STATE OF UTAH

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018



PREPARED BY:

FINANCE DEPARTMENT



PLONEERING UTAM I PUTURE

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | Page |
|---|-------|
| INTRODUCTORY SECTION | |
| Letter of Transmittal | 3-9 |
| GFOA Certificate of Achievement | 10 |
| Organizational Chart | 11 |
| List of Principal Officials | 12 |
| FINANCIAL SECTION | |
| Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants | 15-16 |
| Management's Discussion and Analysis | 17-29 |
| Basic Financial Statements | |
| Government-wide Financial Statements: | |
| Statement of Net Position | 32 |
| Statement of Activities | 33 |
| Fund Financial Statements: | |
| Governmental Funds: | |
| Balance Sheet | 34 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in | |
| Fund Balances | 35 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in | |
| Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund | |
| and Redevelopment Agency | 36 |
| Proprietary Funds: | |
| Statement of Net Position | 38-39 |
| Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in | |
| Net Position | 40 |
| Statement of Cash Flows | 41-42 |
| Notes to the Basic Financial Statements | 43-83 |
| Required Supplementary Information - Pensions | |
| Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension | |
| Liability - Utah Retirement Systems | 85-86 |
| Schedule of Contributions - Utah Retirement Systems | 87 |
| Notes to Required Supplementary Information | 88 |
| Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes | |
| in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual | |
| General Fund | 91-94 |
| Capital Projects Fund | 95 |
| Combining Financial Statements-Internal Service Funds | |
| Combining Statement of Net Position-Internal Service Funds | 97 |
| Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in | |
| Net Position-Internal Service funds | 98 |
| Combining Statement of Cash Flows-Internal Service Funds | 99 |

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | Page |
|---|---------|
| STATISTICAL SECTION | |
| Financial Trends: | |
| Schedule 1 - Net Position by Component | 102 |
| Schedule 2 - Changes in Net Position | 103-106 |
| Schedule 3 - Fund Balances, Governmental Funds | 107 |
| Schedule 4 - Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds | 108-109 |
| Schedule 5 - Tax Revenues by Source | 110 |
| Revenue Capacity: | |
| Schedule 6 - Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable | |
| Property | 111 |
| Schedule 7 - Property Tax Levies and Collections | 112 |
| Schedule 8 - Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates | 113 |
| Schedule 9 - Principal Property Tax Payers | 114 |
| Debt Capacity: | |
| Schedule 10 - Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type | 115 |
| Schedule 11 - Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding | 116 |
| Schedule 12 - Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt | 117 |
| Schedule 13 - Legal Debt Margin Information | 118 |
| Schedule 14 - Pledged Revenue Coverage Water Revenue Bonds | 119 |
| Schedule 15 - Pledged Revenue Coverage Sales Tax Revenue Bonds | 120 |
| Schedule 16 - Pledged Revenue Coverage Excise Tax Road Bonds | 121 |
| Schedule 17 - Pledged Revenue Coverage Electric Revenue Bonds | 122 |
| Schedule 18 - Pledged Revenue Coverage Drainage Revenue Bonds | 123 |
| Demographic and Economic Information: | |
| Schedule 19 - Demographic and Economic Statistics | 124 |
| Schedule 20 - Principal Employers | 125 |
| Operating Information | |
| Schedule 21 - Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by | |
| Function / Program | 126 |
| Schedule 22 - Operating Indicators by Function / Program | 127 |
| Schedule 23 - Capital Asset Statistics by Function / Program | 128 |

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



153 North 100 East Lehi, Utah 84043-1895 801-768-7100

December 11, 2018

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and Citizens of Lehi City:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Lehi City (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's basic financial statements have been audited by Osborne Robbins and Buhler, PLLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements, for the fiscal year June 30, 2018, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

Profile of the Government

Lehi is located 12 miles north of Provo and 23 miles south of Salt Lake City. Lehi was settled by Mormon pioneers in 1850 and was known by several different names: Sulphur Springs, Snow's springs, Dry Creek and Evansville. The final name settled on by the Town's people was Lehi. The City was incorporated in 1852. Lehi is Utah's sixth oldest city.

The City has had a traditional Six Member Council form of government since 1852. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the mayor and five city council members. The governing council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City's administrator, recorder, and treasurer. The City's administrator is responsible for carrying out policies and ordinances of the governing council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing department heads of the various departments. The mayor and city council are elected on a non-partisan basis. City council members serve four-year staggered terms. The mayor is elected to serve a four-year term. The mayor and all five city council seats are elected at large.

Lehi has a rich history. The Overland Stage Coach Route ran through the town. The famous Pony Express Trail ran next to the town, and the Transcontinental Telegraph line ran adjacent to the City.



The City is a beautiful place to live. Just to the south is Utah Lake used for boating, fishing and hunting. The river that drains Utah Lake is the Jordan River, which runs through the City. To the east of the City are the beautiful Wasatch Mountains and to the west are the White Mountains and Oquirrh Mountains, all of which are within thirty minutes of Lehi offering a variety of activities including hiking, mountain biking, fishing, camping and skiing.

The City provides a full range of services including; police and fire protection, the construction and maintenance of streets and roads, parks, both commercial and residential building inspection, a wide variety of recreational programs and cultural events. The City also owns and operates a culinary water system, a secondary water system, a wastewater system, a storm water system, an electrical distribution system, solid waste collection facilities, a swimming and recreation facility and emergency medical services.



Local Economy and Financial Information

The City has a great mix of traditional western feel and modern technology industries. The historic downtown maintains a western feel with many of the businesses operating in buildings built in the late 1800s. The Lehi Roundup is a five-day celebration with many different community events, including a stock parade, a grand parade, and a professional rodeo, which is one of the oldest rodeos in the state. Alternatively, Lehi is located in the heart of *Silicon Slopes*. The City is home to numerous technology companies such as: I/M Flash, Adobe, Microsoft, Snapchat, Canopy Tax, Ancestory.com, Xactware, and Podium. This mixture provides residents with strong community ties as well as positive economic potential.

Spurred by an expanding technology sector, the City continues to experience rapid growth. The population has increased from 46,802 to 62,712 over the past 10 years. With 50% of the City's land still available for development, build-out population, which is estimated to be reached in 2060, is projected at 133,800.

Lehi is continuing to experience rapid growth in both commercial and residential construction. This growth is reflected in both the City's revenues and expenditures. Governmental fund revenues increased from \$41,086,074 to \$64,444,491 from 2014 to 2018, and expenditures increased from \$51,566,129 to \$60,637,837. Operating revenues in enterprise funds grew from \$39,804,064 to \$54,772,345 over the same time frame, while operating expenses rose from \$38,647,853 to \$53,068,839.

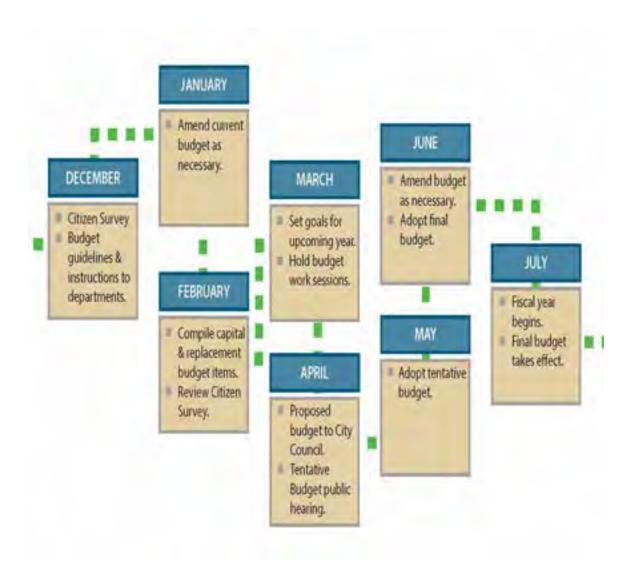
Companies continue to relocate or open offices in the City. Young Living recently completed their office building, which contains approximately 100,000 square feet of workspace. Currently under construction are three office buildings, which will add an additional 500,000 square feet of Class A office space. Other projects, including car dealerships, hotels and retail establishments are also moving forward. The City has some of the best undeveloped commercial frontage along the Wasatch Front.

Brigham Young University, Utah Valley University (the largest University in the State) and the University of Utah campuses are within 25 minutes of the City center. These higher education facilities employ more than 3,000 people. These universities provide a strong educated work force for a large number of high tech businesses in the area. The region also provides some of the best medical facilities in the western United States. Utah County, the County in which the City is located, has an unemployment rate of 2.8%, Compared to a statewide rate of 3.2%



The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City's budget process is well laid out, starting in December for a budget that will be adopted by June 30 and goes into effect July 1. By Utah State law, the City is required to adopt a tentative budget on or before the first council meeting in the month of May. This is a working document which can be amended until the final adoption. State law requires the City to adopt a final budget on or before June 22. A public hearing is required prior to final adoption and the budget must be available for public inspection for 10 days prior to the public hearing. This year, the tentative budget was adopted on April 10 and the final budget was adopted on May 22.

The creation of the budget follows the time line shown below:



Within the existing budget, the level of the City's budgetary control is established by activity and purpose within each individual fund. Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within their activity. Transfers of appropriations between activities, however, require the special approval of the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund and Redevelopment Agency, a major special revenue fund, the comparisons are presented on page 36. For the capital projects fund this comparison is presented on page 95.

Long-term Financial Planning

The City's long term goals are intended to meet tomorrow's needs with good financial decisions and by focusing on operational capital needs. The City recently completed capital facility plans and impact fee studies for Parks, Culinary Water, Pressurized Irrigation, Sewer, and Power. Other

impact fee studies for streets, police, and fire were completed two years ago. Impact fees help the City add the capital improvements that are needed to accommodate new growth.

A new power facility was completed early in calendar year 2018. This facility not only houses power employees, vehicles, and equipment; it also includes power generation facilities that will allow the City to generate power in response to demand and market conditions. The ability to generate our own power will provide significant savings to the City by supplementing the City's system rather than purchasing power at the most expensive prices.

The implementation of long term planning has permitted the City to construct some of the finest park systems in our region. The City is home to more than fourteen major facilities. The community's park system has been transformed to produce exceptional open spaces for our citizens' enjoyment. The strategic planning for parks has been expanded to include a trail system that will allow joggers, walkers, and bicyclists to enjoy the Dry Creek Basin which runs through the entire City. A significant project turning the Dry Creek Basin into a storage facility for the City's pressurized irrigation water and recreational amenities and opportunities is scheduled to begin early in calendar year 2019.

A long term goal of the City is to maintain the current sense of safety so that citizens are able to enjoy the wide array of programs and activities provided in the community. Lehi's strategic plan has identified the need for a total of 6 fire stations, three on the north and three on the south at the City's build out. Fire Station 63 was completed in November 2017 and dedicated December 4, 2017. The City is also planning a new public safety building, which should begin construction early in the 2020 fiscal year.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This was the twentieth consecutive year the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded the Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated July 1, 2017. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including its purpose as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

In addition, the City also received the GFOA's Popular Annual Financial Report (herein referred to as PAFR Award) for year ended June 30, 2017. In order to qualify for the PAFR Award, the government must obtain the CAFR award. The PAFR document provides summary information from the CAFR to citizens and is judged by a panel of GFOA professionals.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance, treasury, and administration departments. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the mayor and the governing council for their unfailing support and for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Jason Walker City Administrator Dean Lundell Director of Finance

Doan Lundel



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

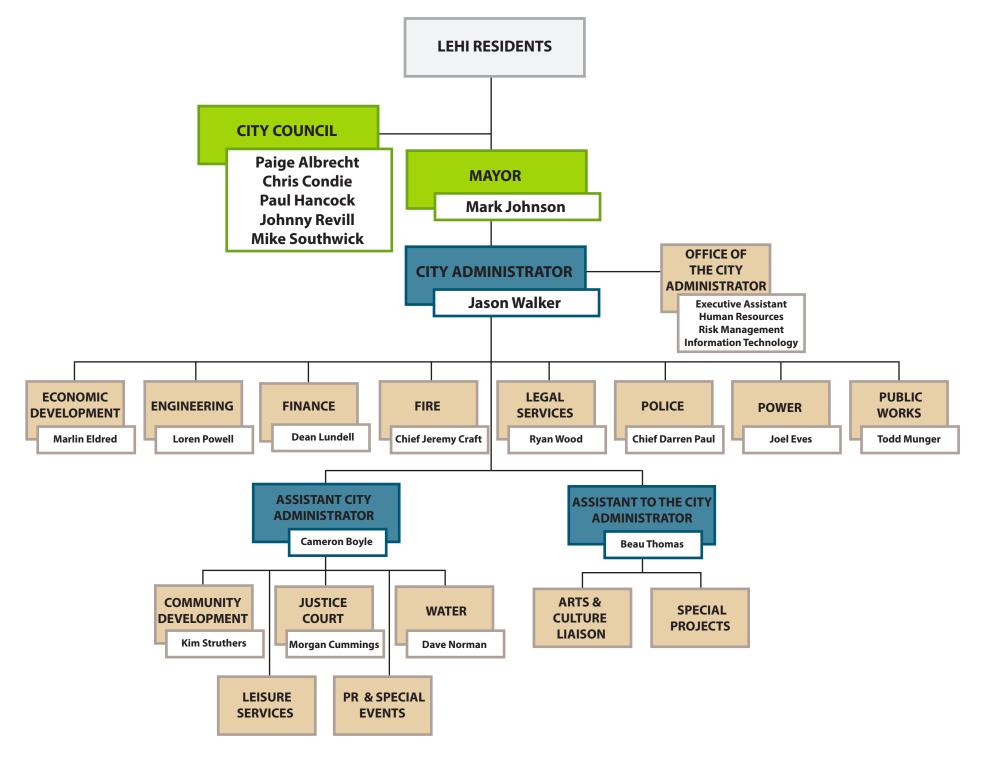
Lehi City Corporation Utah

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Churtopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





Principal OfficialsFor the Year Ended
June 30, 2018

Mark Johnson Mayor Term Ends: December 2021



Paige City C Term

Paige Albrecht City Council Term Ends: December 2019

Chris Condie City Council Term Ends: December 2021





Paul Hancock
City Council
Term Ends: December 2021

Johnny Revill
City Council
Term Ends: December 2019





Michael Southwick City Council Term Ends: December 2019

Jason Walker City Administrator Appointed May 2015

FINANCIAL SECTION

OSBORNE, ROBBINS & BUHLER, P.L.L.C. Certified Public Accountants

4527 SOUTH 2300 EAST, SUITE 201 • SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84117-4446 • PHONE: 308-0220 • FAX: 274-8589

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Lehi City Corporation, Utah

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lehi City Corporation, Utah (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lehi City Corporation as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Redevelopment Agency for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 17 through 29 and the Required Supplementary Information – Pensions on pages 85 through 88 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 27, 2018 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Oslome Kollins & Bahler PLLC

November 27, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

As management of the City, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 3-9 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$534,415,695 (net position). This is an increase of 14.1% over the previous year. A large portion of this increase is related to capital grants and developer contributions of infrastructure.
- The City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$18,035,441 which is an increase of \$9,627,174 in fund balance reported for 2017 of \$8,408,267. The increase in fund balance is due to both revenues in excess of budget and actual expenditures that were less than budgeted amounts. These excess funds will be used to add to and replace City infrastructure assets.
- Growth in the City continues at a rapid pace with general fund tax revenues increasing 8.8% over the previous year. This revenue increase is due to growth as no tax rates were increased during the year.
- The City's total debt increased by a net of \$12,971,433 during the current fiscal year.
 - Decreases to debt were due to regularly scheduled principal payments.
 - Revenue bonds totaling \$23,878,055 were issued during the year.
 - In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, the City reported a net pension liability totaling \$6,067,095 as of June 30, 2018.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to of the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- The *statement of net position* presents information on all the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial state of the City is improving or deteriorating.
- The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related*

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, community development, streets and highways, parks, recreation and culture, and cemetery. The business-type activities of the City include culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, drainage, and garbage.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but one blended component unit. The Lehi Redevelopment Agency (The Agency) is legally separate from the City. However, since the Agency's board of trustees is composed of the Lehi Mayor and City Council and city staff maintain operational responsibility for the Agency, it is presented as a special revenue fund of the City. The Redevelopment Agency Fund contains the financial balances and activities of the Agency.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 32-33 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the capital projects fund, and the redevelopment agency special revenue fund which are considered to be major funds.

The City adopts annual appropriated budgets for its general fund and its special revenue redevelopment agency fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and the redevelopment agency fund to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

The basic governmental fund financial statement can be found on pages 34-36 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds, enterprise funds and internal service funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, drainage, and garbage operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, and drainage funds, which are considered to be major funds of the City. The garbage fund is the only non-major proprietary fund.

The City of Lehi uses four *internal service funds* to account for its fleet maintenance, risk management activities, building and grounds maintenance, and computer maintenance and replacement activities. These are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in the report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 38-42 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 43-83 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. This required supplementary information can be found on pages 85-88 of this report.

Individual fund schedules and combining statements and schedules can be found on pages 91-99 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial state. In the case of the City, net position was \$534,415,695 at the close of the most recent year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, intangible assets, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure assets); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (\$897,014) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

As of June 30, 2018, the net position of the City's governmental activities totaled \$199,226,451 compared to \$169,997,769 in 2017. The governmental activities reported an increase in net position of \$29,228,682. \$23,638,826 of this increase in net position can be attributed to capital grants and contributions, including contributions of infrastructure.

As of June 30, 2018, the net position of the City's business-type activities totaled \$335,189,244 compared to \$298,230,017 in 2017. The business-type activities reported an increase in net position of \$36,959,227. \$25,341,969 of this increase in net position can be attributed to capital grants and contributions, including contributions of infrastructure.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION NET POSITION

| | Government | | | ntal Activities | | Business-type Activities | | | Total | | | |
|--------------------------|------------|--------------|----|-----------------|----|--------------------------|----|-------------|-------|--------------|----|--------------|
| | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2018 | | 2017 |
| | Φ. | 45, 450, 545 | Φ. | 26 522 541 | • | 50 420 225 | • | 22 424 252 | Φ. | 07.000.070 | Φ. | 60.160.004 |
| Current and other assets | \$ | 47,479,745 | \$ | 36,733,741 | \$ | 50,429,325 | \$ | 32,434,353 | \$ | 97,909,070 | \$ | 69,168,094 |
| Capital assets | | 306,281,432 | | 287,999,878 | | 313,784,117 | | 272,717,385 | _ | 620,065,549 | | 560,717,263 |
| Total assets | \$ | 353,761,177 | \$ | 324,733,619 | \$ | 364,213,442 | \$ | 305,151,738 | \$ | 717,974,619 | \$ | 629,885,357 |
| Deferred outflows of | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| resources | \$ | 4,692,761 | \$ | 3,648,334 | \$ | 8,159,359 | \$ | 9,168,154 | \$ | 12,852,120 | \$ | 12,816,488 |
| 1000 01000 | Ψ | 1,072,701 | | 3,0.0,33. | | 0,100,000 | | >,100,12 | _ | 12,002,120 | | 12,010,100 |
| Long-term liabilities | \$ | 125,754,697 | \$ | 128,645,662 | \$ | 24,333,985 | \$ | 8,471,587 | \$ | 150,088,682 | \$ | 137,117,249 |
| Other liabilities | | 8,562,576 | | 7,235,838 | | 12,698,790 | | 8,179,475 | | 21,261,366 | | 15,415,313 |
| Interfund balances | | 905,807 | | 1,035,241 | | (905,807) | | (1,035,241) | | - | | - |
| Total liabilities | \$ | 135,223,080 | \$ | 136,916,741 | \$ | 36,126,968 | \$ | 15,615,821 | \$ | 171,350,048 | \$ | 152,532,562 |
| | | | | | | | - | | | | | |
| Deferred inflows of | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| resources | \$ | 24,004,407 | \$ | 21,467,443 | \$ | 1,056,589 | \$ | 474,054 | \$ | 25,060,996 | \$ | 21,941,497 |
| | | | | | | | | | _ | | | |
| Net position | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net investment in | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| capital assets | \$ | 288,966,135 | \$ | 270,733,436 | \$ | 299,404,845 | \$ | 267,462,097 | \$ | 588,370,980 | \$ | 538,195,533 |
| Restricted | | 349,363 | | 590,207 | | 547,651 | | 126,965 | | 897,014 | | 717,172 |
| Unrestricted | | (90,089,047) | | (101,325,874) | | 35,236,748 | | 30,640,955 | | (54,852,299) | | (70,684,919) |
| Total net position | \$ | 199,226,451 | \$ | 169,997,769 | \$ | 335,189,244 | \$ | 298,230,017 | \$ | 534,415,695 | \$ | 468,227,786 |
| - | | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | | |

LEHI CITY CORPORATION Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

LEHI CITY CORPORATION CHANGES IN NET POSITION

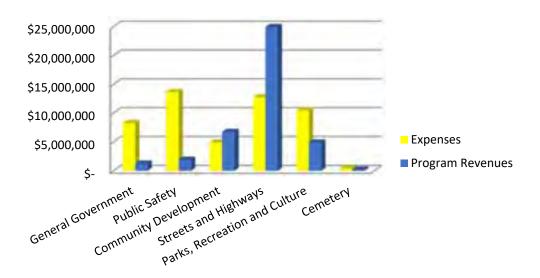
| | Governmen | overnmental Activities | | | Business-type Activities | | | | Total | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------|------------------------|-------------|----|--------------------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|--|
| | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2018 | | 2017 | | 2018 | | 2017 | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Program revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 13,756,482 | \$ | 11,011,556 | \$ | 54,266,494 | \$ | 52,491,104 | \$ | 68,022,976 | \$ | 63,502,660 | |
| Operating grants and | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| contributions | 2,687,038 | | 3,449,482 | | - | | - | | 2,687,038 | | 3,449,482 | |
| Capital grants and | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| contributions | 23,638,826 | | 21,055,729 | | 25,341,969 | | 23,080,154 | | 48,980,795 | | 44,135,883 | |
| General revenues: | | | | | | | | | - | | - | |
| Property taxes | 21,124,631 | | 21,435,929 | | - | | - | | 21,124,631 | | 21,435,929 | |
| Sales and other taxes | 17,510,974 | | 15,921,670 | | - | | - | | 17,510,974 | | 15,921,670 | |
| Impact fees | 4,424,709 | | 3,378,791 | | 9,950,739 | | 5,331,228 | | 14,375,448 | | 8,710,019 | |
| Other | 1,517,425 | | 1,728,187 | | 1,096,112 | | 734,928 | | 2,613,537 | | 2,463,115 | |
| Total revenues | 84,660,085 | | 77,981,344 | | 90,655,314 | | 81,637,414 | | 175,315,399 | | 159,618,758 | |
| Expenses: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | 8,274,466 | | 9,041,919 | | _ | | _ | | 8,274,466 | | 9,041,919 | |
| Public safety | 13,656,195 | | 12,096,387 | | _ | | _ | | 13,656,195 | | 12,096,387 | |
| Community development | 4,928,368 | | 5,796,634 | | _ | | _ | | 4,928,368 | | 5,796,634 | |
| Highways/streets | 12,764,811 | | 11,727,234 | | _ | | _ | | 12,764,811 | | 11,727,234 | |
| Parks, recreation, and | , , | | | | | | | | | | | |
| culture | 10,486,576 | | 9,856,045 | | _ | | _ | | 10,486,576 | | 9,856,045 | |
| Cemetery | 414,906 | | 406,824 | | - | | - | | 414,906 | | 406,824 | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 4,906,081 | | 4,834,457 | | - | | - | | 4,906,081 | | 4,834,457 | |
| Culinary Water | - | | - | | 4,807,400 | | 6,233,288 | | 4,807,400 | | 6,233,288 | |
| Sewer | - | | _ | | 9,865,657 | | 9,525,964 | | 9,865,657 | | 9,525,964 | |
| Pressurized Irrigation | - | | _ | | 3,637,826 | | 3,412,437 | | 3,637,826 | | 3,412,437 | |
| Electric | _ | | _ | | 30,707,792 | | 28,132,875 | | 30,707,792 | | 28,132,875 | |
| Drainage | - | | _ | | 2,228,474 | | 1,968,846 | | 2,228,474 | | 1,968,846 | |
| Garbage | | | - | | 2,448,938 | | 2,310,261 | | 2,448,938 | | 2,310,261 | |
| Total expenses | 55,431,403 | | 53,759,500 | | 53,696,087 | | 51,583,671 | | 109,127,490 | | 105,343,171 | |
| Increase (decrease) in net | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| position before transfers | 29,228,682 | | 24,221,844 | | 36,959,227 | | 30,053,743 | | 66,187,909 | | 54,275,587 | |
| Transfers | | | | | | | _ | | | | | |
| 1 I alistels | | | | | | | | _ | | | - | |
| Increase in net position | 29,228,682 | | 24,221,844 | | 36,959,227 | | 30,053,743 | | 66,187,909 | | 54,275,587 | |
| Net position, beginning | 169,997,769 | | 145,775,925 | | 298,230,017 | | 268,176,274 | | 468,227,786 | | 413,952,199 | |
| Net position, ending | \$ 199,226,451 | \$ | 169,997,769 | s | 335,189,244 | \$ | 298,230,017 | \$ | 534,415,695 | \$ | 468,227,786 | |

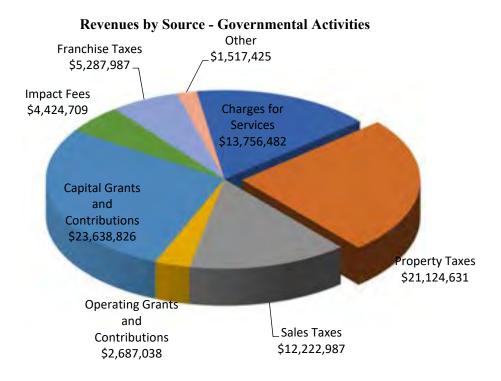
LEHI CITY CORPORATION Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Governmental activities. During 2018 governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$29,228,682. Some specific factors making up the change in net position during 2018 include:

- Charges for services increased in 2018 over the prior year by approximately \$2.7 million due primarily to increases in building permits, plan review and inspection fees. This increase is an indicator of the growth continuing to occur in the City.
- Capital grants and contributions were higher than in 2017 by approximately \$2.5 million. In 2018 the City recognized over \$20 million in capital grant revenues related to infrastructure installed by developers during the year as well as another \$3.5 million in federal, state and county grants for infrastructure improvements.
- Expenses of the governmental activities increased from 2017 to 2018 by \$1,671,903 with the largest increases occurring in the public safety and highways and streets expenses due primarily to increases in salaries and benefits as well as to maintenance expenditures on various City streets and highways.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

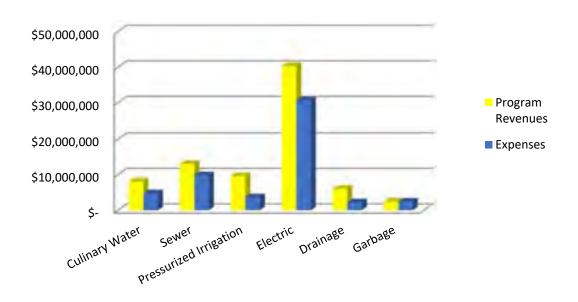




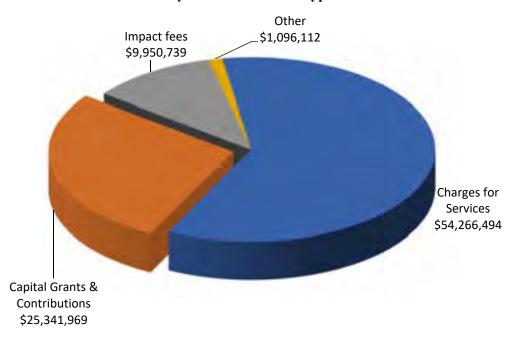
Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$36,959,227. At the end of the current fiscal year, all of the City's major business-type activities reported positive net position. Key elements of the increase in net position are as follows:

- Charges for services in the business-type activities increased over 2017 by \$1,775,390 (3.4%). Most of the enterprise funds experienced an increase in charges for services over 2017, a result of growth in the number of customers served. During the year there were no changes made to the rates.
- Capital grants and contributions for the business-type activities added \$25,341,969 to the net position of the City. This amount was higher than in 2017 due to continued high levels of development. Overall capital grants and contributions are indicative of the consistent growth levels year over year.
- Expenses of the business-type activities increased by \$2,112,416 from the prior year. The increase is primarily due to increases in system maintenance costs and purchased power costs. Because the City's customer base has been expanding, the cost of providing services has also increased.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities



Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$18,035,441. \$10,887,280 of this total amount (60.0%) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is either *nonspendable*, *restricted*, *committed or assigned* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it 1) is not in a spendable form, 2) has constraints imposed either externally or by law, 3) has constraints imposed by formal resolution of the city council, or 4) is or intended by the city council and the city manager to be used for specific purposes.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$10,887,280, while total fund balance reached \$11,920,287. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 29.8% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 49.4% of that same amount. The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$5,626,734 during the current fiscal year, due largely to higher than anticipated tax revenues, planning and inspection fees, and intergovernmental revenues.

The special revenue Redevelopment Agency Fund has an assigned fund balance of \$1,350,316. The project areas that received tax increment revenues in the current year were the Mill Pond Project, the Alpine Highway Project, the Alpine Highway West Project Area, the Thanksgiving Park Economic Development Project Area, the West Timpanogos Project Area and the Traverse Mountain Community Development Area. Overall, the fund experienced an increase in fund balance of \$326,574.

The capital projects fund had an increase in fund balance in the amount of \$3,673,866, which resulted in a fund balance of \$4,764,838, \$1,017,852 representing restricted fund balance, with an assigned fund balance of \$3,746,986.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the business-type portions of the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at the end of the year totaled \$34,330,941. Individually, the electric fund's unrestricted net position totaled \$18,325,524, the drainage unrestricted net position totaled \$2,517,086, the sewer unrestricted net position totaled \$6,823,673, the water unrestricted net position totaled \$4,425,686 and the pressurized irrigation unrestricted net position totaled \$1,857,684. The non-major enterprise fund reported a positive unrestricted net position amount of \$381,288. Other factors concerning the finances of these proprietary funds can be found earlier in this section under business-type activities.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, the general fund's budget was amended from budgeted expenditures totaling \$39,156,277 to a final budget of \$39,907,245, an increase of \$750,968. Increased budget allocations were made to streets and highways expenditures and parks and recreation expenditures, primarily for certain capital improvements. These adjustments were funded primarily by appropriating fund balance. Significant variances between the final budget and actual results are shown below:

- Tax revenues recognized in 2018 were \$1,518,232 more than budgeted. Property taxes, sales taxes and franchise taxes were all higher than originally budgeted.
- Charges for services, particularly planning and inspection fees, ambulance fees and recreation fees, were higher than budgeted by a total of \$1,568,744.
- Total expenditures were less than the final budgeted amounts by \$3,391,653.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2018 amounts to \$620,065,549 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements including infrastructure and distribution systems, machinery and equipment, vehicles, and office furniture and equipment.

Major capital asset activity during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Infrastructure, land, and water rights were donated to the City by developers. The estimated fair value of the infrastructure, land and water rights donated in the governmental and business-type activities was \$20,072,289 and \$25,341,969, respectively.
- The City expended approximately \$5.7 million on the construction of a new fire station.
- In the governmental activities, the City expended \$870,000 for improvements to trails that were funded through a federal grant.
- Intangible assets in the pressurized irrigation fund increased by \$2,625,970. The increase was due to the contribution of water shares by developers as required by the City's development code.
- In the electric fund, the City expended \$19,115,615 for the construction of a new power plant and \$2,194,662 for the construction of the City's West Side Substation, which were both in process at year end.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION CAPITAL ASSETS (net of depreciation)

| | Govern Activ | | | ss-type vities | Total | | | |
|--|-----------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------|--|--|
| | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | | |
| Land | \$ 137,779,596 | \$127,719,888 | \$ 3,146,725 | \$ 3,146,725 | \$ 140,926,321 | \$130,866,613 | | |
| Intangibles | - | - | 49,518,828 | 46,892,858 | 49,518,828 | 46,892,858 | | |
| Construction in progress | 4,415,434 | 6,008,312 | 32,548,564 | 9,629,758 | 36,963,998 | 15,638,070 | | |
| Buildings and structures | 19,824,703 | 14,141,953 | 1,672,456 | 1,779,908 | 21,497,159 | 15,921,861 | | |
| Improvements, including infrastructure | 136,603,509 | 132,578,484 | 224,678,959 | 209,194,226 | 361,282,468 | 341,772,710 | | |
| Machinery, equipment, and vehicles | 7,578,013 | 7,437,506 | 2,198,370 | 2,050,921 | 9,776,383 | 9,488,427 | | |
| Office furniture and equipment | 80,177 | 113,735 | 20,215 | 22,989 | 100,392 | 136,724 | | |
| Total | \$ 306,281,432 | \$287,999,878 | \$313,784,117 | \$ 272,717,385 | \$ 620,065,549 | \$560,717,263 | | |

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note F on pages 59-60 of this report.

Long-term liabilities. At the end of the current fiscal year the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$39,208,055, all of which represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds).

LEHI CITY CORPORATION LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

| | Govern Activ | Busine Acti | ss-ty vities | pe | Total | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|------|-----------|----------------|---------------|
| | 2018 | 2017 | 2018 | 2017 | | 2018 | 2017 |
| Tax increment notes payable | | | | | | | |
| to developers | \$ 99,046,278 | \$103,077,627 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ 99,046,278 | \$103,077,627 |
| Other notes payable | 1,138,824 | 4,091,442 | 1,291,636 | | 1,480,288 | 2,430,460 | 5,571,730 |
| Revenue bonds | 18,243,588 | 13,175,000 | 20,964,467 | | 3,775,000 | 39,208,055 | 16,950,000 |
| Other liabilities | 7,326,007 | 8,301,593 | 2,077,882 | | 3,216,299 | 9,403,889 | 11,517,892 |
| Total | \$ 125,754,697 | \$128,645,662 | \$ 24,333,985 | \$ | 8,471,587 | \$ 150,088,682 | \$137,117,249 |

The City's debt increased by \$12,971,433 in fiscal year 2018. Major long-term debt activity included the following:

- The City issued \$5,768,588 in sales tax revenue bonds to finance the construction of the City's new fire station.
- The City issued \$18,109,467 in electric revenue bonds to finance the construction of the new power plant.
- The City reported, in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68 net pension liability totaling \$5,617,095.

The 2018 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds were assigned a municipal bond rating of AA- by Standard & Poors. The 2018 Electric Revenue Bonds were assigned a municipal bond rating of A+ by Standard & Poors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 4% of its total taxable value. The current limitation for the City is \$317,472,602 and the City currently has no general obligation debt. In addition, state statutes allow for an additional 4% to be used for business-type debt, thus resulting in a debt limit of 8% of total taxable value. The current limitation for business-type projects is \$634,945,204, which significantly exceeds the outstanding business-type debt the City currently has.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in note H on pages 61-70 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Lehi continues to grow rapidly. During the year, property values increased by 11.4% to an estimated market value of \$7,936,815,060.
- The City recently conducted a utility rate study related to both culinary water and pressurized irrigation. The study analyzed current rates as well as infrastructure needs both for new growth and facility replacement. The study recommended a 3% increase to culinary rates as well as a 10% increase to the pressurized irrigation rates. These rates will assist the City in maintaining and even improving the level of service provided to city residents and businesses.
- Plans are in motion to construct a new Police Station. The City has outgrown the current facility. Construction is anticipated to begin sometime late in the summer of 2019.
- The City is anticipating the issuance of water revenue bonds early in the 2019 calendar year. The proceeds from the bonds will allow the City to move forward with several projects for both the culinary and pressurized irrigation systems. These projects will help prepare for upcoming growth as well as improve the current level of service for current residents.

The above factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2019 fiscal year. The 2019 budget is balanced without a property tax rate increase. Budgeted revenues and expenditures for the upcoming year total \$192,177,044. This is a decrease from the 2018 fiscal year opening budget of \$198,333,982. Expenditure reductions are related to fewer capital projects in 2019 as compared to 2018.

The City continues to expand with new residential and commercial development. Several new companies have relocated or opened offices in Lehi during the past year. These companies include: Canopy Tax, Podium, Nature's Sunshine, Young Living, and We Work. Several new office buildings are under construction, which will add close to 500,000 square feet of new Class A office space in the City. A new development has recently begun that will bring a Land Rover/Jaguar dealership to Lehi as well as potentially three other car dealerships. This development will also include a hotel and several hundred thousand feet of professional office space. During the recently completed year, 781 residential building permits and 183 commercial permits were issued. This level of growth is not anticipated to slow during the upcoming year.

New growth brings additional revenue, but it also brings increased costs. Infrastructure needs in roads, parks, and utilities will continue to consume additional City resources. Detailed focus must be maintained on capital planning and revenue to keep pace with the current pace of growth.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 153 North 100 East, Lehi, Utah, 84043.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| | | PR | IM AR | Y GOVERNMEN | Т | |
|---|-----|--------------|-------|---------------------|----|-------------------------|
| | GOV | /ERNMENTAL | | SINESS-TYPE | | |
| | | ACTIVITIES | | ACTIVITIES | | TOTAL |
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | \$ | 18,621,125 | \$ | 16,141,759 | \$ | 34,762,884 |
| INVESTMENTS PEGELVA DI EG (MET) | | - | | 17,642,457 | | 17,642,457 |
| RECEIVABLES (NET) ACCOUNTS | | _ | | 5,285,430 | | 5,285,430 |
| UNBILLED | | - | | 177,659 | | 177,659 |
| TAXES | | 22,794,805 | | - | | 22,794,805 |
| INTERGOVERNMENTAL | | 2,258,989 | | _ | | 2,258,989 |
| OTHER | | 781,732 | | - | | 781,732 |
| ADVANCE BILLING ON DEPOSIT WITH POWER SUPPLIER | | - | | 564,576 | | 564,576 |
| INVENTORY | | 71,115 | | 2,697,328 | | 2,768,443 |
| NET PENSION ASSET | | 352,784 | | - | | 352,784 |
| RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | 2,599,195 | | 7,907,218 | | 10,506,413 |
| RESTRICTED IMPACT FEES RECEIVABLE | | - | | 12,898 | | 12,898 |
| NON-DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS | | 142,195,030 | | 85,214,117 | | 227,409,147 |
| DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS, NET | | 164,086,402 | | 228,570,000 | | 392,656,402 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 353,761,177 | \$ | 364,213,442 | \$ | 717,974,619 |
| | | | | | | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | Φ. | | | 6 027 000 | Ф | 6 027 000 |
| ADVANCE FUNDING OF UAMPS PROJECT | \$ | - | \$ | 6,827,089 | \$ | 6,827,089 |
| LOSS ON REFUNDING DEFERRED OUTFLOWS RELATED TO PENSIONS | | 4,692,761 | | 30,609 1,301,661 | | 30,609 5 004 422 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | 4,692,761 | \$ | 8,159,359 | \$ | 5,994,422 12,852,120 |
| TOTAL DEPERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | 3 | 4,092,701 | J. | 6,139,339 | ф | 12,032,120 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | |
| INTERFUND BALANCES | \$ | 905,807 | \$ | (905,807) | \$ | - |
| ACCOUNTS PAYABLE | | 975,991 | | 4,946,509 | | 5,922,500 |
| LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS | | | | | | |
| ACCOUNTS PAYABLE | | 944,670 | | 7,372,465 | | 8,317,135 |
| ACCRUED INTEREST | | 125,954 | | - | | 125,954 |
| WAGES PAYABLE | | 535,093 | | 152,865 | | 687,958 |
| ACCRUED DITEREST DA VA DI E | | 2,460,206 | | - 06 271 | | 2,460,206 |
| ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE CUSTOMER DEPOSITS | | 1,835,395 | | 96,271 50,680 | | 1,931,666 50,680 |
| UNEARNED REVENUE | | 1,685,267 | | 80,000 | | 1,765,267 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 1,005,207 | | 00,000 | | 1,703,207 |
| DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR | | 2,039,303 | | 1,807,819 | | 3,847,122 |
| DUE IN MORE THAN ONE YEAR: | | | | | | |
| COMPENSATED ABSENCES | | 1,441,133 | | 436,652 | | 1,877,785 |
| NET PENSION LIABILITY | | 4,749,654 | | 1,317,441 | | 6,067,095 |
| LANDFILL POSTCLOSURE COSTS | | 250,917 | | - | | 250,917 |
| TAX INCREMENT NOTE PAYABLE TO DEVELOPER | | 99,046,278 | | - | | 99,046,278 |
| OTHER NOTES PAYABLE | | 838,824 | | 1,222,606 | | 2,061,430 |
| BONDS PAYABLE | | 17,388,588 | | 19,549,467 | | 36,938,055 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | \$ | 135,223,080 | \$ | 36,126,968 | \$ | 171,350,048 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | |
| PROPERTY TAXES | \$ | 20,195,181 | \$ | _ | \$ | 20,195,181 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS RELATED TO PENSIONS | * | 3,809,226 | | 1,056,589 | - | 4,865,815 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | \$ | 24,004,407 | \$ | 1,056,589 | \$ | 25,060,996 |
| NETE DOCKERON | | | | | | |
| NET POSITION NET INVESTMENT IN CADITAL ASSETS | \$ | 200 066 125 | e | 299,404,845 | ¢ | 500 270 000 |
| NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS RESTRICTED FOR | \$ | 288,966,135 | \$ | 299,404,845 | \$ | 588,370,980 |
| CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS | | 69,038 | | 547,651 | | 616,689 |
| DEBT SERVICE | | 73,235 | | 347,031 | | 73,235 |
| OTHER PURPOSES | | 207,090 | | - | | 207,090 |
| UNRESTRICTED (DEFICIT) | | (90,089,047) | | 35,236,748 | | (54,852,299) |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ | 199,226,451 | \$ | 335,189,244 | \$ | 534,415,695 |
| | | , ,, -, - : | | | | , , |

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| | | | | | | | | | REVENUE (EXPENSE ANGES IN NET POSIT | * |) | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|-------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--|----|-------------|--|--|
| | | | PROG | RAM REVENUE | S | | PRIM ARY GOVERNMENT | | | | | | |
| FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS | EXPENSES | CHARGES FOR SERVICES | G | PERATING RANTS AND NTRIBUTIONS | GF | CAPITAL RANTS AND ITRIBUTIONS | | ZERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES | BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES | | TOTAL | | |
| PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GENERAL GOVERNMENT | \$ 8,274,466 | \$ 1,270,675 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | (7,003,791) | s - | \$ | (7,003,791 | | |
| PUBLIC SAFETY | 13,656,195 | 1,510,422 | | 416,015 | | _ | • | (11,729,758) | · - | • | (11,729,758 | | |
| COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT | 4,928,368 | 6,753,793 | | - | | _ | | 1,825,425 | _ | | 1,825,425 | | |
| STREETS AND HIGHWAYS | 12,764,811 | 0,755,775 | | 2,229,760 | | 22,737,620 | | 12,202,569 | | | 12,202,569 | | |
| PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE | 10,486,576 | 3,989,072 | | 41,263 | | 901,206 | | (5,555,035) | - | | (5,555,035 | | |
| CEMETERY | 414,906 | | | - | | 901,200 | | | - | | | | |
| | | 232,520 | , | - | | - | | (182,386) | - | | (182,386 | | |
| INTEREST ON LONG-TERM DEBT | 4,906,081 | 12.77.6.400 | | 2 607 020 | | | | (4,906,081) | | | (4,906,081 | | |
| TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES | 55,431,403 | 13,756,482 | <u> </u> | 2,687,038 | | 23,638,826 | | (15,349,057) | - | | (15,349,057 | | |
| BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CULINARY WATER | 4,807,400 | 5,671,068 | 3 | - | | 2,435,525 | | - | 3,299,193 | | 3,299,193 | | |
| SEWER | 9,865,657 | 8,560,318 | ; | - | | 4,485,233 | | - | 3,179,894 | | 3,179,894 | | |
| PRESSURIZED IRRIGATION | 3,637,826 | 3,002,057 | , | - | | 6,651,018 | | - | 6,015,249 | | 6,015,249 | | |
| ELECTRIC | 30,707,792 | 33,458,042 | 2 | - | | 6,863,662 | | - | 9,613,912 | | 9,613,912 | | |
| DRAINAGE | 2,228,474 | 1,162,357 | , | - | | 4,906,531 | | - | 3,840,414 | | 3,840,414 | | |
| GARBAGE | 2,448,938 | 2,412,652 | | _ | | _ | | _ | (36,286) | | (36,286 | | |
| TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES | 53,696,087 | 54,266,494 | _ | | | 25,341,969 | | | 25,912,376 | | 25,912,376 | | |
| TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT | \$ 109,127,490 | \$ 68,022,976 | | 2,687,038 | \$ | 48,980,795 | | (15,349,057) | 25,912,376 | | 10,563,319 | | |
| | | GENERAL REVEN | JUES: | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | PROPERTY TAXI | | | | | | 21,124,631 | - | | 21,124,631 | | |
| | | SALES TAXES | | | | | | 12,222,987 | - | | 12,222,987 | | |
| | | FRANCHISE TAX | ES | | | | | 5,287,987 | _ | | 5,287,987 | | |
| | | IMPACT FEES | | | | | | 4,424,709 | 9,950,739 | | 14,375,448 | | |
| | | INVESTMENT EA | RNING | S | | | | 337,123 | 560,760 | | 897,883 | | |
| | | GAIN ON DISPOS | | | S | | | 256,152 | 29,501 | | 285,653 | | |
| | | OTHER | | | | | | 924,150 | 505,851 | | 1,430,001 | | |
| | | TOTAL GENERA | L REVE | NUES | | | | 44,577,739 | 11,046,851 | | 55,624,590 | | |
| | | TRANSFERS | | | | | | | | _ | - | | |
| | | TOTAL GENERA | | | NSFEF | RS | | 44,577,739 | 11,046,851 | | 55,624,590 | | |
| | | CHANGE IN NET | POSITI | ON | | | | 29,228,682 | 36,959,227 | | 66,187,909 | | |
| | | NET POSITION A | Γ BEGIN | NNING OF YEAR | 1 | | | 169,997,769 | 298,230,017 | | 468,227,786 | | |
| | | NET POSITION A | Γ END C | OF YEAR | | | \$ | 199,226,451 | \$ 335,189,244 | \$ | 534,415,695 | | |

LEHI CITY CORPORATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

| | (| GENERAL | REDE | SPECIAL REVENUE EVELOPMENT AGENCY | CAPITAL PROJECTS | | GOV | TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS |
|--|----|------------|------|--|---------------------|-----------|-----|-----------------------------|
| ASSETS | d. | 11 401 417 | | 1.000.004 | e. | 2 (1((72 | 6 | 16 150 004 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS RECEIVABLES | \$ | 11,481,417 | \$ | 1,060,904 | \$ | 3,616,673 | \$ | 16,158,994 |
| TAXES | | 10,963,438 | | 11,831,367 | | | | 22,794,805 |
| INTERGOVERNMENTAL | | 408,391 | | 11,631,507 | | 1,850,598 | | 2,258,989 |
| OTHER | | 490,694 | | 289,412 | | 1,050,570 | | 780,106 |
| RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH | | 470,074 | | 209,412 | | - | | 780,100 |
| EQUIVALENTS | | 553,394 | | | | 2,045,801 | | 2,599,195 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 23,897,334 | \$ | 13,181,683 | \$ | 7,513,072 | \$ | 44,592,089 |
| • | | | | | | , , | | , , |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | |
| ACCOUNTS PAYABLE | \$ | 553,813 | \$ | - | \$ | 35,018 | \$ | 588,831 |
| LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM | | | | | | | | |
| RESTRICTED ASSETS | | 95,387 | | - | | 1,027,949 | | 1,123,336 |
| WAGES PAYABLE | | 503,827 | | - | | - | | 503,827 |
| ACCRUED LIABILITIES | | 2,460,206 | | - | | - | | 2,460,206 |
| UNEARNED REVENUES | | - | | | | 1,685,267 | | 1,685,267 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | | 3,613,233 | | - | | 2,748,234 | | 6,361,467 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | |
| TAXES | | 8,363,814 | | 11,831,367 | | | | 20,195,181 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF | | | | | | | | |
| RESOURCES | | 8,363,814 | | 11,831,367 | | - | | 20,195,181 |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | | | | | |
| RESTRICTED | | 458,007 | | - | | 1,017,852 | | 1,475,859 |
| COMMITTED | | 552,705 | | | | | | 552,705 |
| ASSIGNED | | 22,295 | | 1,350,316 | | 3,746,986 | | 5,119,597 |
| UNASSIGNED | | 10,887,280 | | - | | - | | 10,887,280 |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCE | | 11,920,287 | | 1,350,316 | | 4,764,838 | | 18,035,441 |
| OTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS | | | | | | | | |
| OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES | \$ | 23,897,334 | \$ | 13,181,683 | \$ | 7,513,072 | \$ | 44,592,089 |

LEHI CITY CORPORATION RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2018

| TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES | \$ 18,035,441 |
|--|------------------|
| AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL | |
| ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET | |
| POSITION ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE: | |
| CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN GOVERNMENTAL | |
| ACTIVITIES ARE NOT FINANCIAL RESOURCES | |
| AND THEREFORE ARE NOT REPORTED IN | |
| THE FUNDS | 306,281,432 |
| LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, INCLUDING BONDS | |
| PAYABLE, ARE NOT DUE AND PAYABLE IN | |
| THE CURRENT PERIOD AND THEREFORE | |
| ARE NOT REPORTED IN THE FUNDS | (125,754,697) |
| INTEREST PAYABLE ON LONG-TERM FINANCIAL | |
| RESOURCES IS NOT REPORTED IN THE | |
| GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS | (1,961,349) |
| THE CURRENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE | |
| INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS ARE INCLUDED | |
| IN THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE | |
| STATEMENT OF NET POSITION | 2,295,112 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS RELATED TO | |
| PENSIONS AND THE NET PENSION ASSET | |
| WILL NEITHER REQUIRE THE USE OF NOR | |
| PROVIDE CURRENT PERIOD FINANCIAL RESOURCES | |
| AND THEREFORE ARE NOT REPORTED | 1.00 (010 |
| IN THE FUNDS | 1,236,319 |
| SOME OF THE INTERNAL SERVICE NET INCOME IS | |
| ALLOCABLE TO BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES. | |
| THESE AMOUNTS ARE SHOWN IN THE INTERNAL | |
| BALANCES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION | (905,807) |

\$ 199,226,451

NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

| | | GENERA L | REI | SPECIAL REVENUE DEVELOPMENT AGENCY | CAPITAL PROJECTS | GOVE | TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS |
|---|----|-------------|-----|---|---------------------|------|-----------------------------|
| REVENUES | | | | | | | |
| TAXES | \$ | 25,958,232 | \$ | 12,207,123 | \$ 470,250 | \$ | 38,635,605 |
| LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS | | 3,575,367 | | - | 4,424,709 | | 8,000,076 |
| INTERGOVERNMENTAL | | 2,717,917 | | - | 3,535,658 | | 6,253,575 |
| CHARGES FOR SERVICES | | 8,636,679 | | - | - | | 8,636,679 |
| FINES AND FORFEITURES | | 799,079 | | - | - | | 799,079 |
| MISCELLANEOUS | | 1,508,819 | | 110,000 | 200,000 | | 1,818,819 |
| INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS | | 163,562 | | 12,580 | 124,516 | | 300,658 |
| TOTAL REVENUE | s | 43,359,655 | | 12,329,703 | 8,755,133 | | 64,444,491 |
| EXPENDITURES CURRENT | | | | | | | |
| GENERAL GOVERNMENT | | 6,856,047 | | - | - | | 6,856,047 |
| PUBLIC SAFETY | | 12,622,099 | | - | - | | 12,622,099 |
| COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT | | 2,780,062 | | 2,341,140 | - | | 5,121,202 |
| STREETS AND HIGHWAYS | | 3,372,051 | | - | - | | 3,372,051 |
| PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE | | 9,675,126 | | - | - | | 9,675,126 |
| CEMETERY | | 390,147 | | - | - | | 390,147 |
| OTHER | | - | | - | 63,900 | | 63,900 |
| CAPITAL OUTLAY | | - | | - | 9,962,532 | | 9,962,532 |
| DEBT SERVICE | | | | | | | |
| PRINCIPAL | | 700,000 | | 4,031,349 | 2,952,618 | | 7,683,967 |
| INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES | | 120,060 | | 4,215,886 | 554,820 | | 4,890,766 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURE | s | 36,515,592 | | 10,588,375 | 13,533,870 | | 60,637,837 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER | | | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | 6,844,063 | | 1,741,328 | (4,778,737) | | 3,806,654 |
| EAFENDITURES | _ | 0,044,003 | | 1,/41,326 | (4,776,737) | | 3,800,034 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TRANSFERS IN | | 1,414,754 | | | 2.684.015 | | 4,098,769 |
| TRANSFERS OUT | | (2,684,015) | | (1,414,754) | 2,004,013 | | (4,098,769) |
| SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS | | 51,932 | | (1,414,754) | - | | 51,932 |
| ISSUANCE OF NOTES AND BONDS | | 31,932 | | - | 5,768,588 | | 5,768,588 |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | (1,217,329) | | (1,414,754) | 8,452,603 | | 5,820,520 |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | _ | (1,217,329) | | (1,414,734) | 6,432,003 | | 3,820,320 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | | 5,626,734 | | 326,574 | 3,673,866 | | 9,627,174 |
| FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR | _ | 6,293,553 | | 1,023,742 | 1,090,972 | | 8,408,267 |
| FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR | \$ | 11,920,287 | \$ | 1,350,316 | \$ 4,764,838 | \$ | 18,035,441 |

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

| | NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS | \$ 9,627,174 |
|-----------------------|---|----------------------------|
| _ _ | AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE: | |
| , ; ;)) | GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REPORT CAPITAL OUTLAYS AS EXPENDITURES WHILE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES REPORT DEPRECIATION EXPENSE TO ALLOCATE THOSE EXPENDITURES OVER THE LIFE OF THE ASSETS CAPITAL ASSET PURCHASES CAPITALIZED DEPRECIATION EXPENSE | 10,579,310 (13,138,084) |
| ·- · | SOME EXPENSES REPORTED IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, SUCH AS COMPENSATED ABSENCES, ACCRUED INTEREST, LANDFILL POST-CLOSURE COSTS DO NOT REQUIRE THE USE OF CURRENT FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND THEREFORE ARE NOT REPORTED AS EXPENDITURES IN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS | (522,126) |
|) | REPAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL IS AN EXPENDITURE IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, BUT THE REPAYMENT REDUCES LONG-TERM LIABILITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION | 7,683,967 |
| <u>-</u> | THE NET REVENUE OF INTERNAL SERVICES FUNDS IS ALLOCATED BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES. INTERNAL SERVICE FUND NET INCOME LESS AMOUNT ALLOCATED TO BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES | (249,427) 129,434 |
|) | PROCEEDS FROM DEBT ISSUES ARE AN OTHER FINANCING SOURCE IN THE FUNDS, BUT A DEBT ISSUE INCREASES LONG-TERM LIABILITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION | (5,768,588) |
| ! ! | DEVELOPER CONTRIBUTIONS OF INFRASTRUCTURE NOT RECORDED IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS | 20,887,022 |
| <u> </u> | CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES | \$ 29,228,682 |

LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

| | GENERAL FUND | | | | | | REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|------|---------------|---------------|---|----|----------------------|---------------|---------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | | MOUNTS | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE | | BUDGETED | | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE | | | | |
| | ORIGINAI | | FINAL | ACTUAL | (NEGATIVE) | | ORIGINAL | FINAL | ACTUAL | (NEGATIVE) | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| TAXES | \$ 24,440, | | \$ 24,440,000 | \$ 25,958,232 | \$ 1,518,232 | \$ | 13,830,000 | \$ 13,830,000 | \$ 12,207,123 | \$ (1,622,877) | | | | |
| LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS | 2,615, | | 2,615,000 | 3,575,367 | 960,367 | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE | 1,998, | | 1,998,000 | 2,717,917 | 719,917 | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| CHARGES FOR SERVICE | 6,970, | | 7,067,935 | 8,636,679 | 1,568,744 | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| FINES AND FORFEITURES | 657, | 500 | 657,500 | 799,079 | 141,579 | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| MISCELLA NEOUS REVENUE | 1,229, | 000 | 1,229,000 | 1,508,819 | 279,819 | | - | - | 110,000 | 110,000 | | | | |
| INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS | 69, | 500 | 69,500 | 163,562 | 94,062 | | 7,500 | 7,500 | 12,580 | 5,080 | | | | |
| TOTAL REVENUES | 37,979, | 935 | 38,076,935 | 43,359,655 | 5,282,720 | | 13,837,500 | 13,837,500 | 12,329,703 | (1,507,797) | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GENERAL GOVERNMENT | 8,287, | 060 | 8,272,060 | 6,856,047 | 1,416,013 | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| PUBLIC SAFETY | 13,800, | 547 | 13,800,547 | 12,622,099 | 1,178,448 | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT | 2,820, | 051 | 2,820,051 | 2,780,062 | 39,989 | | 12,181,400 | 12,181,400 | 2,341,140 | 9,840,260 | | | | |
| STREETS AND HIGHWAYS | 3,431, | 930 | 3,446,330 | 3,372,051 | 74,279 | | - | - | _ | - | | | | |
| PARKS, RECREATIONS AND CULTURE | 9,532, | 268 | 10,283,836 | 9,675,126 | 608,710 | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| CEMETERY | 463, | 589 | 463,589 | 390,147 | 73,442 | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| DEBT SERVICE | 820, | 832 | 820,832 | 820,060 | 772 | | 9,465,228 | 9,465,228 | 8,247,235 | 1,217,993 | | | | |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 39,156, | 277_ | 39,907,245 | 36,515,592 | 3,391,653 | | 21,646,628 | 21,646,628 | 10,588,375 | 11,058,253 | | | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| OVER EXPENDITURES | (1,176, | 342) | (1,830,310) | 6,844,063 | 8,674,373 | | (7,809,128) | (7,809,128) | 1,741,328 | 9,550,456 | | | | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ISSUANCE OF NOTES | | - | - | - | - | | 9,000,000 | 9,000,000 | - | (9,000,000) | | | | |
| TRANSFERS IN | 1,500, | | 1,907,000 | 1,414,754 | (492,246) | | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| TRANSFERS OUT | (2,684, | | (2,684,015) | (2,684,015) | - | | (1,798,372) | (1,798,372) | (1,414,754) | 383,618 | | | | |
| SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS | | 000 | 10,000 | 51,932 | 41,932 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | (1,174, | 015) | (767,015) | (1,217,329) | (450,314 | | 7,201,628 | 7,201,628 | (1,414,754) | (8,616,382) | | | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | (2,350, | 357) | (2,597,325) | 5,626,734 | 8,224,059 | | (607,500) | (607,500) | 326,574 | 934,074 | | | | |
| FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR | 6,293, | 553 | 6,293,553 | 6,293,553 | | | 1,023,742 | 1,023,742 | 1,023,742 | | | | | |
| FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR | \$ 3,943, | 196 | \$ 3,696,228 | \$ 11,920,287 | \$ 8,224,059 | \$ | 416,242 | \$ 416,242 | \$ 1,350,316 | \$ 934,074 | | | | |

LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

| | | | | | | BUS | INESS | S-TYPE ACTIVI | ΓIES | | | | | | GOVERNMENTAL | |
|---------------------------------------|----|------------------|------|------------|----|-----------------------|-------|---------------|------|------------|-----|--|----|-------------------------------------|--------------|--|
| | | ULINARY WATER | SI | EWER | | ESSURIZED RIGATION | | ELECTRIC | D | PRAINAGE | EN' | ONMAJOR TERPRISE FUND ARBAGE) | | TOTAL BUSINESS- TYPE FUNDS | | ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | \$ | 1,988,722 | | 3,573,817 | \$ | 902,287 | \$ | 8,001,398 | \$ | 1,327,094 | \$ | 348,441 | \$ | 16,141,759 | \$ | 2,462,131 |
| INVESTMENTS, CURRENT PORTION | | 588,879 | | 606,816 | | 154,475 | | 1,499,898 | | 254,909 | | - | | 3,104,977 | | - |
| RECEIVABLE (NET): | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACCOUNTS | | 625,838 | | 808,668 | | 215,338 | | 3,274,459 | | 111,688 | | 249,439 | | 5,285,430 | | 1,626 |
| UNBILLED | | 18,974 | | 25,620 | | 10,567 | | 108,715 | | 2,399 | | 11,384 | | 177,659 | | - |
| REFUND DUE FROM DEPOSIT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WITH POWER SUPPLIER | | - | | - | | - | | 564,576 | | - | | - | | 564,576 | | - |
| INVENTORY | | 106,363 | | 7,004 | | 30,402 | | 2,550,970 | | 2,589 | | - | | 2,697,328 | | 71,115 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | | 3,328,776 | | 5,021,925 | | 1,313,069 | | 16,000,016 | | 1,698,679 | | 609,264 | | 27,971,729 | | 2,534,872 |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | | - | | 58,342 | | - | | 7,848,661 | | 215 | | - | | 7,907,218 | | - |
| INVESTMENTS, LONG TERM PORTION | | 2,757,127 | | 2,841,108 | | 723,250 | | 7,022,512 | | 1,193,483 | | - | | 14,537,480 | | - |
| RESTRICTED IMPACT FEE RECEIVABLE | | 12,898 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 12,898 | | - |
| NONDEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS | | 26,260,384 | | 78,775 | | 30,171,159 | | 28,282,012 | | 421,787 | | - | | 85,214,117 | | - |
| DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS, NET | | 37,410,855 | | 45,097,562 | | 46,102,448 | | 56,571,182 | | 43,387,953 | | - | | 228,570,000 | | 3,084,096 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS | _ | 66,441,264 | | 48,075,787 | | 76,996,857 | | 99,724,367 | | 45,003,438 | | - | | 336,241,713 | | 3,084,096 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 69,770,040 | \$ | 53,097,712 | \$ | 78,309,926 | \$ | 115,724,383 | \$ | 46,702,117 | \$ | 609,264 | \$ | 364,213,442 | \$ | 5,618,968 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADVANCE FUNDING OF UAMPS PROJECT | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | 6,827,089 | • | | \$ | _ | \$ | 6,827,089 | \$ | _ |
| LOSS ON REFUNDING | ψ | - | Ψ | _ | Ψ | _ | Ψ | 30,609 | Φ | _ | Ψ | - | Ψ | 30,609 | Ψ | - |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS RELATED TO PENSIONS | | 223,524 | | 149,227 | | 83,362 | | 752,676 | | 92,872 | | _ | | 1,301,661 | | 212,752 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS | | 223,324 | · —— | 117,221 | | 03,302 | | 732,070 | | 72,072 | | | | 1,501,001 | | 212,732 |
| OF RESOURCES | \$ | 223,524 | \$ | 149,227 | \$ | 83,362 | \$ | 7,610,374 | \$ | 92,872 | \$ | - | \$ | 8,159,359 | \$ | 212,752 |
| | | | - | | | | | | | | _ | | _ | | | |

CONTINUED

LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CONTINUED PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

| | | | | | BUS | INESS | S-TYPE ACTIVIT | TIES | | | | | GOVERNMENT | |
|--|----|---------------------|----------------------------|----|------------------------------|-------|-----------------------|------|------------|-----|-----------------------------|------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|
| | (| CULINARY | | | ESSURIZED | | | | | EN' | ONMAJOR FERPRISE FUND | | | ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE |
| LIABILITIES | _ | WATER | SEWER | IR | RIGATION | | ELECTRIC | D | RAINAGE | (G. | ARBAGE) | TOTALS | | FUNDS |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ACCOUNTS PAYABLE | \$ | 1,222,724 | \$ 829,565 | \$ | 57,309 | \$ | 2,449,610 | \$ | 159,325 | \$ | 227,976 | \$ 4,946,509 | \$ | 208,494 |
| WAGES PAYABLE | | 24,053 | 18,800 | | 7,712 | | 90,940 | | 11,360 | | - | 152,865 | | 31,266 |
| ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE | | 15,144 | - | | 15,144 | | 64,120 | | 1,863 | | - | 96,271 | | - |
| PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - |
| ACCOUNTS PAYABLE | | 11,508 | 980 | | - | | 7,359,977 | | - | | - | 7,372,465 | | - |
| CUSTOMER DEPOSITS | | 41,850 | - | | - | | 8,830 | | - | | - | 50,680 | | - |
| UNEARNED REVENUES | | - | - | | - | | - | | 80,000 | | | 80,000 | | - |
| CURRENT PORTION COMPENSATED ABSENCES CURRENT MATURITIES OF LONG-TERM | | 60,937 | 38,058 | | 14,905 | | 191,793 | | 18,096 | | - | 323,789 | | 44,442 |
| OBLIGATIONS | | 34,515 | - | | 34,515 | | 1,250,000 | | 165,000 | | - | 1,484,030 | | - |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | _ | 1,410,731 | 887,403 | | 129,585 | | 11,415,270 | | 435,644 | | 227,976 | 14,506,609 | | 284,202 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| COMPENSATED ABSENCES | | 111,359 | 29,997 | | 14,888 | | 252,488 | | 27,920 | | _ | 436,652 | | 53,754 |
| NET PENSION LIABILITY | | 226,234 | 151,036 | | 84,372 | | 761,801 | | 93,998 | | _ | 1,317,441 | | 215,331 |
| NOTES PAYABLE | | 611,303 | - | | 611,303 | | - | | - | | _ | 1,222,606 | | - |
| BONDS PAYABLE, LESS CURRENT MATURITIES | | - | - | | - | | 18,419,467 | | 1,130,000 | | - | 19,549,467 | | - |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | _ | 948,896 | 181,033 | | 710,563 | | 19,433,756 | | 1,251,918 | | - | 22,526,166 | | 269,085 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | \$ | 2,359,627 | \$ 1,068,436 | \$ | 840,148 | \$ | 30,849,026 | \$ | 1,687,562 | \$ | 227,976 | \$ 37,032,775 | \$ | 553,287 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS RELATED TO PENSIONS | \$ | 181,440 | \$ 121,131 | \$ | 67,667 | \$ | 610,965 | \$ | 75,386 | \$ | - | \$ 1,056,589 | \$ | 172,695 |
| DEI ERRED IN EO WORLENTED TO TENSIONS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NET POSITION NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS RESTRICTED FOR | \$ | 63,025,421 | \$ 45,176,337 | \$ | 75,627,789 | \$ | 73,060,558 | \$ | 42,514,740 | \$ | - | \$ 299,404,845 | \$ | 3,084,096 |
| NET POSITION NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS | \$ | 63,025,421 1,390 | \$ 45,176,337 57,362 | \$ | 75,627,789 | \$ | 73,060,558 488,684 | \$ | 42,514,740 | \$ | - | \$ 299,404,845 547,651 | \$ | 3,084,096 |
| NET POSITION NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS RESTRICTED FOR | \$ | | \$ | \$ | 75,627,789 - 1,857,684 | \$ | | \$ | , , | \$ | - - 381,288 | \$ | \$ | 3,084,096 - 2,021,642 |

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

| | | | BUS | INESS-TYPE ACTIVIT | ΓIES | | | GOVERNMENTAL |
|---|-------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|---|----------------------------|--|
| | CULINARY WATER | SEWER | PRESSURIZED IRRIGATION | ELECTRIC | DRAINAGE | NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND (GARBAGE) | TOTALS | ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS |
| | WILLER | BEWER | nadomion | ELLETINE | Diemwice | (G/HE//GE) | TOTALS | TONDS |
| OPERATING REVENUES (PLEDGED AS SECURITY | | | | | | | | |
| FOR REVENUE BONDS) | \$ 5,147,281 | 0.5(0.210 | e 2.5(2.20(| ¢ 22.060.022 | 0 1162257 | e 2.412.652 | e 52.014.726 | ¢ 4.041.042 |
| CHARGES FOR SERVICES | \$ 5,147,281 523,787 | \$ 8,560,318 | \$ 2,562,296 439,761 | \$ 33,069,822 388,220 | \$ 1,162,357 | | \$ 52,914,726 1,351,768 | \$ 4,041,042 |
| HOOK-UP AND SERVICING FEES MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES | 178,455 | 73,407 | 5,315 | 234,244 | - | 14 420 | 505,851 | - |
| TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES | 5,849,523 | 8,633,725 | 3,007,372 | 33,692,286 | 1,162,357 | 2,427,082 | 54,772,345 | 4,041,042 |
| | 3,049,323 | 6,033,723 | 3,007,372 | 33,092,200 | 1,102,337 | 2,427,002 | 34,772,343 | 4,041,042 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | | | | | |
| PERSONNEL | 982,557 | 836,096 | 283,797 | 2,363,715 | 428,804 | - | 4,894,969 | 1,099,511 |
| GENERAL ADMINISTRATION | 124,105 | 121,337 | 40,204 | 766,601 | 34,859 | 14,845 | 1,101,951 | - |
| OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE | 1,879,791 | 7,014,137 | 1,613,177 | 23,774,795 | 223,755 | 2,434,093 | 36,939,748 | 2,508,401 |
| INTERFUND CHARGES | 209,340 | 181,000 | 75,000 | 778,385 | 47,000 | - | 1,290,725 | - |
| DEPRECIATION | 1,557,239 | 1,709,861 | 1,594,781 | 2,545,045 | 1,434,520 | - | 8,841,446 | 773,930 |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES | 4,753,032 | 9,862,431 | 3,606,959 | 30,228,541 | 2,168,938 | 2,448,938 | 53,068,839 | 4,381,842 |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | 1,096,491 | (1,228,706) | (599,587) | 3,463,745 | (1,006,581) | (21,856) | 1,703,506 | (340,800) |
| NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | | | | | | | |
| IMPACT FEE REVENUE (PLEDGED AS SECURITY | | | | | | | | |
| FOR REVENUE BONDS) | 2,643,651 | 729,150 | 1,403,509 | 4,671,076 | 503,353 | _ | 9,950,739 | _ |
| DEVELOPER FEES | 7,294,687 | | -,,- | - | - | _ | 7,294,687 | _ |
| WATER ACCESS RIGHTS | (7,294,687) | _ | - | _ | _ | _ | (7,294,687) | _ |
| INTEREST INCOME | 99,185 | 94,178 | 26,206 | 290,428 | 45,861 | 4,902 | 560,760 | 85,925 |
| INTEREST EXPENSE | (54,368) | (3,226) | (30,867) | (349,817) | (59,536) | - | (497,814) | - |
| MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES | - | - | - | - | - | _ | - | 1,228 |
| GAIN ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS | - | - | - | 29,501 | - | - | 29,501 | 4,220 |
| TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | 2,688,468 | 820,102 | 1,398,848 | 4,641,188 | 489,678 | 4,902 | 10,043,186 | 91,373 |
| INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND | | | | | | | | |
| TRANSFERS | 3,784,959 | (408,604) | 799,261 | 8,104,933 | (516,903) | (16,954) | 11,746,692 | (249,427) |
| CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS | 2,435,525 | 4,485,233 | 6,651,018 | 6,863,662 | 4,906,531 | | 25,341,969 | |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | 6,220,484 | 4,076,629 | 7,450,279 | 14,968,595 | 4,389,628 | (16,954) | 37,088,661 | (249,427) |
| NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR, | 61,232,013 | 47,980,743 | 70,035,194 | 76,906,171 | 40,642,413 | 398,242 | | 5,355,165 |
| NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR | \$ 67,452,497 | \$ 52,057,372 | \$ 77,485,473 | \$ 91,874,766 | \$ 45,032,041 | \$ 381,288 | | \$ 5,105,738 |
| | ON OF INTERNAL SERVI | | | | | | | |

ADJUSTMENT TO REFLECT THE CONSOLIDATION OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUND ACTIVITIES RELATED TO ENTERPRISE FUNDS CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES (page 33)

(129,434) 36,959,227

LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

| | | | BUSI | NESS-TYPE ACTIVIT | TIES | | | GOVERNMENTAL | |
|--|--------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|---|------------------------|--|--|
| | CULINARY WATER | SEWER | PRESSURIZED IRRIGATION | ELECTRIC | DRAINAGE | NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND (GARBAGE) | TOTALS | ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | | | | |
| CASH RECEIVED FROM CUSTOMERS | \$ 5,575,580 | \$ 8,622,059 | \$ 2,991,861 | \$ 33,414,966 | \$ 1,158,674 | \$ 2,397,416 | \$ 54,160,556 | \$ - | |
| CASH RECEIVED FROM INTERFUND SERVICES PROVIDED | (2.510.252) | (7.100.025) | (1.020.040) | (10.700.740) | (520.026) | - (2.442.201) | (24.220.010) | 4,039,416 | |
| CASH PAID TO SUPPLIERS CASH PAID TO EMPLOYEES | (2,518,252) | (7,198,925) | (1,829,848) | (19,709,748) | (539,836) | (2,442,301) | (34,238,910) | (1,851,693) (1,914,695) | |
| CASH PAID TO EMPLOYEES CASH PAID FOR INTERFUND SERVICES | (1,065,381) (209,340) | (754,109) (181,000) | (312,387) | (2,604,895) (778,385) | (423,176) | - | (5,159,948) | (1,914,695) | |
| OTHER RECEIPTS | 178,455 | 73,407 | (75,000) 5,315 | 234,244 | (47,000) | 14,430 | (1,290,725) 505,851 | - | |
| | 170,433 | 73,407 | 3,313 | 234,244 | | 14,430 | 303,831 | | |
| NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES | 1,961,062 | 561 422 | 779,941 | 10,556,182 | 148,662 | (30,455) | 13,976,824 | 273,028 | |
| | 1,961,062 | 561,432 | //9,941 | 10,336,182 | 148,002 | (30,433) | 13,970,824 | 273,028 | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | | | | |
| OTHER RECEIPTS (PAYMENTS) | | - | | | | | - | 1,228 | |
| NET CASH USED IN NON-CAPITAL | | | | | | | | | |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | (3,226) | | | | | (3,226) | 1,228 | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED | | | | | | | | | |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | | | | |
| ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF | | | | | | | | | |
| CAPITAL ASSETS | (697,043) | (165,784) | (1,695,270) | (26,369,260) | (868,888) | - | (29,796,245) | (734,482) | |
| ADVANCE FUNDING OF UAMPS PROJECT | - | - | - | 702,091 | - | - | 702,091 | - | |
| UNEARNED REVENUE COLLECTED | - | - | - | - | 80,000 | - | 80,000 | - | |
| PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS | - | - | - | 29,501 | - | - | 29,501 | 11,466 | |
| CONTRIBUTIONS FROM DEVELOPERS | - | - | - | 5,152,472 | 117,564 | - | 5,270,036 | - | |
| PRINCIPAL PAID ON BONDS | (75,154) | - | - | (760,000) | (160,000) | - | (995,154) | - | |
| INTEREST PAID | (39,224) | - | (15,723) | (310,151) | (58,620) | - | (423,718) | - | |
| PRINCIPAL PAID ON NOTES PAYABLE | (19,172) | - | (94,326) | - | - | - | (113,498) | - | |
| IMPACT FEES COLLECTED | 2,635,275 | 730,870 | 1,416,447 | 4,772,669 | 509,002 | | 10,064,263 | | |
| NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) CAPITAL AND | | | | | | | | | |
| RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES | 1,804,682 | 565,086 | (388,872) | 1,378,236 | (380,942) | | 2,978,190 | (723,016) | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | | | | | | | |
| PURCHASE OF INVESTMENTS | (3,346,006) | (3,447,924) | (877,725) | (8,522,410) | (1,448,392) | | | _ | |
| INTEREST INCOME COLLECTED | 99,185 | 94,178 | 26,206 | 290,428 | 45,861 | 4,902 | 560,760 | 85,925 | |
| NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) | | | | | | | | | |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | (3,246,821) | (3,353,746) | (851,519) | (8,231,982) | (1,402,531) | 4,902 | 560,760 | 85,925 | |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES | (3,240,021) | (3,333,740) | (031,319) | (0,231,902) | (1,402,331) | 7,702 | 500,700 | 65,925 | |

LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

| NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES CONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATI | s - |
|--|--|
| EQUIVALENTS 518,923 (2,230,454) (460,450) 3,702,436 (1,634,811) (25,553) (129,909) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR 1,469,799 5,862,613 1,362,737 12,147,623 2,962,120 373,994 24,178,886 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR 1,469,799 5,862,613 1,362,737 12,147,623 2,962,120 373,994 24,178,886 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR 1,469,799 2,862,813 2,902,287 1,5850,059 1,327,309 3,48,441 2,4048,977 | \$ 2,462,131 \$ 2,462,131 \$ 2,462,131 |
| EQUIVALENTS | \$ 2,462,131 \$ 2,462,131 \$ 2,462,131 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR CONSISTS OF: UNRESTRICTED CASH RESTRICTED CASH RESTRICTED CASH 1,988,722 NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES CONTRIBUTIONS OF CAPITAL ASSETS FROM DEVELOPERS RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES DEPRICATION 1,557,239 1,557,239 1,509,6491 1,557,239 1,709,861 1,594,781 2,485,23 3,632,159 3,632,15,850,059 3,1327,094 3,1327,094 3,348,441 3,16,141,759 3,478,967 3,4788,967 3,4 | \$ 2,462,131 \$ 2,462,131 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR CONSISTS OF: UNRESTRICTED CASH RESTRICTED CASH 1 1,988,722 1 1,988,722 1 1,988,722 1 1,799,861 1 1,594,781 CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ACCOUNTS RECIVABLE ACLOUNTS RECEIVABLE ACCOUNTS RECIVABLE ACCOUNTS RECIPABLE ACCOUNTS RECIP | \$ 2,462,131 - \$ 2,462,131 |
| CONSISTS OF: UNRESTRICTED CASH UNRESTRICTED CASH ERETRICTED CASH O O S S S S S S S S S S S | \$ 2,462,131 \$ - |
| UNRESTRICTED CASH RESTRICTED C | \$ 2,462,131 \$ - |
| RESTRICTED CASH | \$ 2,462,131 \$ - |
| NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES CONTRIBUTIONS OF CAPITAL ASSETS FROM DEVELOPERS RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES DEPRECIATION CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE AMOUNTS S 1,988,722 S 3,632,159 S 902,287 S 15,850,059 S 1,527,309 S 1,327,309 S 348,441 S 24,048,977 S 4,788,967 S 4,788,967 S 4,788,967 S 2,071,933 S 1,701,190 S 4,788,967 S 1,096,491 S (1,228,706) S 1,701,190 S 4,788,967 S 1,711,190 S 4,788,967 S 1,096,891 S 1,711,190 S 4,788,967 S 1,096,891 S 1,701,193 S 1,711,190 S | s - |
| CONTRIBUTIONS OF CAPITAL ASSETS FROM DEVELOPERS \$ 2,435,525 \$ 4,485,233 \$ 6,651,018 \$ 1,711,190 \$ 4,788,967 \$ - \$ 20,071,933 RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) \$ 1,096,491 \$ (1,228,706) \$ 3,463,745 \$ (1,006,581) \$ (21,856) \$ 1,703,506 ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES DEPRECIATION \$ 1,557,239 \$ 1,709,861 \$ 1,594,781 \$ 2,545,045 \$ 1,434,520 \$ - 8,841,446 CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE \$ (115,678) \$ 61,763 \$ (8,343) \$ (24,384) \$ (24,384) \$ (2,827) \$ (12,857) \$ (102,326) ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE AMOUNTS \$ (2,860) \$ (22) \$ (1,853) \$ (16,617) \$ (856) \$ (2,379) \$ (24,587) | |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) OPERATION INCO | |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) \$ 1,096,491 \$ (1,228,706) \$ (599,587) \$ 3,463,745 \$ (1,006,581) \$ (21,856) \$ 1,703,506 ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES DEPRECIATION 1,557,239 1,709,861 1,594,781 2,545,045 1,434,520 - 8,841,446 CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (115,678) 61,763 (8,343) (24,384) (2,827) (12,857) (102,326) ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE AMOUNTS (2,860) (22) (1,853) (16,617) (856) (2,379) (24,587) | |
| CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) \$ 1,096,491 \$ (1,228,706) \$ (599,587) \$ 3,463,745 \$ (1,006,581) \$ (21,856) \$ 1,703,506 ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES DEPRECIATION 1,557,239 1,709,861 1,594,781 2,545,045 1,434,520 - 8,841,446 CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (115,678) 61,763 (8,343) (24,384) (2,827) (12,857) (102,326) ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE AMOUNTS (2,860) (22) (1,853) (16,617) (856) (2,379) (24,587) | \$ (340,800) |
| CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) \$ 1,096,491 \$ (1,228,706) \$ (599,587) \$ 3,463,745 \$ (1,006,581) \$ (21,856) \$ 1,703,506 ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES DEPRECIATION 1,557,239 1,709,861 1,594,781 2,545,045 1,434,520 - 8,841,446 CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (115,678) 61,763 (8,343) (24,384) (2,827) (12,857) (102,326) ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE AMOUNTS (2,860) (22) (1,853) (16,617) (856) (2,379) (24,587) | \$ (340,800) |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) \$ 1,096,491 \$ (1,228,706) \$ (599,587) \$ 3,463,745 \$ (1,006,581) \$ (21,856) \$ 1,703,506 ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES DEPRECIATION \$ 1,557,239 \$ 1,709,861 \$ 1,594,781 \$ 2,545,045 \$ 1,434,520 \$ - 8,841,446 CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE \$ (115,678) \$ 61,763 \$ (8,343) \$ (24,384) \$ (2,827) \$ (12,857) \$ (102,326) ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE AMOUNTS \$ (2,860) \$ (2,887) \$ (22) \$ (1,853) \$ (16,617) \$ (856) \$ (2,379) \$ (24,587) | \$ (340,800) |
| ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES DEPRECIATION 1,557,239 1,709,861 1,594,781 2,545,045 1,434,520 - 8,841,446 CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (115,678) 61,763 (8,343) (24,384) (2,827) (12,857) (102,326) ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE AMOUNTS (2,860) (22) (1,853) (16,617) (856) (2,379) (24,587) | |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES DEPRECIATION 1,557,239 1,709,861 1,594,781 2,545,045 1,434,520 - 8,841,446 CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (115,678) 61,763 (8,343) (24,384) (2,827) (12,857) (102,326) ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE AMOUNTS (2,860) (22) (1,853) (16,617) (856) (2,379) (24,587) | |
| DEPRECIATION 1,557,239 1,709,861 1,594,781 2,545,045 1,434,520 - 8,841,446 CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (115,678) 61,763 (8,343) (24,384) (2,827) (12,857) (102,326) ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE AMOUNTS (2,860) (22) (1,853) (16,617) (856) (2,379) (24,587) | |
| CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (115,678) 61,763 (8,343) (24,384) (2,827) (12,857) (102,326) ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE AMOUNTS (2,860) (22) (1,853) (16,617) (856) (2,379) (24,587) | |
| ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (115,678) 61,763 (8,343) (24,384) (2,827) (12,857) (102,326) ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE AMOUNTS (2,860) (22) (1,853) (16,617) (856) (2,379) (24,587) | 773,930 |
| ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE AMOUNTS (2,860) (22) (1,853) (16,617) (856) (2,379) (24,587) | |
| | (1,626) |
| A DVANCE BILLING ON DEPOSIT | - |
| | |
| WITH POWER SUPPLIER (296,680) (296,680) | - |
| INVENTORY (17,137) 1,547 3,584 (158,498) (1,851) - (172,355) | (26,638) |
| ACCOUNTS PAYABLE (497,219) (64,998) (180,051) 5,286,826 (279,371) 6,637 4,271,824 | (23,606) |
| WAGES PAYABLE 2,846 903 1,758 8,988 313 - 14,808 | 4,098 |
| COMPENSATED ABSENCES 532 37,881 57 26,200 7,598 - 72,268 | (26,217) |
| CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF A PRINCIPLE OF A | (0.5.112) |
| RELATED TO PENSIONS (86,202) 43,203 (30,405) (276,368) (2,283) - (352,055) CUSTOMER DEPOSITS 23,050 (2,075) 20,975 | (86,113) |
| \$ 1,961,062 \$ 561,432 \$ 779,941 \$ 10,556,182 \$ 148,662 \$ (30,455) \$ 13,976,824 | |

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Lehi City Corporation (the City) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Utah in 1852 and operates under an elected Mayor-Council form of government. The City's major operations include police and fire protection, parks, library and recreation, public works, community development and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates culinary water, pressurized irrigation, sewer, drainage, and power systems.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

Reporting Entity

These financial statements present the City (primary government) and its component units, organizations that are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City. Blended component units, although legal separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City. Entities that were evaluated by the City for presentation in the City's financial statements consist of the following:

The Lehi City Redevelopment Agency - The Lehi City Redevelopment Agency (RDA) serves all the citizens of the City and is governed by a board comprised of the City Council. Additionally, City staff manage the activities of the RDA in essentially the same manner as it manages the activities of the City. In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the RDA have been included in the financial reporting entity as a special revenue fund. Separate financial statements are not issued for the RDA.

The Fox Hollow Golf Course – The Fox Hollow Golf Course was established in 1973 by American Fork City, Pleasant Grove City, and Lehi City. The Golf Course has its own board with one member of each city council serving on that board. The joint venture does not meet the criteria for inclusion in the City's financial report as a component unit because the City does not exercise administrative control and the effect of the City's investment in the joint venture is immaterial.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Statements

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The City's police and fire protection, parks, library and recreation, streets, community development and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The City's culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, drainage, and garbage services are classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions and business-type activities (public safety, community development, streets, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, sales and franchise taxes, impact fees, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales and franchise taxes, etc.)

The City does not allocate indirect expenses.

The effect of interfund activity has generally been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Certain eliminations have been made in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The government-wide statements focus more on the sustainability of the City in its entirety and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the City are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. The following fund types are used by the City:

Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund financial statements) is upon the determination of sources, uses and balances of financial resources, rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the City:

- **General fund** is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounting for in another fund.
- **Special revenue funds** are used to account for the property taxes levied on properties within each RDA or EDA project area.
- Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type proprietary funds). The City has only one capital projects fund and it is used to account for major road, sidewalk, parks and land improvements.

The City has three major governmental funds – the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, and the Special Revenue Redevelopment Agency Fund which is used to account for revenues generated by development projects overseen by the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lehi.

Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon the determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The City's proprietary funds consist of:

• Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity is (a) financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

The City's major enterprise funds are the Culinary Water Fund, the Sewer Fund, the Pressurized Irrigation Fund, the Electric Fund and the Drainage Fund.

The purpose of the Culinary Water Fund is to assure an adequate supply of potable water. It also maintains the culinary water distribution lines, wells and storage tanks, and culinary water facilities.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

- o The purpose of the Pressurized Irrigation Fund is to provide the citizens of the City with an adequate supply of clean irrigation water and adequate working water pressure for the City Fire Department.
- o The Sewer Fund's mission is to ensure the proper and healthy collection and transmission of the City's sewage and to protect, maintain and expand the City's sewer system.
- O The purpose of the Electric Fund is to provide reliable electrical service to the City's customers at competitive rates. This includes the construction, operation and maintenance of the City's power distribution system including underground and overhead lines, meters, and substations.
- O The Drainage Fund is responsible for improving storm water conveyance throughout the City. This includes construction of new storm water conveyance and detention facilities to correct existing drainage problems in order to protect the City's citizens and their property from serious flooding.
- Internal service funds are used to account for the City's fleet maintenance, risk management, information technology, and property management services. The internal service fund activities have been combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds are provided with the combining data elsewhere in this report.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities category. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Modified Accrual

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Cash and cash equivalents

The City has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agents and short-term investments with original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain qualifying commercial paper, repurchase agreements and bankers' acceptances, and negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and the Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund. The Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. Investments for the City are reported at fair value determined on quoted market prices. Changes in the fair value of investments are recognized as a component of investment income.

Restricted cash and cash equivalents

Certain restricted cash and cash equivalents are held by a fiscal agent for the redemption of bonded debt and for acquisition and construction of capital projects.

Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories in the proprietary funds consist of materials used in the construction and repair of the transmission, distribution, collection, and treatment systems are valued at cost on a weighted average basis. Supplies inventories, consisting principally of office supplies, are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Transformers are valued at cost on a specific identification basis.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Intangible Assets

The City records donated intangible assets meeting the criteria outlined in GASB Statement No. 51 at fair value. The City records purchased intangible assets as capital assets. Water rights are the City's primary intangible asset.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include buildings and structures, improvements (including distributions systems and infrastructure), machinery, equipment, vehicles and office furniture, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. All City infrastructure has been capitalized. Capital assets are defined as assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more. Capital assets are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on these assets is computed using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

| | Years |
|--|-------|
| Buildings and structures | 10-50 |
| Improvements, including distribution systems | |
| and other infrastructure | 10-50 |
| Machinery, equipment, and vehicles | 5-15 |
| Office furniture and equipment | 5-15 |

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is reported on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is reported in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year which the taxes are collected because the property taxes are intended to fund activities in the year of collection and not the fiscal year in which they were levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, matching requirements and expenditure requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from a nonexchange transaction must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: intergovernmental revenue, sales and franchise taxes, charges for services, interest, and other fees.

Property taxes and special assessments are measurable and susceptible to accrual when they attach as an enforceable lien on the property. They become available when they are due. Amounts that are measurable but not available are recorded as deferred revenue. Property taxes become an enforceable lien on January 1 but are not due until November 30.

The City bills utility customers once monthly when the meters are read. The City is divided into two billing districts. Unbilled accounts receivable were \$177,659 at June 30, 2018. The accounts receivable are reported net of the allowance for doubtful accounts of \$384,425 at June 30, 2018.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation is accrued as incurred based on the years of service for each employee. Vacation is accumulated on a monthly basis and is fully vested when earned. Accumulated vacation cannot exceed 80 hours at the end of any calendar year and any vacation in excess of this amount is forfeited. At retirement, death, or termination, up to 240 hours unpaid accrued vacation is paid to the beneficiary. Proprietary funds expense all accrued vacation amounts when incurred. Governmental funds report an expenditure as the vacation is paid or at termination. The current portion is determined by the City to be the portion of vacation pay due employees who terminated prior to year-end.

Accumulated sick leave is earned at a rate of one day per month. Employees may accumulate unlimited sick leave. Upon retirement, employees may elect to be paid 25% of outstanding sick pay or may have 75% of outstanding sick pay deposited into a Retirement Health Savings Account in their name, which is administered by a third party. Proprietary funds expense 75% of sick pay when it is earned by the employee. Governmental funds report an expenditure when the sick pay is paid. The current portion is the accrued sick pay for employees of governmental funds who terminated prior to year end.

The noncurrent portion of these amounts (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported either as loans, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and, in the government-wide statement of activities, reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Equity

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance. This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The City had no nonspendable fund balance as of June 30, 2018.

Restricted fund balance. This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional or enabling legislation.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Committed fund balance. These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions of the city council – the City's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the city council removes the specified use by taking the same type of action used to impose the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance. This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, as established by the city council with the recommendation of the city administrator. It also includes all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed.

Unassigned fund balance. This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund.

When both restricted and non-restricted fund balances are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then non-restricted fund balance. Furthermore, committed fund balances are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those non-restricted fund balance classifications can be used.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. Operating expenses are necessary costs that have been incurred in order to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Utah Retirement Systems Pension Plan (URS) and additions to/deductions from URS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by URS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Budgets and budgetary control

Annual budgets are prepared and adopted, in accordance with state law, by the Mayor and City Council on or before June 22 for the following fiscal year, beginning July 1. Estimated revenues and appropriations may be increased or decreased by resolution of the City Council at any time during the year. A public hearing must be held prior to any proposed increase in a fund's appropriations. Budgets include activities in several different funds, including the General Fund, Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund and Capital Projects Fund. The level of the City's budgetary control (that is, the level at which the City's expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amounts) is established by activity and purpose within an individual fund such as general government; public safety; community development; streets and highways; parks, recreation and culture; and cemetery within the governmental funds. Each department head is responsible to the Mayor and City Council for spending within the budget for their department. All annual budgets lapse at fiscal year end.

Utah State law prohibits the appropriation of unassigned General Fund balance until it exceeds 5% of the General Fund revenues. Until unassigned fund balance is greater than the above amount, it cannot be budgeted, but is used to provide working capital until tax revenue is received, to meet emergency expenditures, and to cover unanticipated deficits. When unassigned fund balance is greater than 25% of the next year's budgeted revenues, the excess must be appropriated within the following two years.

Once adopted, the budget can be amended by subsequent City Council action. The City Council can amend the budget to any extent, provided the budgeted expenditures do not exceed budgeted revenues and appropriated fund balance. A public hearing must be held to increase total appropriations of any governmental fund. With the consent of the Finance Director, department heads may reallocate unexpended appropriated balances from one expenditure account to another within that department during the budget year.

Budgetary information included in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual for the General Fund and the Redevelopment Agency are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Encumbrance accounting is not used by the City.

NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's deposits and investments are governed by the Utah Money Management Act (*Utah Code*, Title 51, Chapter 7) and rules of the State of Utah Money Management Council.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be recovered. The Money Management Act requires deposits be in a qualified depository. The Act defines a qualified depository as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of federal government and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

The deposits in the bank in excess of the insured amount are uninsured and uncollateralized. Deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by state statute. At June 30, 2018 the book value of cash on deposit was \$2,088,003 and the bank balance was \$5,369,065 (\$4,959,936 of which was exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured and uncollateralized) with the difference being outstanding checks and deposits.

Investments

The Money Management Act defines the types of securities authorized as appropriate investments and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions may be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of investment securities. The Act authorizes investments in both negotiable and nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and permitted negotiable depositories; repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; commercial paper that is classified as "first tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investors Services or Standard & Poor's; bankers' acceptances; obligations of the United States Treasury including bills, notes, and bonds; obligations, other than mortgage derivative products, issued by U.S. government sponsored enterprises (U.S. Agencies) such as the Federal Home Loan Bank System, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac), Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), and Student Loan Marketing Association (Sallie Mae); bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness of political subdivisions of the State; fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate securities rate "A" or higher, or the equivalent of "A" or higher, by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; and shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund as defined in the Act and the Utah State Public Treasurer's Investment Fund. (See Note C for additional information about the Utah State Public Treasurer's Investment Fund).

Fair Value of Investments

The City measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

• Level 1: Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the City has the ability to access. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these securities does not entail any significant degree of judgment. Securities classified as Level 1 inputs include U.S. Government securities and certain other U.S. Agency and sovereign government obligations.;

NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

- Level 2: Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly. Securities classified as Level 2 include: corporate and municipal bonds, and "brokered" or securitized certificates of deposit; and,
- Level 3: Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

At June 30, 2018, the City had the following recurring fair value measurements:

| | | Fair Value Measurement Classification | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| | Fair | | | | | | | |
| Investment Type | Value | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | | | | |
| Utah Public Treasurer's | | | | | | | | |
| Investment Fund | \$ 42,991,581 | \$ - | \$ 42,991,581 | \$ - | | | | |
| U.S. Agencies | 5,703,914 | 5,703,914 | - | - | | | | |
| Corporate Debt Securities | 11,377,474 | - | 11,377,474 | - | | | | |
| Commercial Paper | 467,676 | - | 467,676 | - | | | | |
| Money Market Funds | 283,106 | 283,106 | | | | | | |
| | \$ 60,823,751 | \$ 5,987,020 | \$ 54,836,731 | \$ - | | | | |

Interest Rate Risk – Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's policy for managing interest rate risk is to comply with the State's Money Management Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, fixed rate negotiable deposits, and fixed rate corporate obligations to 270-365 days or less. In addition, variable rate negotiable deposits and variable rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding two years.

NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS-CONTINUED

The following table shows the maturities of the City's investments as of June 30, 2018:

| | | I | nvestment Matu | ırities (in yeaı | rs) |
|---|---------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|---------|
| | Fair | Less | | | More |
| <u>Investment Type</u> | Value | Than 1 | 1-5 | 6-10 | Than 10 |
| Debt Securities | | | | | |
| U.S. Agencies | \$ 5,703,914 | \$ - | \$ 5,703,914 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Corporate Debt Securities | 11,377,474 | 2,637,302 | 8,740,172 | - | - |
| Commercial Paper | 467,676 | 467,676 | - | - | - |
| Money Market Funds | 283,106 | 283,106 | | | |
| | 17,832,170 | \$ 3,388,084 | \$14,444,086 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Other Investments Utah Public Treasurer's | 42.004.504 | | | | |
| Investment Fund | 42,991,581 | | | | |
| | \$ 60,823,751 | | | | |

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City follows the Money Management Act as previously discussed as its policy for reducing exposure to investment credit risk.

The quality ratings for the City's investments are presented below:

| | | Quality Ratings | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Investment Type | Fair Value | AAA | AA | A | A- | Unrated | | | | |
| Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund | \$ 42,991,581 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$42,991,581 | | | | |
| U.S. Agencies | 5,703,914 | 5,703,914 | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Corporate Debt Securities | 11,377,474 | - | 1,815,777 | 6,694,527 | 2,867,170 | - | | | | |
| Commercial Paper | 467,676 | - | - | 467,676 | - | - | | | | |
| Money Market Funds | 283,106 \$ 60,823,751 | \$ 5,703,914 | \$ 1.815.777 | \$7,162,203 | \$ 2,867,170 | 283,106 \$43,274,687 | | | | |
| | + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + | + 2,703,711 | + 1,010,777 | ψ,,10 2 ,200 | \$\pi\$ 2,007,170 | \$ 12,27 1,007 | | | | |

NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS-CONTINUED

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counter party, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All investments other than bank deposits or funds invested in the PTIF are to be held by a third party with securities delivered on a delivery vs. purchase basis.

As of June 30, 2018, the City kept all investments either in the PTIF or with custodian counterparty Moreton Asset Management and all investments which were held by the counterparty's trust department or agent are registered in the City's name. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Investments

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of a loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

The City's policy for reducing this risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Money Management Council. Rule 17 of the Money Management Council limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to between 5 and 10 percent depending upon the total dollar amount held in the portfolio. The Money Management Council limitations do not apply to securities issued by the U.S. government and its agencies.

At June 30, 2018, the City did not have more than 5 percent of its investments in any single issuer other than the amounts invested with the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund. The Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund is not categorized as to concentration of credit risk.

NOTE C – EXTERNAL INVESTMENT POOL

The City invests in the Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF) which is an external investment pool administered by Utah State Public Treasurer. State agencies, municipalities, counties, and local governments within the State of Utah are allowed to invest in the PTIF. There is no required participation and no minimum balance or minimum/maximum transaction requirements.

The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Money Management Act, Chapter 51-7, Utah Code Annotated, 1953, as amended. The Act establishes the Money Management Council which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF. The Act details the investments that are authorized which are high-grade securities and, therefore, there is very little credit risk except in the most unusual and unforeseen circumstances. Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah and participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments.

The PTIF allocates income and issues statements on a monthly basis. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The participants' balance is their investment deposited in the PTIF plus their share of income, gains and losses, net of administration fees, which are allocated to each participant on the ratio of each participant's share to the total funds in the PTIF.

NOTE C – EXTERNAL INVESTMENT POOL – CONTINUED

Twice a year, at June 30 and December 31, the investments are valued at fair value to enable participants to adjust their investments in this pool at fair value. The Bank of New York and the State of Utah separately determine each security's fair value in accordance with GASB 31 (i.e. for almost all pool investments the quoted market price as of June 30, 2018) and then compare those values to come up with an agreed upon fair value of the securities.

As of June 30, 2018, the City had \$42,991,581 invested in the PTIF which had a fair value of \$43,154,431 for an unrealized gain of \$162,850. Due to the insignificance of this amount in relation to the funds affected by the unrealized gain, the fair value of investments in this external investment pool is deemed to be the amortized cost of the investment. The table below shows statistical information about the investment pool:

| | Investment |
|---------------------------|------------|
| Investment Type | Percentage |
| Corporate bonds and notes | 87.57% |
| Certificates of deposit | 0.64% |
| Money market accounts | 0.66% |
| Commercial paper and | |
| other | 11.13% |
| | 100.00% |

NOTE D – RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The balance of the City's restricted cash and cash equivalents accounts are as follows:

| | Primary Government | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|------------|------------|-----------|----|------------|--|--|
| | Governmental | | 71 | | | | | |
| | <i>P</i> | Activities | Activities | | | Total | | |
| Reserves for future debt service | \$ | 199,189 | \$ | 2,656 | \$ | 201,845 | | |
| Unexpended bond proceeds | | 928,291 | | 7,846,222 | | 8,774,513 | | |
| Unexpended B & C Road funds | | 95,387 | | - | | 95,387 | | |
| Unexpended CDBG funds | 69,038 | | - | | | 69,038 | | |
| Funds restricted for landfill | | | | | | | | |
| post-closure costs | | 294,930 | | - | | 294,930 | | |
| Fund restricted for library | | 163,077 | | - | | 163,077 | | |
| Unexpended impact fees | 849,283 | | 58,340 | | | 907,623 | | |
| | \$ | 2,599,195 | \$ | 7,907,218 | \$ | 10,506,413 | | |

NOTE E – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are presented on the governmental fund balance sheet in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement No. 54. The detail of the fund balance categories is presented below:

| | Major Governmental Funds | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Special | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | Redevelopment | Capital | | | | | |
| | General | Agency | Projects | Total | | | | |
| Restricted: | | | | | | | | |
| Externally imposed by creditors | | | | | | | | |
| Unexpended bond proceeds | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 928,291 | \$ 928,291 | | | | |
| Debt reserves | - | - | 199,189 | 199,189 | | | | |
| Externally imposed by grantors | 163,077 | | 69,038 | 232,115 | | | | |
| Imposed by law or legislation | | | | | | | | |
| C road funds | 95,387 | - | - | 95,387 | | | | |
| Less liabilities payable | | | | | | | | |
| from C road funds | (95,387) | - | - | (95,387) | | | | |
| Landfill post-closure costs | 294,930 | - | - | 294,930 | | | | |
| Impact fees | - | - | 849,283 | 849,283 | | | | |
| Less liabilities payable | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| from impact fees | | | | | | | | |
| or bond proceeds | | | (1,027,949) | (1,027,949) | | | | |
| Total restricted | 458,007 | - | 1,017,852 | 1,475,859 | | | | |
| Committed: | | | | | | | | |
| Library Fund | 552,705 | | | 552,705 | | | | |
| Total committed | 552,705 | - | - | 552,705 | | | | |
| Assigned: | | | | | | | | |
| Hutchings Museum | 22,295 | - | - | 22,295 | | | | |
| Redevelopment | - | 1,350,316 | - | 1,350,316 | | | | |
| Capital Projects | | | 3,746,986 | 3,746,986 | | | | |
| Total assigned | 22,295 | 1,350,316 | 3,746,986 | 5,119,597 | | | | |
| Unassigned: | 10,887,280 | | - | 10,887,280 | | | | |
| Total fund balance | \$ 11,920,287 | \$ 1,350,316 | \$ 4,764,838 | \$ 18,035,441 | | | | |

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

| | July 1, 2017 | | Increases | | Decreases | | June 30, 2018 | |
|--|--------------|-------------|-----------|------------|-----------|------------|---------------|-------------|
| Governmental Activities: | | | | _ | | | | _ |
| Nondepreciable capital assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 127,719,888 | \$ | 10,059,708 | \$ | - | \$ | 137,779,596 |
| Construction in progress | | 6,008,312 | | 3,618,611 | | 5,211,489 | | 4,415,434 |
| Total nondepreciable capital assets | \$ | 133,728,200 | \$ | 13,678,319 | \$ | 5,211,489 | \$ | 142,195,030 |
| Depreciable capital assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ | 24,933,265 | \$ | 6,799,333 | \$ | - | \$ | 31,732,598 |
| Improvements, including | | | | | | | | |
| infrastructure | | 226,430,548 | | 15,361,996 | | _ | | 241,792,544 |
| Machinery, equipment and | | | | | | | | |
| vehicles | | 20,697,595 | | 1,575,418 | | 344,130 | | 21,928,883 |
| Office furniture and equipment | | 1,659,251 | | - | | - | | 1,659,251 |
| Total depreciable capital | | | | | | | | |
| assets at historical cost | | 273,720,659 | | 23,736,747 | | 344,130 | | 297,113,276 |
| Less accumulated depreciation: | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 10,791,312 | | 1,116,583 | | _ | | 11,907,895 |
| Improvements, including | | , , | | , , | | | | , , |
| infrastructure | | 93,852,064 | | 11,336,971 | | _ | | 105,189,035 |
| Machinery, equipment and | | , , | | , , | | | | , , |
| vehicles | | 13,260,089 | | 1,427,666 | | 336,885 | | 14,350,870 |
| Office furniture and equipment | | 1,545,516 | | 33,558 | | - | | 1,579,074 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | | 119,448,981 | | 13,914,778 | | 336,885 | | 133,026,874 |
| Depreciable capital assets, net of | | - , - , | | -)- , | | | | |
| accumulated depreciation | \$ | 154,271,678 | \$ | 9,821,969 | \$ | 7,245 | \$ | 164,086,402 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation was charged to functions as | follo | ws: | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | | | | \$ | 1,682,204 | | |
| Public safety | | | | | | 1,096,140 | | |
| Community development | | | | | | 85,187 | | |
| Streets and highways, | | | | | | | | |
| including infrastructure | | | | | | 9,522,287 | | |
| Parks, recreation and culture | | | | | | 1,491,239 | | |
| Cemetery | | | | | | 37,721 | | |
| | | | | | \$ | 13,914,778 | | |

NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS – CONTINUED

| | | July 1, 2017 | 2017 Increases | | Decreases | | Jı | ine 30, 2018 |
|--|-------|---------------------------------------|----------------|------------|-----------|-----------|----|--------------|
| Business-type Activities | | | | | | | | |
| Nondepreciable capital assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 3,146,725 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 3,146,725 |
| Construction in progress | | 9,629,758 | | 23,290,357 | | 371,551 | | 32,548,564 |
| Intangibles | | 46,892,858 | | 2,625,970 | | | | 49,518,828 |
| Total nondepreciable capital assets | \$ | 59,669,341 | \$ | 25,916,327 | \$ | 371,551 | \$ | 85,214,117 |
| Depreciable capital assets: | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ | 3,152,841 | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | 3,152,841 |
| Improvements, including | · | -, - ,- | , | | • | | , | - , - ,- |
| infrastructure | | 284,477,249 | | 23,860,877 | | _ | | 308,338,126 |
| Machinery, equipment and | | - , , . | | - , , | | | | , , |
| vehicles | | 6,269,492 | | 502,525 | | 117,229 | | 6,654,788 |
| Office furniture and equipment | | 207,160 | | - | | - | | 207,160 |
| Total depreciable capital | | · | | | | | | |
| assets at historical cost | | 294,106,742 | | 24,363,402 | | 117,229 | | 318,352,915 |
| Less accumulated depreciation: | | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | | 1,372,933 | | 107,452 | | _ | | 1,480,385 |
| Improvements, including | | 1,5 / 2,555 | | 107,102 | | | | 1,100,505 |
| infrastructure | | 75,283,023 | | 8,376,144 | | _ | | 83,659,167 |
| Machinery, equipment and | | , 0,200,020 | | 0,5 7 0,1 | | | | 00,000,107 |
| vehicles | | 4,218,571 | | 355,076 | | 117,229 | | 4,456,418 |
| Office furniture and equipment | | 184,171 | | 2,774 | | _ | | 186,945 |
| Total accumulated depreciation | | 81,058,698 | | 8,841,446 | | 117,229 | | 89,782,915 |
| Depreciable capital assets, net of | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | | | | • | |
| accumulated depreciation | \$ | 213,048,044 | \$ | 15,521,956 | \$ | | \$ | 228,570,000 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Depreciation was charged to functions as | follo | ows: | | | | | | |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Culinary water | | | | | \$ | 1,557,239 | | |
| Sewer | | | | | | 1,709,861 | | |
| Electric | | | | | | 2,545,045 | | |
| Pressurized irrigation | | | | | | 1,594,781 | | |
| Drainage | | | | | _ | 1,434,520 | | |
| | | | | | \$ | 8,841,446 | | |

NOTE G – CUSTOMER DEPOSITS

Business-type activity deposits consist of 1) enterprise fund customer deposits the City requires from renters or businesses before they receive utility connections and 2) deposits from developers for the use of a water meter on a hydrant while a project is in process. The utility deposits are returnable when the residence is vacated by the renter, or the business has established a history of meeting its obligations to the City promptly. The developers are refunded their deposits upon completion of the project.

NOTE H - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following as of June 30, 2018:

Governmental activities

| \$ 5,768,588 |
|-----------------|
| |
| |
| 4,520,000 |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| 7,955,000 |
| |
| |
| |
| 53,978,465 |
| |
| |
| |
| 18,834,375 |
| \$ |

NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

| (| Gover | nme ntal | act | ivitie s | - | co | ntı | nue | d | |
|---|-------|----------|-----|----------|---|----|-----|-----|---|--|
| | - | | | | 1 | | | 1 | 4 | |

Tax increment note payable to developer

Noninterest bearing note payable to developer, payable in annual installments equal to 95% of the tax increment received by the RDA from the Thanksgiving Park Economic

Development Project area 1,393,276

Tax increment note payable to developer

Noninterest bearing note payable to developer, payable in annual installments equal to 100% of the property tax increment received by the RDA from the Traverse Mountain Community Development Project area, as well as varying levels of the sales tax collected from business within the project area, over the ten year tax increment period

10,451,021

Tax increment note payable to developer

Noninterest bearing note payable to developer, payable in annual installments equal to 93.33% of the tax increment received by the RDA from the Alpine Highway West Economic Development Project area

14,389,141

Note payable to developer

Noninterest bearing note payable to developer, payable in annual installments equal to 25% of the sales and use taxes that are generated from sales on the site of the development

838,824

Note payable for purchase of land

Noninterest bearing note payable to a partnership, payable in annual installments of \$300,000

300,000

| NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED | |
|--|----------------------------|
| Compensated absences | 2,325,436 |
| Net pension liability | 4,749,654 |
| Landfill closure and postclosure care liability | 250,917 |
| Total Governmental activities long-term debt | \$ 125,754,697 |
| Business-type activities 2018 Electric refunding and revenue bonds \$15,640,000 electric refunding bonds due serially through 2038 with interest rates ranging from 4% to 5%, premium paid on issue of \$2,469,467 2014 Electric refunding and revenue bonds \$4,560,000 electric refunding bonds due serially through 2020 with interest rates ranging from .8% to 2.2% 2010 Storm Drain revenue and refunding bonds | \$ 18,109,467 1,560,000 |
| \$2,500,000 in drainage revenue and refunding bonds due serially through 2025 with interest rates at 3.51% | 1,295,000 |
| Note payable to Provo Reservoir Water Users Company payable in annual installments through 2035. Payments include interest at 4% and range from \$34,813 to \$33,439 | 405,516 |
| Note payable to Provo River Water Users Association payable in annual installments through 2035. Approximately 81 percent of the total obligation bears interest at 4%. The balance of the obligation will mirror a line of credit issued by a bank to the Provo River Water Users Association. The line of credit will have a variable interest rate which is estimated to average 4.5% | 886,120 |
| Compensated absences | 760,441 |
| Net pension liability | 1,317,441 |
| Total Business-type activities long-term debt | \$ 24,333,985 |

NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

The following is a summary of the changes in governmental-type activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2018:

| | Balance July 1, 2017 | Additions | Deletions | Balance June 30, 2018 | Current Amounts Due |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| | July 1, 2017 | Additions | Deletions | Julie 30, 2018 | Amounts Due |
| Governmental activities | | | | | |
| Bonds and notes payable | | | | | |
| 2018 Sales tax revenue bonds | \$ - | \$ 5,000,000 | \$ - | \$ 5,000,000 | \$ 145,000 |
| Unamortized premium | - | 768,588 | - | 768,588 | - |
| 2014 Sales tax revenue and | | | | | |
| refunding bonds | 5,220,000 | _ | 700,000 | 4,520,000 | 710,000 |
| 2004 Subordinated sales | | | | | |
| tax revenue bonds | 7,955,000 | _ | - | 7,955,000 | _ |
| Tax increment notes payable | | | | | |
| to developers | 103,077,627 | - | 4,031,349 | 99,046,278 | _ |
| Other notes payable | 4,091,442 | - | 2,952,618 | 1,138,824 | 300,000 |
| Total bonds and notes | | | | | |
| payable | 120,344,069 | 5,768,588 | 7,683,967 | 118,428,690 | 1,155,000 |
| Other liabilities: | | | | | |
| Compensated absences | 2,204,751 | 1,046,446 | 925,761 | 2,325,436 | 884,303 |
| Net pension liability | 5,845,925 | (1,096,271) | - | 4,749,654 | - |
| Landfill closure and post- | | | | | |
| closure care liability | 250,917 | - | - | 250,917 | - |
| • | 8,301,593 | (49,825) | 925,761 | 7,326,007 | 884,303 |
| Governmental activities | | | | | |
| long-term debt | \$ 128,645,662 | \$ 5,718,763 | \$ 8,609,728 | \$ 125,754,697 | \$ 2,039,303 |

For the governmental activities, sales tax revenue bonds, the net pension liability and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund. Capital project funds provide debt service for the subordinated sales tax revenue bonds and the other notes payable. The debt service for the tax increments notes payable to developer is provided by the RDA.

NOTE H - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

As of June 30, 2018 annual debt service requirements of governmental activities to maturity are as follows:

C-1-- T---

| | Sales Tax | | | | |
|----------------------|---------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| | Revenue | e Bonds | | | |
| Year ending June 30, | Principal | Interest | | | |
| 2019 | \$ 855,000 | \$ 347,272 | | | |
| 2020 | 880,000 | 323,692 | | | |
| 2021 | 905,000 | 299,268 | | | |
| 2022 | 935,000 | 274,132 | | | |
| 2023 | 960,000 | 248,038 | | | |
| 2024-2028 | 1,835,000 | 933,598 | | | |
| 2029-2033 | 1,360,000 | 628,262 | | | |
| 2034-2038 | 1,790,000 | 288,811 | | | |
| | 9,520,000 | 3,343,073 | | | |
| Unamortized | | | | | |
| Premium | 768,588 | (768,588) | | | |
| | \$ 10,288,588 | \$ 2,574,485 | | | |
| | | | | | |

The amortization of compensated absences, net pension liability, subordinated sales tax revenues bonds, and the tax increment notes payable to developer have not been included in the above schedules due to the uncertainty of the timing of the payments. However, annual payments in the amount of 70% of tax increment collections for the Alpine Highway Economic Development Area are required on the tax increment note payable to developer through the year 2028. The City is required, per the contract with the developer, to make annual payments, as specified above, until 2028. In no case would the City be required to pay more on the note than 70% of the tax increment collections from this area through 2028. If these collections are insufficient to fully repay the tax increment note payable, the remaining balance will not be paid to the developer.

Annual payments, in the amount of 87.5% of sales tax collections from the Cabela's store (an outdoor and sporting goods retailer located within the City) are required on the subordinated sales tax bonds. To date, collections have been sufficient to pay interest and some principal related to the subordinated sales tax bonds. Per the subordinated sales tax bond covenants, if the bonds have not been paid in full by their September 2024 maturity date, the remaining outstanding balance shall be forgiven by the owners of the bonds.

The amortization of the other notes payable consist of the following:

- \$300,000 note payable for the purchase of land will be repaid in one final installment in 2019 under the terms of a contract for the purchase of land.
- The amortization of the remaining note payable of \$838,824 is unknown due to the uncertainty of the timing of the payments.

NOTE H - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

The following is a summary of the changes in business-type activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2018:

| | Balanc | e | | | | Balance | (| Current | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|-------|--------------|--------------|--|---------------|----|-------------|--|
| | July 1, 2017 | | Additions | Deletions | | June 30, 2018 | | Amounts Due | |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | |
| Bonds and notes payable | | | | | | | | | |
| 2018 Electric revenue bonds | \$ | - | \$15,640,000 | \$ - | \$ | 15,640,000 | \$ | 475,000 | |
| Unamortized premium | | - | 2,469,467 | - | | 2,469,467 | | - | |
| 2014 Electric refunding bonds | 2,320 | ,000 | - | 760,000 |) | 1,560,000 | | 775,000 | |
| 2010 Drainage refunding bonds | 1,455 | 5,000 | - | 160,000 |) | 1,295,000 | | 165,000 | |
| Note payable to Provo Reservo | ir | | | | | | | | |
| Water Users Company | 419 | ,011 | - | 13,495 | | 405,516 | | 13,995 | |
| Note payable to Provo River | | | | | | | | | |
| Water Users Association | 1,06 | ,277 | | 175,157 | <u>' </u> | 886,120 | | 55,035 | |
| Total bonds and notes | | | | | | | | | |
| payable | 5,255 | ,288 | 18,109,467 | 1,108,652 | <u>. </u> | 22,256,103 | | 1,484,030 | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Compensated absences | 688 | 3,173 | 342,198 | 269,930 |) | 760,441 | | 323,789 | |
| Net pension liability | 2,528 | 3,126 | (1,210,685) | _ | _ | 1,317,441 | | | |
| | 3,210 | 5,299 | (868,487) | 269,930 | | 2,077,882 | | 323,789 | |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | |
| long-term debt | \$ 8,47 | ,587 | \$17,240,980 | \$ 1,378,582 | \$ | 24,333,985 | \$ | 1,807,819 | |

As of June 30, 2018, annual debt service requirements of business-type activities to maturity are as follows:

| | Electric Revenue | | Drainage | | | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|----------|-------------|---------------|-----------|----|---------|
| | and Refunding Bonds | | | Revenue bonds | | | |
| Year ending June 30, | Principal | Interest | | Principal | |] | nterest |
| 2019 | \$ 1,250,000 | \$ | 809,245 | \$ | 165,000 | \$ | 45,454 |
| 2020 | 1,280,000 | | 775,520 | | 170,000 | | 39,663 |
| 2021 | 520,000 | | 733,500 | | 180,000 | | 33,696 |
| 2022 | 545,000 | | 707,500 | | 185,000 | | 27,378 |
| 2023 | 575,000 | | 680,250 | | 190,000 | | 20,885 |
| 2024-2028 | 3,340,000 | | 2,939,750 | | 405,000 | | 21,411 |
| 2029-2033 | 4,255,000 | | 2,017,500 | | | | |
| 2034-2038 | 5,435,000 | | 841,750 | | | | |
| | 17,200,000 | | 9,505,015 | \$ | 1,295,000 | \$ | 188,487 |
| Unamortized | | | | | | | |
| Premium | 2,469,467 | | (2,469,467) | | | | |
| | \$ 19,669,467 | \$ | 7,035,548 | | | | |

NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED

| Note Payable to Provo | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|---------|-----------|-----------------------|------------|---------|----------|---------|
| | River Water | | | Note Payable to Provo | | | | |
| | Users Association | | | Re | servoir Wa | ter U | sers Co. | |
| Year ending June 30, | Principal Interest | | Principal | | Interest | | | |
| 2019 | \$ | 55,035 | \$ | 34,399 | \$ | 13,995 | \$ | 14,191 |
| 2020 | | 26,367 | | 33,384 | | 14,490 | | 13,666 |
| 2021 | | 37,041 | | 32,330 | | 15,023 | | 13,122 |
| 2022 | | 38,529 | | 30,848 | | 20,302 | | 12,385 |
| 2023 | | 40,054 | | 29,307 | | 21,034 | | 11,623 |
| 2024-2028 | | 225,595 | | 121,184 | | 117,228 | | 45,672 |
| 2029-2033 | | 274,535 | | 72,301 | | 140,054 | | 22,002 |
| 2034-2036 | | 188,964 | | 15,600 | | 63,390 | | 1,169 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | \$ | 886,120 | \$ | 369,353 | \$ | 405,516 | \$ | 133,830 |

The amortization of compensated absences and the net pension liability has not been included in the above schedules due to the uncertainty of the timing of the payments.

NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED

All outstanding revenue bonds in the City's enterprise funds are secured by a first lien on net revenues earned by the City. Net revenues are defined in the revenue bond agreements. The City is required to establish rates (including connection fees) sufficient to pay the operation and maintenance expenses and to provide net revenues in an amount not less than 125% of the aggregate annual debt service requirement for the upcoming fiscal year. The following summarizes the debt service coverage calculations for the various revenue bonds:

| | Electric | Drainage | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|--------------|--|--|
| | Revenues | Revenue | | |
| | Bonds | Bonds | | |
| Net revenues | | | | |
| Operating revenues | \$ 33,692,286 | \$ 1,162,357 | | |
| Operating expenses (excluding | | | | |
| depreciation) | (27,683,496) | (734,418) | | |
| Impact fee revenues | 4,671,076 | 503,353 | | |
| Interest income | 290,428 | 45,861 | | |
| Net revenues | \$ 10,970,294 | \$ 977,153 | | |
| Aggregate debt service for 2019 | \$ 2,059,245 | \$ 210,454 | | |
| Ratio of net revenues to | | | | |
| aggregate debt service | 5.33 | 4.64 | | |
| Minimum ratio | 1.25 | 1.25 | | |

Prior Years Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, certain outstanding bonds were defeased by placing proceeds of bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts and the defeased bonds are not included in the financial statements.

At June 30, 2018 the following bonds are considered defeased:

| | Bond Series | Defeased Balance | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Governmental Activities: | 2000 Lease Revenue Bonds | \$2,850,000 | | |

NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED

Pledged Revenues

The City has pledged sales tax revenues in the amount of \$12,863,073 to fund debt service payments on the sales tax revenue bonds. The 2014 bonds were used to finance infrastructure improvements within the City and the 2018 bonds were used primarily to finance the construction of a new fire station within the City. Sales tax revenue has been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2038. Total sales tax collections through 2038 have not been estimated. Sales tax revenue in the current year was \$12,062,139 and debt service for the sales tax bonds was \$1,357,722.

The City has pledged tax increment revenues to fund debt service payments on the tax increment note payable to developer in the Alpine Highway Project Area. The principal portion of the note is \$53,978,465. The interest associated with the note is uncertain because of the timing of payments on the note are contingent upon tax increment revenues collected in the area. The proceeds from the note were used to fund redevelopment expenditures. Tax increment has been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2028. Total tax increment collections through 2028 are not estimable. Tax increment revenue available for debt service in the current year was \$10,246,740. As explained previously, if tax increment revenues over the life of the note are insufficient to pay the note, the City will not be required to pay the remaining balance.

The City has pledged tax increment revenues to fund debt service payments on a tax increment note payable to developer of the Thanksgiving Park Project Area in the amount of \$1,393,276. The note is noninterest bearing. Timing of the payments on the note is contingent upon tax increment revenues collected in the area. The note was issued to reimburse the developer for costs incurred in the project area. Tax increment revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2024. Tax increment revenue available for debt service in the current year was \$254,858. If tax increment revenues over the life of the note are insufficient to pay the note, the City will not be required to pay the remaining balance.

The City has pledged property and sales tax increment revenues to fund debt service payments on a tax increment note payable to developer of the Traverse Mountain Project Area in the amount of \$10,451,021. The note is noninterest bearing. Timing of the payments on the note is contingent upon tax increment revenues collected in the area. The note was issued to reimburse the developer for costs incurred in the project area. Tax increment revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2024. Tax increment revenue available for debt service in the current year was \$512,728. If tax increment revenues over the life of the note are insufficient to pay the note, the City will not be required to pay the remaining balance.

The City has pledged property tax increment revenues to fund debt service payments on a tax increment note payable to developer of the Alpine Highway West Project Area in the amount of \$14,389,141. The note is noninterest bearing. Timing of the payments on the note is contingent upon tax increment revenues collected in the area. The note was issued to reimburse the developer for costs incurred in the project area. Tax increment revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2034. Tax increment revenue available for debt service in the current year was \$500,918. If tax increment revenues over the life of the note are insufficient to pay the note, the City will not be required to pay the remaining balance.

NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED

The City has pledged property tax increment revenues to fund debt service payments on a tax increment note payable to developer of the West Timpanogos Community Development Project Area in the amount of \$18,834,375. The note is noninterest bearing. Timing of the payments on the note is contingent upon tax increment revenues collected in the area. The note was issued to reimburse the developer for costs incurred in the project area. Tax increment revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2035. Tax increment revenue available for debt service in the current year was \$329,431. If tax increment revenues over the life of the note are insufficient to pay the note, the City will not be required to pay the remaining balance.

The City has pledged electric revenues in the amount of \$26,705,015 to fund debt service payments on the electric revenues bonds. The bonds were issued to fund electric system improvements within the City. Electric revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2038. Electric revenues are projected to produce 500 percent of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. In the current year, net electric revenues were \$10,970,294 and electric revenue bond debt service payments were \$1,047,365.

The City has pledged drainage revenues in the amount of \$1,483,487 to fund debt service payments on the drainage revenue bonds. The bonds were issued to refund the Series 2000 drainage revenue bonds and to fund drainage system improvements within the City. Drainage revenues have been pledged to fund debt service payments through the year 2025. Drainage revenues are expected to produce approximately 400 percent of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. In the current year, net drainage revenues were \$977,153 and drainage revenue bond debt service payments were \$211,070.

NOTE I - RETIREMENT PLANS

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description: Eligible plan participants are provided with pensions through the Utah Retirement Systems. The Utah Retirement Systems are comprised of the following pension trust funds:

- Public Employees Noncontributory Retirement System (Noncontributory System);
- Firefighters Retirement System (Firefighters System); are multiple employer, cost sharing, public employees, retirement systems.
- Public Safety Retirement System (Public Safety System) is a mixed agent and costsharing, multiple-employer retirement system;
- Tier 2 Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Employees System) is a multiple employer cost sharing public employee retirement system;
- Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighters System) is a multiple employer, cost sharing, public employees, retirement system.

The Tier 2 Public Employees System became effective July 1, 2011. All eligible employees beginning on or after July 1, 2011, who have no previous service credit with any of the Utah Retirement Systems, are members of the Tier 2 Retirement System.

NOTE I - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

The Utah Retirement Systems (URS) are established and governed by the respective sections of Title 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953, as amended. The URS' defined benefit plans are amended statutorily by the State Legislature. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Title 49 provides for the administration of the URS under the direction of the Board, whose members are appointed by the Governor. The URS are fiduciary funds defined as pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds. URS is a component unit of the State of Utah. Title 49 of the Utah Code grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms. URS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained by writing Utah Retirement Systems, 560 E. 200 S, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or visiting the website: www.urs.org.

Benefits provided: URS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are as follows:

Summary of Benefits by System

| System | Final Average Salary | Years of service required and/or age eligible for benefit | Benefit percent per year of service | COLA** |
|--|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| Noncontributory system | Highest 3 years | 30 years any age 25 years any age* 20 years age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65 | 2.0% per year all years | Up to 4% |
| Public Safety System | Highest 3 years | 20 years any age 10 years age 60 4 years age 65 | 2.5% per year up to 20 years; 2.0% per year over 20 years | Up to 2.5% to 4% depending on the employer |
| Firefighters System | Highest 3 years | 20 years any age 10 years age 60 4 years age 65 | 2.5% per year up to 20 years; 2.0% per year over 20 years | Up to 4% |
| Tier 2 Public Employees System | Highest 5 years | 35 years any age 20 years any age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65 | 1.5% per year all years | Up to 2.5% |
| Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System | Highest 5 years | 25 years any age 20 years any age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65 | 1.5% per year all years | Up to 2.5% |

^{*} with actuarial reductions

^{**} All post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments are non-compounding and are based on the original benefit except for Judges, which is a compounding benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments are also limited to the actual Consumer Price Index (CPI), increase for the year, although unused CPI increases not met may be carried forward to subsequent years.

NOTE I - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Contributions: As a condition of participation in the URS, employers and/or employees are required to contribute certain percentages of salary and wages as authorized by statute and specified by the URS Board. Contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions (where applicable) is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Contribution rates as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

| | | Employer | Employer |
|--|----------|--------------|-------------|
| | Employee | Contribution | Rate for |
| | Paid | Rates | 401(k) Plan |
| Contributory System | | | |
| 111 - Local Governmental Division Tier 2 | N/A | 15.11% | 1.58% |
| Noncontributory System | | | |
| 15 - Local Governmental Division Tier 1 | N/A | 18.47% | N/A |
| Public Safety Retirement System | | | |
| Contributory | | | |
| 23 - Other Division A with 2.5% COLA | 12.29% | 22.75% | N/A |
| 122 - Other Division A Contributory Tier 2 | N/A | 22.57% | 1.26% |
| Noncontributory | | | |
| 43 - Other Division A with 2.5% COLA | N/A | 34.04% | N/A |
| Firefighters System | | | |
| 31 - Other Division A | 15.05% | 3.93% | N/A |
| 132 - Tier 2 DB Hybrid Firefighters | N/A | 10.82% | 1.26% |
| Tier 2 DC Only | | | |
| 211 - Local Government | N/A | 6.69% | 10.00% |
| 222 - Public Safety | N/A | 11.83% | 12.00% |
| 232 - Firefighters | N/A | 0.08% | 12.00% |

Tier 2 rates include a statutory required contribution to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Tier 1 plans.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the employer and employee contributions to the Systems were as follows:

| | ŀ | Employer | | nployee |
|---|----|---------------|----|------------|
| System | Co | Contributions | | tributions |
| Noncontributory | \$ | \$ 1,424,802 | | N/A |
| Public Safety | | 611,262 | | - |
| Firefighters | | 64,687 | | - |
| Tier 2 Public Employees | | 426,116 | | - |
| Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter | | 340,795 | | - |
| Tier 2 DC Only | | 39,190 | | N/A |
| Tier 2 DC Public Safety and Firefighter | | 63 | | N/A |
| Total Contributions | \$ | 2,906,915 | \$ | |
| | | | | |

Contributions reported are the URS Board approved required contributions by System. Contributions in the Tier 2 Systems are used to finance the unfunded liabilities in the Tier 1 Systems.

NOTE I - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the City reported a net pension asset of \$352,784 and a net pension liability of \$6,067,095.

| | Proportionate Share | Net Pension Asset | Net Pension Liability |
|---|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Noncontributory system | 0.8609147% | \$ _ | \$ 3,944,993 |
| Public Safety System | 1.3909834% | - | 2,100,423 |
| Firefighters System | 5.6106342% | 337,393 | - |
| Tier 2 Public Employees System | 0.2082968% | - | 21,679 |
| Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System | 1.5220950% | 15,391 | |
| Total Net Pension Asset/Liability | | \$ 352,784 | \$ 6,067,095 |

The net pension asset and liability was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset and liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The proportion of the net pension asset and liability is equal to the ratio of the employer's actual contributions to the Systems during the plan year over the total of all employer contributions to the System during the plan year.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,812,883.

NOTE I - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

At June 30, 2018, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred | | Deferred | |
|---|----------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| | (| Outflows | Inflows | |
| | of | Resources | of Resources | |
| | | | | |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 96,839 | \$ | 729,117 |
| Changes in assumptions | | 2,713,850 | | 233,289 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings | | | | |
| on pension plan investments | | 1,458,735 | | 3,834,396 |
| Changes in proportion and differences between contributions | | | | |
| and proportionate share of contributions | | 298,015 | | 69,013 |
| Contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 1,426,983 | | _ |
| | | | | |
| Total | \$ | 5,994,422 | \$ | 4,865,815 |

\$1,426,982 reported as deferred outflows of resources was related to contributions made by the City prior to its fiscal year end, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2017. These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| | I | Deferred | |
|---------------------|----|-----------|--|
| | (| Outflows | |
| | (| Inflows) | |
| | of | Resources | |
| Year Ended June 30, | | | |
| 2019 | \$ | 414,063 | |
| 2020 | | 519,855 | |
| 2021 | | (558,055) | |
| 2022 | | (806,003) | |
| 2023 | | 58,750 | |
| Thereafter | | 73,014 | |

NOTE I - RETIREMENT PLANS – CONTINUED

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases 3.25 - 9.75 percent, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.95 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were developed from actual experience and mortality tables, based on gender, occupation and age, as appropriate, with adjustments for future improvement in mortality based on Scale AA, a model developed by the Society of Actuaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five year ending December 31, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class and is applied consistently to each defined benefit pension plan. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| | Expected Return Arithmetic Basis | | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|-----------|--|
| | | | Long-term | |
| | | | Expected | |
| | | Real | Portfolio | |
| | Target | Return | Real | |
| | Asset | Arithmetic | Rate of | |
| Asset class | Allocation | Basis | Return | |
| Equity securities | 40% | 6.15% | 2.46% | |
| Debt securities | 20% | 0.40% | 0.08% | |
| Real assets | 13% | 5.75% | 0.86% | |
| Private equity | 9% | 9.95% | 0.89% | |
| Absolute return | 18% | 2.85% | 0.46% | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | | - | | |
| Totals | 100% | | 4.75% | |
| Inflation | | | 2.50% | |
| Expected arithmetic nominal re | eturn | | 7.25% | |

NOTE I - RETIREMENT PLANS - CONTINUED

The 6.95% assumed investment rate of return is comprised of an inflation rate of 2.50%, a real return of 4.45% that is net of investment expense.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from all participating employers will be made at contractually required rates that are actuarially determined and certified by the URS Board. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate does not use the Municipal Bond Index Rate. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date. The discount rate was reduced to 6.95% from 7.20% in the prior measurement period.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension asset and liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.95%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.95%) than the current rate:

| | 1% | Discount | 1% |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|
| | Decrease | Rate | Increase |
| | (5.95%) | (6.95%) | (7.95%) |
| System | | | |
| Noncontributory | \$ 10,669,114 | \$ 3,944,993 | \$ (1,645,779) |
| Public Safety | 5,292,122 | 2,100,423 | (486,412) |
| Firefighters | 1,439,556 | (337,393) | (1,773,196) |
| Tier 2 Public Employees | 255,262 | 21,679 | (158,447) |
| Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter | 136,297 | (15,391) | (131,281) |
| Total | \$ 17,792,351 | \$ 5,714,311 | \$ (4,195,115) |
| | | | |

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued URS financial report.

NOTE J – DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The City sponsors a defined contribution deferred compensation plan administered by either URS or ICMA Retirement Corporation under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) for City employees covered by the State's contributory and noncontributory retirement plans. The plan, available to all permanent full-time City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The 401(k) deferred compensation monies are not available to the City or its general creditors. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested in the employee's account from the date of employment. The City's total payroll in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, was approximately \$19,000,000. The City participates at rates between 0% and 2.68% depending on the employees' contributions. The rate of City participation can be changed by the City Council. During the year ended June 30, 2018, contributions totaling \$201,864 were made to the plan by employees and \$423,977 by the City.

The City sponsors another deferred compensation plan through ICMA Retirement Corporation in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. This plan is available to all City employees and permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

NOTE K – COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

The City has entered into a contract expiring in 2027 with the Intermountain Power Agency (IPA) for the purchase of power. Under the terms of the agreement, the City is liable for an agreed-upon purchase amount of approximately .43% of production regardless of whether it is used. The City has also entered into an excess power sales agreement whereby all power purchased from IPA in excess of the City's need, will be sold to a group of California cities, thus relieving the City's excess power purchase liability.

The City is a member of Utah Associated Municipal Power System (UAMPS), a political subdivision of the State of Utah created to secure electric power for the members of UAMPS. As a member, the City has entered into power supply agreements with respect to various projects in which UAMPS participates. The total cost of the power the City will be required to purchase in future years is not determinable, however, at a minimum, in connection with these power supply agreements, the City will be required to fund debt service on the UAMPS bonds which, at June 30, 2018, had an outstanding balance of \$165,910,000, of which the City's portion was \$18,906,830. During the year ended June 30, 2018, the City purchased power totaling \$21,829,012.

Effective April 1, 2018, the City entered into a Power Sales Contract with UAMPS. UAMPS is in the process of constructing a nuclear generating facility plant known as the Carbon Free Power Project (the Project). Under the contract, the City will purchase from UAMPS an Entitlement Share of up to 10,000 KW of capacity generated by the Project. UAMPS has prepared a budget for the project reflecting total costs of approximately \$4.2 billion. Each participant will fund its pro rata share of the project with either an initial capital contribution, or by funding its pro rata share of debt service on any bonds that UAMPS will issue to finance the project. At this time, the City is anticipating it will be responsible for 1.6667% of the project, or approximately \$70 million. Construction is expected to begin on the project in July 2023. Until that time there are several milestones at which point the City could exercise the option to withdraw from the agreement. If the City chooses to discontinue participation in the project, the resulting cost to the City would be approximately \$100,000.

There are several pending lawsuits in which the City is involved. The City management estimates the potential claims against the City resulting from such litigation not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial position of the City.

The City has entered into an agreement with Central Utah Water Conservancy District (the District) for the purchase of water. Under the agreement, the City will be required to pay a one-time development fee of \$5,850 per acre foot of water for the City's commitment to purchase 2,500 acre feet of water, or \$14,625,000. Through June 30, 2018, the City had paid \$8,341,997 of the total development fee, leaving a remaining balance of \$6,283,003. This fee must be paid by June 30, 2020.

NOTE L – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City carries commercial insurance for all of these risks of loss except natural disasters. There were no decreases in coverage during 2018. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Expenses and claims not covered by insurance are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining claims, events that might create claims, but for which none have been reported, are considered. Claims information for the past two years is as follows:

| | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|------------|-----------|
| Claims liability, July 1 | \$ 92,657 | \$ 57,708 |
| Claims incurred during the year and changes | | |
| in estimates | 356,740 | 102,494 |
| Payments on claims during the year | | |
| Payments made by insurance | 10,609 | 67,545 |
| Coinsurance and deductible insurance | | |
| payments made by the City | 170,212 | - |
| Claims liability, June 30 | \$ 268,576 | \$ 92,657 |
| Payments on claims during the year Payments made by insurance Coinsurance and deductible insurance payments made by the City | 10,609 | 67,545 |

NOTE M - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The City has transfers from the Redevelopment Agency to the general fund pursuant to the City's participation in various redevelopment projects. The transfer to the Capital Projects fund from the General fund is to fund projects identified by the Council. These projects will be completed in the coming fiscal year.

A summary of interfund transfers by fund is as follows:

| | Transfers in to: | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|
| | General | Total | | | |
| Transfers out from: | | | | | |
| General Fund | \$ - | \$ 2,684,015 | \$ 2,684,015 | | |
| Redevelopment Agency | 1,414,754 | - | 1,414,754 | | |
| | \$ 1,414,754 | \$ 2,684,015 | \$ 4,098,769 | | |

NOTE N – SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The City has issued revenue bonds to finance certain improvements to its culinary water distribution system, pressurized irrigation system, electric power distribution system and drainage system. Because each of these activities is accounted for in separate funds and all of those funds are reported as major funds in the fund financial statements, segment disclosures herein are not required.

NOTE O - REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF LEHI

The Lehi City Redevelopment Agency was created in 1985 to increase and develop the commercial growth in the southeast area of the City, known as the Millpond Project Area. Redevelopment activity did not begin until 1996, when the first tax increment was generated.

In 1994, Micron Technologies, Inc. (IM Flash), a computer chip manufacturer, approached the City for tax incentives to construct a manufacturing facility in Utah. This project, which became a component of the Redevelopment Agency of the City, is known as the Alpine Highway Project Area. Infrastructure improvements on and off site have been made over the life of the project area. In 1998, the tax increment related to this project was triggered and received by the Redevelopment Agency and was used for debt service. In 2008 the Alpine Highway Project Area was extended for an additional twenty years. Consequently, payments will be made to IM Flash through 2028. The majority of the infrastructure improvements associated with this project were contributed to the City's business-type activities therefore the note payable to IM Flash related to this project has not been included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets for the City's governmental activities.

During 2010, the Redevelopment Agency approved another economic development project called the Thanksgiving Park Economic Development Project Area. The project involves the construction of several office buildings within the project area, with the Redevelopment Agency obligated to pay the developer a portion of the tax increment generated by the project. The office buildings must be developed according to a specific schedule and if the schedule is not met, the developer would forfeit some of the tax increment funds.

In August 2010, the Redevelopment Agency passed an ordinance adopting an economic development project area known as the Alpine Highway West Economic Development Project Area. The project will be funded with tax increment financing for a period not to exceed twenty years and up to a maximum of \$17,953,052, with the Agency electing to receive 93.33% of the tax increment from the project area.

During 2012, the Redevelopment Agency approved a community development project area known as the Traverse Mountain Community Development Project Area. The project will be funded with tax increment financing for a period not to exceed twenty years and up to a maximum of \$7,895,934 of property tax increment and \$5,716,119 of sales tax increment. The Agency will receive 100% of the property tax and sales tax increment from the project area.

In August 2014, the Redevelopment Agency passed a resolution adopting an economic development project area known as the West Timpanogos Community Development Project Area. The project will be funded with tax increment financing for a period not to exceed twenty years and up to a maximum of \$19,557,363, with the Agency distributing 97% of the tax increment from the project area to the developer and keeping the remaining 3% for administrative services.

NOTE O - REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF LEHI – CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2018 the following activity occurred in the City's Redevelopment Agency:

| Tax increment collected from other taxing agencies | |
|--|------------------|
| for the project area | |
| Millpond Project Area | \$ 362,448 |
| Alpine Highway Project Area | 10,246,740 |
| Alpine Highway West Project Area | 500,918 |
| West Timpanogos Project Area | 329,431 |
| Traverse Mountain Project Area | 512,728 |
| Thanksgiving Park Project Area | 254,858 |
| | \$ 12,207,123 |
| Outstanding loans to finance RDA projects | \$ 99,046,278 |
| Expenditures: | |
| Tax increments paid to other taxing agencies | \$ 1,852,278 |
| Principal | 4,031,349 |
| Interest | 4,215,886 |
| Redevelopment costs | 488,862 |
| | \$ 10,588,375 |

NOTE P – TAX ABATEMENTS

The City negotiates property and sales tax abatement agreements with local businesses through its RDA and under the state Limited Purpose Local Government Entities Act. Under the Act, localities may grant property and sales tax abatements for the purpose of promoting economic growth.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the City abated the following taxes:

| | | Property | | Sales |
|----------------------------------|----|-----------|-------|---------|
| | | Taxes | Taxes | |
| RDA Project Area tax abatements | _ | | | |
| Millpond Project Area | \$ | 62,232 | \$ | - |
| Alpine Highway Project Area | | 1,310,858 | | - |
| Alpine Highway West Project Area | | 90,003 | | - |
| West Timpanogos Project Area | | 111,582 | | - |
| Traverse Mountain Project Area | | 92,121 | | 375,755 |
| Thanksgiving Park Project Area | | 55,567 | | - |
| | | 1,722,363 | | 375,755 |
| Other relocation incentive | | | | |
| projects | | | | 83,426 |
| | \$ | 1,722,363 | \$ | 459,181 |
| | | , | | |

NOTE Q – LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expenditure in the General fund in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The landfill closure and postclosure care liability is evaluated every three years and as of June 30, 2018, the balance of the liability is as follows based on the cumulative use of 77% of the estimated capacity of the landfill:

| Total estimated closure and postclosure care costs | \$ 325,866 |
|--|---------------|
| Capacity used as of June 30, 2018 | 77% |
| Cumulative closure and postclosure care liability, | _ |
| as revised during 2012 | 250,917 |
| Amounts previously recognized | 250,917 |
| Amount to be recognized as of June 30, 2018 | - |
| Amount reported as a long-term liability in the | |
| governmental activities statement of net position | \$ 250,917 |

The total estimated closure and postclosure care costs are based on estimates of what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2018. The City expects the landfill to close in the year 2031 after reaching its total estimated capacity of 230,000 cubic yards. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The City is required to establish financial assurance in accordance with the State of Utah Department of Environmental Quality, Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste Administrative Rules. The City must submit an annual report in which certain financial information is provided to the State indicating that the City meets the minimum financial requirements outlined in the aforementioned rules.

| REQUIRED | SHPPI | EMENT | ARY INFORMATION | - PENSIONS |
|----------|-------|-------|-------------------------|---------------|
| NEOUINED | SUFFL | | 1N 1 1111'UNIVIA I IUI' | i - r wholuho |

LEHI CITY CORPORATION

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

For the fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

With a Measurement Date of December 31, 2017

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

| Noncontributory System for the Fiscal Yea | ars Ended June | 30, | | |
|--|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
| Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) | 90.0416200% | 86.0914700% | 83.6834000% | 0.8252402% |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$ 3,944,993 | \$ 5,528,126 | \$ 4,735,214 | \$ 3,583,385 |
| Covered employee payroll | \$ 7,400,491 | \$ 7,264,143 | \$ 7,048,506 | \$ 6,956,642 |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll | 53.3% | 76.1% | 67.2% | 51.5% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 91.9% | 87.3% | 87.8% | 90.2% |
| Public Safety System for the Fiscal Years | Ended June 30, | , | | |
| | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
| Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) | 1.3389936% | 1.3909834% | 1.3094092% | 1.2531910% |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$ 2,100,423 | \$ 2,822,689 | \$ 2,345,629 | \$ 1,575,992 |
| Covered employee payroll | \$ 1,857,970 | \$ 2,050,939 | \$ 1,983,624 | \$ 2,112,919 |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll | 113.0% | 137.6% | 118.2% | 74.6% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 90.2% | 86.5% | 87.1% | 90.5% |
| Firefighters Retirement System for the Fi | scal Years End | ed June 30, | | |
| | 2017 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
| Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) | 5.4021529% | 5.6106342% | 5.4181698% | 5.2918057% |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$ (337,393) | \$ (44,231) | \$ (98,134) | \$ (301,971) |
| Covered employee payroll | \$ 1,698,209 | \$ 1,704,194 | \$ 1,573,859 | \$ 1,523,975 |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll | -19.9% | -2.6% | -6.2% | -19.8% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 103.0% | 100.4% ED | 101.0% | 103.5% |

LEHI CITY CORPORATION

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS - CONTINUED

For the fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

With a Measurement Date of December 31, 2017

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

| Tier 2 | Public | Employees | System | for the | Fiscal | Vears | ended | June 30 |
|--------|--------|------------------|--------|---------|----------|--------|-------|----------|
| 1101 2 | I UDIK | Empiorecs | System | IUI UIC | 1 15 Cai | 1 Cars | CHUCU | June Jv. |

| | | 2018 | 2017 0.2829680% | | | 2016 | 2015 0.1454933% | | |
|--|-----|------------|--------------------|-----------|------------|----------|--------------------|---------|--|
| Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) | 24 | .5887100% | | | 0. | 1455133% | | | |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$ | 21,679 | \$ | 23,236 | \$ | (318) | \$ | (4,409) | |
| Covered employee payroll | \$ | 2,404,504 | \$ | 1,708,206 | \$ | 940,334 | \$ | 713,760 | |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll | | 0.9% | | 1.4% | | -0.03% | | -0.60% | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 97.4% | | 95.1% | | 100.2% | | 103.5% | |
| Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighters Retir for the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, | e m | ent System | | | | | | | |
| | | 2018 | | 2017 | 2016 | | 2015 | | |
| Proportion of the net pension liability (asset) | 1 | .3301614% | 1. | .1522095% | 0.1455133% | | 0.1454933% | | |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$ | (15,391) | \$ | (10,003) | \$ | (318) | \$ | (4,409) | |
| Covered employee payroll | \$ | 1,403,195 | \$ | 951,984 | \$ | 940,334 | \$ | 713,760 | |
| Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll | | -1.1% | | -1.1% | | -0.03% | | -0.60% | |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 103.0% | | 103.6% | | 100.2% | | 103.5% | |

^{*}In accordance with paragraph 81.a of GASB 68, the City will need to disclose a 10 year history of its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) in its RSI. The City will continue to present information for available years until a full 10 year trend is compiled.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS June 30, 2018

Last Ten Fiscal Years**

| | | | Contributions in relation to the | | | Contribution as a | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | As of fiscal | Actuarial | contractually | Contribution | Covered | percentage | | |
| | year ended | determined | required | deficiency | employee | • • | | |
| | June 30, | contributions | contribution | (excess) | payroll | employee | | |
| Noncontributory System | 2014 | \$ 1,165,022 | \$ 1,165,022 | \$ - | \$6,864,580 | 16.97% | | |
| | 2015 | 1,282,664 | 1,282,664 | - | 7,052,771 | 18.19% | | |
| | 2016 | 1,268,549 | 1,268,549 | - | 6,981,779 | 18.17% | | |
| | 2017 | 1,309,056 | 1,309,056 | - | 7,475,118 | 17.51% | | |
| | 2018 | 1,424,802 | 1,424,802 | - | 8,093,782 | 17.60% | | |
| Public Safety System | 2014 | 559,089 | 559,089 | - | 2,134,344 | 26.19% | | |
| | 2015 | 625,298 | 625,298 | - | 2,036,078 | 30.71% | | |
| | 2016 | 629,374 | 629,374 | - | 1,983,967 | 31.72% | | |
| | 2017 | 620,098 | 620,098 | - | 2,025,956 | 30.61% | | |
| | 2018 | 611,262 | 611,262 | - | 1,948,987 | 31.36% | | |
| Firefighters System | 2014 | 41,630 | 41,630 | - | 1,559,356 | 2.67% | | |
| | 2015 | 54,021 | 54,021 | - | 1,527,355 | 3.54% | | |
| | 2016 | 58,367 | 58,367 | - | 1,581,637 | 3.69% | | |
| | 2017 | 62,382 | 62,382 | - | 1,795,409 | 3.47% | | |
| | 2018 | 64,687 | 64,687 | - | 1,795,471 | 3.60% | | |
| Tier 2 Public Employees System* | 2014 | 102,833 | 102,833 | - | 735,043 | 13.99% | | |
| | 2015 | 113,924 | 113,924 | - | 762,543 | 14.94% | | |
| | 2016 | 191,737 | 191,737 | - | 1,285,962 | 14.91% | | |
| | 2017 | 302,455 | 302,455 | - | 2,107,941 | 14.35% | | |
| | 2018 | 426,116 | 426,116 | - | 2,918,623 | 14.60% | | |
| Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter | 2014 | 48,582 | 48,582 | - | 275,951 | 17.61% | | |
| System* | 2015 | 73,202 | 73,202 | - | 393,710 | 18.59% | | |
| | 2016 | 139,579 | 139,579 | - | 745,270 | 18.73% | | |
| | 2017 | 205,341 | 205,341 | - | 1,119,520 | 18.34% | | |
| | 2018 | 340,795 | 340,795 | - | 2,021,465 | 16.86% | | |
| Tier 2 Public Employees DC Only | 2014 | 17,563 | 17,563 | - | 303,986 | 5.78% | | |
| System* | 2015 | 33,416 | 33,416 | _ | 506,307 | 6.60% | | |
| • | 2016 | 33,262 | 33,262 | _ | 497,195 | 6.69% | | |
| | 2017 | 34,392 | 34,392 | - | 530,379 | 6.48% | | |
| | 2018 | 39,190 | 39,190 | - | 609,291 | 6.43% | | |
| Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter | 2014 | - | - | - | - | 0.00% | | |
| DC Only System* | 2015 | 55 | 55 | - | 38,946 | 0.14% | | |
| , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | 2016 | 36 | 36 | - | 45,001 | 0.08% | | |
| | 2017 | 39 | 39 | - | 50,870 | 0.08% | | |
| | 2018 | 63 | 63 | - | 82,150 | 0.08% | | |

^{*}Contributions in Tier 2 include an amortization rate to help fund the unfunded liabilities in the Tier 1 systems. Tier 2 systems were created effective July 1, 2011.

^{**}In accordance with paragraph 81.b of GASB 68, the City will need to disclose a 10 year history of its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) in its RSI. The City will continue to present information for available years until a full 10 year trend is compiled.

LEHI CITYCORPORATION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 WITH A MEASUREMENT DATE OF DECEMBER 31, 2017

Changes in assumptions

The following assumption changes were adopted from the most recent actuarial experience study.

- The assumed investment return was decreased from 7.20% to 6.95%.
- The assumed inflation rate was decreased from 2.60% to 2.50% (which also resulted in a corresponding decrease in the cost of living adjustment assumption for the funds with a 4.0% annual COLA max).

INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

| | | | | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------------------|
| | | | AMOUNTS | CTILLI | POSITIVE |
| DEVIENTIES | | ORIGINAL | FINAL | ACTUAL | (NEGATIVE) |
| REVENUES TAXES | | | | | |
| PROPERTY TAXES | | \$ 8,600,000 | \$ 8,600,000 | \$ 9,293,263 | \$ 693,263 |
| GENERAL SALES TAX | | 11,065,000 | 11,065,000 | 11,591,889 | 526,889 |
| 911 TAX | | 325,000 | 325,000 | 11,391,009 | (325,000) |
| FRANCHISE TAX | | 4,450,000 | 4,450,000 | 5,073,080 | 623,080 |
| TRANCHISE IAX | TOTAL | 24,440,000 | 24,440,000 | 25,958,232 | 1,518,232 |
| LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS | IOIAL | 24,440,000 | 24,440,000 | 23,730,232 | 1,310,232 |
| BUSINESS LICENSES | | 115,000 | 115,000 | 101,030 | (13,970) |
| BUILDING PERMITS | | 2,500,000 | 2,500,000 | 3,474,337 | 974,337 |
| DOLEDINGTERMITS | TOTAL | 2,615,000 | 2,615,000 | 3,575,367 | 960,367 |
| INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE | TOTAL | 2,013,000 | 2,013,000 | 3,373,307 | 700,507 |
| CLASS "C" ROAD FUNDS | | 1,600,000 | 1,600,000 | 2,229,760 | 629,760 |
| FIRE DEPARTMENT GRANT | | 80,000 | 80,000 | 261,451 | 181,451 |
| POLICE SALARY REIMBURSEMENT | | 68,000 | 68,000 | 68,000 | 101,431 |
| STATE LIQUOR FUNDS ALLOTMENT | | 60,000 | 60,000 | 60,628 | 628 |
| COUNTY FIRE ALLOCATION | | 15,000 | 15,000 | 11,753 | (3,247) |
| STATE GRANTS | | 75,000 | 75,000 | 41,263 | (33,737) |
| OTHER GRANTS | | 100,000 | 100,000 | 45,062 | (54,938) |
| OTHER GRANTS | TOTAL | 1,998,000 | 1,998,000 | 2,717,917 | 719,917 |
| CHARGES FOR SERVICE | IOIAL | 1,990,000 | 1,990,000 | 2,/1/,91/ | /19,91/ |
| PLANNING/INSPECTION FEES | | 2,295,000 | 2,295,000 | 3,178,426 | 883,426 |
| AMBULANCE FEES | | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,342,763 | 342,763 |
| FIRE FEES | | 185,000 | 185,000 | 63,991 | (121,009) |
| CEMETERY FEES | | 186,500 | 186,500 | 232,520 | 46,020 |
| RECREATION FEES | | 3,089,435 | 3,171,435 | 3,683,582 | 512,147 |
| LIBRARY FEES | | 95,000 | 110,000 | 81,512 | (28,488) |
| OTHER SERVICE REVENUE | | 120,000 | 120,000 | 53,885 | (66,115) |
| OTHER SERVICE REVENUE | TOTAL | 6,970,935 | 7,067,935 | 8,636,679 | 1,568,744 |
| FINES AND FORFEITURES | IOIAL | 0,970,933 | 7,007,933 | 0,030,079 | 1,500,744 |
| COURTS FINES AND FORFEITURES | | 657,500 | 657,500 | 799,079 | 141,579 |
| COURTS FINES AND FOR EFFORES | | 037,300 | 037,300 | 177,017 | 171,577 |
| MISCELLANEOUS | | 1,229,000 | 1,229,000 | 1,508,819 | 279,819 |
| INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS | | 69,500 | 69,500 | 163,562 | 94,062 |
| TOTAL RE | VENUES | 37.979.935 | 38,076,935 | 43,359,655 | 5,282,720 |
| 19111214 | | 31,575,555 | 20,070,555 | ,555,,655 | 0,202,720 |
| EXPENDITURES GENERAL GOVERNMENT | | | | | |
| COURT | | | | | |
| PERSONNEL | | 501,290 | 501,290 | 395,771 | 105,519 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 142,660 | 142,660 | 121,298 | 21,362 |
| CAPITAL | | 17,050 | 17,050 | 17,908 | (858) |
| | TOTAL | 661,000 | 661,000 | 534,977 | 126,023 |
| ADMINISTRATIVE | | | | | |
| PERSONNEL | | 847,960 | 847,960 | 760,494 | 87,466 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 216,100 | 216,100 | 201,333 | 14,767 |
| | TOTAL | 1,064,060 | 1,064,060 | 961,827 | 102,233 |
| TREASURY | | | | | |
| PERSONNEL | | 456,144 | 456,144 | 362,808 | 93,336 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 37,700 | 37,700 | 49,261 | (11,561) |
| | TOTAL | 493,844 | 493,844 | 412,069 | 81,775 |
| | | /- | / - | | |

| | | DUD COTTON | MOLPITS | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET |
|---------------------------------------|-------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | BUDGETED A ORIGINAL | AMOUNTS FINAL | ACTUAL | POSITIVE |
| FINANCE | | ORIGINAL | FINAL | ACTUAL | (NEGATIVE) |
| PERSONNEL | | 470,862 | 512,862 | 580,110 | (67,248) |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 86,796 | 86,796 | 77,701 | 9,095 |
| | TOTAL | 557,658 | 599,658 | 657,811 | (58,153) |
| HUMAN RESOURCES | | | | | |
| PERSONNEL | | 233,898 | 233,898 | 184,809 | 49,089 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 39,800 | 39,800 | 32,789 | 7,011 |
| | TOTAL | 273,698 | 273,698 | 217,598 | 56,100 |
| CITY RECORDER | | 114055 | 114055 | 116.260 | (2.105) |
| PERSONNEL | | 114,255 | 114,255 | 116,360 | (2,105) |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL | | 147,650 | 147,650 | 94,423 | 53,227 |
| CAFITAL | TOTAL | 261,905 | 261.905 | 210,783 | 51,122 |
| LEGAL SERVICES | IOIAL | 201,703 | 201,703 | 210,763 | 31,122 |
| PERSONNEL | | 482,476 | 482,476 | 448,789 | 33,687 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 100,000 | 100,000 | 72,249 | 27,751 |
| | TOTAL | 582,476 | 582,476 | 521,038 | 61,438 |
| LEGISLATIVE | | | | | |
| PERSONNEL | | 204,382 | 284,382 | 275,819 | 8,563 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 98,000 | 98,000 | 84,744 | 13,256 |
| | TOTAL | 302,382 | 382,382 | 360,563 | 21,819 |
| NONDEPARTMENTAL | | | | | 00.0404 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 2,996,424 | 2,859,424 | 2,023,300 | 836,124 |
| CAPITAL | TOTAL | 275,000 | 275,000 | 251,902 | 23,098 |
| EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT | IOIAL | 3,271,424 | 3,134,424 | 2,275,202 | 859,222 |
| PERSONNEL | | 20,000 | 20,000 | 8,259 | 11,741 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 46,250 | 46,250 | 19,628 | 26,622 |
| CAPITAL | | - | - | - | - |
| | TOTAL | 66,250 | 66,250 | 27,887 | 38,363 |
| FACILITIES MAINTENANCE | | | | | |
| PERSONNEL | | 542,463 | 542,463 | 476,018 | 66,445 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 192,900 | 192,900 | 183,424 | 9,476 |
| CAPITAL | | 17,000 | 17,000 | 16,850 | 150 |
| | TOTAL | 752,363 | 752,363 | 676,292 | 76,071 |
| TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT | | 8,287,060 | 8,272,060 | 6,856,047 | 1,416,013 |
| PUBLIC SAFETY | | | | | |
| POLICE | | | | | |
| PERSONNEL | | 6,336,368 | 6,336,368 | 5,975,109 | 361,259 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 956,361 | 956,361 | 881,045 | 75,316 |
| CAPITAL | | 154,725 | 154,725 | 148,708 | 6,017 |
| | TOTAL | 7,447,454 | 7,447,454 | 7,004,862 | 442,592 |
| CODE ENFORCEMENT | | 102.464 | 102.464 | 106.006 | (2.7(2) |
| PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 103,464 22,294 | 103,464 22,294 | 106,226 17,000 | (2,762) 5,294 |
| OF ERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | TOTAL | 125,758 | 125,758 | 123,226 | 2,532 |
| FIRE | IOIAL | 123,736 | 123,736 | 123,220 | 2,332 |
| PERSONNEL | | 5,265,659 | 5,265,659 | 4,593,013 | 672,646 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 792,431 | 792,431 | 735,640 | 56,791 |
| | TOTAL | 6,058,090 | 6,058,090 | 5,328,653 | 729,437 |
| ANIMAL CONTROL | | | | | - |
| PERSONNEL | | 93,145 | 93,145 | 77,861 | 15,284 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 76,100 | 76,100 | 87,497 | (11,397) |
| | TOTAL | 169,245 | 169,245 | 165,358 | 3,887 |
| TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY | | 13,800,547 | 13,800,547 | 12,622,099 | 1,178,448 |

| | | | | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET |
|--|-------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| | | BUDGETED A | | | POSITIVE |
| | | ORIGINAL | FINAL | ACTUAL | (NEGATIVE) |
| COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT | | | | | |
| PUBLIC WORKS ADMINISTRATION | | 229 (72 | 229 (72 | 226 417 | 2.255 |
| PERSONNEL | | 228,672 | 228,672 | 226,417 | 2,255 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | TOTAL | 20,100 | 20,100 | 19,143 | 957 |
| ENCHIEEDING | TOTAL | 248,772 | 248,772 | 245,560 | 3,212 |
| ENGINEERING PERSONNEL | | 642.266 | 642.266 | 646 624 | (2.259) |
| | | 643,266 | 643,266 56,800 | 646,624 | (3,358) |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | TOTAL | 56,800 700,066 | 700,066 | 66,278 712,902 | (9,478) |
| DI A NINING A NID ZONING | IOIAL | /00,000 | /00,000 | /12,902 | (12,836) |
| PLANNING AND ZONING PERSONNEL | | 598,964 | 509 064 | 552 452 | 45 511 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 105,615 | 598,964 105,615 | 553,453 93,627 | 45,511 11,988 |
| CAPITAL | | 72,000 | 72,000 | 65,932 | 6,068 |
| CATTIAL | TOTAL | 776,579 | 776,579 | 713,012 | 63,567 |
| INSPECTIONS | IOIAL | 170,379 | 770,379 | /13,012 | 03,307 |
| PERSONNEL | | 798,322 | 798,322 | 794,535 | 3,787 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 85,110 | 85,110 | 108,052 | (22,942) |
| CAPITAL | | 33,250 | 33,250 | 26,046 | 7,204 |
| CATTAL | TOTAL | 916,682 | 916,682 | 928,633 | (11,951) |
| ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT | IOIAL | 710,002 | 710,002 | 720,033 | (11,731) |
| PERSONNEL | | 141,177 | 141,177 | 147,692 | (6,515) |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 36,775 | 36,775 | 32,263 | 4,512 |
| Of Electrons And With the Wines | TOTAL | 177,952 | 177,952 | 179,955 | (2,003) |
| TOTAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT | TOTAL | 2,820,051 | 2,820,051 | 2,780,062 | 39,989 |
| | | 2,020,001 | 2,020,001 | 2,700,002 | 25,505 |
| STREETS AND HIGHWAYS STREETS AND PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT | `S | | | | |
| PERSONNEL | | 1,307,214 | 1,307,214 | 1,278,573 | 28,641 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 172,216 | 172,216 | 188,923 | (16,707) |
| CAPITAL | | - | - | - | - |
| | TOTAL | 1,479,430 | 1,479,430 | 1,467,496 | 11,934 |
| CROAD | | | | | |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 1,902,500 | 1,883,700 | 1,852,055 | 31,645 |
| CAPITAL | | 50,000 | 83,200 | 52,500 | 30,700 |
| | TOTAL | 1,952,500 | 1,966,900 | 1,904,555 | 62,345 |
| TOTAL STREETS AND HIGHWAYS | | 3,431,930 | 3,446,330 | 3,372,051 | 74,279 |
| PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE PARKS | | | | | |
| PERSONNEL | | 1,620,169 | 1,620,169 | 1,421,767 | 198,402 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | , , | 576,380 | | , |
| CAPITAL | | 576,380 69,600 | 129,600 | 644,189 214,660 | (67,809) (85,060) |
| CAFITAL | TOTAL | 2,266,149 | 2,326,149 | 2,280,616 | 45,533 |
| COMMUNITY ARTS AND EVENTS | IOIAL | 2,200,149 | 2,320,149 | 2,280,010 | 43,333 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 482 700 | 482 700 | 220 072 | 1/12/627 |
| OI ENATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | TOTAL | 482,700 | 482,700 482,700 | 339,073 | 143,627 |
| SENIOR CITIZENS | IUIAL | 482,700 | 462,700 | 339,073 | 143,627 |
| | | 101 062 | 101 062 | 162 024 | 10 020 |
| PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | | 181,863 56,650 | 181,863 56,650 | 162,924 60,774 | 18,939 |
| OI ENATIONS AND WAINTENANCE | TOTAL | <u>56,650</u> 238 513 | 56,650 238 513 | 60,774 223,698 | (4,124) |
| | IUIAL | 238,513 | 238,513 | 223,098 | 14,815 |

| | BUDGETED | A MOLINTS | | VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|
| | ORIGINAL | FINAL | ACTUAL | (NEGATIVE) |
| RECREATION | Old Gir (1) E | THULE | HerenE | (TABOLTITAE) |
| PERSONNEL | 2,728,861 | 2,728,861 | 2,556,543 | 172,318 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | 1,769,317 | 1,769,317 | 1,669,087 | 100,230 |
| CAPITAL | 137,100 | 626,100 | 591,712 | 34,388 |
| TOTAL | 4,635,278 | 5,124,278 | 4,817,342 | 306,936 |
| MUSEUM | | | | |
| PERSONNEL | 172,381 | 172,381 | 13,191 | 159,190 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | 123,050 | 295,618 | 428,863 | (133,245) |
| CAPITAL | 25,000 | 25,000 | 4,795 | 20,205 |
| TOTAL | 320,431 | 492,999 | 446,849 | 46,150 |
| A MENERAL COLL CIENTED | | | | |
| LITERACY CENTER | 201.007 | 201.007 | 245 712 | 56 274 |
| PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | 301,986 | 301,986 | 245,712 | 56,274 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE TOTAL | 15,250 317,236 | 15,250 317,236 | 43,629 289,341 | (28,379) 27,895 |
| LIBRARY | 317,230 | 317,230 | 209,341 | 21,093 |
| PERSONNEL | 898,064 | 913.064 | 911.059 | 2.005 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | 373,897 | 373,897 | 353,555 | 20,342 |
| CAPITAL | - | 15,000 | 13,593 | 1,407 |
| TOTAL | 1,271,961 | 1,301,961 | 1,278,207 | 23,754 |
| TOTAL PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE | 9,532,268 | 10,283,836 | 9,675,126 | 608,710 |
| | | | | |
| CEMETERY | | | | |
| PERSONNEL | 358,510 | 358,510 | 301,553 | 56,957 |
| OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE | 87,057 | 87,057 | 72,130 | 14,927 |
| CAPITAL | 18,022 | 18,022 | 16,464 | 1,558 |
| TOTAL | 463,589 | 463,589 | 390,147 | 73,442 |
| DEBT SERVICE | | | | |
| PRINCIPAL | 700,772 | 700,772 | 700,000 | 772 |
| INTEREST | 120,060 | 120,060 | 120,060 | |
| TOTAL | 820,832 | 820,832 | 820,060 | 772 |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | 39,156,277 | 39,907,245 | 36,515,592 | 3,391,653 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | |
| OVER EXPENDITURES | (1,176,342) | (1,830,310) | 6,844,063 | 8,674,373 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | |
| TRANSFERS IN | 1,500,000 | 1,907,000 | 1,414,754 | (492,246) |
| TRANSFERS OUT | (2,684,015) | (2,684,015) | (2,684,015) | - |
| SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS | 10,000 | 10,000 | 51,932 | 41,932 |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | (1,174,015) | (767,015) | (1,217,329) | (450,314) |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | (2,350,357) | (2,597,325) | 5,626,734 | 8,224,059 |
| FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR | 6,293,553 | 6,293,553 | 6,293,553 | |
| FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR | \$ 3,943,196 | \$ 3,696,228 | \$ 11,920,287 | \$ 8,224,059 |

| | BUDGETED AMOUNTS | | | | | | FIN | IANCE WITH AL BUDGET POSITIVE |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----|--------------|--------|-------------|-----|-------------------------------------|
| | ORIGINAL FINAL | | | 1 | ACTUAL | (NEGATIVE) | | |
| | | - | | | | - | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | |
| IMPACT FEE REVENUE | \$ | 4,700,000 | \$ | 4,700,000 | \$ | 4,424,709 | \$ | (275,291) |
| SALES TAX REVENUE | | 429,500 | | 505,873 | | 470,250 | | (35,623) |
| INTERGOVERMENTAL REVENUES | | 20,925,000 | | 22,525,000 | | 3,535,658 | | (18,989,342) |
| MISCELLANEOUS | | - | | - | | 200,000 | | 200,000 |
| INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS | | 32,000 | | 32,000 | | 124,516 | | 92,516 |
| TOTAL REVENUES | | 26,086,500 | | 27,762,873 | | 8,755,133 | | (19,007,740) |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT | | | | | | | | |
| OTHER | | 52,500 | | 52,500 | | 63,900 | | (11,400) |
| CAPITAL OUTLAY | | 34,026,865 | | 37,182,865 | | 9,962,532 | | 27,220,333 |
| DEBT SERVICE | | | | | | | | |
| PRINCIPAL | | - | | 2,575,000 | | 2,952,618 | | (377,618) |
| INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES | | 427,500 | | 503,873 | | 554,820 | | (50,947) |
| TOTAL EXPENDITURES | | 34,506,865 | | 40,314,238 | | 13,533,870 | | 26,780,368 |
| DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER | | | | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | | (8,420,365) | | (12,551,365) | | (4,778,737) | | 7,772,628 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | | | | | | | | |
| TRANSFERS IN | | 2,684,015 | | 2,684,015 | | 2,684,015 | | - |
| ISSUANCE OF NOTES AND BONDS | | 5,000,000 | | 5,768,600 | | 5,768,588 | | 12 |
| TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | | 7,684,015 | | 8,452,615 | | 8,452,603 | | 12 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | | (736,350) | | (4,098,750) | | 3,673,866 | | 7,772,640 |
| FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR | | 1,090,972 | _ | 1,090,972 | | 1,090,972 | | |
| FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR | \$ | 354,622 | \$ | (3,007,778) | \$ | 4,764,838 | \$ | 7,772,640 |

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City.

Information Technology-This fund is used to account for the costs of providing computers, related equipment, and software to City departments. A service fee is charged to City departments monthly.

Fleet-This fund is used to account for the costs of maintaining the City's vehicles and equipment.

Risk Management-This fund is used to account for the costs of general liability insurance premiums, property damage, and claims for which the City is responsibility. The City employs a risk manager whose salary and benefits are recorded in this fund.

Building and Grounds – This fund is used to account for the costs of maintaining the buildings and grounds of the City's physical facilities. A service fee is charged to the relevant departments of the City on a monthly basis.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

| | | | | IN | TERNA | L SERVICE FU | JNDS | | | |
|--|----|-------------------------|----|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------|------------------------------|
| | | RMATION HNOLOGY | | FLEET | RISK MANAGEMENT | | BUILDING AND GROUNDS | | TOTALS | |
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT ASSETS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE INVENTORY | \$ | 718,785 | \$ | 504,032 1,626 71,115 | \$ | 767,186 | \$ | 472,128 | \$ | 2,462,131 1,626 71,115 |
| TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS | | 718,785 | | 576,773 | | 767,186 | | 472,128 | | 2,534,872 |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS, NET | | 278,592 | | 2,610,913 | | - | | 194,591 | | 3,084,096 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS | - | 278,592 | _ | 2,610,913 | | - | | 194,591 | | 3,084,096 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 997,377 | \$ | 3,187,686 | \$ | 767,186 | \$ | 666,719 | \$ | 5,618,968 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS | \$ | 79,605 | \$ | 62,559 | \$ | 30,794 | \$ | 39,794 | \$ | 212,752 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES ACCOUNTS PAYABLE WAGES PAYABLE CURRENT PORTION COMPENSATED ABSENCES | \$ | 9,352 8,627 8,783 | \$ | 148,333 9,760 13,101 | \$ | 26,287 3,174 8,502 | \$ | 24,522 9,705 14,056 | \$ | 208,494 31,266 44,442 |
| TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES | - | 26,762 | _ | 171,194 | | 37,963 | | 48,283 | _ | 284,202 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES COMPENSATED ABSENCES NET PENSION LIABILITY | | 5,589 80,570 | | 20,649 63,317 | | 18,611 31,168 | | 8,905 40,276 | | 53,754 215,331 |
| TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | 86,159 | _ | 83,966 | | 49,779 | | 49,181 | | 269,085 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | \$ | 112,921 | \$ | 255,160 | \$ | 87,742 | \$ | 97,464 | \$ | 553,287 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS | \$ | 64,617 | \$ | 50,780 | \$ | 24,997 | \$ | 32,301 | \$ | 172,695 |
| NET POSITION NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS UNRESTRICTED | | 278,592 620,852 | | 2,610,913 333,392 | | 685,241 | | 194,591 382,157 | | 3,084,096 2,021,642 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ | 899,444 | \$ | 2,944,305 | \$ | 685,241 | \$ | 576,748 | \$ | 5,105,738 |

LEHI CITY CORPORATION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

| | INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|------------------------------|----|------------------------------------|----|-----------------------|----|------------------------------|----|------------------------------------|--|
| | INFORM ATION TECHNOLOGY | | | FLEET | | RISK MANAGEMENT | | BUILDING AND GROUNDS | | TOTALS | |
| OPERATING REVENUES CHARGES FOR SERVICES - INTERNAL TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES | \$ | 790,149 790,149 | \$ | 1,645,294 1,645,294 | \$ | 641,991 641,991 | \$ | 963,608 963,608 | \$ | 4,041,042 4,041,042 | |
| OPERATING EXPENSES PERSONNEL OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE DEPRECIATION | | 312,965 276,336 68,565 | | 329,748 1,044,873 660,254 | | 113,397 820,316 | | 343,401 366,876 45,111 | | 1,099,511 2,508,401 773,930 | |
| TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | | 657,866 132,283 | _ | 2,034,875 | | 933,713 (291,722) | | 755,388 208,220 | _ | 4,381,842 | |
| NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) GAIN ON DISPOSAL OF CAPITAL ASSETS MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES INTEREST INCOME TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | | 31,758 31,758 | _ | 4,220 1,228 11,333 16,781 | | - 37,727 37,727 | | 5,107 | | 4,220 1,228 85,925 91,373 | |
| CHANGE IN NET POSTION NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR | | 164,041 735,403 | | (372,800) 3,317,105 | | (253,995) 939,236 | | 213,327 363,421 | | (249,427) 5,355,165 | |
| NET POSTION AT END OF YEAR | \$ | 899,444 | \$ | 2,944,305 | \$ | 685,241 | \$ | 576,748 | \$ | 5,105,738 | |

LEHI CITY CORPORATION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS JUNE 30, 2018

| | INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------------------|----|-------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|----|---|
| | | ORMATION HNOLOGY | | FLEET | МА | RISK NAGEMENT | | LDING AND ROUNDS | | TOTALS |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES CASH RECEIVED FROM INTERFUND SERVICES PROVIDED CASH PAID TO SUPPLIERS CASH PAID TO EMPLOYEES | \$ | 790,149 (321,909) (375,561) | \$ | 1,643,668 (995,693) (340,872) | \$ | 641,991 (128,687) (835,639) | \$ | 963,608 (405,404) (362,623) | \$ | 4,039,416 (1,851,693) (1,914,695) |
| NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | 92,679 | | 307,103 | | (322,335) | | 195,581 | _ | 273,028 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS | | - | | 1,228 | | - | | - | | 1,228 |
| NET CASH USED IN NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | 1,228 | | | | | | 1,228 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF CAPITAL ASSETS | | - | | 11,466 (705,303) | | - | | - (29,179) | | 11,466 (734,482) |
| NET CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | | (693,837) | | | | (29,179) | | (723,016) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES INTEREST INCOME COLLECTED | | 31,758 | | 11,333 | | 37,727 | | 5,107 | | 85,925 |
| NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | 31,758 | | 11,333 | _ | 37,727 | | 5,107 | | 85,925 |
| NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR | <u> </u> | 124,437 594,348 718,785 | \$ | (374,173) 878,205 504,032 | -\$ | (284,608) 1,051,794 767,186 | \$ | 171,509 300,619 472,128 | \$ | (362,835) 2,824,966 2,462,131 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR CONSISTS OF: UNRESTRICTED CASH | \$ | 718,785 | \$ | 504,032 | \$ | 767,186 | \$ | 472,128 | \$ | 2,462,131 |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | \$ | 132,283 | \$ | (389,581) | \$ | (291,722) | \$ | 208,220 | \$ | (340,800) |
| ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES DEPRECIATION CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES | | 68,565 | | 660,254 | | - | | 45,111 | | 773,930 |
| ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE INVENTORY | | - | | (1,626) (26,638) | | - | | - | | (1,626) (26,638) |
| PREPAID EXPENSES ACCOUNTS PAYABLE WAGES PAYABLE CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS | | (45,573) 513 | | 75,818 1,136 | | (15,323) 92 | | (38,528) 2,357 | | (23,606) 4,098 |
| RELATED TO PENSIONS COMPENSATED ABSENCES | | (41,521) (21,588) | _ | (4,608) (7,652) | | (15,677) 295 | | (24,307) 2,728 | | (86,113) (26,217) |
| | \$ | 92,679 | \$ | 307,103 | \$ | (322,335) | \$ | 195,581 | \$ | 273,028 |

This part of Lehi City Corporation's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

| | Page |
|---|-----------|
| FINANCIAL TRENDS These schedules provide trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and economic conditions have changed over time. | 102 - 110 |
| REVENUE CAPACITY | 111 - 114 |
| These schedules contain information to help the reader understand the City's capacity to raise revenues and the sources of these revenues. | |
| DEBT CAPACITY | 115 - 123 |
| These schedules provide information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. | |
| DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION | 124 - 125 |
| These schedules present demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place. | |
| OPERATING INFORMATION | 126 - 128 |
| These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial reports relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs. | |
| Note: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the | |

comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 1 NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS) (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year 2017 2018 2014 2015 2016 Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets \$ 288,966,135 \$ 219,129,389 \$ 229,907,904 \$ 242,558,256 \$ 270,733,436 Restricted 8,560,047 6,565,677 4,262,799 590,207 349,363 Unrestricted (88,715,100) (108,048,049)(101,045,130)(90,089,047) (101,325,874)Total governmental activities net position 138,974,336 128,425,532 145,775,925 169,997,769 199,226,451 Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets 202,621,488 224,324,128 238,650,352 267,462,097 299,404,845 Restricted 9,063,049 4,293,339 4,555,304 126,965 547,651 Unrestricted 16,429,759 19,502,118 24,970,618 30,640,955 35,236,748 Total business-type activities net position 228,114,296 248,119,585 268,176,274 298,230,017 335,189,244 Primary government Net investment in capital assets 454,232,032 538,195,533 588,370,980 421,750,877 481,208,608 Restricted 17,623,096 10,859,016 8,818,103 717,172 897,014 Unrestricted (72,285,341)(88,545,931) (76,074,512)(70,684,919)(54,852,299) Total primary government net position \$ 367,088,632 \$ 376,545,117 \$ 413,952,199 \$ 468,227,786 \$ 534,415,695 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 Governmental activities \$ 211,805,645 \$ 211,722,660 \$ 215,235,149 \$ 214,537,806 Net investment in capital assets \$ 213,579,310 Restricted 6,905,380 6,470,224 2,488,688 3,500,816 9,514,316 Unrestricted (74,678,852)(72,015,133)(71,391,471)(66,936,366)(73,872,812)Total governmental activities net position 141,389,146 143,291,328 149,845,505 155,204,163 147,135,218 Business-type activities 137,407,148 172,095,833 171,920,314 176,523,733 184,918,965 Net investment in capital assets Restricted 5,622,428 5,638,545 5,166,369 5,681,780 8,545,937 Unrestricted (1,728,272)(2,125,977)49,034 5,025,384 13,515,909 141,301,304 175,608,401 187,230,897 206,980,811 Total business-type activities net position 177,135,717 Primary government Net investment in capital assets 350,986,458 383,901,478 383,642,974 391,758,882 399,456,771 Restricted 8,111,116 9,139,361 14,680,685 12,587,160 15,016,161 Unrestricted (60,356,903) (76,407,124)(74,141,110)(71,342,437)(61,910,982)\$ 282,690,450 \$ 318,899,729 \$ 326,981,222 \$ 354,116,029 Total primary government net position \$ 342,435,060

Beginning in FY 2013 the City adopted GASB Statement No. 63 and began using the title of Net Position in lieu of Net Assets to describe the City's net equity.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS) (accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 expenses Governmental activities General government \$ 6,608,885 7,536,526 \$ 6,904,634 9,041,919 8,274,466 Public Safety 10,046,876 10,178,031 11,170,823 12,096,387 13,656,195 Community Development 4,928,368 21,231,389 23,302,007 4,079,029 5,796,634 Streets and Highways 9,473,624 9,676,339 10,632,298 11,727,234 12,764,811 9,856,045 Parks, recreation, and culture 8,023,291 8,503,024 9,251,152 10,486,576 414,906 Cemetery 362,172 386,084 443,058 406,824 Interest on long-term debt 4,520,957 4,437,878 4,832,597 4,834,457 4,906,081 60,267,194 64,019,889 53,759,500 47,313,591 55,431,403 Total governmental activities Business-type activities 3,409,071 3,935,066 4,110,256 6,233,288 4,807,400 Culinary Water Sewer 6,248,401 7,415,879 8,188,182 9,525,964 9.865.657 Pressurized Irrigation 2,747,577 2,811,392 2,933,070 3,412,437 3,637,826 25,550,168 28,132,875 30,707,792 Electric 24,328,858 26,793,013 2,228,474 Drainage 1,301,784 1,377,942 1,610,648 1,968,846 Garbage 2,427,119 2,448,938 2,354,165 2,123,488 2,310,261 Total business-type activities 40,462,810 43,444,612 45,758,657 51,583,671 53,696,087 93,072,248 109,127,490 'otal primary government expenses 100,730,004 107,464,501 105,343,171 'rogram Revenues Governmental activities Charges for services \$ \$ 1,280,770 922,395 \$ 1,225,124 \$ 1,035,384 \$ 1,270,675 General government Public Safety 735,826 713,288 772,926 1,515,823 1,510,422 3,380,948 4,122,688 4,539,888 Community Development 3,996,282 6,753,793 Parks, recreation, and culture 3,442,123 3,538,275 3,669,216 3,701,396 3,989,072 200,865 235,200 240,285 219,065 232,520 Cemetery 1,652,937 1,879,304 3,449,482 2,687,038 Operating grants and contributions 1,921,433 Capital grants and contributions 6,669,536 10,177,225 13,859,305 21,055,729 23,638,826 Total governmental activities 17,363,005 21,461,969 25,810,977 35,516,767 40,082,346 Business-type activities Charges for services Culinary Water 3,387,526 3,606,036 4,282,274 6,623,580 5,671,068 Sewer 7,518,893 8,561,592 8,632,614 8,515,717 8,560,318 Pressurized Irrigation 2,236,370 2,678,561 2,697,436 2,649,309 3,002,057 Electric 24,730,251 26,168,996 28,967,401 31,303,180 33,458,042 Drainage 1,072,401 958,281 1,018,434 1,098,866 1,162,357 Garbage 2,025,666 2,075,810 2,196,940 2,300,452 2,412,652 13,302,030 23,080,154 25,341,969 Capital grants and contributions 13,031,629 12,816,991 54,002,736 Total business-type activities 57,351,306 60,612,090 75,571,258 79,608,463 'otal primary government program revenues 71,365,741 78,813,275 86,423,067 111,088,025 119,690,809

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS) (accrual basis of accounting)

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|------------|----|------------|----|------------|----|------------|----|------------|--|--|
| Expenses | | 2009 | | 2010 | | 2011 | | 2012 | | 2013 | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ | 4,790,376 | \$ | 4,429,526 | \$ | 5,307,139 | \$ | 5,664,766 | \$ | 5,602,138 | | |
| Public Safety | | 6,917,410 | | 8,294,302 | | 8,781,592 | | 8,759,020 | | 9,487,082 | | |
| Community Development | | 7,845,367 | | 3,915,440 | | 4,264,439 | | 3,826,912 | | 17,364,548 | | |
| Streets and Highways | | 6,833,204 | | 7,533,656 | | 10,227,496 | | 11,731,075 | | 8,696,026 | | |
| Parks, recreation, and culture | | 6,154,035 | | 6,181,189 | | 6,369,274 | | 6,740,823 | | 7,585,566 | | |
| Cemetery | | 179,180 | | 343,280 | | 269,700 | | 261,054 | | 315,796 | | |
| Interest on long-term debt | | 4,818,132 | | 4,677,116 | | 4,545,032 | | 4,457,480 | | 4,498,839 | | |
| Total governmental activities | | 37,537,704 | | 35,374,509 | | 39,764,672 | | 41,441,130 | | 53,549,995 | | |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Culinary Water | | 2,738,379 | | 2,502,822 | | 2,544,131 | | 2,562,929 | | 2,848,555 | | |
| Sewer | | 4,427,260 | | 4,867,521 | | 6,102,340 | | 6,372,255 | | 6,218,600 | | |
| Pressurized Irrigation | | 1,867,549 | | 1,882,960 | | 2,676,304 | | 2,277,980 | | 2,604,120 | | |
| Electric | | 20,728,252 | | 20,554,351 | | 20,787,596 | | 19,951,247 | | 23,776,549 | | |
| Drainage | | 906,252 | | 1,006,380 | | 1,225,380 | | 1,161,325 | | 1,299,785 | | |
| Garbage | | 1,934,512 | | 2,021,030 | | 1,816,865 | | 2,120,558 | | 2,243,542 | | |
| Total business-type activities | | 32,602,204 | | 32,835,064 | | 35,152,616 | | 34,446,294 | | 38,991,151 | | |
| Total primary government expenses | \$ | 70,139,908 | \$ | 68,209,573 | \$ | 74,917,288 | \$ | 75,887,424 | \$ | 92,541,146 | | |
| Program Revenues | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ | 1,704,170 | \$ | 1,145,665 | \$ | 1,021,657 | \$ | 901,786 | \$ | 852,069 | | |
| Public Safety | | 492,808 | | 591,731 | | 505,979 | | 491,458 | | 639,389 | | |
| Community Development | | 1,023,732 | | 1,363,643 | | 1,487,215 | | 2,331,513 | | 3,697,018 | | |
| Parks, recreation, and culture | | 2,874,871 | | 2,987,914 | | 2,949,442 | | 3,103,973 | | 3,261,742 | | |
| Cemetery | | 136,252 | | 70,780 | | 161,502 | | 147,453 | | 170,515 | | |
| Operating grants and contributions | | 823,303 | | 1,545,098 | | 2,153,477 | | 3,443,139 | | 1,990,385 | | |
| Capital grants and contributions | | 13,239,384 | | 5,596,760 | | 12,581,519 | | 7,656,824 | - | 2,693,363 | | |
| Total governmental activities | | 20,294,520 | | 13,301,591 | | 20,860,791 | | 18,076,146 | | 13,304,481 | | |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Culinary Water | | 1,984,451 | | 2,597,686 | | 2,634,733 | | 2,843,567 | | 3,353,732 | | |
| Sewer | | 3,682,833 | | 3,959,930 | | 4,886,485 | | 6,292,827 | | 7,329,883 | | |
| Pressurized Irrigation | | 1,630,416 | | 1,850,135 | | 2,200,146 | | 2,296,606 | | 2,160,964 | | |
| Electric | | 19,110,795 | | 18,975,668 | | 19,856,320 | | 21,222,943 | | 23,493,768 | | |
| Drainage | | 866,809 | | 933,646 | | 1,070,910 | | 1,107,979 | | 1,023,980 | | |
| Garbage | | 2,011,309 | | 2,125,792 | | 2,193,629 | | 2,291,890 | | 2,155,728 | | |
| Capital grants and contributions | | 8,470,064 | | 5,034,797 | | 4,245,278 | | 5,631,871 | | 9,991,274 | | |
| Total business-type activities | | 37,756,677 | | 35,477,654 | | 37,087,501 | | 41,687,683 | | 49,509,329 | | |
| Total primary government revenues | \$ | 58,051,197 | \$ | 48,779,245 | \$ | 57,948,292 | \$ | 59,763,829 | \$ | 62,813,810 | | |

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS) (accrual basis of accounting)

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|--|----|---|----|--|----|---|----|---|
| | | 2014 | | 2015 | | 2016 | | 2017 | | 2018 |
| Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities | \$ | (42,927,489) 13,539,926 | \$ | (42,542,388) 13,906,694 | \$ | (22,076,340) 14,853,433 | \$ | (18,242,733) 23,987,587 | \$ | (15,349,057) 25,912,376 |
| Total primary government net (expense)/revenue | \$ | (29,387,563) | \$ | (28,635,694) | \$ | (7,222,907) | \$ | 5,744,854 | \$ | 10,563,319 |
| General Revenues and Other Changes Governmental activities Taxes | in Ne | et Position | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes Sales taxes Franchise taxes Impact fees Earnings on investments Gain on disposal of capital assets Other Transfers Total governmental activities Business-type activities Earnings on investments Impact fees Gain on disposal of capital assets Other | \$ | 16,373,300 7,904,519 4,285,907 4,899,084 98,028 - 18,862 730,920 34,310,620 106,836 7,617,749 68,690 531,204 | \$ | 17,134,391 9,060,843 4,626,674 4,980,287 81,658 - 75,314 485,920 36,445,087 114,557 7,239,384 6,164 411,696 | \$ | 18,943,311 9,830,594 5,221,608 3,872,262 153,854 - 100,458 730,920 38,853,007 151,462 5,097,841 67,014 617,859 | \$ | 21,435,929 11,034,838 4,886,832 3,378,791 193,325 - 1,534,862 - 42,464,577 304,489 5,331,228 38,613 391,826 | \$ | 21,124,631 12,222,987 5,287,987 4,424,709 337,123 256,152 924,150 |
| Trans fers | | (730,920) | | (485,920) | | (730,920) | | 391,820 | | |
| Total business-type activities | | 7,593,559 | | 7,285,881 | | 5,203,256 | | 6,066,156 | | 11,046,851 |
| Total primary government | \$ | 41,904,179 | \$ | 43,730,968 | \$ | 44,056,263 | \$ | 48,530,733 | \$ | 55,624,590 |
| Change in Net Position Governmental activities Business-type activities | \$ | (8,593,569) 21,133,485 | \$ | (6,112,833) 21,192,575 | \$ | 17,350,393 20,056,689 | \$ | 24,221,844 30,053,743 | \$ | 29,228,682 36,959,227 |
| Total primary government | \$ | 12,539,916 | \$ | 15,079,742 | \$ | 37,407,082 | \$ | 54,275,587 | \$ | 66,187,909 |

CONTINUED

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 2

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS) (accrual basis of accounting)

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|----|--------------|----|--------------|----|--------------|----|--------------|
| | | 2009 | | 2010 | | 2011 | | 2012 | | 2013 |
| Net (Expense)/Revenue | | | | _ | | _ | | | | _ |
| Governmental activities | \$ | (17,243,184) | \$ | (22,072,918) | \$ | (18,903,881) | \$ | (23,364,984) | \$ | (40,303,264) |
| Business-type activities | | 5,154,473 | | 2,642,590 | | 1,934,885 | | 7,241,389 | | 10,518,178 |
| Total primary government net | | | | | | | | | | |
| (expense)/revenue | \$ | (12,088,711) | \$ | (19,430,328) | \$ | (16,968,996) | \$ | (16,123,595) | \$ | (29,785,086) |
| General Revenues and Other Changes | in Ne | et Position | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ | 18,072,425 | \$ | 14,221,477 | \$ | 15,216,011 | \$ | 14,967,910 | \$ | 14,564,416 |
| Sales taxes | | 5,727,822 | | 5,741,667 | | 5,985,133 | | 6,818,129 | | 7,361,030 |
| Franchise taxes | | 3,191,822 | | 3,127,311 | | 3,418,306 | | 3,374,229 | | 3,733,118 |
| Earnings on investments | | 177,236 | | 98,348 | | 74,775 | | 2,719,390 | | 4,727,508 |
| Gain (Loss) on disposal of assets | | (159,412) | | 55,297 | | 28,511 | | 95,889 | | 108,596 |
| Other | | - | | - | | 4,402 | | 17,175 | | 47,656 |
| Transfers | | 2,231,004 | | 731,000 | | 730,920 | | 730,920 | | 730,920 |
| Total governmental activities | | 29,240,897 | | 23,975,100 | | 25,458,058 | | 28,723,642 | | 31,273,244 |
| Business-type activities | | | | | | | | | | |
| Earnings on investments | | 280,778 | | 49,956 | | 48,967 | | 159,686 | | 99,922 |
| Impact fees | | | | | | | | 3,127,551 | | 4,273,216 |
| Gain on disposal of assets | | _ | | (115,728) | | - | | 33,221 | | 1,800 |
| Other | | 196,858 | | 169,979 | | 274,384 | | 264,253 | | 286,009 |
| Trans fers | | (2,231,004) | | (731,000) | | (730,920) | | (730,920) | | (730,920) |
| Total business-type activities | | (1,753,368) | | (626,793) | | (407,569) | | 2,853,791 | | 3,930,027 |
| Total primary government | \$ | 27,487,529 | \$ | 23,348,307 | \$ | 25,050,489 | \$ | 31,577,433 | \$ | 35,203,271 |
| Change in Net Position | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities | \$ | 11,999,713 | | 1,902,182 | | 6,554,177 | \$ | 5,358,658 | \$ | (8,972,270) |
| Business-type activities | * | 3,401,105 | | 2,015,797 | | 1,527,316 | ~ | 10,095,180 | ~ | 14,448,205 |
| Total primary government | \$ | 15,400,818 | \$ | 3,917,979 | \$ | 8,081,493 | \$ | 15,453,838 | \$ | 5,475,935 |
| r | 4 | -2,.00,010 | | 2,727,77 | | 0,001,.75 | | 10, .00,000 | | 2,.,2,250 |

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 3

FUND BALANCES: GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

| | | | | | F | iscal Year | | | | |
|------------------------------------|----|------------|----|------------|----|-------------|----|------------|----|------------|
| | | 2014 | | 2015 | | 2016 | | 2017 | | 2018 |
| General Fund | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | \$ | 29,902 | \$ | 24,000 | \$ | 103,000 | \$ | 197,599 | \$ | - |
| Restricted | | 1,028,085 | | 799,082 | | 574,992 | | 306,630 | | 458,007 |
| Committed | | 466,584 | | 496,802 | | 624,936 | | 542,731 | | 552,705 |
| Assigned | | 190,349 | | 191,324 | | 192,026 | | 194,253 | | 22,295 |
| Unassigned | | 6,645,733 | | 6,758,479 | | 6,918,012 | | 5,052,340 | | 10,887,280 |
| Total general fund | | 8,360,653 | | 8,269,687 | | 8,412,966 | | 6,293,553 | | 11,920,287 |
| All Other Governmental Funds | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | | = | | 24,877 | | - | | = | | = |
| Restricted | | 8,274,991 | | 6,245,868 | | 4,738,086 | | 711,561 | | 1,017,852 |
| Assigned | | 2,617,559 | | 2,536,176 | | 5,043,913 | | 1,403,153 | | 5,097,302 |
| Total all other governmental funds | | 10,892,550 | | 8,806,921 | | 9,781,999 | | 2,114,714 | | 6,115,154 |
| Total governmental funds | \$ | 19,253,203 | \$ | 17,076,608 | \$ | 18,194,965 | \$ | 8,408,267 | \$ | 18,035,441 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | _ | | | | | |
| | | 2000 | | 2010 | F | is cal Year | | 2012 | | 2012 |
| G IF 1 | | 2009 | | 2010 | | 2011 | | 2012 | | 2013 |
| General Fund | Ф | 24.200 | Φ | | Ф | 2.627 | Ф | | Φ | 25.050 |
| Nonspendable | \$ | 34,398 | \$ | 2 226 054 | \$ | 2,637 | \$ | 1 160 005 | \$ | 25,858 |
| Restricted | | 1,963,731 | | 2,226,954 | | 1,079,347 | | 1,160,885 | | 652,048 |
| Committed | | 319,499 | | 321,627 | | 355,345 | | 398,166 | | 448,237 |
| Assigned | | 179,765 | | 180,961 | | 181,923 | | 183,210 | | 184,415 |
| Unassigned | | 526,590 | | 913,681 | | 1,590,564 | | 3,410,473 | | 6,439,616 |
| Total general fund | | 3,023,983 | | 3,643,223 | | 3,209,816 | | 5,152,734 | | 7,750,174 |
| All Other Governmental Funds | | | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted | | 1,055,460 | | 1,509,304 | | 8,566,451 | | 6,121,394 | | 6,195,047 |
| Assigned | | 297,990 | | 481,634 | | (1,008,431) | | 37,941 | | 2,690,851 |
| Total all other governmental funds | | 1,353,450 | | 1,990,938 | | 7,558,020 | | 6,159,335 | | 8,885,898 |
| Total governmental funds | \$ | 4,377,433 | \$ | 5,634,161 | \$ | 10,767,836 | \$ | 11,312,069 | \$ | 16,636,072 |

Lehi City implemented GASB 54 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The fund balances from prior fiscal years (2009 - 2010) were restated for comparison purposes.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 4

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES: GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS) (modified accrual basis of accounting)

| • | | | Fiscal Year | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| Revenues | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 28,563,726 | \$ 30,821,908 | \$ 33,995,513 | \$ 37,357,599 | \$ 38,635,605 |
| Licenses, fees and permits | 6,444,720 | 7,372,672 | 6,533,438 | 6,866,680 | 8,000,076 |
| Intergovernmental | 1,671,598 | 2,056,379 | 3,539,749 | 3,316,413 | 6,253,575 |
| Charges for services | 5,762,720 | 6,081,697 | 6,519,088 | 7,502,520 | 8,636,679 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 547,825 | 554,622 | 668,151 | 629,104 | 799,079 |
| Miscellaneous | 806,898 | 433,344 | 649,434 | 1,252,405 | 1,818,819 |
| Interest on investments | 88,992 | 72,298 | 145,662 | 181,076 | 300,658 |
| Total revenues | 43,886,479 | 47,392,920 | 52,051,035 | 57,105,797 | 64,444,491 |
| Expenditures | | | | | |
| General government | 5,512,993 | 7,432,107 | 6,804,485 | 8,390,690 | 6,856,047 |
| Public Safety | 9,830,309 | 9,745,736 | 10,602,138 | 11,934,981 | 12,622,099 |
| Community development | 21,215,648 | 23,120,657 | 3,820,164 | 6,179,501 | 5,121,202 |
| Streets and highways | 2,462,221 | 2,790,957 | 3,114,886 | 4,096,908 | 3,372,051 |
| Parks, recreation and culture | 8,295,691 | 7,656,136 | 8,279,958 | 8,628,939 | 9,675,126 |
| Cemetery | 334,730 | 358,145 | 415,615 | 385,537 | 390,147 |
| Other | 77,920 | 12,476 | 3,600 | 3,600 | 63,900 |
| Capital outlay | 4,245,051 | 10,087,085 | 9,752,734 | 20,976,507 | 9,962,532 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Principal | 10,722,440 | 4,353,681 | 4,764,670 | 5,201,440 | 7,683,967 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | 4,636,091 | 4,246,198 | 4,732,577 | 5,277,161 | 4,890,766 |
| Total expenditures | 67,333,094 | 69,803,178 | 52,290,827 | 71,075,264 | 60,637,837 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | (23,446,615) | (22,410,258) | (239,792) | (13,969,467) | 3,806,654 |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 4,408,662 | 3,917,960 | 5,818,343 | 6,791,536 | 4,098,769 |
| Transfers out | (3,677,742) | (3,432,040) | (5,087,423) | (6,791,536) | (4,098,769) |
| Sale of capital assets | 52,930 | 190,380 | 627,229 | 13,577 | 51,932 |
| Bond and note proceeds | 25,163,052 | 19,557,363 | | 4,169,192 | 5,768,588 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 25,946,902 | 20,233,663 | 1,358,149 | 4,182,769 | 5,820,520 |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ 2,500,287 | \$ (2,176,595) | \$ 1,118,357 | \$ (9,786,698) | \$ 9,627,174 |
| Debt service as a percentage | | | | | |
| of noncapital expenditures | 24.34% | 14.59% | 22.41% | 21.93% | 25.12% |

CONTINUED

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
SCHEDULE 4
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES: GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

| | | | Fiscal Year | | |
|---|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
| Revenues | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$ 26,992,069 | \$ 23,090,455 | \$ 24,619,450 | \$ 25,160,268 | \$ 25,658,564 |
| Licenses, fees and permits | 1,753,077 | 3,295,183 | 3,070,742 | 4,187,195 | 6,695,905 |
| Intergovernmental | 1,604,255 | 2,589,244 | 10,694,110 | 7,031,764 | 2,015,152 |
| Charges for services | 3,951,453 | 4,111,773 | 4,209,859 | 4,554,976 | 5,668,980 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 1,133,215 | 828,467 | 835,010 | 651,848 | 593,424 |
| Special assessment revenue | 1,271,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous | 570,955 | 441,419 | 335,460 | 365,682 | 357,656 |
| Interest on investments | 179,236 | 92,336 | 67,281 | 83,006 | 96,393 |
| Total revenues | 37,455,260 | 34,448,877 | 43,831,912 | 42,034,739 | 41,086,074 |
| Expenditures | | | | | |
| General government | 4,390,714 | 4,431,166 | 4,928,570 | 4,926,429 | 4,756,942 |
| Public Safety | 7,897,722 | 8,071,323 | 8,453,897 | 8,430,152 | 9,108,300 |
| Community development | 7,667,029 | 3,707,335 | 4,388,643 | 3,775,472 | 17,383,350 |
| Streets and highways | 1,834,279 | 1,689,097 | 1,770,865 | 1,873,444 | 2,094,633 |
| Parks, recreation and culture | 5,542,788 | 5,793,779 | 6,058,330 | 6,927,077 | 6,805,808 |
| Cemetery | 297,062 | 289,208 | 223,569 | 244,481 | 291,914 |
| Other | 32,623 | 33,225 | 798,307 | 312,483 | 13,780 |
| Capital outlay | 8,617,325 | 1,695,944 | 5,362,725 | 8,858,638 | 3,569,430 |
| Debt Service | | | | | |
| Principal | 7,937,343 | 4,062,549 | 3,848,822 | 3,508,069 | 3,136,951 |
| Interest and fiscal charges | 3,774,216 | 4,568,005 | 4,603,039 | 4,032,356 | 4,405,021 |
| Total expenditures | 47,991,101 | 34,341,631 | 40,436,767 | 42,888,601 | 51,566,129 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues | | | | | |
| over (under) expenditures | (10,535,841) | 107,246 | 3,395,145 | (853,862) | (10,480,055) |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 8,224,855 | 2,100,180 | 5,254,970 | 2,522,057 | 3,708,947 |
| Trans fers out | (5,993,851) | (1,369,180) | (4,524,050) | (1,791,137) | (2,978,027) |
| Sale of capital assets | - | 56,297 | 49,110 | 17,175 | 82,760 |
| Bond and note proceeds | 4,470,865 | 362,185 | 958,500 | 650,000 | 14,087,053 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 6,701,869 | 1,149,482 | 1,738,530 | 1,398,095 | 14,900,733 |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ (3,833,972) | \$ 1,256,728 | \$ 5,133,675 | \$ 544,233 | \$ 4,420,678 |
| Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures | 30.65% | 25.13% | 22.90% | 20.55% | 16.62% |

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 5 TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

2017

2018

Growth 2009-2018

21,295,398

20,843,539

18.8%

Fees in Lieu General General Use of Personal Fiscal Property and Sales Franchise **Property** Tax Total Year Tax Tax Tax \$ \$ 2009 \$ 17,539,314 \$ 5,727,822 3,191,822 533,111 26,992,069 321,119 2010 13,900,358 5,741,667 3,127,311 23,090,455 2011 14,704,702 5,985,133 3,418,306 511,309 24,619,450 2012 14,430,126 6,818,129 3,374,229 537,784 25,160,268 2013 14,014,696 549,720 25,658,564 7,361,030 3,733,118 2014 15,812,205 7,904,519 4,285,907 561,095 28,563,726 2015 16,576,423 9,060,843 4,626,674 557,968 30,821,908 2016 18,985,237 9,377,782 5,067,062 581,027 34,011,108

4,698,705

5,073,080

58.9%

605,525

656,847

23.2%

37,357,599

38,635,605

43.1%

10,757,971

12,062,139

110.6%

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 6 ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS)

| Fiscal Year | Real Property | Personal Property (1) | Total Taxable Assessed Value | Total Direct Tax Rate | Estimated Actual Value | Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value |
|----------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--|-----------------------------|------------------------|---|
| 2009 | \$ 2,729,016,625 | \$ 1,232,130,764 | \$ 3,961,147,389 | 0.001901 | \$ 5,620,741,015 | 70.5% |
| 2010 | 2,678,798,948 | 827,519,256 | 3,506,318,204 | 0.001789 | 4,763,264,294 | 73.6% |
| 2011 | 2,512,537,899 | 716,232,799 | 3,228,770,698 | 0.002370 | 4,449,089,196 | 72.6% |
| 2012 | 2,413,402,390 | 595,908,946 | 3,009,311,336 | 0.002519 | 4,177,983,527 | 72.0% |
| 2013 | 2,471,989,979 | 552,044,117 | 3,024,034,096 | 0.002585 | 4,207,485,475 | 71.9% |
| 2014 | 2,781,443,616 | 636,160,403 | 3,417,604,019 | 0.002432 | 4,740,895,420 | 72.1% |
| 2015 | 3,260,372,368 | 679,951,110 | 3,940,323,478 | 0.002172 | 5,515,472,867 | 71.4% |
| 2016 | 3,659,970,869 | 841,344,071 | 4,501,314,940 | 0.002090 | 6,273,725,606 | 71.7% |
| 2017 | 4,179,645,929 | 1,001,269,708 | 5,180,915,637 | 0.002005 | 7,122,345,588 | 72.7% |
| 2018 | 4,694,115,192 | 1,049,063,478 | 5,743,178,670 | 0.001830 | 7,936,815,060 | 72.4% |

Values obtained from the Utah County Auditor and do not include RDA values.

⁽¹⁾ Personal Property has been combined with centrally assessed values.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 7 PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS)

| | | Collected v Fiscal Year | | Collections | Total Collect | ions to Date |
|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------------|
| Fiscal Year | Total Tax Levy | Amount | Percentage of Levy | in Subsequent Years | Amount | Percentage of Levy |
| 2009 | \$ 4,834,566 | \$ 4,387,425 | 90.75% | \$ 446,950 | \$ 4,834,375 | 100.00% |
| 2010 | 5,235,678 | 4,605,762 | 87.97% | 629,747 | 5,235,509 | 100.00% |
| 2011 | 5,676,477 | 5,203,186 | 91.66% | 472,879 | 5,676,065 | 99.99% |
| 2012 | 5,822,681 | 5,293,437 | 90.91% | 520,694 | 5,814,131 | 99.85% |
| 2013 | 6,149,530 | 5,660,924 | 92.05% | 455,422 | 6,116,346 | 99.46% |
| 2014 | 6,343,087 | 6,020,853 | 94.92% | 218,213 | 6,239,066 | 98.36% |
| 2015 | 8,631,183 | 8,222,670 | 95.27% | 303,443 | 8,526,113 | 98.78% |
| 2016 | 9,388,153 | 8,960,710 | 95.45% | 349,731 | 9,310,441 | 99.17% |
| 2017 | 10,467,968 | 10,028,134 | 95.80% | 370,879 | 10,399,013 | 99.34% |
| 2018 | 10,682,184 | 10,215,281 | 95.63% | - | 10,215,281 | 95.63% |

Source: Utah County Treasurer

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 8 DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

| | Lehi | City Direct F | Rates | | | Overla | pping Rates | | |
|----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|--|---|---|----------|
| Fiscal Year | General Fund | Debt Service Fund | Total Direct Rate | Alpine School District | Utah County | Central Utah Water Conservancy District | North Utah County Water Conservancy District | Lehi Metropolitan Water District | Total |
| 2000 | 0.001001 | | 0.001001 | 0.000152 | 0.001002 | 0.000210 | 0.000022 | 0.000000 | 0.011496 |
| 2009 | 0.001901 | - | 0.001901 | 0.008153 | 0.001092 | 0.000310 | 0.000022 | 0.000008 | 0.011486 |
| 2010 | 0.001789 | - | 0.001789 | 0.008152 | 0.001091 | 0.000310 | 0.000021 | 0.000008 | 0.011371 |
| 2011 | 0.002370 | - | 0.002370 | 0.008152 | 0.001091 | 0.000500 | 0.000021 | 0.000008 | 0.012142 |
| 2012 | 0.002519 | - | 0.002519 | 0.008120 | 0.001342 | 0.000500 | 0.000028 | 0.000013 | 0.012522 |
| 2013 | 0.002585 | - | 0.002585 | 0.008120 | 0.001342 | 0.000500 | 0.000028 | 0.000013 | 0.012588 |
| 2014 | 0.002432 | - | 0.002432 | 0.008699 | 0.001259 | 0.000446 | 0.000028 | 0.000012 | 0.012876 |
| 2015 | 0.002172 | - | 0.002172 | 0.008096 | 0.001149 | 0.000422 | 0.000025 | 0.000011 | 0.011875 |
| 2016 | 0.002090 | - | 0.002090 | 0.008177 | 0.001098 | 0.000405 | 0.000024 | 0.000011 | 0.011805 |
| 2017 | 0.002005 | - | 0.002005 | 0.007167 | 0.000969 | 0.000400 | 0.000021 | 0.000010 | 0.010572 |
| 2018 | 0.001830 | - | 0.001830 | 0.007033 | 0.000911 | 0.000400 | 0.000019 | 0.000009 | 0.010202 |

The City's certified property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the city council, after holding one or more truth-in-taxation public hearings.

Source: Utah State Tax Commission, Utah County Treasurer

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 9 PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS (CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO)

| | | 2018 | | | 2009 | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------|------|---------------|
| | | | Percentage of | | | Percentage of |
| | Taxable | | Total Taxable | Taxable | | Total Taxable |
| | Assessed | | Assessed | Assessed | | Assessed |
| Taxpayer | Valuation | Rank | Valuation | Valuation | Rank | Valuation |
| DATE LT L L L LIC | Ф. 251.220.500 | 1 | 4.420/ | Ф 512 655 496 | 1 | 0.140/ |
| IM Flash Technologies LLC | \$ 351,230,500 | 1 | 4.43% | \$ 513,655,486 | 1 | 9.14% |
| Thanks giving Park Five and Six LLC | 64,213,900 | 2 | 0.81% | | - | 0.00% |
| Adobe Systems Inc. | 50,365,700 | 3 | 0.63% | | - | 0.00% |
| Outlets at Traverse Mountain LLC | 47,990,300 | 4 | 0.60% | | - | 0.00% |
| MPT of Lehi-Steward LLC | 45,096,500 | 5 | 0.57% | | - | 0.00% |
| TMCV#2 LLC | 40,252,600 | 6 | 0.51% | | - | 0.00% |
| TMCV#1 LLC | 40,099,900 | 7 | 0.51% | | - | 0.00% |
| T-Stat One LLC | 34,342,100 | 8 | 0.43% | | - | 0.00% |
| Traverse Ridge Center I LLC | 31,006,900 | 9 | 0.39% | | - | 0.00% |
| Questar Gas | 30,966,900 | 10 | 0.39% | | - | 0.00% |
| Thanksgiving Point LC | | | | 37,558,495 | 2 | 0.67% |
| Cabelas | | | | 28,045,550 | 3 | 0.50% |
| Fox Ridge Investments LLC | | | | 21,576,893 | 4 | 0.38% |
| Thai Properties LLC | | | | 17,568,499 | 5 | 0.31% |
| Whistle Stop Development Corp | | | | 7,985,550 | 6 | 0.14% |
| Point Development LC | | | | 7,152,667 | 7 | 0.13% |
| Qwest Corp | | | | 6,958,003 | 8 | 0.12% |
| Museum of Ancient History | | | | 5,879,554 | 9 | 0.10% |
| Costco Wholesale Corp | | | | 5,755,534 | 10 | 0.10% |
| Total | \$ 735,565,300 | - - | 9.27% | \$ 652,136,231 | | 11.60% |

Source: Utah County Assessor

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 10 RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

| | | Governmenta | al Activities | | | Busi | ness-Type Activ | | | | | |
|----------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|---|--------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| Fiscal Year | Sales Tax Revenue Bonds | Excise Tax Road Bonds | Capital Leases | Notes Payable | Water Revenue Bonds | Electric Revenue Bonds | Dainage Revenue Bonds | Capital Leases | pecial Assessment Bonds/Other Notes Payable | Total Primary Government | Percentage of Personal Income (1) | Per Capita (1) |
| 2009 | \$ 18,401,997 | \$ 2,190,000 | \$ 305,665 | \$ 74,097,585 | \$ 3,200,536 | \$ 7,457,501 | \$ 1,095,000 | \$ 118,935 | \$ - | \$ 106,867,219 | 10.53% | 2,283 |
| 2010 | 17,610,000 | 1,665,000 | 234,551 | 71,785,332 | 2,853,981 | 6,881,750 | 935,000 | 24,317 | - | 101,989,931 | 8.74% | 2,054 |
| 2011 | 16,670,000 | 1,125,000 | 160,014 | 72,133,133 | 2,497,427 | 6,306,000 | 2,335,492 | - | 1,686,586 | 102,913,652 | 8.80% | 2,068 |
| 2012 | 16,110,000 | 575,000 | 81,888 | 68,779,604 | 2,125,873 | 5,730,250 | 2,200,369 | - | 1,672,366 | 97,275,350 | 8.30% | 1,951 |
| 2013 | 15,570,000 | - | - | 80,926,594 | 1,739,319 | 5,200,000 | 2,070,000 | - | 1,636,904 | 107,142,817 | 8.90% | 2,094 |
| 2014 | 15,165,000 | - | - | 95,772,209 | 140,000 | 4,560,000 | 1,920,000 | - | 1,600,010 | 119,157,219 | 9.19% | 2,191 |
| 2015 | 14,515,000 | - | - | 111,625,886 | - | 3,820,000 | 1,760,000 | - | 1,561,666 | 133,282,552 | 9.92% | 2,368 |
| 2016 | 13,855,000 | - | - | 107,521,217 | - | 3,075,000 | 1,610,000 | - | 1,521,786 | 127,583,003 | 8.78% | 2,238 |
| 2017 | 13,175,000 | - | - | 107,169,069 | - | 2,320,000 | 1,455,000 | - | 1,480,286 | 125,599,355 | 8.09% | 2,055 |
| 2018 | 18,243,588 | - | - | 100,185,102 | - | 19,669,467 | 1,295,000 | - | 1,291,636 | 140,684,793 | 8.20% | 2,243 |

¹⁾ See Schedule 19 for personal income and population data

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 11 RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

| Fiscal Year | General Obligation Bonds | Other Bonds | | Total | Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property (1) | | Per Capita (2) |
|----------------|--------------------------------|----------------|------|-------|---|---|-------------------|
| 2009 | \$ - | \$ | - \$ | - | - | % | - % |
| 2010 | - | | - | - | - | | _ |
| 2011 | - | | - | - | - | | _ |
| 2012 | - | | - | - | - | | - |
| 2013 | - | | - | - | - | | - |
| 2014 | - | | - | - | - | | _ |
| 2015 | - | | - | - | - | | - |
| 2016 | - | | - | - | - | | _ |
| 2017 | - | | - | - | - | | - |
| 2018 | - | | - | - | - | | - |

⁽¹⁾ See Schedule 6 for property value data.

⁽²⁾ See Schedule 19 for population data.

⁽³⁾ Lehi City has no general obligation debt outstanding or any other bonds that would commit property taxes for payment.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 12 DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (AS OF JUNE 30, 2018)

| Governmental Unit | Debt Outstanding | Estimated Percentage Applicable to Lehi (1) | Estimated Amount Applicable to Lehi |
|--|--|---|--|
| Central Utah Water Conservancy District Utah County Alpine School District | \$ 213,942,622 260,478,688 563,155,067 | 13.53% 13.53% 21.25% | \$ 28,944,593 35,240,522 119,682,256 |
| Subtotal, overlapping debt | 1,037,576,377 | | 183,867,371 |
| Lehi City direct debt | 118,428,690 | 100.00% | 118,428,690 |
| Total direct and overlapping debt | \$ 1,156,005,067 | | \$ 302,296,061 |

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Lehi City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden born by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by dividing the City's taxable assessed value by each overlapping unit's total taxable assessed value.

Sources: Utah State Tax Commission; Alpine School District; Utah County Auditor's Office; Central Utah Water Conservancy District

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 13 LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

| Fiscal Year | | Debt Limit | | Total debt | Leg | gal debt margin |
|--|--------|--|----------|---------------------------------|-----|--|
| 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 | \$ | 224,829,641 190,530,572 177,963,568 167,119,341 168,299,419 189,635,817 220,618,915 250,949,024 284,893,824 317,472,602 | \$ | - - - - - - - | \$ | 224,829,641 190,530,572 177,963,568 167,119,341 168,299,419 189,635,817 220,618,915 250,949,024 284,893,824 317,472,602 |
| Total debt applicable limit as a percentage | | | | | | 0.0% |
| Legal Debt Margin Co | alcula | tion for Fiscal Ye | ear 2018 | 8 | | |
| Estimated market valu | ıe | | | | \$ | 7,936,815,060 |
| Debt limit (4% of mar | ket va | alue) | | | | 317,472,602 |
| Debt applicable to lin | nit | | | | | - |
| Legal debt margin | | | | | \$ | 317,472,602 |

Source: Utah State Tax Commission; Utah County Auditor's Office

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 14 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE WATER REVENUE BONDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

| Fiscal | Gross | Operating | Net Revenue Available for Debt | Debt Se | ervice Requirem | ents (3) | |
|--------|--------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|------------|-----------------|------------|----------|
| Year | Revenues (1) | Expenses (2) | Service | Principal | Interest | Total | Coverage |
| 2009 | \$ 5,200,893 | \$ 2,668,401 | \$ 2,532,492 | \$ 430,000 | \$ 133,951 | \$ 563,951 | 4.49 |
| 2010 | 5,722,876 | 2,375,972 | 3,346,904 | 345,000 | 119,327 | 464,327 | 7.21 |
| 2011 | 5,901,420 | 3,195,015 | 2,706,405 | 355,000 | 107,178 | 462,178 | 5.86 |
| 2012 | 6,611,424 | 2,708,050 | 3,903,374 | 370,000 | 94,383 | 464,383 | 8.41 |
| 2013 | 6,956,808 | 3,215,600 | 3,741,208 | 385,000 | 73,148 | 458,148 | 8.17 |
| 2014 | 8,692,057 | 3,926,658 | 4,765,399 | 400,000 | 66,428 | 466,428 | 10.22 |
| 2015 | 9,113,818 | 4,447,560 | 4,666,258 | 140,000 | 6,860 | 146,860 | 31.77 |
| 2016 | 8,561,431 | 4,448,967 | 4,112,464 | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | 11,583,625 | 6,744,977 | 4,838,648 | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | 13,029,446 | 5,207,971 | 7,821,475 | - | - | - | - |
| | | | | | | | |

⁽¹⁾ Total revenue (including interest and impact fees) for culinary water and secondary water combined.

Amounts are exclusive of any developer fees that are passed through to the Central Valley Water Conservancy District.

⁽²⁾ Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation. Amounts shown are for culinary water and secondary water combined.

⁽³⁾ Amounts shown are for culinary water and secondary water combined.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 15 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE SALES TAX REVENUE BONDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Fiscal Sales Tax Debt Service Requirements Principal Total Coverage Year Revenue Interest \$ \$ 2009 5,727,822 515,000 427,576 942,576 6.08 2010 5,741,667 525,000 414,058 939,058 6.11 2011 5,985,133 550,000 389,371 939,371 6.37 2012 380,434 7.25 6,818,129 560,000 940,434 2013 7,361,030 540,000 358,034 898,034 8.20 8.81 2014 7,904,519 560,000 337,473 897,473 2015 9,060,843 650,000 165,824 815,824 11.11 2016 9,377,782 660,000 150,880 810,880 11.56 2017 10,757,971 680,000 135,700 815,700 13.19 2018 12,062,139 700,000 196,433 13.46 (1) 896,433

⁽¹⁾ The City issued \$5,768,588 in sales tax revenue bonds in fiscal year 2018 to finance the construction of the new fire station.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 16 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE EXCISE TAX ROAD BONDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

| Fiscal | Excise Tax | Debt | Service Require | ments | |
|--------|--------------|------------|-----------------|------------|----------|
| Year | Revenue | Principal | Interest | Total | Coverage |
| 2009 | \$ 1,298,469 | \$ 505,000 | \$ 84,070 | \$ 589,070 | 2.20 |
| 2010 | 1,446,611 | 525,000 | 64,525 | 589,525 | 2.45 |
| 2011 | 1,534,646 | 540,000 | 51,100 | 591,100 | 2.60 |
| 2012 | 1,520,746 | 550,000 | 34,900 | 584,900 | 2.60 |
| 2013 | 1,586,980 | 575,000 | 18,400 | 593,400 | 2.56 |
| 2014 | 1,513,953 | - | - | - | - |
| 2015 | 1,592,893 | - | - | - | - |
| 2016 | 1,785,860 | - | - | - | - |
| 2017 | 2,169,616 | - | - | - | - |
| 2018 | 2,229,760 | - | - | - | - |

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 17 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE ELECTRIC REVENUE BONDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

| | | | | 1 | et Revenue Available | | | _ | | | | |
|--------|-----|-------------|---------------|----|-------------------------|----|----------|------|-------------|-------|-----------|----------|
| Fiscal | | Gross | Operating | | for Debt | | Debt | Serv | ice Require | ments | | |
| Year | R | evenues (1) | Expenses (2) | | Service | P | rincipal | I | nterest | | Total | Coverage |
| 2009 | \$ | 20,144,969 | \$ 18,942,731 | \$ | 1,202,238 | \$ | 540,000 | \$ | 296,110 | \$ | 836,110 | 1.44 |
| 2010 | | 20,228,879 | 18,942,921 | | 1,285,958 | | 600,000 | | 143,957 | | 743,957 | 1.73 |
| 2011 | | 20,907,913 | 19,138,670 | | 1,769,243 | | 600,000 | | 128,398 | | 728,398 | 2.43 |
| 2012 | | 22,771,390 | 18,216,123 | | 4,555,267 | | 600,000 | | 117,490 | | 717,490 | 6.35 |
| 2013 | | 25,857,917 | 21,786,781 | | 4,071,136 | | 630,000 | | 119,249 | | 749,249 | 5.43 |
| 2014 | | 28,948,402 | 22,324,365 | | 6,624,037 | | 700,000 | | 94,032 | | 794,032 | 8.34 |
| 2015 | | 29,919,796 | 23,489,726 | | 6,430,070 | | 740,000 | | 64,703 | | 804,703 | 7.99 |
| 2016 | | 32,413,055 | 24,643,464 | | 7,769,591 | | 745,000 | | 58,782 | | 803,782 | 9.67 |
| 2017 | | 34,068,518 | 26,050,071 | | 8,018,447 | | 755,000 | | 52,078 | | 807,078 | 9.94 |
| 2018 | (3) | 38,653,790 | 27,683,496 | | 10,970,294 | | 760,000 | | 287,365 | | 1,047,365 | 10.47 |

⁽¹⁾ Total revenue (including interest and impact fees).

⁽²⁾ Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation and amortization.

⁽³⁾ The City issued \$18,109,467 in electric revenue bonds in fiscal year 2018 to finance the construction of a new power plant.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 18 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE DRAINAGE REVENUE BONDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

| Net Revenue | |
|-------------|--|
| Available | |

| Fiscal | Gross | Operating | for Debt | | Debt | Servi | ce Require | ments | 3 | |
|----------|--------------|--------------|------------|----|-----------|-------|------------|-------|---------|----------|
| Year | Revenues (1) | Expenses (2) | Service | P | Principal | I | nterest | | Total | Coverage |
| 2009 | \$ 984,694 | \$ 242,283 | \$ 742,411 | \$ | 150,000 | \$ | 68,715 | \$ | 218,715 | 3.39 |
| 2010 | 1,083,110 | 273,040 | 810,070 | | 160,000 | | 60,840 | | 220,840 | 3.67 |
| 2011 (3) | 1,225,501 | 457,221 | 768,280 | | 145,000 | | 62,156 | | 207,156 | 3.71 |
| 2012 | 1,332,332 | 358,815 | 973,517 | | 140,000 | | 82,661 | | 222,661 | 4.37 |
| 2013 | 1,334,947 | 394,904 | 940,043 | | 145,000 | | 77,747 | | 222,747 | 4.22 |
| 2014 | 1,480,016 | 363,271 | 1,116,745 | | 150,000 | | 72,657 | | 222,657 | 5.02 |
| 2015 | 1,394,965 | 368,077 | 1,026,888 | | 160,000 | | 67,393 | | 227,393 | 4.52 |
| 2016 | 1,427,089 | 457,652 | 969,437 | | 150,000 | | 61,776 | | 211,776 | 4.58 |
| 2017 | 1,491,237 | 696,897 | 794,340 | | 155,000 | | 56,511 | | 211,511 | 3.76 |
| 2018 | 1,711,571 | 734,418 | 977,153 | | 160,000 | | 51,986 | | 211,986 | 4.61 |

⁽¹⁾ Total revenue (including interest and impact fees).

⁽²⁾ Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

⁽³⁾ The 2000 drainage bond was refunded and an additional \$1,500,000 was added to the debt to complete the Murdock Canal when the City issued the 2010 drainage bonds.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 19 DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

| Fiscal Year | Population | Personal Income | Per Capita Personal Income (1) | Unemployment Rate (2) | |
|----------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| 2009 | 46,802 | \$ 1,015,041,776 | \$ 21,688 | 4.9 | |
| 2010 | 49,646 | 1,167,376,044 | 23,514 | 7.2 | |
| 2011 | 49,753 | 1,169,892,042 | 23,514 | 7.6 | |
| 2012 | 49,857 | 1,172,337,498 | 23,514 | 6.5 | |
| 2013 | 51,173 | 1,203,281,922 | 23,514 | 4.9 | |
| 2014 | 54,382 | 1,296,640,685 | 23,843 | 3.5 | |
| 2015 | 56,275 | 1,343,453,075 | 23,873 | 3.4 | |
| 2016 | 57,000 | 1,453,767,554 | 25,504 | 3.4 | |
| 2017 | 61,130 | 1,552,978,545 | 25,405 | 3.3 | |
| 2018 | 62,712 | 1,715,886,931 | 27,361 | 3.1 | |

Amounts for calendar year 2010 are estimated at 2 percent greater than calendar year 2009 amounts.

(2) Unemployment rates are for Utah County, Utah.

Sources: Population information provided by the Lehi Planning Department.

Personal income information found at http://www.tax.utah.gov/econstats/income.

Unemployment rates provided by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

⁽¹⁾ Per capita personal income amounts shown are for the tax calendar year that ended during the specified fiscal year.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 20 PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO)

| _ | 2018 | 2009 | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------|--|--|--|
| Employer | Range of Employees | Estimated Employees | Rank | | | |
| IM Flash | 1000-1999 | 1,668 | 1 | | | |
| Adobe | 1000-1999 | | | | | |
| Young Living Essential Oils | 1000-1999 | 123 | 8 | | | |
| Vivint Solar | 1000-1999 | | | | | |
| Alpine School District | 850-1800 | | | | | |
| Ancestry.com | 500-999 | | | | | |
| Xactware | 500-999 | | | | | |
| Younique | 500-999 | | | | | |
| Workfront | 500-999 | | | | | |
| Solutionreach | 500-999 | | | | | |
| Entrata | 500-999 | | | | | |
| Xango | - | 710 | 2 | | | |
| Cabela's | 250-499 | 413 | 3 | | | |
| Thanks giving Point | 250-499 | 375 | 4 | | | |
| Hadco | 250-499 | 274 | 5 | | | |
| Jack B Parson Co. | - | 250 | 6 | | | |
| Costco | 250-499 | 213 | 7 | | | |
| Lowes | 100-249 | 123 | 9 | | | |
| Albertsons | - | 95 | 10 | | | |

Source: Utah Department of Workforce Services

Note: The State of Utah only tracks employees by range of employees. The City does not collect employee information as part of the business license or any other process. Therefore, we are not able to report each employer as a percentage of total employment.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 21 FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

| Function/Program | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| General government | | | | | | | | | | |
| Court | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Administrative | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 6.5 | 9.5 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 15 |
| Treasury | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Finance | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 4 |
| Legal Services | - | - | - | - | 4.5 | 4.5 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5 |
| Legislative (1) | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Public safety | | | | | | | | | | |
| Police | 41.5 | 41.5 | 41.5 | 44.5 | 45 | 48 | 51 | 54 | 59 | 59 |
| Fire | 39 | 39 | 39 | 40 | 40 | 42 | 43 | 46 | 50 | 66 |
| Animal Control | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Community development | | | | | | | | | | |
| Public Works Administration | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Planning and Zoning | 7.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Inspections | 9 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Streets and Highways | | | | | | | | | | |
| Streets and Public Improvements | 10 | 9 | 9 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| Park, recreation and culture | | | | | | | | | | |
| Parks | 18 | 19 | 19 | 21 | 22 | 27 | 27 | 29 | 29 | 29 |
| Senior Citizens | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2.5 | 3 |
| Recreation | 115.5 | 115.5 | 115.5 | 73.5 | 75.5 | 84.5 | 84.5 | 87.5 | 82 | 91 |
| Library | 13 | 13 | 13 | 18 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 21 | 21 | 21 |
| Literacy Center | - | - | - | 5.5 | 5.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6 | 6 |
| Cemetery | 3.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 3 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 4 | 4 | 6 |
| Culinary Water | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 12 |
| Sewer | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 8 | 8 |
| Power | 19 | 19 | 19 | 24.5 | 24.5 | 23.5 | 25.5 | 27.5 | 29 | 32 |
| Secondary Water | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 6.5 | 5.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 5 |
| Storm Drain | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3.65 | 4.65 | 5.65 | 5 |

Note: Full-time equivalent employees shown are based on authorized positions as determined by the salary schedule and the personnel budgets for the specified year.

⁽¹⁾ Legislative is made up of a part-time mayor and 5 part-time council members.

⁽²⁾ Garbage service is contracted out to a private hauler.

⁽³⁾ The public works director oversees drainage. The cleaning and necessary repairs are done by all three water departments.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 22 OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Function/Program | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| Community development | | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential building permits issued | 298 | 243 | 286 | 590 | 569 | 340 | 464 | 548 | 489 | 781 |
| Commercial building permits issued | 35 | 28 | 28 | 38 | 25 | 26 | 165 | 195 | 195 | 183 |
| Court | | | | | | | | | | |
| Traffic and Misdemeanor cases handled | 7,244 | 7,997 | 8,333 | 7,102 | 5,896 | 5,845 | 4,705 | 6,387 | 5,547 | 7,321 |
| Police | | | | | | | | | | |
| Calls for service | 14,041 | 14,326 | 14,062 | 15,278 | 15,575 | 27,087 | 32,130 | 32,534 | 28,602 | 29,832 |
| Arrests | 1,876 | 1,902 | 1,950 | 1,235 | 1,089 | 1,261 | 1,188 | 1,179 | 1,436 | 1,414 |
| Fire | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fire/Medical responses | 2,201 | 2,322 | 2,050 | 2,136 | 2,232 | 2,200 | 2,480 | 2,708 | 2,946 | 3,162 |
| Recreation | , | , | , | , | , | , | Ź | , | , | , |
| Recreation programs | 70 | 72 | 75 | 72 | 71 | 70 | 69 | 72 | 80 | 74 |
| Participants in recreation programs | 22,868 | 22,992 | 22,500 | 23,690 | 24,555 | 25,983 | 27,445 | 28,396 | 27,999 | 28,549 |
| Library | | | | ŕ | • | ŕ | ŕ | ŕ | | ŕ |
| Books in collection | 81,603 | 82,606 | 95,611 | 108,669 | 121,168 | 125,220 | 114,442 | 150,158 | 115,022 | 122,055 |
| Books circulated | 340,629 | 342,819 | 451,362 | 509,764 | 511,130 | 529,218 | 532,094 | 597,433 | 474,778 | 486,687 |
| Cemetery | | | | | | | | | | |
| Acres maintained | 52 | 53 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| Total gravesites | 23,031 | 23,953 | 24,791 | 25,659 | 26,428 | 26,485 | 27,645 | 27,955 | 27,966 | 29,528 |
| Culinary Water | | | | | | | | | | |
| Residential accounts serviced | 10,555 | 10,826 | 12,568 | 13,121 | 13,152 | 14,419 | 14,987 | 15,691 | 16,043 | 16,562 |
| Average daily consumption | 1,765 | 1,767 | 357 | 350 | 263 | 274 | 321 | 349 | 421 | 384 |
| (thousands of gallons) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sewer | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sewer lines miles inspected | 54 | 65 | 80 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 47 | 47 | 58 | 62 |
| Power | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts serviced | 10,953 | 11,212 | 14,817 | 15,010 | 16,279 | 16,764 | 17,873 | 18,879 | 19,656 | 20,693 |
| Megawatt hours sold | 176 | 177 | 223 | 220 | 259 | 270 | 286 | 315 | 342 | 314 |
| Secondary Water | | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts serviced | 9,859 | 10,580 | 11,426 | 11,632 | 12,574 | 13,019 | 13,247 | 15,584 | 14,119 | 14,799 |

Source: City records

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 23 CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Fiscal Year Function/Program Streets and Highways Street lights 1,801 1,803 2,412 2,446 2,506 2,600 2,689 2,910 3,027 2,355 Street miles Police Vehicles Fire Fire stations Fire vehicles Ambulances Public works Incorporated area in square miles 235,000 City buildings in square feet 221,000 235,000 235,000 235,000 235,000 235,000 235,000 321,600 321,600 Parks and recreation Park acreage Baseball/softball diamonds Soccer fields Culinary water Water main line miles Storage capacity (thousands of gallons) 10,000 10,000 9,800 9,800 9,800 8,400 10,400 10,400 10,400 10,400 Sewer Sewer line miles Secondary water Secondary water main line miles Power Power main feeder line miles Overhead line miles

Source: City records