction in progress		6,008,312	 3,618,611		5,211,489		4,415,434	
Total nondepreciable capital assets	\$	133,728,200	\$ 13,678,319	\$	5,211,489	\$	142,195,030	
Depreciable capital assets:								
Buildings	\$	24,933,265	\$ 6,799,333	\$	-	\$	31,732,598	
Improvements, including								
infrastructure		226,430,548	15,361,996		_		241,792,544	
Machinery, equipment and								
vehicles		20,697,595	1,575,418		344,130		21,928,883	
Office furniture and equipment		1,659,251	-		-		1,659,251	
Total depreciable capital								
assets at historical cost		273,720,659	23,736,747		344,130		297,113,276	
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings		10,791,312	1,116,583		_		11,907,895	
Improvements, including		, ,	, ,				, ,	
infrastructure		93,852,064	11,336,971		_		105,189,035	
Machinery, equipment and		, ,	, ,				, ,	
vehicles		13,260,089	1,427,666		336,885		14,350,870	
Office furniture and equipment		1,545,516	33,558		-		1,579,074	
Total accumulated depreciation		119,448,981	 13,914,778		336,885		133,026,874	
Depreciable capital assets, net of		- , - ,	- )- ,					
accumulated depreciation	\$	154,271,678	\$ 9,821,969	\$	7,245	\$	164,086,402	
Depreciation was charged to functions as	follo	ws:						
Governmental activities:								
General government				\$	1,682,204			
Public safety					1,096,140			
Community development					85,187			
Streets and highways,								
including infrastructure					9,522,287			
Parks, recreation and culture					1,491,239			
Cemetery					37,721			
				\$	13,914,778			

# NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS – CONTINUED

		July 1, 2017	y 1, 2017 Increases		Decreases		Jı	ine 30, 2018
Business-type Activities								
Nondepreciable capital assets:								
Land	\$	3,146,725	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,146,725
Construction in progress		9,629,758		23,290,357		371,551		32,548,564
Intangibles		46,892,858		2,625,970				49,518,828
Total nondepreciable capital assets	\$	59,669,341	\$	25,916,327	\$	371,551	\$	85,214,117
Depreciable capital assets:								
Buildings	\$	3,152,841	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,152,841
Improvements, including	·	-, - ,-	,		•		,	- , - ,-
infrastructure		284,477,249		23,860,877		_		308,338,126
Machinery, equipment and		- , , .		- , ,				, ,
vehicles		6,269,492		502,525		117,229		6,654,788
Office furniture and equipment		207,160		-		-		207,160
Total depreciable capital		·						
assets at historical cost		294,106,742		24,363,402		117,229		318,352,915
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings		1,372,933		107,452		_		1,480,385
Improvements, including		1,5 / 2,555		107,102				1,100,505
infrastructure		75,283,023		8,376,144		_		83,659,167
Machinery, equipment and		, 0,200,020		0,5 7 0,1				00,000,107
vehicles		4,218,571		355,076		117,229		4,456,418
Office furniture and equipment		184,171		2,774		_		186,945
Total accumulated depreciation		81,058,698		8,841,446		117,229		89,782,915
Depreciable capital assets, net of		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					•	
accumulated depreciation	\$	213,048,044	\$	15,521,956	\$		\$	228,570,000
Depreciation was charged to functions as	follo	ows:						
Business-type activities:								
Culinary water					\$	1,557,239		
Sewer						1,709,861		
Electric						2,545,045		
Pressurized irrigation						1,594,781		
Drainage					_	1,434,520		
					\$	8,841,446		

## NOTE G – CUSTOMER DEPOSITS

Business-type activity deposits consist of 1) enterprise fund customer deposits the City requires from renters or businesses before they receive utility connections and 2) deposits from developers for the use of a water meter on a hydrant while a project is in process. The utility deposits are returnable when the residence is vacated by the renter, or the business has established a history of meeting its obligations to the City promptly. The developers are refunded their deposits upon completion of the project.

## NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following as of June 30, 2018:

## Governmental activities

Sovernmentai activities	
2018 Sales tax revenue and refunding bonds	
\$5,000,000 sales tax revenue and refunding term bonds due	
serially through June 1, 2038 with interest from	
4.00% to 5.25%, premium paid on issue of \$768,588	\$ 5,768,588
2014 Sales tax revenue and refunding bonds	
\$7,210,000 sales tax revenue and refunding term bonds due	
serially through June 1, 2024 with interest at 2.30%	4,520,000
solving an origin traile 1, 2021 with interest at 2.5070	1,520,000
2004 Subordinated sales tax revenue bonds	
\$9,000,000 sales tax revenue bonds with interest at 4.75%	
payable from 87.5% of the local sales and use tax and 100%	
of the transient room tax collected from the Cabela's Retail	
Store Project area, due in 2024	7,955,000
Tax increment note payable to developer	
Due in annual installments equal to 70% of the tax increment	
received by the RDA from the Alpine Highway Project,	
including interest at 6.5%	53,978,465
including interest at 0.370	33,970,403
Tax increment note payable to developer	
Due in annual installments equal to 97% of the tax increment	
received by the RDA from the West Timpanogos Community	
Development Project area	18,834,375
. J	

## NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

(	Gover	nme ntal	act	ivitie s	-	co	ntı	nue	d	
	-				1			1	4	

Tax increment note payable to developer

Noninterest bearing note payable to developer, payable in annual installments equal to 95% of the tax increment received by the RDA from the Thanksgiving Park Economic

Development Project area 1,393,276

## Tax increment note payable to developer

Noninterest bearing note payable to developer, payable in annual installments equal to 100% of the property tax increment received by the RDA from the Traverse Mountain Community Development Project area, as well as varying levels of the sales tax collected from business within the project area, over the ten year tax increment period

10,451,021

## Tax increment note payable to developer

Noninterest bearing note payable to developer, payable in annual installments equal to 93.33% of the tax increment received by the RDA from the Alpine Highway West Economic Development Project area

14,389,141

## Note payable to developer

Noninterest bearing note payable to developer, payable in annual installments equal to 25% of the sales and use taxes that are generated from sales on the site of the development

838,824

## Note payable for purchase of land

Noninterest bearing note payable to a partnership, payable in annual installments of \$300,000

300,000

NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED	
Compensated absences	2,325,436
Net pension liability	4,749,654
Landfill closure and postclosure care liability	250,917
Total Governmental activities long-term debt	\$ 125,754,697
Business-type activities  2018 Electric refunding and revenue bonds \$15,640,000 electric refunding bonds due serially through 2038 with interest rates ranging from 4% to 5%, premium paid on issue of \$2,469,467  2014 Electric refunding and revenue bonds \$4,560,000 electric refunding bonds due serially through 2020 with interest rates ranging from .8% to 2.2%  2010 Storm Drain revenue and refunding bonds	\$ 18,109,467 1,560,000
\$2,500,000 in drainage revenue and refunding bonds due serially through 2025 with interest rates at 3.51%	1,295,000
Note payable to Provo Reservoir Water Users Company payable in annual installments through 2035. Payments include interest at 4% and range from \$34,813 to \$33,439	405,516
Note payable to Provo River Water Users Association payable in annual installments through 2035. Approximately 81 percent of the total obligation bears interest at 4%. The balance of the obligation will mirror a line of credit issued by a bank to the Provo River Water Users Association. The line of credit will have a variable interest rate which is estimated to average 4.5%	886,120
Compensated absences	760,441
Net pension liability	1,317,441
Total Business-type activities long-term debt	\$ 24,333,985

## NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

The following is a summary of the changes in governmental-type activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Balance July 1, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2018	Current Amounts Due
	July 1, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Julie 30, 2018	Amounts Due
Governmental activities					
Bonds and notes payable					
2018 Sales tax revenue bonds	\$ -	\$ 5,000,000	\$ -	\$ 5,000,000	\$ 145,000
Unamortized premium	-	768,588	-	768,588	_
2014 Sales tax revenue and					
refunding bonds	5,220,000	_	700,000	4,520,000	710,000
2004 Subordinated sales					
tax revenue bonds	7,955,000	_	_	7,955,000	_
Tax increment notes payable					
to developers	103,077,627	-	4,031,349	99,046,278	_
Other notes payable	4,091,442	-	2,952,618	1,138,824	300,000
Total bonds and notes					
payable	120,344,069	5,768,588	7,683,967	118,428,690	1,155,000
Other liabilities:					
Compensated absences	2,204,751	1,046,446	925,761	2,325,436	884,303
Net pension liability	5,845,925	(1,096,271)	-	4,749,654	-
Landfill closure and post-					
closure care liability	250,917	-	-	250,917	_
	8,301,593	(49,825)	925,761	7,326,007	884,303
Governmental activities					
long-term debt	\$ 128,645,662	\$ 5,718,763	\$ 8,609,728	\$ 125,754,697	\$ 2,039,303

For the governmental activities, sales tax revenue bonds, the net pension liability and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund. Capital project funds provide debt service for the subordinated sales tax revenue bonds and the other notes payable. The debt service for the tax increments notes payable to developer is provided by the RDA.

#### NOTE H - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

As of June 30, 2018 annual debt service requirements of governmental activities to maturity are as follows:

C-1-- T---

	Sales Tax				
	Revenue Bonds				
Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest			
2019	\$ 855,000	\$ 347,272			
2020	880,000	323,692			
2021	905,000	299,268			
2022	935,000	274,132			
2023	960,000	248,038			
2024-2028	1,835,000	933,598			
2029-2033	1,360,000	628,262			
2034-2038	1,790,000	288,811			
	9,520,000	3,343,073			
Unamortized					
Premium	768,588	(768,588)			
	\$ 10,288,588	\$ 2,574,485			

The amortization of compensated absences, net pension liability, subordinated sales tax revenues bonds, and the tax increment notes payable to developer have not been included in the above schedules due to the uncertainty of the timing of the payments. However, annual payments in the amount of 70% of tax increment collections for the Alpine Highway Economic Development Area are required on the tax increment note payable to developer through the year 2028. The City is required, per the contract with the developer, to make annual payments, as specified above, until 2028. In no case would the City be required to pay more on the note than 70% of the tax increment collections from this area through 2028. If these collections are insufficient to fully repay the tax increment note payable, the remaining balance will not be paid to the developer.

Annual payments, in the amount of 87.5% of sales tax collections from the Cabela's store (an outdoor and sporting goods retailer located within the City) are required on the subordinated sales tax bonds. To date, collections have been sufficient to pay interest and some principal related to the subordinated sales tax bonds. Per the subordinated sales tax bond covenants, if the bonds have not been paid in full by their September 2024 maturity date, the remaining outstanding balance shall be forgiven by the owners of the bonds.

The amortization of the other notes payable consist of the following:

- \$300,000 note payable for the purchase of land will be repaid in one final installment in 2019 under the terms of a contract for the purchase of land.
- The amortization of the remaining note payable of \$838,824 is unknown due to the uncertainty of the timing of the payments.

# NOTE H - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

The following is a summary of the changes in business-type activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Balanc	e				Balance	(	Current	
	July 1, 2017		Additions	Deletions		June 30, 2018		Amounts Due	
Business-type activities									
Bonds and notes payable									
2018 Electric revenue bonds	\$	-	\$15,640,000	\$ -	\$	15,640,000	\$	475,000	
Unamortized premium		-	2,469,467	-		2,469,467		-	
2014 Electric refunding bonds	2,320	,000	-	760,000	)	1,560,000		775,000	
2010 Drainage refunding bonds	1,455	5,000	-	160,000	)	1,295,000		165,000	
Note payable to Provo Reservo	ir								
Water Users Company	419	,011	-	13,495		405,516		13,995	
Note payable to Provo River									
Water Users Association	1,06	,277		175,157	<u>'                                    </u>	886,120		55,035	
Total bonds and notes									
payable	5,255	,288	18,109,467	1,108,652	<u>.                                    </u>	22,256,103		1,484,030	
Compensated absences	688	3,173	342,198	269,930	)	760,441		323,789	
Net pension liability	2,528	3,126	(1,210,685)	_	_	1,317,441			
	3,210	5,299	(868,487)	269,930		2,077,882		323,789	
Business-type activities									
long-term debt	\$ 8,47	,587	\$17,240,980	\$ 1,378,582	\$	24,333,985	\$	1,807,819	

As of June 30, 2018, annual debt service requirements of business-type activities to maturity are as follows:

	Electric Revenue		Drainage				
	and Refunding Bonds			Revenue bonds			
Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest		Principal		I	nterest
2019	\$ 1,250,000	\$	809,245	\$	165,000	\$	45,454
2020	1,280,000		775,520		170,000		39,663
2021	520,000		733,500		180,000		33,696
2022	545,000		707,500		185,000		27,378
2023	575,000		680,250		190,000		20,885
2024-2028	3,340,000		2,939,750		405,000		21,411
2029-2033	4,255,000		2,017,500				
2034-2038	5,435,000		841,750				
	17,200,000		9,505,015	\$	1,295,000	\$	188,487
Unamortized							
Premium	2,469,467		(2,469,467)				
	\$ 19,669,467	\$	7,035,548				

NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED

Note Payable to Provo								
	River Water			Note Payable to Provo				
	Users Association			Re	servoir Wa	ter U	sers Co.	
Year ending June 30,	Principal Interest		Principal		Interest			
2019	\$	55,035	\$	34,399	\$	13,995	\$	14,191
2020		26,367		33,384		14,490		13,666
2021		37,041		32,330		15,023		13,122
2022		38,529		30,848		20,302		12,385
2023		40,054		29,307		21,034		11,623
2024-2028		225,595		121,184		117,228		45,672
2029-2033		274,535		72,301		140,054		22,002
2034-2036		188,964		15,600		63,390		1,169
	\$	886,120	\$	369,353	\$	405,516	\$	133,830

The amortization of compensated absences and the net pension liability has not been included in the above schedules due to the uncertainty of the timing of the payments.

## NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED

All outstanding revenue bonds in the City's enterprise funds are secured by a first lien on net revenues earned by the City. Net revenues are defined in the revenue bond agreements. The City is required to establish rates (including connection fees) sufficient to pay the operation and maintenance expenses and to provide net revenues in an amount not less than 125% of the aggregate annual debt service requirement for the upcoming fiscal year. The following summarizes the debt service coverage calculations for the various revenue bonds:

	Electric	Drainage		
	Revenues	Revenue		
	Bonds	Bonds		
Net revenues				
Operating revenues	\$ 33,692,286	\$ 1,162,357		
Operating expenses (excluding				
depreciation)	(27,683,496)	(734,418)		
Impact fee revenues	4,671,076	503,353		
Interest income	290,428	45,861		
Net revenues	\$ 10,970,294	\$ 977,153		
Aggregate debt service for 2019	\$ 2,059,245	\$ 210,454		
Ratio of net revenues to				
aggregate debt service	5.33	4.64		
Minimum ratio	1.25	1.25		

## Prior Years Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, certain outstanding bonds were defeased by placing proceeds of bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts and the defeased bonds are not included in the financial statements.

At June 30, 2018 the following bonds are considered defeased:

	Bond Series	Defeased Balance		
Governmental Activities:	2000 Lease Revenue Bonds	\$2,850,000		

NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED

#### Pledged Revenues

The City has pledged sales tax revenues in the amount of \$12,863,073 to fund debt service payments on the sales tax revenue bonds. The 2014 bonds were used to finance infrastructure improvements within the City and the 2018 bonds were used primarily to finance the construction of a new fire station within the City. Sales tax revenue has been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2038. Total sales tax collections through 2038 have not been estimated. Sales tax revenue in the current year was \$12,062,139 and debt service for the sales tax bonds was \$1,357,722.

The City has pledged tax increment revenues to fund debt service payments on the tax increment note payable to developer in the Alpine Highway Project Area. The principal portion of the note is \$53,978,465. The interest associated with the note is uncertain because of the timing of payments on the note are contingent upon tax increment revenues collected in the area. The proceeds from the note were used to fund redevelopment expenditures. Tax increment has been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2028. Total tax increment collections through 2028 are not estimable. Tax increment revenue available for debt service in the current year was \$10,246,740. As explained previously, if tax increment revenues over the life of the note are insufficient to pay the note, the City will not be required to pay the remaining balance.

The City has pledged tax increment revenues to fund debt service payments on a tax increment note payable to developer of the Thanksgiving Park Project Area in the amount of \$1,393,276. The note is noninterest bearing. Timing of the payments on the note is contingent upon tax increment revenues collected in the area. The note was issued to reimburse the developer for costs incurred in the project area. Tax increment revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2024. Tax increment revenue available for debt service in the current year was \$254,858. If tax increment revenues over the life of the note are insufficient to pay the note, the City will not be required to pay the remaining balance.

The City has pledged property and sales tax increment revenues to fund debt service payments on a tax increment note payable to developer of the Traverse Mountain Project Area in the amount of \$10,451,021. The note is noninterest bearing. Timing of the payments on the note is contingent upon tax increment revenues collected in the area. The note was issued to reimburse the developer for costs incurred in the project area. Tax increment revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2024. Tax increment revenue available for debt service in the current year was \$512,728. If tax increment revenues over the life of the note are insufficient to pay the note, the City will not be required to pay the remaining balance.

The City has pledged property tax increment revenues to fund debt service payments on a tax increment note payable to developer of the Alpine Highway West Project Area in the amount of \$14,389,141. The note is noninterest bearing. Timing of the payments on the note is contingent upon tax increment revenues collected in the area. The note was issued to reimburse the developer for costs incurred in the project area. Tax increment revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2034. Tax increment revenue available for debt service in the current year was \$500,918. If tax increment revenues over the life of the note are insufficient to pay the note, the City will not be required to pay the remaining balance.

#### NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED

The City has pledged property tax increment revenues to fund debt service payments on a tax increment note payable to developer of the West Timpanogos Community Development Project Area in the amount of \$18,834,375. The note is noninterest bearing. Timing of the payments on the note is contingent upon tax increment revenues collected in the area. The note was issued to reimburse the developer for costs incurred in the project area. Tax increment revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2035. Tax increment revenue available for debt service in the current year was \$329,431. If tax increment revenues over the life of the note are insufficient to pay the note, the City will not be required to pay the remaining balance.

The City has pledged electric revenues in the amount of \$26,705,015 to fund debt service payments on the electric revenues bonds. The bonds were issued to fund electric system improvements within the City. Electric revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2038. Electric revenues are projected to produce 500 percent of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. In the current year, net electric revenues were \$10,970,294 and electric revenue bond debt service payments were \$1,047,365.

The City has pledged drainage revenues in the amount of \$1,483,487 to fund debt service payments on the drainage revenue bonds. The bonds were issued to refund the Series 2000 drainage revenue bonds and to fund drainage system improvements within the City. Drainage revenues have been pledged to fund debt service payments through the year 2025. Drainage revenues are expected to produce approximately 400 percent of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. In the current year, net drainage revenues were \$977,153 and drainage revenue bond debt service payments were \$211,070.

#### NOTE I - RETIREMENT PLANS

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description: Eligible plan participants are provided with pensions through the Utah Retirement Systems. The Utah Retirement Systems are comprised of the following pension trust funds:

- Public Employees Noncontributory Retirement System (Noncontributory System);
- Firefighters Retirement System (Firefighters System); are multiple employer, cost sharing, public employees, retirement systems.
- Public Safety Retirement System (Public Safety System) is a mixed agent and costsharing, multiple-employer retirement system;
- Tier 2 Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Employees System) is a multiple employer cost sharing public employee retirement system;
- Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighters System) is a multiple employer, cost sharing, public employees, retirement system.

The Tier 2 Public Employees System became effective July 1, 2011. All eligible employees beginning on or after July 1, 2011, who have no previous service credit with any of the Utah Retirement Systems, are members of the Tier 2 Retirement System.

#### NOTE I - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

The Utah Retirement Systems (URS) are established and governed by the respective sections of Title 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953, as amended. The URS' defined benefit plans are amended statutorily by the State Legislature. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Title 49 provides for the administration of the URS under the direction of the Board, whose members are appointed by the Governor. The URS are fiduciary funds defined as pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds. URS is a component unit of the State of Utah. Title 49 of the Utah Code grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms. URS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained by writing Utah Retirement Systems, 560 E. 200 S, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or visiting the website: www.urs.org.

Benefits provided: URS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are as follows:

#### Summary of Benefits by System

System	Final Average Salary	Years of service required and/or age eligible for benefit	Benefit percent per year of service	COLA**
Noncontributory system	Highest 3 years	30 years any age 25 years any age* 20 years age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65	2.0% per year all years	Up to 4%
Public Safety System	Highest 3 years	20 years any age 10 years age 60 4 years age 65	2.5% per year up to 20 years; 2.0% per year over 20 years	Up to 2.5% to 4% depending on the employer
Firefighters System	Highest 3 years	20 years any age 10 years age 60 4 years age 65	2.5% per year up to 20 years; 2.0% per year over 20 years	Up to 4%
Tier 2 Public Employees System	Highest 5 years	35 years any age 20 years any age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65	1.5% per year all years	Up to 2.5%
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System	Highest 5 years	25 years any age 20 years any age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65	1.5% per year all years	Up to 2.5%

<sup>\*</sup> with actuarial reductions

<sup>\*\*</sup> All post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments are non-compounding and are based on the original benefit except for Judges, which is a compounding benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments are also limited to the actual Consumer Price Index (CPI), increase for the year, although unused CPI increases not met may be carried forward to subsequent years.

#### NOTE I - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Contributions: As a condition of participation in the URS, employers and/or employees are required to contribute certain percentages of salary and wages as authorized by statute and specified by the URS Board. Contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions (where applicable) is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Contribution rates as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

		Employer	Employer
	Employee	Contribution	Rate for
	Paid	Rates	401(k) Plan
Contributory System			
111 - Local Governmental Division Tier 2	N/A	15.11%	1.58%
Noncontributory System			
15 - Local Governmental Division Tier 1	N/A	18.47%	N/A
Public Safety Retirement System			
Contributory			
23 - Other Division A with 2.5% COLA	12.29%	22.75%	N/A
122 - Other Division A Contributory Tier 2	N/A	22.57%	1.26%
Noncontributory			
43 - Other Division A with 2.5% COLA	N/A	34.04%	N/A
Firefighters System			
31 - Other Division A	15.05%	3.93%	N/A
132 - Tier 2 DB Hybrid Firefighters	N/A	10.82%	1.26%
Tier 2 DC Only			
211 - Local Government	N/A	6.69%	10.00%
222 - Public Safety	N/A	11.83%	12.00%
232 - Firefighters	N/A	0.08%	12.00%

Tier 2 rates include a statutory required contribution to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Tier 1 plans.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the employer and employee contributions to the Systems were as follows:

	Employer		Ŀ	mployee				
System	Co	Contributions		ntributions				
Noncontributory	\$	\$ 1,424,802		1,424,802		\$ 1,424,802		N/A
Public Safety		611,262		-				
Firefighters		64,687		-				
Tier 2 Public Employees		426,116		-				
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter		340,795		-				
Tier 2 DC Only		39,190		N/A				
Tier 2 DC Public Safety and Firefighter		63		N/A				
Total Contributions	\$	2,906,915	\$	-				

Contributions reported are the URS Board approved required contributions by System. Contributions in the Tier 2 Systems are used to finance the unfunded liabilities in the Tier 1 Systems.

#### NOTE I - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

### Pension Assets, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the City reported a net pension asset of \$352,784 and a net pension liability of \$6,067,095.

	Proportionate Share		Net Pension Asset	Net Pension Liability
Noncontributory system	0.8609147%	\$	_	\$ 3,944,993
Public Safety System	1.3909834%	Ψ	_	2,100,423
Firefighters System	5.6106342%		337,393	· -
Tier 2 Public Employees System	0.2082968%		-	21,679
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System	1.5220950%		15,391	
Total Net Pension Asset/Liability		\$	352,784	\$ 6,067,095

The net pension asset and liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset and liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The proportion of the net pension asset and liability is equal to the ratio of the employer's actual contributions to the Systems during the plan year over the total of all employer contributions to the System during the plan year.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,812,883.

#### NOTE I - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	(	Outflows	Inflows	
	of	Resources	of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	96,839	\$	729,117
Changes in assumptions		2,713,850		233,289
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		1,458,735		3,834,396
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		298,015		69,013
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,426,983		_
Total	\$	5,994,422	\$	4,865,815

\$1,426,982 reported as deferred outflows of resources was related to contributions made by the City prior to its fiscal year end, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2017. These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred		
	(	Outflows	
	(	Inflows)	
	of Resources		
Year Ended June 30,			
2019	\$	414,063	
2020		519,855	
2021		(558,055)	
2022		(806,003)	
2023		58,750	
Thereafter		73,014	

#### NOTE I - RETIREMENT PLANS – CONTINUED

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases 3.25 - 9.75 percent, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.95 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were developed from actual experience and mortality tables, based on gender, occupation and age, as appropriate, with adjustments for future improvement in mortality based on Scale AA, a model developed by the Society of Actuaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five year ending December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class and is applied consistently to each defined benefit pension plan. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Expected Return Arithmetic Basis			
			Long-term	
			Expected	
		Real	Portfolio	
	Target	Return	Real	
	Asset	Arithmetic	Rate of	
Asset class	Allocation	Basis	Return	
Equity securities	40%	6.15%	2.46%	
Debt securities	20%	0.40%	0.08%	
Real assets	13%	5.75%	0.86%	
Private equity	9%	9.95%	0.89%	
Absolute return	18%	2.85%	0.46%	
Cash and cash equivalents		-		
Totals	100%		4.75%	
Inflation			2.50%	
Expected arithmetic nominal re	eturn		7.25%	

#### NOTE I - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

The 6.95% assumed investment rate of return is comprised of an inflation rate of 2.50%, a real return of 4.45% that is net of investment expense.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from all participating employers will be made at contractually required rates that are actuarially determined and certified by the URS Board. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate does not use the Municipal Bond Index Rate. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date. The discount rate was reduced to 6.95% from 7.20% in the prior measurement period.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension asset and liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.95%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.95%) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(5.95%)	(6.95%)	(7.95%)
System			
Noncontributory	\$ 10,669,114	\$ 3,944,993	\$ (1,645,779)
Public Safety	5,292,122	2,100,423	(486,412)
Firefighters	1,439,556	(337,393)	(1,773,196)
Tier 2 Public Employees	255,262	21,679	(158,447)
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter	136,297	(15,391)	(131,281)
Total	\$ 17,792,351	\$ 5,714,311	\$ (4,195,115)

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued URS financial report.

#### NOTE J – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The City sponsors a defined contribution deferred compensation plan administered by either URS or ICMA Retirement Corporation under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) for City employees covered by the State's contributory and noncontributory retirement plans. The plan, available to all permanent full-time City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The 401(k) deferred compensation monies are not available to the City or its general creditors. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested in the employee's account from the date of employment. The City's total payroll in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, was approximately \$19,000,000. The City participates at rates between 0% and 2.68% depending on the employees' contributions. The rate of City participation can be changed by the City Council. During the year ended June 30, 2018, contributions totaling \$201,864 were made to the plan by employees and \$423,977 by the City.

The City sponsors another deferred compensation plan through ICMA Retirement Corporation in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. This plan is available to all City employees and permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

#### NOTE K – COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

The City has entered into a contract expiring in 2027 with the Intermountain Power Agency (IPA) for the purchase of power. Under the terms of the agreement, the City is liable for an agreed-upon purchase amount of approximately .43% of production regardless of whether it is used. The City has also entered into an excess power sales agreement whereby all power purchased from IPA in excess of the City's need, will be sold to a group of California cities, thus relieving the City's excess power purchase liability.

The City is a member of Utah Associated Municipal Power System (UAMPS), a political subdivision of the State of Utah created to secure electric power for the members of UAMPS. As a member, the City has entered into power supply agreements with respect to various projects in which UAMPS participates. The total cost of the power the City will be required to purchase in future years is not determinable, however, at a minimum, in connection with these power supply agreements, the City will be required to fund debt service on the UAMPS bonds which, at June 30, 2018, had an outstanding balance of \$165,910,000, of which the City's portion was \$18,906,830. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the City purchased power totaling \$21,829,012.

Effective April 1, 2018, the City entered into a Power Sales Contract with UAMPS. UAMPS is in the process of constructing a nuclear generating facility plant known as the Carbon Free Power Project (the Project). Under the contract, the City will purchase from UAMPS an Entitlement Share of up to 10,000 KW of capacity generated by the Project. UAMPS has prepared a budget for the project reflecting total costs of approximately \$4.2 billion. Each participant will fund its pro rata share of the project with either an initial capital contribution, or by funding its pro rata share of debt service on any bonds that UAMPS will issue to finance the project. At this time, the City is anticipating it will be responsible for 1.6667% of the project, or approximately \$70 million. Construction is expected to begin on the project in July 2023. Until that time there are several milestones at which point the City could exercise the option to withdraw from the agreement. If the City chooses to discontinue participation in the project, the resulting cost to the City would be approximately \$100,000.

There are several pending lawsuits in which the City is involved. The City management estimates the potential claims against the City resulting from such litigation not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial position of the City.

The City has entered into an agreement with Central Utah Water Conservancy District (the District) for the purchase of water. Under the agreement, the City will be required to pay a one-time development fee of \$5,850 per acre foot of water for the City's commitment to purchase 2,500 acre feet of water, or \$14,625,000. Through June 30, 2018, the City had paid \$8,341,997 of the total development fee, leaving a remaining balance of \$6,283,003. This fee must be paid by June 30, 2020.

#### NOTE L – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City carries commercial insurance for all of these risks of loss except natural disasters. There were no decreases in coverage during 2018. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Expenses and claims not covered by insurance are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining claims, events that might create claims, but for which none have been reported, are considered. Claims information for the past two years is as follows:

	2018	2017
Claims liability, July 1	\$ 92,657	\$ 57,708
Claims incurred during the year and changes		
in estimates	356,740	102,494
Payments on claims during the year		
Payments made by insurance	10,609	67,545
Coinsurance and deductible insurance		
payments made by the City	170,212	
Claims liability, June 30	\$ 268,576	\$ 92,657

#### NOTE M - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The City has transfers from the Redevelopment Agency to the general fund pursuant to the City's participation in various redevelopment projects. The transfer to the Capital Projects fund from the General fund is to fund projects identified by the Council. These projects will be completed in the coming fiscal year.

A summary of interfund transfers by fund is as follows:

	Transfers in to:				
	General	Total			
Transfers out from:					
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 2,684,015	\$ 2,684,015		
Redevelopment Agency	1,414,754	-	1,414,754		
	\$ 1,414,754	\$ 2,684,015	\$ 4,098,769		

#### NOTE N – SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The City has issued revenue bonds to finance certain improvements to its culinary water distribution system, pressurized irrigation system, electric power distribution system and drainage system. Because each of these activities is accounted for in separate funds and all of those funds are reported as major funds in the fund financial statements, segment disclosures herein are not required.

#### NOTE O - REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF LEHI

The Lehi City Redevelopment Agency was created in 1985 to increase and develop the commercial growth in the southeast area of the City, known as the Millpond Project Area. Redevelopment activity did not begin until 1996, when the first tax increment was generated.

In 1994, Micron Technologies, Inc. (IM Flash), a computer chip manufacturer, approached the City for tax incentives to construct a manufacturing facility in Utah. This project, which became a component of the Redevelopment Agency of the City, is known as the Alpine Highway Project Area. Infrastructure improvements on and off site have been made over the life of the project area. In 1998, the tax increment related to this project was triggered and received by the Redevelopment Agency and was used for debt service. In 2008 the Alpine Highway Project Area was extended for an additional twenty years. Consequently, payments will be made to IM Flash through 2028. The majority of the infrastructure improvements associated with this project were contributed to the City's business-type activities therefore the note payable to IM Flash related to this project has not been included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets for the City's governmental activities.

During 2010, the Redevelopment Agency approved another economic development project called the Thanksgiving Park Economic Development Project Area. The project involves the construction of several office buildings within the project area, with the Redevelopment Agency obligated to pay the developer a portion of the tax increment generated by the project. The office buildings must be developed according to a specific schedule and if the schedule is not met, the developer would forfeit some of the tax increment funds.

In August 2010, the Redevelopment Agency passed an ordinance adopting an economic development project area known as the Alpine Highway West Economic Development Project Area. The project will be funded with tax increment financing for a period not to exceed twenty years and up to a maximum of \$17,953,052, with the Agency electing to receive 93.33% of the tax increment from the project area.

During 2012, the Redevelopment Agency approved a community development project area known as the Traverse Mountain Community Development Project Area. The project will be funded with tax increment financing for a period not to exceed twenty years and up to a maximum of \$7,895,934 of property tax increment and \$5,716,119 of sales tax increment. The Agency will receive 100% of the property tax and sales tax increment from the project area.

In August 2014, the Redevelopment Agency passed a resolution adopting an economic development project area known as the West Timpanogos Community Development Project Area. The project will be funded with tax increment financing for a period not to exceed twenty years and up to a maximum of \$19,557,363, with the Agency distributing 97% of the tax increment from the project area to the developer and keeping the remaining 3% for administrative services.

#### NOTE O - REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF LEHI – CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2018 the following activity occurred in the City's Redevelopment Agency:

Tax increment collected from other taxing agencies	
for the project area	
Millpond Project Area	\$ 362,448
Alpine Highway Project Area	10,246,740
Alpine Highway West Project Area	500,918
West Timpanogos Project Area	329,431
Traverse Mountain Project Area	512,728
Thanksgiving Park Project Area	 254,858
	\$ 12,207,123
Outstanding loans to finance RDA projects	\$ 99,046,278
Expenditures:	
Tax increments paid to other taxing agencies	\$ 1,852,278
Principal	4,031,349
Interest	4,215,886
Redevelopment costs	 488,862
	\$ 10,588,375

#### NOTE P – TAX ABATEMENTS

The City negotiates property and sales tax abatement agreements with local businesses through its RDA and under the state Limited Purpose Local Government Entities Act. Under the Act, localities may grant property and sales tax abatements for the purpose of promoting economic growth.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City abated the following taxes:

		Property		Sales
		Taxes	Taxes	
RDA Project Area tax abatements	_			
Millpond Project Area	\$	62,232	\$	-
Alpine Highway Project Area		1,310,858		-
Alpine Highway West Project Area		90,003		-
West Timpanogos Project Area		111,582		-
Traverse Mountain Project Area		92,121		375,755
Thanksgiving Park Project Area		55,567		-
		1,722,363		375,755
Other relocation incentive				
projects				83,426
	\$	1,722,363	\$	459,181
		,		

#### NOTE Q – LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expenditure in the General fund in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The landfill closure and postclosure care liability is evaluated every three years and as of June 30, 2018, the balance of the liability is as follows based on the cumulative use of 77% of the estimated capacity of the landfill:

Total estimated closure and postclosure care costs	\$ 325,866
Capacity used as of June 30, 2018	 77%
Cumulative closure and postclosure care liability,	_
as revised during 2012	250,917
Amounts previously recognized	250,917
Amount to be recognized as of June 30, 2018	-
Amount reported as a long-term liability in the	
governmental activities statement of net position	\$ 250,917

The total estimated closure and postclosure care costs are based on estimates of what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2018. The City expects the landfill to close in the year 2031 after reaching its total estimated capacity of 230,000 cubic yards. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The City is required to establish financial assurance in accordance with the State of Utah Department of Environmental Quality, Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste Administrative Rules. The City must submit an annual report in which certain financial information is provided to the State indicating that the City meets the minimum financial requirements outlined in the aforementioned rules.

REQUIRED	SUPPI	EMENT	ARY INFORMATION	- PENSIONS
NEOUINED	SUFFL		1N 1 1111'UNIVIA I IUI'	i - r wholuho

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION

### SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

For the fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

With a Measurement Date of December 31, 2017

**Last Ten Fiscal Years\*** 

Noncontributory System for the Fiscal Yea	ars Ended June	30,		
	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	90.0416200%	86.0914700%	83.6834000%	0.8252402%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 3,944,993	\$ 5,528,126	\$ 4,735,214	\$ 3,583,385
Covered employee payroll	\$ 7,400,491	\$ 7,264,143	\$ 7,048,506	\$ 6,956,642
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	53.3%	76.1%	67.2%	51.5%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	91.9%	87.3%	87.8%	90.2%
Public Safety System for the Fiscal Years	Ended June 30,	,		
	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	1.3389936%	1.3909834%	1.3094092%	1.2531910%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,100,423	\$ 2,822,689	\$ 2,345,629	\$ 1,575,992
Covered employee payroll	\$ 1,857,970	\$ 2,050,939	\$ 1,983,624	\$ 2,112,919
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	113.0%	137.6%	118.2%	74.6%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	90.2%	86.5%	87.1%	90.5%
Firefighters Retirement System for the Fi	scal Years End	ed June 30,		
	2017	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	5.4021529%	5.6106342%	5.4181698%	5.2918057%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (337,393)	\$ (44,231)	\$ (98,134)	\$ (301,971)
Covered employee payroll	\$ 1,698,209	\$ 1,704,194	\$ 1,573,859	\$ 1,523,975
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	-19.9%	-2.6%	-6.2%	-19.8%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	103.0%	100.4% ED	101.0%	103.5%

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION

### SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS - CONTINUED

For the fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

With a Measurement Date of December 31, 2017

**Last Ten Fiscal Years\*** 

Tier 2	Public	<b>Employees</b>	System	for the	Fiscal	Vears	ended	June 30
1101 2	I UDIK	Empioyecs	System	IUI UIC	1 15 Cai	1 Cars	CHUCU	June Jv.

		2018		2017		2016		2015	
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	24	.5887100%	0	.2829680%	0.1455133%		0.1454933%		
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	21,679	\$	23,236	\$	(318)	\$	(4,409)	
Covered employee payroll	\$	2,404,504	\$	1,708,206	\$	940,334	\$	713,760	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		0.9%		1.4%		-0.03%		-0.60%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		97.4%		95.1%		100.2%		103.5%	
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighters Retir for the Fiscal Years Ended June 30,	e m	ent System							
		2018		2017		2016	2015		
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	1	.3301614%	1	.1522095%	0.1455133%		0.1454933%		
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(15,391)	\$	(10,003)	\$	(318)	\$	(4,409)	
Covered employee payroll	\$	1,403,195	\$	951,984	\$	940,334	\$	713,760	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		-1.1%		-1.1%		-0.03%		-0.60%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		103.0%		103.6%		100.2%		103.5%	

<sup>\*</sup>In accordance with paragraph 81.a of GASB 68, the City will need to disclose a 10 year history of its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) in its RSI. The City will continue to present information for available years until a full 10 year trend is compiled.

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS June 30, 2018

**Last Ten Fiscal Years\*\*** 

			Contributions in relation to the			Contribution as a
	As of fiscal	Actuarial	contractually	Contribution	Covered	percentage
	year ended	determined	required	deficiency	employee	of covered
	June 30,	contributions	contribution	(excess)	payroll	employee
Noncontributory System	2014	\$ 1,165,022	\$ 1,165,022	\$ -	\$6,864,580	16.97%
	2015	1,282,664	1,282,664	-	7,052,771	18.19%
	2016	1,268,549	1,268,549	-	6,981,779	18.17%
	2017	1,309,056	1,309,056	-	7,475,118	17.51%
	2018	1,424,802	1,424,802	-	8,093,782	17.60%
Public Safety System	2014	559,089	559,089	-	2,134,344	26.19%
	2015	625,298	625,298	-	2,036,078	30.71%
	2016	629,374	629,374	-	1,983,967	31.72%
	2017	620,098	620,098	-	2,025,956	30.61%
	2018	611,262	611,262	-	1,948,987	31.36%
Firefighters System	2014	41,630	41,630	-	1,559,356	2.67%
	2015	54,021	54,021	-	1,527,355	3.54%
	2016	58,367	58,367	-	1,581,637	3.69%
	2017	62,382	62,382	-	1,795,409	3.47%
	2018	64,687	64,687	-	1,795,471	3.60%
Tier 2 Public Employees System*	2014	102,833	102,833	-	735,043	13.99%
	2015	113,924	113,924	-	762,543	14.94%
	2016	191,737	191,737	-	1,285,962	14.91%
	2017	302,455	302,455	-	2,107,941	14.35%
	2018	426,116	426,116	-	2,918,623	14.60%
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter	2014	48,582	48,582	-	275,951	17.61%
System*	2015	73,202	73,202	-	393,710	18.59%
	2016	139,579	139,579	-	745,270	18.73%
	2017	205,341	205,341	-	1,119,520	18.34%
	2018	340,795	340,795	-	2,021,465	16.86%
Tier 2 Public Employees DC Only	2014	17,563	17,563	-	303,986	5.78%
System*	2015	33,416	33,416	-	506,307	6.60%
•	2016	33,262	33,262	_	497,195	6.69%
	2017	34,392	34,392	-	530,379	6.48%
	2018	39,190	39,190	-	609,291	6.43%
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter	2014	-	-	-	-	0.00%
DC Only System*	2015	55	55	-	38,946	0.14%
	2016	36	36	-	45,001	0.08%
	2017	39	39	-	50,870	0.08%
	2018	63	63	-	82,150	0.08%

<sup>\*</sup>Contributions in Tier 2 include an amortization rate to help fund the unfunded liabilities in the Tier 1 systems. Tier 2 systems were created effective July 1, 2011.

<sup>\*\*</sup>In accordance with paragraph 81.b of GASB 68, the City will need to disclose a 10 year history of its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) in its RSI. The City will continue to present information for available years until a full 10 year trend is compiled.

#### LEHI CITYCORPORATION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 WITH A MEASUREMENT DATE OF DECEMBER 31, 2017

#### Changes in assumptions

The following assumption changes were adopted from the most recent actuarial experience study.

- The assumed investment return was decreased from 7.20% to 6.95%.
- The assumed inflation rate was decreased from 2.60% to 2.50% (which also resulted in a corresponding decrease in the cost of living adjustment assumption for the funds with a 4.0% annual COLA max).

#### INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

					VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
			AMOUNTS	A COTTLANT	POSITIVE
DEVENILIES		ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES TAXES					
PROPERTY TAXES		\$ 8,600,000	\$ 8,600,000	\$ 9,293,263	\$ 693,263
GENERAL SALES TAX		11,065,000	11,065,000	11,591,889	526,889
911 TAX		325,000	325,000	11,571,007	(325,000)
FRANCHISE TAX		4,450,000	4,450,000	5,073,080	623,080
TRAINCHISE TAX	TOTAL	24,440,000	24,440,000	25,958,232	1,518,232
LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS	TOTAL	21,110,000	21,110,000	25,750,252	1,510,252
BUSINESS LICENSES		115,000	115,000	101,030	(13,970)
BUILDING PERMITS		2,500,000	2,500,000	3,474,337	974,337
	TOTAL	2,615,000	2,615,000	3,575,367	960,367
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE					
CLASS "C" ROAD FUNDS		1,600,000	1,600,000	2,229,760	629,760
FIRE DEPARTMENT GRANT		80,000	80,000	261,451	181,451
POLICE SALARY REIMBURSEMENT		68,000	68,000	68,000	-
STATE LIQUOR FUNDS ALLOTMENT		60,000	60,000	60,628	628
COUNTY FIRE ALLOCATION		15,000	15,000	11,753	(3,247)
STATE GRANTS		75,000	75,000	41,263	(33,737)
OTHER GRANTS		100,000	100,000	45,062	(54,938)
	TOTAL	1,998,000	1,998,000	2,717,917	719,917
CHARGES FOR SERVICE		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
PLANNING/INSPECTION FEES		2,295,000	2,295,000	3,178,426	883,426
AMBULANCE FEES		1,000,000	1,000,000	1,342,763	342,763
FIRE FEES		185,000	185,000	63,991	(121,009)
CEMETERY FEES		186,500	186,500	232,520	46,020
RECREATION FEES		3,089,435	3,171,435	3,683,582	512,147
LIBRARY FEES		95,000	110,000	81,512	(28,488)
OTHER SERVICE REVENUE		120,000	120,000	53,885	(66,115)
	TOTAL	6,970,935	7,067,935	8,636,679	1,568,744
FINES AND FORFEITURES					
COURTS FINES AND FORFEITURES		657,500	657,500	799,079	141,579
MISCELLANEOUS		1,229,000	1,229,000	1,508,819	279,819
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS		69,500	69,500	163,562	94,062
TOTALRE	EVENUES	37,979,935	38,076,935	43,359,655	5,282,720
ENDENIDEC					
EXPENDITURES GENERAL GOVERNMENT					
COURT PERSONNEL		501,290	501 200	205 771	105,519
		142,660	501,290	395,771 121,298	21,362
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	142,660	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
CAPITAL	TOTAL	17,050 661,000	17,050 661,000	17,908 534,977	(858) 126,023
ADMINISTRATIVE	IOIAL	001,000	001,000	334,911	120,023
PERSONNEL		847,960	847,960	760,494	87,466
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		216,100	216,100	201,333	14,767
OF ENATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	TOTAL	1,064,060	1,064,060	961,827	102,233
TREASURY	TOTAL	1,007,000	1,007,000	701,027	102,233
PERSONNEL		456,144	456,144	362,808	93,336
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		37,700	37,700	49,261	(11,561)
	TOTAL	493,844	493,844	412,069	81,775
	101/11	173,017	773,077	712,007	01,773

					VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
		BUDGETED A		A COTTAIN	POSITIVE
EDIANCE		ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
FINANCE PERSONNEL		470,862	512.862	580,110	(67,248)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		86,796	86,796	77,701	9,095
Of Electronic Man With VIEW MCE	TOTAL	557,658	599,658	657,811	(58,153)
HUMAN RESOURCES				***************************************	(00,000)
PERSONNEL		233,898	233,898	184,809	49,089
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		39,800	39,800	32,789	7,011
	TOTAL	273,698	273,698	217,598	56,100
CITY RECORDER					
PERSONNEL		114,255	114,255	116,360	(2,105)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		147,650	147,650	94,423	53,227
CAPITAL	mom. r	261.005	261.005	- 210 502	- 51 100
LECAL CEDVICES	TOTAL	261,905	261,905	210,783	51,122
LEGAL SERVICES PERSONNEL		192 176	192 176	448,789	33,687
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		482,476 100,000	482,476 100,000	72,249	27,751
OI EXATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	TOTAL	582,476	582,476	521,038	61,438
LEGISLATIVE	TOTAL	302,470	302,470	321,030	01,430
PERSONNEL		204.382	284,382	275,819	8,563
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		98,000	98,000	84,744	13,256
	TOTAL	302,382	382,382	360,563	21,819
NONDEPARTMENTAL					
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		2,996,424	2,859,424	2,023,300	836,124
CAPITAL		275,000	275,000	251,902	23,098
	TOTAL	3,271,424	3,134,424	2,275,202	859,222
EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT					
PERSONNEL		20,000	20,000	8,259	11,741
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		46,250	46,250	19,628	26,622
CAPITAL	TOTAL	66,250	66,250	27,887	29.262
FACILITIES MAINTENANCE	IOIAL	00,230	00,230	27,887	38,363
PERSONNEL		542,463	542,463	476,018	66,445
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		192,900	192,900	183,424	9,476
CAPITAL		17,000	17,000	16,850	150
	TOTAL	752,363	752,363	676,292	76,071
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT		8,287,060	8,272,060	6,856,047	1,416,013
PUBLIC SAFETY					
POLICE					
PERSONNEL		6,336,368	6,336,368	5,975,109	361,259
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		956,361	956,361	881,045	75,316
CAPITAL		154,725	154,725	148,708	6,017
	TOTAL	7,447,454	7,447,454	7,004,862	442,592
CODE ENFORCEMENT					
PERSONNEL		103,464	103,464	106,226	(2,762)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		22,294	22,294	17,000	5,294
	TOTAL	125,758	125,758	123,226	2,532
FIRE					
PERSONNEL		5,265,659	5,265,659	4,593,013	672,646
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		792,431	792,431	735,640	56,791
AND CAL CONTROL	TOTAL	6,058,090	6,058,090	5,328,653	729,437
ANIMAL CONTROL DEBCONNEL		02 145	02 145	77.961	15 004
PERSONNEL ODER A TIONS A NID M A INTENIA NICE		93,145	93,145	77,861	15,284
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	TOTAL	76,100 169,245	76,100 169,245	87,497 165,358	(11,397)
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	IOIAL	13,800,547	13,800,547	12,622,099	1,178,448
TOTAL TODLIC SAFEI I		13,000,34/	13,000,347	14,044,077	1,1/0,448

					VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET
		BUDGETED A			POSITIVE
		ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT					
PUBLIC WORKS ADMINISTRATION		229 (72	229 (72	226 417	2.255
PERSONNEL		228,672	228,672	226,417	2,255
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	TOTAL	20,100	20,100	19,143	957
ENCHIEEDING	TOTAL	248,772	248,772	245,560	3,212
ENGINEERING PERSONNEL		642.266	642.266	646 624	(2.259)
		643,266	643,266 56,800	646,624	(3,358)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	TOTAL	56,800 700,066	700,066	66,278 712,902	(9,478)
DI A NINING A NID ZONING	IOIAL	/00,000	/00,000	/12,902	(12,836)
PLANNING AND ZONING PERSONNEL		598,964	509 064	552 452	45 511
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		105,615	598,964 105,615	553,453 93,627	45,511 11,988
CAPITAL		72,000	72,000	65,932	6,068
CATTIAL	TOTAL	776,579	776,579	713,012	63,567
INSPECTIONS	IOIAL	170,379	770,379	/13,012	03,307
PERSONNEL		798,322	798,322	794,535	3,787
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		85,110	85,110	108,052	(22,942)
CAPITAL		33,250	33,250	26,046	7,204
CATTAL	TOTAL	916,682	916,682	928,633	(11,951)
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	IOIAL	710,002	710,002	720,033	(11,731)
PERSONNEL		141,177	141,177	147,692	(6,515)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		36,775	36,775	32,263	4,512
Of Electrons And With the Wines	TOTAL	177,952	177,952	179,955	(2,003)
TOTAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	TOTAL	2,820,051	2,820,051	2,780,062	39,989
		2,020,001	2,020,001	2,700,002	25,505
STREETS AND HIGHWAYS STREETS AND PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT	`S				
PERSONNEL		1,307,214	1,307,214	1,278,573	28,641
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		172,216	172,216	188,923	(16,707)
CAPITAL		-	-	-	-
	TOTAL	1,479,430	1,479,430	1,467,496	11,934
CROAD					
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		1,902,500	1,883,700	1,852,055	31,645
CAPITAL		50,000	83,200	52,500	30,700
	TOTAL	1,952,500	1,966,900	1,904,555	62,345
TOTAL STREETS AND HIGHWAYS		3,431,930	3,446,330	3,372,051	74,279
PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE PARKS					
PERSONNEL		1,620,169	1,620,169	1,421,767	198,402
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		, ,	576,380		,
CAPITAL		576,380 69,600	129,600	644,189 214,660	(67,809) (85,060)
CAFITAL	TOTAL	2,266,149	2,326,149	2,280,616	45,533
COMMUNITY ARTS AND EVENTS	IOIAL	2,200,149	2,320,149	2,280,010	43,333
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		482 700	482 700	220 072	1/12/627
OI ENATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	TOTAL	482,700	482,700 482,700	339,073	143,627
SENIOR CITIZENS	IUIAL	482,700	462,700	339,073	143,627
		101 062	101 062	162 024	10 020
PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		181,863 56,650	181,863 56,650	162,924 60,774	18,939
OI ENATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	TOTAL	<u>56,650</u> 238 513	56,650 238 513	60,774 223,698	(4,124)
	IUIAL	238,513	238,513	223,098	14,815

	BUDGETED	A MOLINTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
RECREATION	<u> </u>			(1126111112)
PERSONNEL	2,728,861	2,728,861	2,556,543	172,318
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	1,769,317	1,769,317	1,669,087	100,230
CAPITAL	137,100	626,100	591,712	34,388
TOTAL	4,635,278	5,124,278	4,817,342	306,936
MUSEUM				
PERSONNEL	172,381	172,381	13,191	159,190
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	123,050	295,618	428,863	(133,245)
CAPITAL	25,000	25,000	4,795	20,205
TOTAL	320,431	492,999	446,849	46,150
A MENERAL CONTROL OF THE PARTY				
LITERA CY CENTER PERSONNEL	201.096	201.096	245 712	56 274
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	301,986	301,986 15,250	245,712 43,629	56,274
TOTAL	15,250 317,236	317,236	289,341	(28,379) 27,895
LIBRARY	317,230	317,230	209,541	27,093
PERSONNEL	898,064	913.064	911.059	2.005
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	373,897	373,897	353,555	20,342
CAPITAL	-	15,000	13,593	1,407
TOTAL	1,271,961	1,301,961	1,278,207	23,754
TOTAL PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE	9,532,268	10,283,836	9,675,126	608,710
CEMETERY				
PERSONNEL	358,510	358,510	301,553	56,957
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	87,057	87,057	72,130	14,927
CAPITAL	18,022	18,022	16,464	1,558
TOTAL	463,589	463,589	390,147	73,442
DEBT SERVICE				
PRINCIPAL	700,772	700,772	700,000	772
INTEREST	120,060	120,060	120,060	
TOTAL	820,832	820,832	820,060	772
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	39,156,277	39,907,245	36,515,592	3,391,653
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,176,342)	(1,830,310)	6,844,063	8,674,373
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
TRANSFERS IN	1,500,000	1,907,000	1,414,754	(492,246)
TRANSFERS OUT	(2,684,015)	(2,684,015)	(2,684,015)	-
SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	10,000	10,000	51,932	41,932
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	(1,174,015)	(767,015)	(1,217,329)	(450,314)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,350,357)	(2,597,325)	5,626,734	8,224,059
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,293,553	6,293,553	6,293,553	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 3,943,196	\$ 3,696,228	\$ 11,920,287	\$ 8,224,059

	<u>F</u>						FIN	IANCE WITH AL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL FINAL			1	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)		
		-				,		
REVENUES								
IMPACT FEE REVENUE	\$	4,700,000	\$	4,700,000	\$	4,424,709	\$	(275,291)
SALES TAX REVENUE		429,500		505,873		470,250		(35,623)
INTERGOVERMENTAL REVENUES		20,925,000		22,525,000		3,535,658		(18,989,342)
MISCELLANEOUS		-		-		200,000		200,000
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS		32,000		32,000		124,516		92,516
TOTAL REVENUES		26,086,500		27,762,873		8,755,133		(19,007,740)
EXPENDITURES								
CURRENT								
OTHER		52,500		52,500		63,900		(11,400)
CAPITAL OUTLAY		34,026,865		37,182,865		9,962,532		27,220,333
DEBT SERVICE								
PRINCIPAL		-		2,575,000		2,952,618		(377,618)
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES		427,500		503,873		554,820		(50,947)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		34,506,865		40,314,238		13,533,870		26,780,368
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER								
EXPENDITURES		(8,420,365)		(12,551,365)		(4,778,737)		7,772,628
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
TRANSFERS IN		2,684,015		2,684,015		2,684,015		-
ISSUANCE OF NOTES AND BONDS		5,000,000		5,768,600		5,768,588		12
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		7,684,015		8,452,615		8,452,603		12
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(736,350)		(4,098,750)		3,673,866		7,772,640
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,090,972		1,090,972		1,090,972		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	354,622	\$	(3,007,778)	\$	4,764,838	\$	7,772,640

### COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City.

Information Technology-This fund is used to account for the costs of providing computers, related equipment, and software to City departments. A service fee is charged to City departments monthly.

Fleet-This fund is used to account for the costs of maintaining the City's vehicles and equipment.

Risk Management-This fund is used to account for the costs of general liability insurance premiums, property damage, and claims for which the City is responsibility. The City employs a risk manager whose salary and benefits are recorded in this fund.

Building and Grounds – This fund is used to account for the costs of maintaining the buildings and grounds of the City's physical facilities. A service fee is charged to the relevant departments of the City on a monthly basis.

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

				IN	TERNA	L SERVICE FU	JNDS			
		RMATION HNOLOGY		FLEET	RISK MANAGEMENT		BUILDING AND GROUNDS		TOTALS	
ASSETS										
CURRENT ASSETS  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE  INVENTORY	\$	718,785	\$	504,032 1,626 71,115	\$	767,186	\$	472,128	\$	2,462,131 1,626 71,115
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		718,785		576,773		767,186		472,128		2,534,872
NON-CURRENT ASSETS DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		278,592		2,610,913		-		194,591		3,084,096
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	-	278,592	_	2,610,913		-		194,591		3,084,096
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	997,377	\$	3,187,686	\$	767,186	\$	666,719	\$	5,618,968
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS	\$	79,605	\$	62,559	\$	30,794	\$	39,794	\$	212,752
LIABILITIES										
CURRENT LIABILITIES  ACCOUNTS PAYABLE  WAGES PAYABLE  CURRENT PORTION COMPENSATED ABSENCES	\$	9,352 8,627 8,783	\$	148,333 9,760 13,101	\$	26,287 3,174 8,502	\$	24,522 9,705 14,056	\$	208,494 31,266 44,442
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	-	26,762	_	171,194		37,963		48,283	_	284,202
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES COMPENSATED ABSENCES NET PENSION LIABILITY		5,589 80,570		20,649 63,317		18,611 31,168		8,905 40,276		53,754 215,331
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		86,159	_	83,966		49,779		49,181		269,085
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	112,921	\$	255,160	\$	87,742	\$	97,464	\$	553,287
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS	\$	64,617	\$	50,780	\$	24,997	\$	32,301	\$	172,695
NET POSITION  NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS  UNRESTRICTED		278,592 620,852		2,610,913 333,392		685,241		194,591 382,157		3,084,096 2,021,642
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	899,444	\$	2,944,305	\$	685,241	\$	576,748	\$	5,105,738

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS										
	INFORM ATION TECHNOLOGY		FLEET		RISK MANAGEMENT		BUILDING AND GROUNDS		TOTALS		
OPERATING REVENUES		<b>200440</b>						0.50.500			
CHARGES FOR SERVICES - INTERNAL	\$	790,149	\$	1,645,294	\$	641,991	\$	963,608	\$	4,041,042	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		790,149	_	1,645,294		641,991		963,608		4,041,042	
OPERATING EXPENSES											
PERSONNEL		312,965		329,748		113,397		343,401		1,099,511	
OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE		276,336		1,044,873		820,316		366,876		2,508,401	
DEPRECIATION		68,565		660,254		-		45,111		773,930	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		657,866		2,034,875		933,713		755,388		4,381,842	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		132,283		(389,581)		(291,722)		208,220		(340,800)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)											
GAIN ON DISPOSAL OF CAPITAL ASSETS		-		4,220		_		_		4,220	
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES		-		1,228		-		-		1,228	
INTEREST INCOME		31,758		11,333		37,727		5,107		85,925	
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		31,758		16,781		37,727		5,107	_	91,373	
CHANGE IN NET POSTION		164,041		(372,800)		(253,995)		213,327		(249,427)	
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		735,403		3,317,105		939,236		363,421		5,355,165	
NET POSTION AT END OF YEAR	\$	899,444	\$	2,944,305	\$	685,241	\$	576,748	\$	5,105,738	

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS JUNE 30, 2018

	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS										
		RMATION		ELEET	RISK MANAGEMENT		BUILDING AND GROUNDS			TOTAL	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  CASH RECEIVED FROM INTERFUND  SERVICES PROVIDED  CASH PAID TO SUPPLIERS  CASH PAID TO EMPLOYEES	\$	790,149 (321,909) (375,561)	\$	1,643,668 (995,693) (340,872)	\$	641,991 (128,687) (835,639)	\$	963,608 (405,404) (362,623)	s	4,039,416 (1,851,693) (1,914,695)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		92,679		307,103		(322,335)		195,581		273,028	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS		-		1,228		_		-		1,228	
NET CASH USED IN NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		_		1,228		-				1,228	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF		-		11,466		-		-		11,466	
CAPITAL ASSETS  NET CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND RELATED  FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-		(705,303)				(29,179)		(734,482)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES INTEREST INCOME COLLECTED		31,758		11,333		37,727		5,107		85,925	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		31,758		11,333	_	37,727		5,107		85,925	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	<u> </u>	124,437 594,348 718,785	\$	(374,173) 878,205 504,032	\$	(284,608) 1,051,794 767,186	\$	171,509 300,619 472,128	\$	(362,835) 2,824,966 2,462,131	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR CONSISTS OF: UNRESTRICTED CASH	s	718,785	\$	504,032	\$	767,186	\$	472,128	\$	2,462,131	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	132,283	\$	(389,581)	\$	(291,722)	\$	208,220	\$	(340,800)	
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES DEPRECIATION		68,565		660,254		-		45,111		773,930	
CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		-		(1,626)		-		-		(1,626)	
INVENTORY PREPAID EXPENSES		-		(26,638)		-		-		(26,638)	
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE WAGES PAYABLE CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS		(45,573) 513		75,818 1,136		(15,323) 92		(38,528) 2,357		(23,606) 4,098	
RELATED TO PENSIONS COMPENSATED ABSENCES		(41,521) (21,588)		(4,608) (7,652)		(15,677) 295		(24,307) 2,728		(86,113) (26,217)	
	\$	92,679	\$	307,103	\$	(322,335)	\$	195,581	\$	273,028	

This part of Lehi City Corporation's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

	Page
FINANCIAL TRENDS  These schedules provide trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and economic conditions have changed over time.	102 - 110
REVENUE CAPACITY	111 - 114
These schedules contain information to help the reader understand the City's capacity to raise revenues and the sources of these revenues.	
DEBT CAPACITY	115 - 123
These schedules provide information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION	124 - 125
These schedules present demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
OPERATING INFORMATION	126 - 128
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial reports relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	
Note: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the	

comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 1 NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS) (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year 2017 2018 2014 2015 2016 Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets \$ 288,966,135 \$ 219,129,389 \$ 229,907,904 \$ 242,558,256 \$ 270,733,436 Restricted 8,560,047 6,565,677 4,262,799 590,207 349,363 Unrestricted (88,715,100) (108,048,049) (101,045,130)(90,089,047) (101,325,874)Total governmental activities net position 138,974,336 128,425,532 145,775,925 169,997,769 199,226,451 Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets 202,621,488 224,324,128 238,650,352 267,462,097 299,404,845 Restricted 9,063,049 4,293,339 4,555,304 126,965 547,651 Unrestricted 16,429,759 19,502,118 24,970,618 30,640,955 35,236,748 Total business-type activities net position 228,114,296 248,119,585 268,176,274 298,230,017 335,189,244 Primary government Net investment in capital assets 454,232,032 538,195,533 588,370,980 421,750,877 481,208,608 Restricted 17,623,096 10,859,016 8,818,103 717,172 897,014 Unrestricted (72,285,341)(88,545,931) (76,074,512)(70,684,919)(54,852,299) Total primary government net position \$ 367,088,632 \$ 376,545,117 \$ 413,952,199 \$ 468,227,786 \$ 534,415,695 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 Governmental activities \$ 211,805,645 \$ 211,722,660 \$ 215,235,149 \$ 214,537,806 Net investment in capital assets \$ 213,579,310 Restricted 6,905,380 6,470,224 2,488,688 3,500,816 9,514,316 Unrestricted (74,678,852)(72,015,133)(71,391,471)(66,936,366)(73,872,812)Total governmental activities net position 141,389,146 143,291,328 149,845,505 155,204,163 147,135,218 Business-type activities 137,407,148 172,095,833 171,920,314 176,523,733 184,918,965 Net investment in capital assets Restricted 5,622,428 5,638,545 5,166,369 5,681,780 8,545,937 Unrestricted (1,728,272)(2,125,977)49,034 5,025,384 13,515,909 141,301,304 175,608,401 187,230,897 206,980,811 Total business-type activities net position 177,135,717 Primary government Net investment in capital assets 350,986,458 383,901,478 383,642,974 391,758,882 399,456,771 Restricted 8,111,116 9,139,361 14,680,685 12,587,160 15,016,161 Unrestricted (60,356,903) (76,407,124)(74,141,110)(71,342,437)(61,910,982)\$ 282,690,450 \$ 318,899,729 \$ 326,981,222 \$ 354,116,029 Total primary government net position \$ 342,435,060

Beginning in FY 2013 the City adopted GASB Statement No. 63 and began using the title of Net Position in lieu of Net Assets to describe the City's net equity.

## LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS) (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 expenses Governmental activities General government \$ 6,608,885 7,536,526 \$ 6,904,634 9,041,919 8,274,466 Public Safety 10,046,876 10,178,031 11,170,823 12,096,387 13,656,195 Community Development 4,928,368 21,231,389 23,302,007 4,079,029 5,796,634 Streets and Highways 9,473,624 9,676,339 10,632,298 11,727,234 12,764,811 9,856,045 Parks, recreation, and culture 8,023,291 8,503,024 9,251,152 10,486,576 414,906 Cemetery 362,172 386,084 443,058 406,824 Interest on long-term debt 4,520,957 4,437,878 4,832,597 4,834,457 4,906,081 60,267,194 53,759,500 64,019,889 47,313,591 55,431,403 Total governmental activities Business-type activities 3,409,071 3,935,066 4,110,256 6,233,288 4,807,400 Culinary Water Sewer 6,248,401 7,415,879 8,188,182 9,525,964 9.865.657 Pressurized Irrigation 2,747,577 2,811,392 2,933,070 3,412,437 3,637,826 25,550,168 28,132,875 30,707,792 Electric 24,328,858 26,793,013 2,228,474 Drainage 1,301,784 1,377,942 1,610,648 1,968,846 Garbage 2,427,119 2,448,938 2,354,165 2,123,488 2,310,261 Total business-type activities 40,462,810 43,444,612 45,758,657 51,583,671 53,696,087 93,072,248 109,127,490 'otal primary government expenses 100,730,004 107,464,501 105,343,171 'rogram Revenues Governmental activities Charges for services \$ \$ 1,280,770 922,395 \$ 1,225,124 \$ 1,035,384 \$ 1,270,675 General government Public Safety 735,826 713,288 772,926 1,515,823 1,510,422 3,380,948 4,122,688 4,539,888 Community Development 3,996,282 6,753,793 Parks, recreation, and culture 3,442,123 3,538,275 3,669,216 3,701,396 3,989,072 200,865 235,200 240,285 219,065 232,520 Cemetery 1,652,937 1,879,304 3,449,482 2,687,038 Operating grants and contributions 1,921,433 Capital grants and contributions 6,669,536 10,177,225 13,859,305 21,055,729 23,638,826 Total governmental activities 17,363,005 21,461,969 25,810,977 35,516,767 40,082,346 Business-type activities Charges for services Culinary Water 3,387,526 3,606,036 4,282,274 6,623,580 5,671,068 Sewer 7,518,893 8,561,592 8,632,614 8,515,717 8,560,318 Pressurized Irrigation 2,236,370 2,678,561 2,697,436 2,649,309 3,002,057 Electric 24,730,251 26,168,996 28,967,401 31,303,180 33,458,042 Drainage 1,072,401 958,281 1,018,434 1,098,866 1,162,357 Garbage 2,025,666 2,075,810 2,196,940 2,300,452 2,412,652 13,302,030 23,080,154 25,341,969 Capital grants and contributions 13,031,629 12,816,991 54,002,736 Total business-type activities 57,351,306 60,612,090 75,571,258 79,608,463 'otal primary government program revenues 71,365,741 78,813,275 86,423,067 111,088,025 119,690,809

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS) (accrual basis of accounting)

Expenses	2009		2010		2011	2012	2013	
Governmental activities								
General government	\$ 4,790,376	\$	4,429,526	\$	5,307,139	\$ 5,664,766	\$	5,602,138
Public Safety	6,917,410		8,294,302		8,781,592	8,759,020		9,487,082
Community Development	7,845,367		3,915,440		4,264,439	3,826,912		17,364,548
Streets and Highways	6,833,204		7,533,656		10,227,496	11,731,075		8,696,026
Parks, recreation, and culture	6,154,035		6,181,189		6,369,274	6,740,823		7,585,566
Cemetery	179,180		343,280		269,700	261,054		315,796
Interest on long-term debt	4,818,132		4,677,116		4,545,032	 4,457,480		4,498,839
Total governmental activities	37,537,704		35,374,509		39,764,672	41,441,130		53,549,995
Business-type activities								
Culinary Water	2,738,379		2,502,822		2,544,131	2,562,929		2,848,555
Sewer	4,427,260		4,867,521		6,102,340	6,372,255		6,218,600
Pressurized Irrigation	1,867,549		1,882,960		2,676,304	2,277,980		2,604,120
Electric	20,728,252		20,554,351		20,787,596	19,951,247		23,776,549
Drainage	906,252		1,006,380		1,225,380	1,161,325		1,299,785
Garbage	1,934,512		2,021,030		1,816,865	 2,120,558		2,243,542
Total business-type activities	32,602,204		32,835,064		35,152,616	34,446,294		38,991,151
Total primary government expenses	\$ 70,139,908	\$	68,209,573	\$	74,917,288	\$ 75,887,424	\$	92,541,146
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities								
Charges for services								
General government	\$ 1,704,170	\$	1,145,665	\$	1,021,657	\$ 901,786	\$	852,069
Public Safety	492,808		591,731		505,979	491,458		639,389
Community Development	1,023,732		1,363,643		1,487,215	2,331,513		3,697,018
Parks, recreation, and culture	2,874,871		2,987,914		2,949,442	3,103,973		3,261,742
Cemetery	136,252		70,780		161,502	147,453		170,515
Operating grants and contributions	823,303		1,545,098		2,153,477	3,443,139		1,990,385
Capital grants and contributions	13,239,384	_	5,596,760		12,581,519	 7,656,824		2,693,363
Total governmental activities	20,294,520		13,301,591		20,860,791	18,076,146		13,304,481
Business-type activities								
Charges for services								
Culinary Water	1,984,451		2,597,686		2,634,733	2,843,567		3,353,732
Sewer	3,682,833		3,959,930		4,886,485	6,292,827		7,329,883
Pressurized Irrigation	1,630,416		1,850,135		2,200,146	2,296,606		2,160,964
Electric	19,110,795		18,975,668		19,856,320	21,222,943		23,493,768
Drainage	866,809		933,646		1,070,910	1,107,979		1,023,980
Garbage	2,011,309		2,125,792		2,193,629	2,291,890		2,155,728
Capital grants and contributions	8,470,064		5,034,797		4,245,278	 5,631,871		9,991,274
Total business-type activities	37,756,677		35,477,654		37,087,501	41,687,683		49,509,329
Total primary government revenues	\$ 58,051,197	\$	48,779,245	\$	57,948,292	\$ 59,763,829	\$	62,813,810

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS) (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	(42,927,489) 13,539,926	\$	(42,542,388) 13,906,694	\$	(22,076,340) 14,853,433	\$	(18,242,733) 23,987,587	\$	(15,349,057) 25,912,376
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	\$	(29,387,563)	\$	(28,635,694)	\$	(7,222,907)	\$	5,744,854	\$	10,563,319
General Revenues and Other Changes Governmental activities Taxes	in Ne	et Position								
Property taxes Sales taxes Franchise taxes Impact fees Earnings on investments Gain on disposal of capital assets Other Transfers Total governmental activities Business-type activities Earnings on investments Impact fees Gain on disposal of capital assets	\$	16,373,300 7,904,519 4,285,907 4,899,084 98,028 - 18,862 730,920 34,310,620 106,836 7,617,749 68,690	\$	17,134,391 9,060,843 4,626,674 4,980,287 81,658 - 75,314 485,920 36,445,087 114,557 7,239,384 6,164	\$	18,943,311 9,830,594 5,221,608 3,872,262 153,854 - 100,458 730,920 38,853,007	\$	21,435,929 11,034,838 4,886,832 3,378,791 193,325 - 1,534,862 - 42,464,577 304,489 5,331,228 38,613	\$	21,124,631 12,222,987 5,287,987 4,424,709 337,123 256,152 924,150 
Other Trans fers		531,204 (730,920)		411,696 (485,920)		617,859 (730,920)		391,826		505,851
Total business-type activities		7,593,559		7,285,881		5,203,256		6,066,156		11,046,851
Total primary government	\$	41,904,179	\$	43,730,968	\$	44,056,263	\$	48,530,733	\$	55,624,590
Change in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	(8,593,569) 21,133,485	\$	(6,112,833) 21,192,575	\$	17,350,393 20,056,689	\$	24,221,844 30,053,743	\$	29,228,682 36,959,227
Total primary government	\$	12,539,916	\$	15,079,742	\$	37,407,082	\$	54,275,587	\$	66,187,909

CONTINUED

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 2

### CHANGES IN NET POSITION (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS) (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013
Net (Expense)/Revenue				_		_				_
Governmental activities	\$	(17,243,184)	\$	(22,072,918)	\$	(18,903,881)	\$	(23,364,984)	\$	(40,303,264)
Business-type activities		5,154,473		2,642,590		1,934,885		7,241,389		10,518,178
Total primary government net										
(expense)/revenue	\$	(12,088,711)	\$	(19,430,328)	\$	(16,968,996)	\$	(16,123,595)	\$	(29,785,086)
General Revenues and Other Changes	in Ne	et Position								
Governmental activities										
Taxes										
Property taxes	\$	18,072,425	\$	14,221,477	\$	15,216,011	\$	14,967,910	\$	14,564,416
Sales taxes		5,727,822		5,741,667		5,985,133		6,818,129		7,361,030
Franchise taxes		3,191,822		3,127,311		3,418,306		3,374,229		3,733,118
Earnings on investments		177,236		98,348		74,775		2,719,390		4,727,508
Gain (Loss) on disposal of assets		(159,412)		55,297		28,511		95,889		108,596
Other		-		-		4,402		17,175		47,656
Transfers		2,231,004		731,000		730,920		730,920		730,920
Total governmental activities		29,240,897		23,975,100		25,458,058		28,723,642		31,273,244
Business-type activities										
Earnings on investments		280,778		49,956		48,967		159,686		99,922
Impact fees								3,127,551		4,273,216
Gain on disposal of assets		_		(115,728)		-		33,221		1,800
Other		196,858		169,979		274,384		264,253		286,009
Trans fers		(2,231,004)		(731,000)		(730,920)		(730,920)		(730,920)
Total business-type activities		(1,753,368)		(626,793)		(407,569)		2,853,791		3,930,027
Total primary government	\$	27,487,529	\$	23,348,307	\$	25,050,489	\$	31,577,433	\$	35,203,271
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	\$	11,999,713		1,902,182		6,554,177	\$	5,358,658	\$	(8,972,270)
Business-type activities	*	3,401,105		2,015,797		1,527,316	~	10,095,180	~	14,448,205
Total primary government	\$	15,400,818	\$	3,917,979	\$	8,081,493	\$	15,453,838	\$	5,475,935
r	4	-2,.00,010		2,727,77		0,001,.75		10, .00,000		2,.,2,250

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 3

#### FUND BALANCES: GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

					Fi	scal Year				
		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$	29,902	\$	24,000	\$	103,000	\$	197,599	\$	-
Restricted		1,028,085		799,082		574,992		306,630		458,007
Committed		466,584		496,802		624,936		542,731		552,705
Assigned		190,349		191,324		192,026		194,253		22,295
Unassigned		6,645,733		6,758,479		6,918,012		5,052,340		10,887,280
Total general fund		8,360,653		8,269,687		8,412,966		6,293,553		11,920,287
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable		-		24,877		=		=		=
Restricted		8,274,991		6,245,868		4,738,086		711,561		1,017,852
Assigned		2,617,559		2,536,176		5,043,913		1,403,153		5,097,302
Total all other governmental funds	1	0,892,550		8,806,921		9,781,999		2,114,714		6,115,154
Total governmental funds	\$ 1	9,253,203	\$	17,076,608	\$	18,194,965	\$	8,408,267	\$	18,035,441
					E.	137				
		2009		2010	F1	scal Year 2011		2012		2013
General Fund		2009	_	2010		2011	-	2012		2013
Nonspendable	\$	34,398	\$	_	\$	2,637	\$	_	\$	25,858
Restricted		1,963,731	Ψ	2,226,954	Ψ	1,079,347	Ψ	1,160,885	Ψ	652,048
Committed		319,499		321,627		355,345		398,166		448,237
Assigned		179,765		180,961		181,923		183,210		184,415
Unassigned		526,590		913,681		1,590,564		3,410,473		6,439,616
-										
Total general fund		3,023,983		3,643,223		3,209,816		5,152,734		7,750,174
All Other Governmental Funds										
Restricted		1,055,460		1,509,304		8,566,451		6,121,394		6,195,047
Assigned		297,990		481,634		(1,008,431)		37,941		2,690,851
Total all other governmental funds		1,353,450		1,990,938		7,558,020		6,159,335		8,885,898
•			•		•	10,767,836	•		\$	
Total governmental funds	\$	4,377,433	\$	5,634,161	Э	10,/0/,830	Þ	11,312,069	Þ	16,636,072

Lehi City implemented GASB 54 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The fund balances from prior fiscal years (2009 - 2010) were restated for comparison purposes.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 4

## CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES: GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS) (modified accrual basis of accounting)

\_\_\_\_\_

•			Fiscal Year		
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 28,563,726	\$ 30,821,908	\$ 33,995,513	\$ 37,357,599	\$ 38,635,605
Licenses, fees and permits	6,444,720	7,372,672	6,533,438	6,866,680	8,000,076
Intergovernmental	1,671,598	2,056,379	3,539,749	3,316,413	6,253,575
Charges for services	5,762,720	6,081,697	6,519,088	7,502,520	8,636,679
Fines and forfeitures	547,825	554,622	668,151	629,104	799,079
Miscellaneous	806,898	433,344	649,434	1,252,405	1,818,819
Interest on investments	88,992	72,298	145,662	181,076	300,658
Total revenues	43,886,479	47,392,920	52,051,035	57,105,797	64,444,491
Expenditures					
General government	5,512,993	7,432,107	6,804,485	8,390,690	6,856,047
Public Safety	9,830,309	9,745,736	10,602,138	11,934,981	12,622,099
Community development	21,215,648	23,120,657	3,820,164	6,179,501	5,121,202
Streets and highways	2,462,221	2,790,957	3,114,886	4,096,908	3,372,051
Parks, recreation and culture	8,295,691	7,656,136	8,279,958	8,628,939	9,675,126
Cemetery	334,730	358,145	415,615	385,537	390,147
Other	77,920	12,476	3,600	3,600	63,900
Capital outlay	4,245,051	10,087,085	9,752,734	20,976,507	9,962,532
Debt Service					
Principal	10,722,440	4,353,681	4,764,670	5,201,440	7,683,967
Interest and fiscal charges	4,636,091	4,246,198	4,732,577	5,277,161	4,890,766
Total expenditures	67,333,094	69,803,178	52,290,827	71,075,264	60,637,837
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(23,446,615)	(22,410,258)	(239,792)	(13,969,467)	3,806,654
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	4,408,662	3,917,960	5,818,343	6,791,536	4,098,769
Transfers out	(3,677,742)	(3,432,040)	(5,087,423)	(6,791,536)	(4,098,769)
Sale of capital assets	52,930	190,380	627,229	13,577	51,932
Bond and note proceeds	25,163,052	19,557,363		4,169,192	5,768,588
Total other financing sources (uses)	25,946,902	20,233,663	1,358,149	4,182,769	5,820,520
Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,500,287	\$ (2,176,595)	\$ 1,118,357	\$ (9,786,698)	\$ 9,627,174
Debt service as a percentage					
of noncapital expenditures	24.34%	14.59%	22.41%	21.93%	25.12%

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LEHI CITY CORPORATION
SCHEDULE 4
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES: GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year		
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 26,992,069	\$ 23,090,455	\$ 24,619,450	\$ 25,160,268	\$ 25,658,564
Licenses, fees and permits	1,753,077	3,295,183	3,070,742	4,187,195	6,695,905
Intergovernmental	1,604,255	2,589,244	10,694,110	7,031,764	2,015,152
Charges for services	3,951,453	4,111,773	4,209,859	4,554,976	5,668,980
Fines and forfeitures	1,133,215	828,467	835,010	651,848	593,424
Special assessment revenue	1,271,000	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	570,955	441,419	335,460	365,682	357,656
Interest on investments	179,236	92,336	67,281	83,006	96,393
Total revenues	37,455,260	34,448,877	43,831,912	42,034,739	41,086,074
Expenditures					
General government	4,390,714	4,431,166	4,928,570	4,926,429	4,756,942
Public Safety	7,897,722	8,071,323	8,453,897	8,430,152	9,108,300
Community development	7,667,029	3,707,335	4,388,643	3,775,472	17,383,350
Streets and highways	1,834,279	1,689,097	1,770,865	1,873,444	2,094,633
Parks, recreation and culture	5,542,788	5,793,779	6,058,330	6,927,077	6,805,808
Cemetery	297,062	289,208	223,569	244,481	291,914
Other	32,623	33,225	798,307	312,483	13,780
Capital outlay	8,617,325	1,695,944	5,362,725	8,858,638	3,569,430
Debt Service					
Principal	7,937,343	4,062,549	3,848,822	3,508,069	3,136,951
Interest and fiscal charges	3,774,216	4,568,005	4,603,039	4,032,356	4,405,021
Total expenditures	47,991,101	34,341,631	40,436,767	42,888,601	51,566,129
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(10,535,841)	107,246	3,395,145	(853,862)	(10,480,055)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	8,224,855	2,100,180	5,254,970	2,522,057	3,708,947
Trans fers out	(5,993,851)	(1,369,180)	(4,524,050)	(1,791,137)	(2,978,027)
Sale of capital assets	-	56,297	49,110	17,175	82,760
Bond and note proceeds	4,470,865	362,185	958,500	650,000	14,087,053
Total other financing sources (uses)	6,701,869	1,149,482	1,738,530	1,398,095	14,900,733
Net change in fund balances	\$ (3,833,972)	\$ 1,256,728	\$ 5,133,675	\$ 544,233	\$ 4,420,678
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	30.65%	25.13%	22.90%	20.55%	16.62%

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 5 TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

2017

2018

Growth 2009-2018

21,295,398

20,843,539

18.8%

Fees in Lieu General General Use of Personal Fiscal Property and Sales Franchise **Property** Tax Total Year Tax Tax Tax \$ \$ 2009 \$ 17,539,314 \$ 5,727,822 3,191,822 533,111 26,992,069 321,119 2010 13,900,358 5,741,667 3,127,311 23,090,455 2011 14,704,702 5,985,133 3,418,306 511,309 24,619,450 2012 14,430,126 6,818,129 3,374,229 537,784 25,160,268 2013 14,014,696 549,720 25,658,564 7,361,030 3,733,118 2014 15,812,205 7,904,519 4,285,907 561,095 28,563,726 2015 16,576,423 9,060,843 4,626,674 557,968 30,821,908 2016 18,985,237 9,377,782 5,067,062 581,027 34,011,108

4,698,705

5,073,080

58.9%

605,525

656,847

23.2%

37,357,599

38,635,605

43.1%

10,757,971

12,062,139

110.6%

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 6 ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS)

Fiscal Year	Real Property	Personal Property (1)	 Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2009	\$ 2,729,016,625	\$ 1,232,130,764	\$ 3,961,147,389	0.001901	\$ 5,620,741,015	70.5%
2010	2,678,798,948	827,519,256	3,506,318,204	0.001789	4,763,264,294	73.6%
2011	2,512,537,899	716,232,799	3,228,770,698	0.002370	4,449,089,196	72.6%
2012	2,413,402,390	595,908,946	3,009,311,336	0.002519	4,177,983,527	72.0%
2013	2,471,989,979	552,044,117	3,024,034,096	0.002585	4,207,485,475	71.9%
2014	2,781,443,616	636,160,403	3,417,604,019	0.002432	4,740,895,420	72.1%
2015	3,260,372,368	679,951,110	3,940,323,478	0.002172	5,515,472,867	71.4%
2016	3,659,970,869	841,344,071	4,501,314,940	0.002090	6,273,725,606	71.7%
2017	4,179,645,929	1,001,269,708	5,180,915,637	0.002005	7,122,345,588	72.7%
2018	4,694,115,192	1,049,063,478	5,743,178,670	0.001830	7,936,815,060	72.4%

Values obtained from the Utah County Auditor and do not include RDA values.

<sup>(1)</sup> Personal Property has been combined with centrally assessed values.

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 7 PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS)

		Collected v Fiscal Year		Collections	Total Collect	ions to Date
Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	Amount	Percentage of Levy	in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2009	\$ 4,834,566	\$ 4,387,425	90.75%	\$ 446,950	\$ 4,834,375	100.00%
2010	5,235,678	4,605,762	87.97%	629,747	5,235,509	100.00%
2011	5,676,477	5,203,186	91.66%	472,879	5,676,065	99.99%
2012	5,822,681	5,293,437	90.91%	520,694	5,814,131	99.85%
2013	6,149,530	5,660,924	92.05%	455,422	6,116,346	99.46%
2014	6,343,087	6,020,853	94.92%	218,213	6,239,066	98.36%
2015	8,631,183	8,222,670	95.27%	303,443	8,526,113	98.78%
2016	9,388,153	8,960,710	95.45%	349,731	9,310,441	99.17%
2017	10,467,968	10,028,134	95.80%	370,879	10,399,013	99.34%
2018	10,682,184	10,215,281	95.63%	-	10,215,281	95.63%

Source: Utah County Treasurer

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 8 DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

	Lehi	City Direct F	Rates			Overla	pping Rates		
Fiscal Year	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Direct Rate	Alpine School District	Utah County	Central Utah Water Conservancy District	North Utah County Water Conservancy District	Lehi Metropolitan Water District	Total
2000	0.001001		0.001001	0.0001.53	0.001002	0.000210	0.000022	0.00000	0.011406
2009	0.001901	-	0.001901	0.008153	0.001092	0.000310	0.000022	0.000008	0.011486
2010	0.001789	-	0.001789	0.008152	0.001091	0.000310	0.000021	0.000008	0.011371
2011	0.002370	-	0.002370	0.008152	0.001091	0.000500	0.000021	0.000008	0.012142
2012	0.002519	-	0.002519	0.008120	0.001342	0.000500	0.000028	0.000013	0.012522
2013	0.002585	-	0.002585	0.008120	0.001342	0.000500	0.000028	0.000013	0.012588
2014	0.002432	-	0.002432	0.008699	0.001259	0.000446	0.000028	0.000012	0.012876
2015	0.002172	-	0.002172	0.008096	0.001149	0.000422	0.000025	0.000011	0.011875
2016	0.002090	-	0.002090	0.008177	0.001098	0.000405	0.000024	0.000011	0.011805
2017	0.002005	-	0.002005	0.007167	0.000969	0.000400	0.000021	0.000010	0.010572
2018	0.001830	-	0.001830	0.007033	0.000911	0.000400	0.000019	0.000009	0.010202

The City's certified property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the city council, after holding one or more truth-in-taxation public hearings.

Source: Utah State Tax Commission, Utah County Treasurer

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 9 PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS (CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO)

		2018			2009	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
	Taxable		Total Taxable	Taxable		Total Taxable
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Valuation	Rank	Valuation	Valuation	Rank	Valuation
DATE LT L L L LIC	Ф. 251.220.500	1	4.420/	Ф <b>512</b> 655 496	1	0.140/
IM Flash Technologies LLC	\$ 351,230,500	1	4.43%	\$ 513,655,486	1	9.14%
Thanks giving Park Five and Six LLC	64,213,900	2	0.81%		-	0.00%
Adobe Systems Inc.	50,365,700	3	0.63%		-	0.00%
Outlets at Traverse Mountain LLC	47,990,300	4	0.60%		-	0.00%
MPT of Lehi-Steward LLC	45,096,500	5	0.57%		-	0.00%
TMCV#2 LLC	40,252,600	6	0.51%		-	0.00%
TMCV#1 LLC	40,099,900	7	0.51%		-	0.00%
T-Stat One LLC	34,342,100	8	0.43%		-	0.00%
Traverse Ridge Center I LLC	31,006,900	9	0.39%		-	0.00%
Questar Gas	30,966,900	10	0.39%		-	0.00%
Thanksgiving Point LC				37,558,495	2	0.67%
Cabelas				28,045,550	3	0.50%
Fox Ridge Investments LLC				21,576,893	4	0.38%
Thai Properties LLC				17,568,499	5	0.31%
Whistle Stop Development Corp				7,985,550	6	0.14%
Point Development LC				7,152,667	7	0.13%
Qwest Corp				6,958,003	8	0.12%
Museum of Ancient History				5,879,554	9	0.10%
Costco Wholesale Corp				5,755,534	10	0.10%
Total	\$ 735,565,300	<b>-</b> -	9.27%	\$ 652,136,231		11.60%

Source: Utah County Assessor

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 10 RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

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		Governmenta	al Activities			Busi	ness-Type Activ					
Fiscal Year	Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	Excise Tax Road Bonds	Capital Leases	Notes Payable	Water Revenue Bonds	Electric Revenue Bonds	Dainage Revenue Bonds	Capital Leases	pecial Assessment Bonds/Other Notes Payable	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita (1)
2009	\$ 18,401,997	\$ 2,190,000	\$ 305,665	\$ 74,097,585	\$ 3,200,536	\$ 7,457,501	\$ 1,095,000	\$ 118,935	\$ -	\$ 106,867,219	10.53%	2,283
2010	17,610,000	1,665,000	234,551	71,785,332	2,853,981	6,881,750	935,000	24,317	· -	101,989,931	8.74%	2,054
2011	16,670,000	1,125,000	160,014	72,133,133	2,497,427	6,306,000	2,335,492	-	1,686,586	102,913,652	8.80%	2,068
2012	16,110,000	575,000	81,888	68,779,604	2,125,873	5,730,250	2,200,369	-	1,672,366	97,275,350	8.30%	1,951
2013	15,570,000	-	-	80,926,594	1,739,319	5,200,000	2,070,000	-	1,636,904	107,142,817	8.90%	2,094
2014	15,165,000	-	-	95,772,209	140,000	4,560,000	1,920,000	-	1,600,010	119,157,219	9.19%	2,191
2015	14,515,000	-	-	111,625,886	-	3,820,000	1,760,000	-	1,561,666	133,282,552	9.92%	2,368
2016	13,855,000	-	-	107,521,217	-	3,075,000	1,610,000	-	1,521,786	127,583,003	8.78%	2,238
2017	13,175,000	-	-	107,169,069	-	2,320,000	1,455,000	-	1,480,286	125,599,355	8.09%	2,055
2018	18,243,588	-	-	100,185,102	-	19,669,467	1,295,000	-	1,291,636	140,684,793	8.20%	2,243

<sup>1)</sup> See Schedule 19 for personal income and population data

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 11 RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	ther onds	Total	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)		Per Capita (2)
2009	\$ -	\$ _	\$		%	- %
2010	-	-				_
2011	-	-				_
2012	-	-				-
2013	-	-				-
2014	-	-				_
2015	-	-				-
2016	-	-				_
2017	-	-				-
2018	-	-				-

<sup>(1)</sup> See Schedule 6 for property value data.

<sup>(2)</sup> See Schedule 19 for population data.

<sup>(3)</sup> Lehi City has no general obligation debt outstanding or any other bonds that would commit property taxes for payment.

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 12 DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (AS OF JUNE 30, 2018)

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable to Lehi (1)	Estimated Amount Applicable to Lehi
Central Utah Water Conservancy District Utah County Alpine School District	\$ 213,942,622 260,478,688 563,155,067	13.53% 13.53% 21.25%	\$ 28,944,593 35,240,522 119,682,256
Subtotal, overlapping debt	1,037,576,377		183,867,371
Lehi City direct debt	118,428,690	100.00%	118,428,690
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 1,156,005,067		\$ 302,296,061

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Lehi City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden born by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by dividing the City's taxable assessed value by each overlapping unit's total taxable assessed value.

Sources: Utah State Tax Commission; Alpine School District; Utah County Auditor's Office; Central Utah Water Conservancy District

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 13 LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Fiscal Year		Debt Limit		Total debt	Leg	gal debt margin
2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018	\$	224,829,641 190,530,572 177,963,568 167,119,341 168,299,419 189,635,817 220,618,915 250,949,024 284,893,824 317,472,602	\$	- - - - - - -	\$	224,829,641 190,530,572 177,963,568 167,119,341 168,299,419 189,635,817 220,618,915 250,949,024 284,893,824 317,472,602
Total debt applicable limit as a percentage						0.0%
Legal Debt Margin Co	alcula	tion for Fiscal Ye	ear 2018	8		
Estimated market valu	ıe				\$	7,936,815,060
Debt limit (4% of mar	ket va	alue)				317,472,602
Debt applicable to lin	nit					-
Legal debt margin					\$	317,472,602

Source: Utah State Tax Commission; Utah County Auditor's Office

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 14 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE WATER REVENUE BONDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

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			Net Revenue Available				
Fiscal	Gross	Operating	for Debt	Debt Se	ervice Requirem	ents (3)	
Year	Revenues (1)	Expenses (2)	Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2009	\$ 5,200,893	\$ 2,668,401	\$ 2,532,492	\$ 430,000	\$ 133,951	\$ 563,951	4.49
2010	5,722,876	2,375,972	3,346,904	345,000	119,327	464,327	7.21
2011	5,901,420	3,195,015	2,706,405	355,000	107,178	462,178	5.86
2012	6,611,424	2,708,050	3,903,374	370,000	94,383	464,383	8.41
2013	6,956,808	3,215,600	3,741,208	385,000	73,148	458,148	8.17
2014	8,692,057	3,926,658	4,765,399	400,000	66,428	466,428	10.22
2015	9,113,818	4,447,560	4,666,258	140,000	6,860	146,860	31.77
2016	8,561,431	4,448,967	4,112,464	-	-	-	-
2017	11,583,625	6,744,977	4,838,648	-	-	-	-
2018	13,029,446	5,207,971	7,821,475	-	-	-	-

<sup>(1)</sup> Total revenue (including interest and impact fees) for culinary water and secondary water combined.

Amounts are exclusive of any developer fees that are passed through to the Central Valley Water Conservancy District.

<sup>(2)</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation. Amounts shown are for culinary water and secondary water combined.

<sup>(3)</sup> Amounts shown are for culinary water and secondary water combined.

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 15 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE SALES TAX REVENUE BONDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Fiscal Sales Tax Debt Service Requirements Principal Total Coverage Year Revenue Interest \$ \$ 2009 5,727,822 515,000 427,576 942,576 6.08 2010 5,741,667 525,000 414,058 939,058 6.11 2011 5,985,133 550,000 389,371 939,371 6.37 2012 380,434 7.25 6,818,129 560,000 940,434 2013 7,361,030 540,000 358,034 898,034 8.20 8.81 2014 7,904,519 560,000 337,473 897,473 2015 9,060,843 650,000 165,824 815,824 11.11 2016 9,377,782 660,000 150,880 810,880 11.56 2017 10,757,971 680,000 135,700 815,700 13.19 2018 12,062,139 700,000 196,433 13.46 (1) 896,433

<sup>(1)</sup> The City issued \$5,768,588 in sales tax revenue bonds in fiscal year 2018 to finance the construction of the new fire station.

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 16 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE EXCISE TAX ROAD BONDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Fiscal	Excise Tax	Debt	Service Require	ments	
Year	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2009	\$ 1,298,469	\$ 505,000	\$ 84,070	\$ 589,070	2.20
2010	1,446,611	525,000	64,525	589,525	2.45
2011	1,534,646	540,000	51,100	591,100	2.60
2012	1,520,746	550,000	34,900	584,900	2.60
2013	1,586,980	575,000	18,400	593,400	2.56
2014	1,513,953	-	-	-	-
2015	1,592,893	-	-	-	-
2016	1,785,860	-	-	-	-
2017	2,169,616	-	-	-	-
2018	2,229,760	-	-	-	-

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 17 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE ELECTRIC REVENUE BONDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

T: 1				1	et Revenue Available		D 1.	<b>G</b>				
Fiscal		Gross	Operating		for Debt			Serv	ice Require	ments		
Year	R	evenues (1)	Expenses (2)		Service	P	rincipal	I	nterest		Total	Coverage
2009	\$	20,144,969	\$ 18,942,731	\$	1,202,238	\$	540,000	\$	296,110	\$	836,110	1.44
2010		20,228,879	18,942,921		1,285,958		600,000		143,957		743,957	1.73
2011		20,907,913	19,138,670		1,769,243		600,000		128,398		728,398	2.43
2012		22,771,390	18,216,123		4,555,267		600,000		117,490		717,490	6.35
2013		25,857,917	21,786,781		4,071,136		630,000		119,249		749,249	5.43
2014		28,948,402	22,324,365		6,624,037		700,000		94,032		794,032	8.34
2015		29,919,796	23,489,726		6,430,070		740,000		64,703		804,703	7.99
2016		32,413,055	24,643,464		7,769,591		745,000		58,782		803,782	9.67
2017		34,068,518	26,050,071		8,018,447		755,000		52,078		807,078	9.94
2018	(3)	38,653,790	27,683,496		10,970,294		760,000		287,365		1,047,365	10.47

<sup>(1)</sup> Total revenue (including interest and impact fees).

<sup>(2)</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation and amortization.

<sup>(3)</sup> The City issued \$18,109,467 in electric revenue bonds in fiscal year 2018 to finance the construction of a new power plant.

## LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 18 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE DRAINAGE REVENUE BONDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

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Net Revenue	
Available	

Fiscal	Gross	Operating	for Debt		Debt	Servi	ce Require	ments	3	
Year	Revenues (1)	Expenses (2)	Service	P	Principal	I	nterest		Total	Coverage
2009	\$ 984,694	\$ 242,283	\$ 742,411	\$	150,000	\$	68,715	\$	218,715	3.39
2010	1,083,110	273,040	810,070		160,000		60,840		220,840	3.67
2011 (3)	1,225,501	457,221	768,280		145,000		62,156		207,156	3.71
2012	1,332,332	358,815	973,517		140,000		82,661		222,661	4.37
2013	1,334,947	394,904	940,043		145,000		77,747		222,747	4.22
2014	1,480,016	363,271	1,116,745		150,000		72,657		222,657	5.02
2015	1,394,965	368,077	1,026,888		160,000		67,393		227,393	4.52
2016	1,427,089	457,652	969,437		150,000		61,776		211,776	4.58
2017	1,491,237	696,897	794,340		155,000		56,511		211,511	3.76
2018	1,711,571	734,418	977,153		160,000		51,986		211,986	4.61

<sup>(1)</sup> Total revenue (including interest and impact fees).

<sup>(2)</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

<sup>(3)</sup> The 2000 drainage bond was refunded and an additional \$1,500,000 was added to the debt to complete the Murdock Canal when the City issued the 2010 drainage bonds.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 19 DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income (1)	Unemployment Rate (2)	
2009	46,802	\$ 1,015,041,776	\$ 21,688	4.9	
2010	49,646	1,167,376,044	23,514	7.2	
2011	49,753	1,169,892,042	23,514	7.6	
2012	49,857	1,172,337,498	23,514	6.5	
2013	51,173	1,203,281,922	23,514	4.9	
2014	54,382	1,296,640,685	23,843	3.5	
2015	56,275	1,343,453,075	23,873	3.4	
2016	57,000	1,453,767,554	25,504	3.4	
2017	61,130	1,552,978,545	25,405	3.3	
2018	62,712	1,715,886,931	27,361	3.1	

Amounts for calendar year 2010 are estimated at 2 percent greater than calendar year 2009 amounts.

(2) Unemployment rates are for Utah County, Utah.

Sources: Population information provided by the Lehi Planning Department.

Personal income information found at http://www.tax.utah.gov/econstats/income.

Unemployment rates provided by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

<sup>(1)</sup> Per capita personal income amounts shown are for the tax calendar year that ended during the specified fiscal year.

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 20 PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO)

_	2018	2009				
Employer	Range of Employees	Estimated Employees	Rank			
IM Flash	1000-1999	1,668	1			
Adobe	1000-1999					
Young Living Essential Oils	1000-1999	123	8			
Vivint Solar	1000-1999					
Alpine School District	850-1800					
Ancestry.com	500-999					
Xactware	500-999					
Younique	500-999					
Workfront	500-999					
Solutionreach	500-999					
Entrata	500-999					
Xango	-	710	2			
Cabela's	250-499	413	3			
Thanks giving Point	250-499	375	4			
Hadco	250-499	274	5			
Jack B Parson Co.	-	250	6			
Costco	250-499	213	7			
Lowes	100-249	123	9			
Albertsons	-	95	10			

Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services

Note: The State of Utah only tracks employees by range of employees. The City does not collect employee information as part of the business license or any other process. Therefore, we are not able to report each employer as a percentage of total employment.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 21 FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General government										
Court	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Administrative	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	6.5	9.5	11.5	11.5	11.5	15
Treasury	6	6	6	6	6	5	5	6	6	6
Finance	5	5	5	5	5	7	7	7	7	4
Legal Services	-	-	-	-	4.5	4.5	5.3	5.3	5.3	5
Legislative (1)	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Public safety										
Police	41.5	41.5	41.5	44.5	45	48	51	54	59	59
Fire	39	39	39	40	40	42	43	46	50	66
Animal Control	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2	2	2	2	2	1
Community development										
Public Works Administration	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Planning and Zoning	7.5	6.5	6.5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Inspections	9	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	9
Streets and Highways										
Streets and Public Improvements	10	9	9	12	12	12	14	15	15	15
Park, recreation and culture										
Parks	18	19	19	21	22	27	27	29	29	29
Senior Citizens	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2.5	3
Recreation	115.5	115.5	115.5	73.5	75.5	84.5	84.5	87.5	82	91
Library	13	13	13	18	20	20	20	21	21	21
Literacy Center	-	-	-	5.5	5.5	6.5	6.5	6.5	6	6
Cemetery	3.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	3	3.5	3.5	4	4	6
Culinary Water	8	8	8	8	8	9	9	10	10	12
Sewer	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	8	8
Power	19	19	19	24.5	24.5	23.5	25.5	27.5	29	32
Secondary Water	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	6.5	5.5	6.5	6.5	5
Storm Drain	3	3	3	3	3	3	3.65	4.65	5.65	5

Note: Full-time equivalent employees shown are based on authorized positions as determined by the salary schedule and the personnel budgets for the specified year.

<sup>(1)</sup> Legislative is made up of a part-time mayor and 5 part-time council members.

<sup>(2)</sup> Garbage service is contracted out to a private hauler.

<sup>(3)</sup> The public works director oversees drainage. The cleaning and necessary repairs are done by all three water departments.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 22 OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

	Fis cal Year									
Function/Program	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Community development										
Residential building permits issued	298	243	286	590	569	340	464	548	489	781
Commercial building permits issued	35	28	28	38	25	26	165	195	195	183
Court										
Traffic and Misdemeanor cases handled	7,244	7,997	8,333	7,102	5,896	5,845	4,705	6,387	5,547	7,321
Police										
Calls for service	14,041	14,326	14,062	15,278	15,575	27,087	32,130	32,534	28,602	29,832
Arrests	1,876	1,902	1,950	1,235	1,089	1,261	1,188	1,179	1,436	1,414
Fire										
Fire/Medical responses	2,201	2,322	2,050	2,136	2,232	2,200	2,480	2,708	2,946	3,162
Recreation	,	,	,	,	,	Ź	,	,	,	,
Recreation programs	70	72	75	72	71	70	69	72	80	74
Participants in recreation programs	22,868	22,992	22,500	23,690	24,555	25,983	27,445	28,396	27,999	28,549
Library				ŕ	•	Í		ŕ	ŕ	ŕ
Books in collection	81,603	82,606	95,611	108,669	121,168	125,220	114,442	150,158	115,022	122,055
Books circulated	340,629	342,819	451,362	509,764	511,130	529,218	532,094	597,433	474,778	486,687
Cemetery										
Acres maintained	52	53	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
Total gravesites	23,031	23,953	24,791	25,659	26,428	26,485	27,645	27,955	27,966	29,528
Culinary Water										
Residential accounts serviced	10,555	10,826	12,568	13,121	13,152	14,419	14,987	15,691	16,043	16,562
Average daily consumption	1,765	1,767	357	350	263	274	321	349	421	384
(thousands of gallons)										
Sewer										
Sewer lines miles inspected	54	65	80	78	78	78	47	47	58	62
Power										
Accounts serviced	10,953	11,212	14,817	15,010	16,279	16,764	17,873	18,879	19,656	20,693
Megawatt hours sold	176	177	223	220	259	270	286	315	342	314
Secondary Water										
Accounts serviced	9,859	10,580	11,426	11,632	12,574	13,019	13,247	15,584	14,119	14,799

Source: City records

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 23 CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Fiscal Year Function/Program Streets and Highways Street lights 1,801 1,803 2,412 2,446 2,506 2,600 2,689 2,910 3,027 2,355 Street miles Police Vehicles Fire Fire stations Fire vehicles Ambulances Public works Incorporated area in square miles 235,000 City buildings in square feet 221,000 235,000 235,000 235,000 235,000 235,000 235,000 321,600 321,600 Parks and recreation Park acreage Baseball/softball diamonds Soccer fields Culinary water Water main line miles Storage capacity (thousands of gallons) 10,000 10,000 9,800 9,800 9,800 8,400 10,400 10,400 10,400 10,400 Sewer Sewer line miles Secondary water Secondary water main line miles Power Power main feeder line miles Overhead line miles 

Source: City records