STATE OF UTAH

## **COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014



PREPARED BY:

FINANCE DEPARTMENT



PLONE FRING UTAH'S FUTURE

## COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

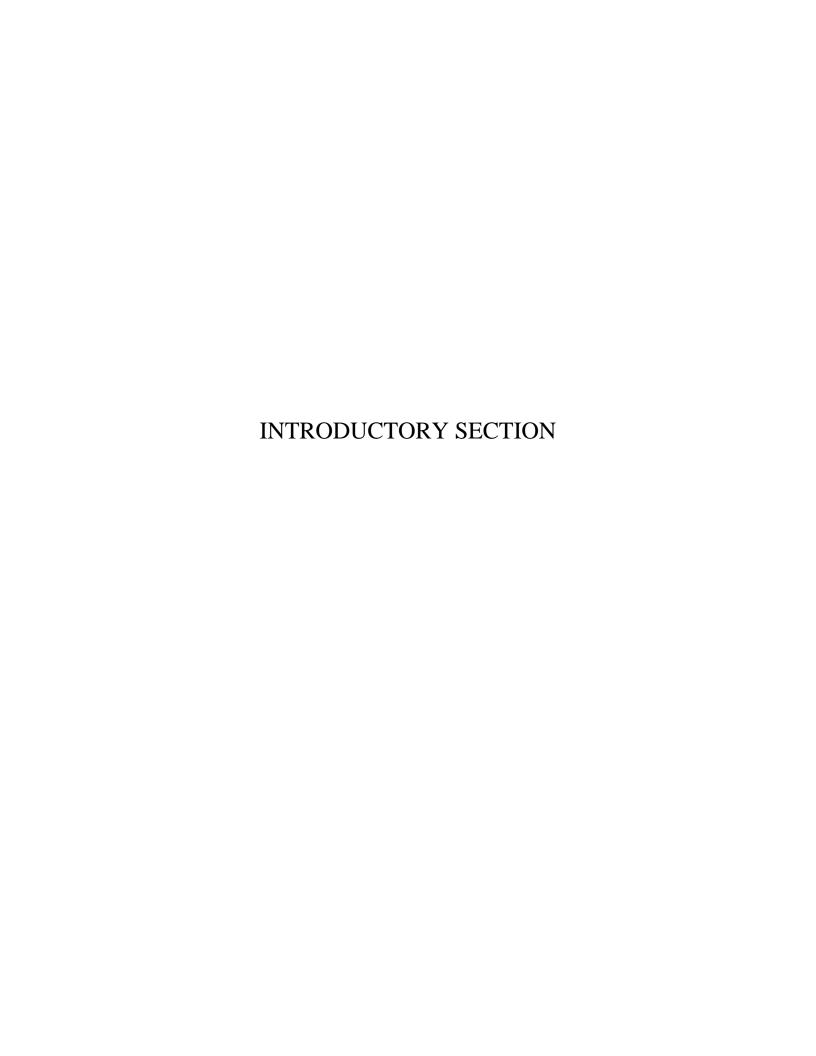
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PLONE FRING UTAH'S FUTURE



153 North 100 East – P.O. Box 255 – Lehi, Utah 84043-1895 801-768-7100 – Fax: 801-768-7101

December 3, 2014

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council and Citizens of Lehi City:

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Lehi City (the City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's basic financial statements have been audited by Osborne Robbins and Buhler, PLLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City's financial statements, for the fiscal year June 30, 2014, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

#### **Profile of the Government**

Lehi is located 12 miles north of Provo and 23 miles south of Salt Lake City. Lehi was settled by Mormon pioneers in 1850 and was known by several different names: Sulphur Springs, Snow's springs, Dry Creek and Evansville. The final name settled on by the Town's people was Lehi. The City was incorporated in 1852. Lehi is Utah's sixth oldest city.

The City has had a traditional Six Member Council form of government since 1852. Policy making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the mayor and five city council members. The governing council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City's administrator, recorder, and treasurer. The City's administrator is responsible for carrying out policies and ordinances of the governing council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing department heads of the various departments. The mayor and city council are elected on a non-partisan basis. City council members serve four-year staggered terms. The mayor is elected to serve a four-year term. The mayor and all five city council seats are elected at large.

Lehi has a rich history. The Overland Stage Coach Route ran through the town. The famous Pony Express Trail ran next to the town. The Transcontinental Telegraph line ran adjacent to the City.



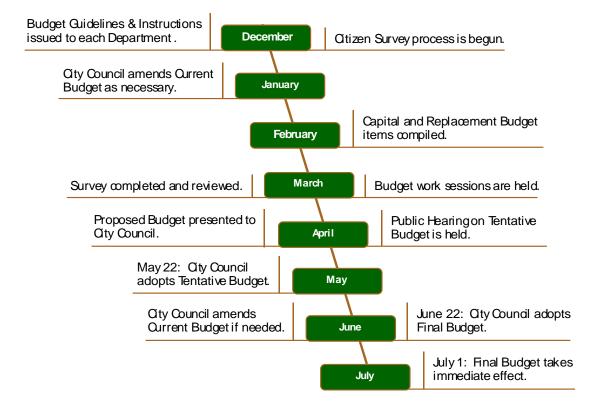
The City is a beautiful place to live. Just to the south is Utah Lake used for boating, fishing and hunting. The river that drains Utah Lake is the Jordan River, which runs through the City. To the east of the City are the beautiful Wasatch Mountains and to the west are the White Mountains and Oquirrh Mountains, all of which are within thirty minutes of Lehi offering a variety of activities including hiking, mountain biking, fishing, camping and skiing.

The City has a very western feel with many of the downtown businesses operating in buildings built in the late 1800s. The Lehi Roundup is a five-day celebration with many different community events, including a stock parade, a grand parade, and a professional rodeo. The Lehi Roundup Rodeo is one of the oldest rodeos in the state. Recently, the City has also started a tradition on the Twenty Fourth of July with its annual foam day when the City Fire Department sprays foam onto a grassy area and the public is allowed to play in the foam for a couple of hours. Booths, stage shows, and a watermelon giveaway are also part of this annual event.



The City provides a full range of services including; police and fire protection, the construction and maintenance of streets and roads, parks, both commercial and residential building inspection, a wide variety of recreational programs and cultural events. The City also owns and operates a culinary water system, a secondary water system, a wastewater system, a storm water system, an electrical distribution system, solid waste collection facilities, a swimming and recreation facility and emergency medical services.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The City's budget process is well laid out, starting in December for a budget that will be adopted by June 22 and goes into effect July 1. The creation of the budget follows the time line on the following page:



The City is required to hold two public hearings on the proposed budget. The first public hearing must be held by May 22 for the adoption of the tentative budget. The second public hearing must be held by June 22 for the adoption of the final budget.

Within the existing budget, the level of the City's budgetary control is established by activity and purpose within each individual fund. Department heads may make transfers of appropriations within their activity. Transfers of appropriations between activities, however, require the special approval of the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund and Redevelopment Agency, a major special revenue fund, the comparisons are presented on page 36. For the capital project funds this comparison is presented on page 81.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

#### **Local Economy**

The City enjoyed strong residential growth for the period of 2000 to 2008; however, the economy for the period from 2008 to 2011 declined due to difficult economic times. The years 2012-2014 have marked an economic recovery for Lehi City and projections for the next couple of years show that growth is starting to increase again. On the Adobe campus, a major development has been completed with a secondary phase in the planning stages. An outlet mall first phase, which includes 70 medium sized retail outlets, was completed in December 2012 and the second phase is nearing completion with 50 more retail outlet stores. Xactware and Blender bottle, two major

commercial buildings were completed in fiscal year 2014. Small strip malls along with quite a few new fast food restaurants have opened in the Thanksgiving Park Area. There are several restaurants such as Chuck A Rama that opened in 2014. A new hospital is also being constructed in Lehi City. A large developer is planning to add a large mall at the north end of the City. The Cabela's store, a one of a kind retailer is enjoying great success. The City has some of the best undeveloped commercial frontage along the Wasatch Front.



Brigham Young University, Utah Valley State College and the University of Utah campuses are within 25 minutes of the City center. These higher education facilities employ more than 3,000 people. These universities provide a strong educated work force for a large number of high tech businesses in the area. The region also provides some of the best medical facilities in the western United States. Utah County, the County in which the City is located, has an unemployment rate of 3.5%, which is similar to the statewide rate.

#### **Long-term Financial Planning**

The City's long term goals are expressed simply as meeting tomorrow's needs with good financial decisions and by continuing to forecast capital improvements into the future. The City administration is currently working on updating the capital facilities plans related to impact fees. Impact fees help the City add the capital improvements that are needed to accommodate new growth. Existing impact fees, which include fire, police, parks, streets, culinary water, secondary water, sewer and power, are expected to remain in line with the current fee levels.

The Mayor, City Council and administration met and developed a City wide business plan in the spring of 2013. The first Phase of the plan is shown below. Another retreat is being scheduled in early 2014 to develop goals, action plans, and tasks to implement the business plan.



The implementation of long term planning has permitted the City to construct some of the finest park systems in our region. From just three parks a few years ago to more than fourteen major facilities today, we have successfully transformed our community's park system and created exceptional open spaces for our citizens' enjoyment. The strategic planning for parks has been expanded to include a trail system that will allow joggers, walkers, and bicyclists to enjoy the Dry Creek Basin which runs through the entire City. The City plans to purchase property for the purpose of developing a new regional sports park.

In our utilities department, the City has developed long term goals, including maintaining a high level of service, and advanced planning that will provide sufficient capacity to meet current and future demands. For example, the culinary water system planning process has required the City Engineer to prepare a capital facilities plan that provides for the provision, storage, and transmission of water resources that will keep up with the demands of our growing community. An example of success in long term planning has been made in the area of power. The long term strategic plan has allowed the City to anticipate power infrastructure needs in a timely manner, and allowed for growth without interruption of service.

Our storm drainage plans include ambitious expansions in the future to deal with the pressures of growth. Likewise, sewer and road systems are under careful review so that as our systems age they can be maintained in a manner that identifies and solves problems before failures occur. The City staff is currently exploring long term financing options for street projects and drainage system improvements. With long term plans, it becomes easier to be proactive rather than reactive.

A long term goal of the City is to maintain the current sense of safety so that citizens are able to enjoy the wide array of programs and activities provided in the community. Lehi's strategic plan has identified the need for a total of 6 fire stations, three on the north and three on the south at the City's build out. We expect to build one of the six fire stations, in the next five to ten years.

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This was the sixteenth consecutive year the government has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded the Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated July 1, 2014. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including its purpose as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

In addition, the City also received the GFOA's Popular Annual Financial Report (herein referred to as PAFR Award) for year ended June 30, 2013. In order to qualify for the PAFR Award, the government must obtain the CAFR award. The PAFR document provides summary information from the CAFR to citizens and is judged by a panel of GFOA professionals.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance, treasury, and administration departments. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the mayor and the governing council for their unfailing support and for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Derek Todd City Administrator David Sanderson Director of Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

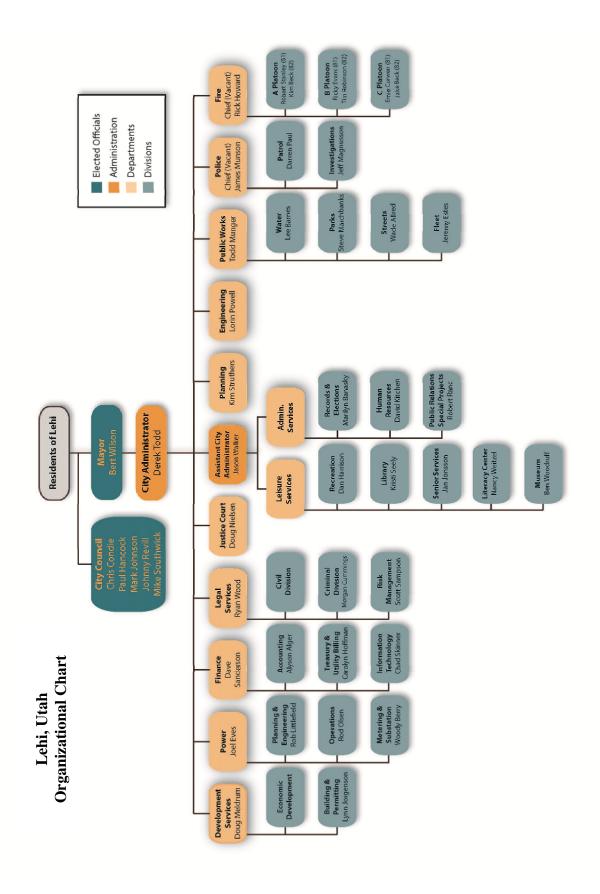
Presented to

## Lehi City Corporation Utah

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2013

Executive Director/CEO





## **Principal Officials**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

**Bert Wilson** 

Mayor

**Chris Condie** 

Councilperson

**Mark Johnson** 

Councilperson

**Paul Hancock** 

Councilperson

Johnny Revill

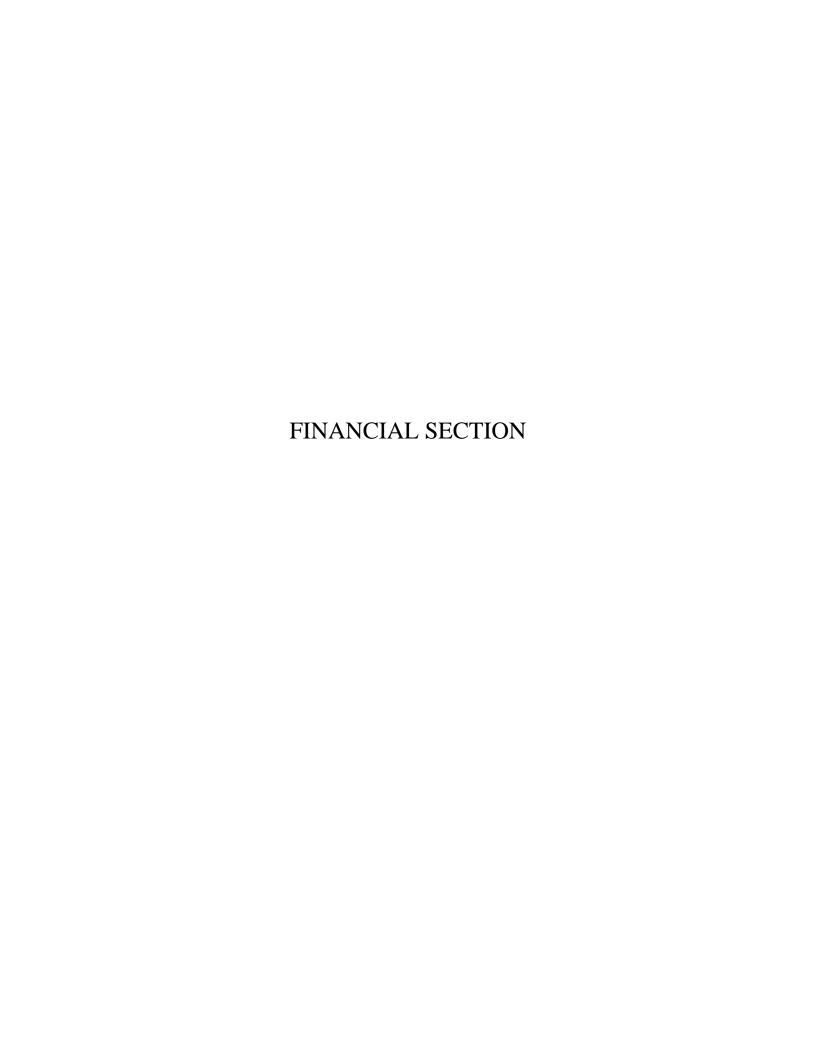
Councilperson

**Michael Southwick** 

Councilperson

**Derek Todd** 

City Administrator





PLONE FRING UTAH'S FUTURE

## OSBORNE, ROBBINS & BUHLER, P.L.L.C. Certified Public Accountants

4527 SOUTH 2300 EAST, SUITE 201 • SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH 84117-4446 • PHONE: 308-0220 • FAX: 274-8589

# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Lehi City Corporation, Utah

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lehi City Corporation, Utah (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lehi City Corporation as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Redevelopment Agency for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 17 through 29 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 3, 2014 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

O slome Rollins & Buller PLLC

December 3, 2014

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

As management of the City, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 3-9 of this report.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$367,088,632 (*net position*).
- The total net position of \$367,088,632 is comprised of \$421,750,877 in net investment in capital assets, \$17,623,096 restricted, and (\$72,285,341) unrestricted.
- The City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$19,253,203 which is an increase of \$2,617,131 from fund balance reported in 2013 of \$16,636,072. \$116,844 of this increase was due to a prior period adjustment related to the reclassification of the Hutchings Museum from being a discretely presented component unit in prior years, to being a department of the general fund of the City beginning in 2014.
- The City's total debt increased by a net of \$12,043,421 during the current fiscal year.
  - There was an increase in the tax increment notes payable to a developer of \$17,953,052, \$475,000 of which was related to the cost of further development within the Thanksgiving Point Economic Development Area and the remaining \$17,478,052 for development within the Alpine Highway West Economic Development Project area. The City made a principal payment of \$3,107,440 on the notes payable to developers connected with the various economic development projects. It is important to note that, if tax increment collections from the Alpine Highway Economic Development Area are insufficient to fully repay the tax increment note payable, the remaining balance will not be repaid to the developer.
  - The City issued \$7,210,000 in 2014 Sales Tax Revenue and Refunding bonds, the proceeds of which were used to refund \$7,055,000 remaining outstanding amounts from the City's 2003 Sales Tax Revenue bonds and 2004 Sales Tax Revenue and Refunding bonds.
  - The City also issued \$4,560,000 in 2014 Electric Revenue and Refunding bonds, the proceeds of which were used to refund \$4,500,000 outstanding from the City's 2009 Electric Refunding bonds.
  - The City paid \$1,199,319 on the 2003 Water Refunding bonds in advance of the required debt service requirements, paying the bonds in full during 2014.
  - Other decreases to debt were from regularly scheduled principal payments.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to of the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

**Government-wide financial statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- The *statement of net position* presents information on all the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial state of the City is improving or deteriorating.
- The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, community development, streets and highways, parks, recreation and culture, and cemetery. The business-type activities of the City include culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, drainage, and garbage.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate entity, the Hutchings Museum, for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for this entity has been included as a department within the general fund. The Redevelopment Agency, although legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the City, and therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 32-33 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the capital projects fund, and the redevelopment agency special revenue fund which are considered to be major funds.

The City adopts annual appropriated budgets for its general fund and its special revenue redevelopment agency fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and the redevelopment agency fund to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statement can be found on pages 34-36 of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds, enterprise funds and internal service funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, drainage, and garbage operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, and drainage funds, which are considered to be major funds of the City. The garbage fund is the only non-major proprietary fund.

The City of Lehi uses three *internal service funds* to account for its fleet maintenance, risk management activities and computer maintenance and replacement activities. These are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in the report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 38-42 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 43-74 of this report.

**Other information.** Individual fund schedules and combining statements and schedules can be found on pages 76-85 of this report.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial state. In the case of the City, net position was \$367,088,632 at the close of the most recent year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, intangible assets, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure assets); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position (\$17,623,096) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

As of June 30, 2014, the net position of the City's business-type activities totaled \$228,114,296 compared to \$206,980,811 in 2013. The business-type activities reported an increase in net position of \$21,133,485. \$12,910,629 of this increase in net position can be attributed to capital grants and contributions, including contributions of infrastructure.

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total			
	2014		2013		2014		2013		2014		2013	
\$	39,755,923 234,294,389 274,050,312	\$	40,522,802 230,107,806 270,630,608	\$	32,221,921 210,689,699 242,911,620	\$	27,788,980 195,565,188 223,354,168	\$	71,977,844 444,984,088 516,961,932	\$	68,311,782 425,672,994 493,984,776	
\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	151,799	\$	155,254	\$	151,799	\$	155,254	
\$	113,357,774 5,158,607 711,165 119,227,546	\$	98,909,259 5,555,302 676,689 105,141,250	\$	9,068,592 6,591,696 (711,165) 14,949,123	\$	11,473,686 5,731,614 (676,689) 16,528,611	\$	122,426,366 11,750,303 - 134,176,669	\$	110,382,945 11,286,916 - 121,669,861	
\$	15,848,430	\$	18,354,140	\$	-	\$		\$	15,848,430	\$	18,354,140	
•	219,129,389 8,560,047 (88,715,100)	•	214,537,806 6,470,224 (73,872,812)	-	202,621,488 9,063,049 16,429,759	•	184,918,965 8,545,937 13,515,909	-6	421,750,877 17,623,096 (72,285,341)	•	399,456,771 15,016,161 (60,356,903) 354,116,029	
	\$	\$ 39,755,923 234,294,389 \$ 274,050,312 \$ - 113,357,774 5,158,607 711,165 \$ 119,227,546 \$ 15,848,430 219,129,389 8,560,047 (88,715,100)	\$ 39,755,923 \$ 234,294,389 \$ 274,050,312 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	\$ 39,755,923 \$ 40,522,802 234,294,389 230,107,806 \$ 274,050,312 \$ 270,630,608 \$	2014     2013       \$ 39,755,923     \$ 40,522,802     \$ 234,294,389       \$ 274,050,312     \$ 270,630,608     \$       \$ -     \$ -     \$       113,357,774     98,909,259     5,158,607     5,555,302       711,165     676,689       \$ 119,227,546     \$ 105,141,250     \$       \$ 15,848,430     \$ 18,354,140     \$       219,129,389     214,537,806       8,560,047     6,470,224       (88,715,100)     (73,872,812)	2014     2013     2014       \$ 39,755,923	2014       2013       2014         \$ 39,755,923       \$ 40,522,802       \$ 32,221,921       \$ 234,294,389         \$ 274,050,312       \$ 270,630,608       \$ 242,911,620       \$         \$ -       \$ -       \$ 151,799       \$         \$ 113,357,774       98,909,259       9,068,592       6,591,696         \$ 711,165       676,689       (711,165)       \$         \$ 119,227,546       \$ 105,141,250       \$ 14,949,123       \$         \$ 15,848,430       \$ 18,354,140       \$ -       \$         \$ 219,129,389       214,537,806       202,621,488       8,560,047       6,470,224       9,063,049         \$ 8,560,047       6,470,224       9,063,049       16,429,759       16,429,759	2014         2013         2014         2013           \$ 39,755,923         \$ 40,522,802         \$ 32,221,921         \$ 27,788,980           234,294,389         230,107,806         210,689,699         195,565,188           \$ 274,050,312         \$ 270,630,608         \$ 242,911,620         \$ 223,354,168           \$ -         \$ -         \$ 151,799         \$ 155,254           113,357,774         98,909,259         9,068,592         11,473,686           5,158,607         5,555,302         6,591,696         5,731,614           711,165         676,689         (711,165)         (676,689)           \$ 119,227,546         \$ 105,141,250         \$ 14,949,123         \$ 16,528,611           \$ 15,848,430         \$ 18,354,140         \$ -         \$ -           219,129,389         214,537,806         202,621,488         184,918,965           8,560,047         6,470,224         9,063,049         8,545,937           (88,715,100)         (73,872,812)         16,429,759         13,515,909	2014         2013         2014         2013           \$ 39,755,923         \$ 40,522,802         \$ 32,221,921         \$ 27,788,980         \$ 234,294,389         \$ 230,107,806         \$ 210,689,699         195,565,188         \$ 274,050,312         \$ 270,630,608         \$ 242,911,620         \$ 223,354,168         \$ \$           \$ -         \$ -         \$ 151,799         \$ 155,254         \$ \$           \$ 113,357,774         98,909,259         9,068,592         11,473,686         5,731,614           \$ 5,158,607         5,555,302         6,591,696         5,731,614         (676,689)         (711,165)         (676,689)           \$ 119,227,546         \$ 105,141,250         \$ 14,949,123         \$ 16,528,611         \$           \$ 15,848,430         \$ 18,354,140         \$ -         \$ -         \$           \$ 219,129,389         214,537,806         202,621,488         184,918,965         8,560,047         6,470,224         9,063,049         8,545,937         8,545,937         (88,715,100)         (73,872,812)         16,429,759         13,515,909         13,515,909         13,515,909         13,515,909         13,515,909         13,515,909         13,515,909         13,515,909         13,515,909         13,515,909         13,515,909         13,515,909         13,515,909 <td< td=""><td>2014         2013         2014         2013         2014           \$ 39,755,923         \$ 40,522,802         \$ 32,221,921         \$ 27,788,980         \$ 71,977,844           234,294,389         230,107,806         210,689,699         195,565,188         444,984,088           \$ 274,050,312         \$ 270,630,608         \$ 242,911,620         \$ 223,354,168         \$ 516,961,932           \$ -         \$ -         \$ 151,799         \$ 155,254         \$ 151,799           113,357,774         98,909,259         9,068,592         11,473,686         122,426,366           5,158,607         5,555,302         6,591,696         5,731,614         11,750,303           711,165         676,689         (711,165)         (676,689)         -           \$ 119,227,546         \$ 105,141,250         \$ 14,949,123         \$ 16,528,611         \$ 134,176,669           \$ 15,848,430         \$ 18,354,140         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 15,848,430           219,129,389         214,537,806         202,621,488         184,918,965         421,750,877           8,560,047         6,470,224         9,063,049         8,545,937         17,623,096           (88,715,100)         (73,872,812)         16,429,759         13,515,909         (72,285,341)  <!--</td--><td>2014         2013         2014         2013         2014           \$ 39,755,923         \$ 40,522,802         \$ 32,221,921         \$ 27,788,980         \$ 71,977,844         \$ 234,294,389         230,107,806         210,689,699         195,565,188         444,984,088         444,984,088         \$ 274,050,312         \$ 270,630,608         \$ 242,911,620         \$ 223,354,168         \$ 516,961,932         \$           \$         -         \$         -         \$ 151,799         \$ 155,254         \$ 151,799         \$           \$         5,158,607         5,555,302         6,591,696         5,731,614         11,750,303         711,165         676,689         (711,165)         (676,689)         -         \$ 119,227,546         \$ 105,141,250         \$ 14,949,123         \$ 16,528,611         \$ 134,176,669         \$           \$         15,848,430         \$ 18,354,140         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 15,848,430         \$           \$         219,129,389         214,537,806         202,621,488         184,918,965         421,750,877         8,560,047         6,470,224         9,063,049         8,545,937         17,623,096         (72,285,341)         16,429,759         13,515,909         (72,285,341)</td></td></td<>	2014         2013         2014         2013         2014           \$ 39,755,923         \$ 40,522,802         \$ 32,221,921         \$ 27,788,980         \$ 71,977,844           234,294,389         230,107,806         210,689,699         195,565,188         444,984,088           \$ 274,050,312         \$ 270,630,608         \$ 242,911,620         \$ 223,354,168         \$ 516,961,932           \$ -         \$ -         \$ 151,799         \$ 155,254         \$ 151,799           113,357,774         98,909,259         9,068,592         11,473,686         122,426,366           5,158,607         5,555,302         6,591,696         5,731,614         11,750,303           711,165         676,689         (711,165)         (676,689)         -           \$ 119,227,546         \$ 105,141,250         \$ 14,949,123         \$ 16,528,611         \$ 134,176,669           \$ 15,848,430         \$ 18,354,140         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 15,848,430           219,129,389         214,537,806         202,621,488         184,918,965         421,750,877           8,560,047         6,470,224         9,063,049         8,545,937         17,623,096           (88,715,100)         (73,872,812)         16,429,759         13,515,909         (72,285,341) </td <td>2014         2013         2014         2013         2014           \$ 39,755,923         \$ 40,522,802         \$ 32,221,921         \$ 27,788,980         \$ 71,977,844         \$ 234,294,389         230,107,806         210,689,699         195,565,188         444,984,088         444,984,088         \$ 274,050,312         \$ 270,630,608         \$ 242,911,620         \$ 223,354,168         \$ 516,961,932         \$           \$         -         \$         -         \$ 151,799         \$ 155,254         \$ 151,799         \$           \$         5,158,607         5,555,302         6,591,696         5,731,614         11,750,303         711,165         676,689         (711,165)         (676,689)         -         \$ 119,227,546         \$ 105,141,250         \$ 14,949,123         \$ 16,528,611         \$ 134,176,669         \$           \$         15,848,430         \$ 18,354,140         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 15,848,430         \$           \$         219,129,389         214,537,806         202,621,488         184,918,965         421,750,877         8,560,047         6,470,224         9,063,049         8,545,937         17,623,096         (72,285,341)         16,429,759         13,515,909         (72,285,341)</td>	2014         2013         2014         2013         2014           \$ 39,755,923         \$ 40,522,802         \$ 32,221,921         \$ 27,788,980         \$ 71,977,844         \$ 234,294,389         230,107,806         210,689,699         195,565,188         444,984,088         444,984,088         \$ 274,050,312         \$ 270,630,608         \$ 242,911,620         \$ 223,354,168         \$ 516,961,932         \$           \$         -         \$         -         \$ 151,799         \$ 155,254         \$ 151,799         \$           \$         5,158,607         5,555,302         6,591,696         5,731,614         11,750,303         711,165         676,689         (711,165)         (676,689)         -         \$ 119,227,546         \$ 105,141,250         \$ 14,949,123         \$ 16,528,611         \$ 134,176,669         \$           \$         15,848,430         \$ 18,354,140         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 15,848,430         \$           \$         219,129,389         214,537,806         202,621,488         184,918,965         421,750,877         8,560,047         6,470,224         9,063,049         8,545,937         17,623,096         (72,285,341)         16,429,759         13,515,909         (72,285,341)	

**Governmental activities.** During 2014 governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$8,160,882 (net of a prior period adjustment that increased net position by \$432,687) compared to an increase in net position in 2013 of \$8,068,945. Some specific factors making up the change in net position during 2013 include:

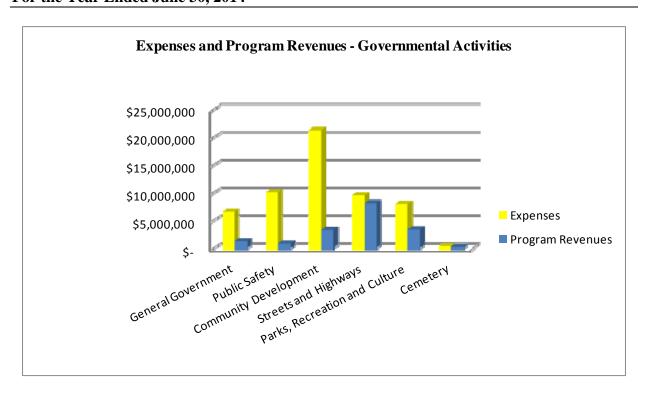
• Expenses of the governmental activities increased from 2013 to 2014 by \$6,682,749 with the largest increase having to do with community development expenses associated with the Alpine Highway West Economic Development Project.

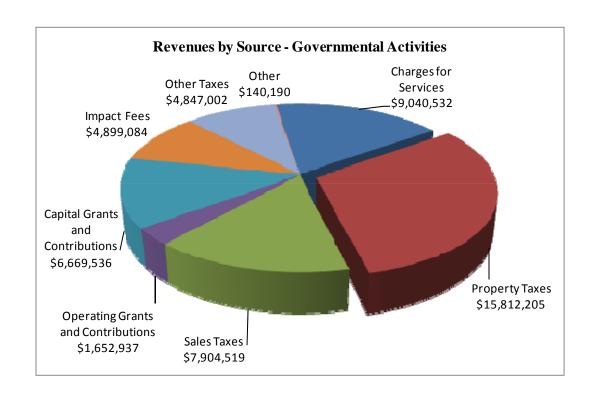
# **LEHI CITY CORPORATION Management's Discussion and Analysis**

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

• Capital grants and contributions were higher than in 2013 by approximately \$4.0 million. In 2014 the City recognized over \$6.6 million in capital grant revenues related to infrastructure installed by developers during the year.

	Government	al Act	ivities	Business-type Activities		tivities	T		Cotal	
	 2014		2013	 2014		2013		2014		2013
Revenues:										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 9,040,532	\$	8,620,733	\$ 40,971,107	\$	39,518,055	\$	50,011,639	\$	48,138,788
Operating grants and										
contributions	1,652,937		1,990,385	-		-		1,652,937		1,990,385
Capital grants and										
contributions	6,669,536		2,693,363	13,031,629		9,991,274		19,701,165		12,684,637
General revenues:								_		-
Property taxes	15,812,205		14,014,696	_		-		15,812,205		14,014,696
Sales and other taxes	12,751,521		11,643,868	_		-		12,751,521		11,643,868
Impact fees	4,899,084		4,727,508	7,617,749		4,273,216		12,516,833		9,000,724
Other	140,190		214,002	706,730		387,731		846,920		601,733
Total revenues	50,966,005		43,904,555	62,327,215		54,170,276		113,293,220		98,074,831
T.										
Expenses:								* *00 00#		
General government	6,608,885		5,602,138	-		-		6,608,885		5,602,138
Public safety	10,046,876		9,487,082	-		-		10,046,876		9,487,082
Community development	21,231,389		17,364,548	-		-		21,231,389		17,364,548
Highways/streets	9,496,924		8,753,776	-		-		9,496,924		8,753,776
Parks, recreation, and										
culture	8,023,291		7,585,566	-		-		8,023,291		7,585,566
Cemetery	362,172		315,796	-		-		362,172		315,796
Interest on long-term debt	4,520,957		4,498,839	-		-		4,520,957		4,498,839
Culinary Water	-		-	3,409,071		2,848,555		3,409,071		2,848,555
Sewer	-		-	6,248,401		6,218,600		6,248,401		6,218,600
Pressurized Irrigation	-		-	2,747,577		2,604,120		2,747,577		2,604,120
Electric	-		-	24,328,858		23,776,549		24,328,858		23,776,549
Drainage	-		-	1,301,784		1,299,785		1,301,784		1,299,785
Garbage	 -			 2,427,119		2,243,542		2,427,119		2,243,542
Total expenses	60,290,494		53,607,745	 40,462,810		38,991,151		100,753,304		92,598,896
Increase (decrease) in net										
position before transfers	(9,324,489)		(9,703,190)	21,864,405		15,179,125		12,539,916		5,475,935
	(-,-,,,		(-,,,	,,		.,,		,,-		.,,.
Transfers	 730,920		730,920	 (730,920)		(730,920)		-		
Increase in net position	(8,593,569)		(8,972,270)	21,133,485		14,448,205		12,539,916		5,475,935
Net position, beginning,										
as previously reported	147,135,218		155,204,163	206,980,811		187,230,897		354,116,029		342,435,060
Daise a serie de dissetue ent	122 697		002 225			5 201 700		422 697		6 205 024
Prior period adjustment	 432,687		903,325	 		5,301,709	_	432,687		6,205,034
Net position, beginning,										
as restated	 147,567,905		156,107,488	 206,980,811	-	192,532,606		354,548,716		348,640,094
Net position, ending	\$ 138,974,336	\$	147,135,218	\$ 228,114,296	\$	206,980,811	\$	367,088,632	\$	354,116,029



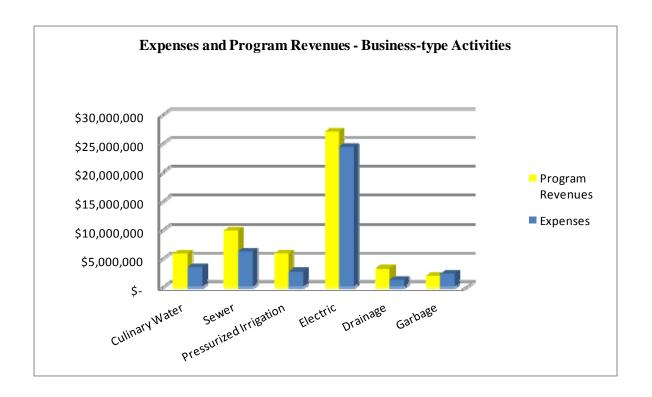


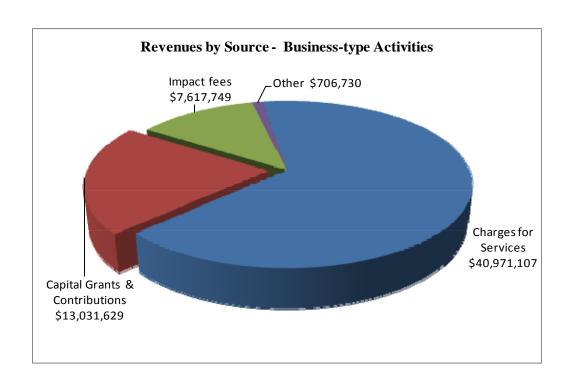
# LEHI CITY CORPORATION Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

For the most part, increases in expenses closely followed growth in demand for services. As mentioned above, total expenses of the governmental activities increased by \$6,682,749 over 2013. In addition to the community development expenses previously mentioned, the City experienced increases in all other governmental activities during 2014 due primarily to cost of living increases provided to City personnel as well as increases in health insurance premiums.

**Business-type activities.** Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$21,133,485. At the end of the current fiscal year, all of the City's major business-type activities reported positive net position. Key elements of the increase in net position are as follows:

- Charges for services in the business-type activities increased over 2013 by \$1,453,052 (3.7%). Most of the enterprise funds experienced an increase in charges for services over 2013. The increase was the result of growth in the area. Fees were not increased during 2014. Prior to 2014, the City had gradually increased services fees slightly over the prior few years to ensure that user fees are adequate to fund operating expenses.
- Capital grants and contributions for the business-type activities added \$13,031,629 to the net position of the City. This amount was an increase of \$3,040,355 from the previous year. The increase was a result of an upturn in contributions from developers for infrastructure related to new residential and commercial development.
- Impact fees increased by approximately 78% also as a result of the upturn in development.
- Expenses of the business-type activities increased by \$1,471,659 from the prior year. The
  increase is primarily due to increases in system maintenance costs and purchased power
  costs.





## Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$19,253,203. \$6,645,733 of this total amount (34.5%) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is either *nonspendable*, *restricted*, *committed or assigned* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it 1) is not in a spendable form, 2) has constraints imposed either externally or by law, 3) has constraints imposed by formal resolution of the city council, or 4) is or intended by the city council and the city manager to be used for specific purposes.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$6,645,733, while total fund balance reached \$8,360,653. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 22.7% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 28.5% of that same amount. The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$493,635 during the current fiscal year. Part of the increase in fund balance was due to transfers from other funds, including the Redevelopment Agency Fund.

The special revenue Redevelopment Agency Fund has an assigned fund balance of \$757,500. The project areas that received tax increment revenues in the current year were the Mill Pond Project, the Alpine Highway Project, the Alpine Highway West Project Area, the Thanksgiving Park Economic Development Project Area and the Traverse Mountain Community Development Area. Overall, the fund experienced a decrease in fund balance of \$288,287.

The capital projects fund had an increase in fund balance in the amount of \$2,294,939, which resulted in a fund balance of \$10,135,050, \$8,274,991 representing restricted fund balance, with an assigned fund balance of \$1,860,059.

**Proprietary funds.** The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the business-type portions of the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at the end of the year totaled \$15,718,594. Individually, the electric fund's unrestricted net position totaled \$6,856,523, the drainage unrestricted net position totaled \$3,038,270. Until 2013, the culinary water fund, the sewer fund, pressurized irrigation had all reported deficits in unrestricted but, again, as of June 30, 2014, all were in a positive unrestricted net position. The non-major enterprise fund reported a positive unrestricted net position amount of \$353,283. Other factors concerning the finances of these proprietary funds can be found earlier in this section under business-type activities.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

During the fiscal year, the General Fund's budget was amended from budgeted expenditures totaling \$29,177,893 to a final budget of \$30,135,893, an increase of \$958,000. This increase was related primarily to increased non-department (general government), police, streets and highways, parks and recreation operating costs, including personnel costs and capital expenditures. Budgeted transfers to other funds were also amended by \$1,500,000 to a final budget of \$1,800,000. These adjustments were funded primarily by appropriating fund balance.

- Tax revenues recognized in 2014 were \$1,030,649 more than budgeted. The majority of this was related to higher than anticipated sales tax revenues.
- Charges for services, particularly ambulance fees and recreation fees were higher than budgeted by a total of \$505,112.
- Total expenditures were less than the final budgeted amounts by \$838,364 with no department exceeding its budget.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2014 amounts to \$444,984,088 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements including infrastructure and distribution systems, machinery and equipment, vehicles, and office furniture and equipment.

Major capital asset activity during the current fiscal year included the following:

- In the governmental activities, there was an increase to capital assets related to the remodel of the City's outdoor pool building. Total costs incurred on that project were \$1,106,252.
- In the Pressurized Irrigation fund, the largest increase to capital assets, other than donated infrastructure, was related to the construction of the Sandpit Reservoir. Total costs incurred on that project through June 30, 2014 were \$1,481,713.
- Infrastructure, land, and water rights were donated to the City by developers. The estimated fair value of the infrastructure, land and water rights donated in the governmental and business-type activities was \$6,669,536 and \$13,031,629, respectively.
- Intangible assets in the business-type activities increased by \$2,691,600. The increase was due to the contribution of water shares by developers as required by the City's development code. Water shares are allocated between the Water and Pressurized Irrigation funds.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION CAPITAL ASSETS (net of depreciation)

	Govern	mental	Busine	ess-type			
	Activ	rities	Acti	vities	Total		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Land	\$ 90,724,147	\$ 87,343,805	\$ 2,336,469	\$ 2,336,469	\$ 93,060,616	\$ 89,680,274	
Intangibles	-	-	42,979,258	40,287,658	42,979,258	40,287,658	
Construction in progress	3,851,232	4,271,659	4,987,111	2,126,525	8,838,343	6,398,184	
Buildings and structures	14,686,128	14,035,433	1,733,512	1,822,280	16,419,640	15,857,713	
Improvements, including infrastructure	119,652,760	120,268,610	157,692,812	147,762,661	277,345,572	268,031,271	
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	5,131,606	4,006,411	940,408	1,204,642	6,072,014	5,211,053	
Office furniture and equipment	248,516	181,888	20,129	24,953	268,645	206,841	
Total	\$ 234,294,389	\$ 230,107,806	\$ 210,689,699	\$ 195,565,188	\$ 444,984,088	\$ 425,672,994	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in note F on pages 56-57 of this report.

**Long-term liabilities.** At the end of the current fiscal year the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$21,785,000, all of which represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e. revenue bonds).

## LEHI CITY CORPORATION LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	Govern Activ	mental vities		ess-type vities	Total		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Tax increment notes payable							
to developers	\$ 95,772,209	\$ 80,926,594	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 95,772,209	\$ 80,926,594	
Other notes payable	-	-	1,600,010	1,782,404	1,600,010	1,782,404	
Revenue bonds	15,165,000	15,570,000	6,620,000	8,863,819	21,785,000	24,433,819	
Other liabilities	2,420,565	2,412,665	848,582	827,463	3,269,147	3,240,128	
Total	\$ 113,357,774	\$ 98,909,259	\$ 9,068,592	\$ 11,473,686	\$ 122,426,366	\$ 110,382,945	

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

The City increased its total debt by \$12,043,421 in fiscal year 2014. Major long-term debt activity included the following:

- As mentioned, during 2014, the City issued notes payable to developers in two economic development project areas totaling \$17,953,052.
- \$3,107,440 in principal payments were made on four of the notes payable to developers.
- The City's 2003 and 2004 Sales Tax Revenue bonds were refunded with the issuance of 2014 Sales Tax Revenue and Refunding bonds.
- The City's 2009 Electric Refunding bonds were refunded with the issuance of 2014 Electric Revenue and Refunding bonds.
- The City paid off the 2003 Water Refunding bonds ahead of the required debt service schedule.
- Other reductions in debt were attributable to regular principal reductions.

The refunding bonds issued in 2014 were negotiated private placements. As a result, the City did not obtain a credit rating from the rating agencies.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 4% of its total taxable value. The current limitation for the City is \$128,215,577 and the City currently has no general obligation debt. In addition, state statutes allow for an additional 4% to be used for business-type debt, thus resulting in a debt limit of 8% of total taxable value. The current limitation for business-type projects is \$256,431,110, which significantly exceeds the outstanding business-type debt the City currently has.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in note H on pages 58-67 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- The City's percentage increase in sales tax is among the leaders of the State of Utah.
- The current unemployment rate for Utah County is 3.4% (unemployment data is not available for the City). The City is experiencing strong commercial and residential growth. Several large businesses have located in the City including a new outdoor outlet mall.
- The City administration will continue to examine utility rates and update them as needed. For the fiscal year 2015 the City increased the base sewer fee \$3 per month to meet the increasing fee requirements of the sewer plant in which the City participates.

The above factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2015 fiscal year. The 2015 budget is balanced without a property tax rate increase. The City increased the based sewer fee in response to a rate increase at the sewer treatment facility utilized by the City.

New residential construction continues in the City. In addition to residential construction, a new IASIS hospital, located east of the I-15 corridor, is currently under construction. A Porsche Audi dealership is also planned for the City and will be located along State Route 92. Thanksgiving Park will be the home of yet another new office building which is currently under construction.

# Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2014

The Alpine School District is the process of building a second high school within the City. The school is located at 3200 North and Center Street, just south of State Route 92 and will be opened for the 2015-2016 school year.

The additional tax revenue generated by the new development will be needed to fund the additional required City services. The City has a full time fire/EMS service, but the City is in need of additional stations. Services such as parks, police and library services will be improved with revenue increases. During the 2015 fiscal year, the City hopes to purchase new property that will accommodate a sports park.

#### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 153 North 100 East, Lehi, Utah, 84043.



PLONE FRING UTAH'S FUTURE



	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT						
	GOVERNMENTAL			SINESS-TYPE			
		ACTIVITIES		ACTIVITIES		TOTAL	
ASSETS							
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	11,459,130	\$	13,996,830	\$	25,455,960	
RECEIVABLES (NET)							
ACCOUNTS		-		4,127,050		4,127,050	
UNBILLED		-		601,571		601,571	
TAXES		17,613,593		-		17,613,593	
INTERGOVERNMENTAL		280,205		-		280,205	
OTHER		571,414		-		571,414	
ADVANCE BILLING ON DEPOSIT WITH POWER SUPPLIER		-		229,175		229,175	
PREPAID EXPENSES		52,856		44,027		96,883	
INVENTORY		46,848		2,660,229		2,707,077	
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		9,366,786		9,264,711		18,631,497	
RESTRICTED IMPACT FEES RECEIVABLE		365,091		1,298,328		1,663,419	
NON-DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS		94,575,379		50,302,838		144,878,217	
DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		139,719,010		160,386,861		300,105,871	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	274,050,312	\$	242,911,620	\$	516,961,932	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES DEFERRED CHARGE ON REFUNDING	¢		¢	151,799	¢	151,799	
DEFERRED CHARGE ON REPUNDING	\$		\$	131,799	\$	131,799	
LIABILITIES							
INTERFUND BALANCES	\$	711.165	\$	(711,165)	\$	_	
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	Ψ	1.027.014	Ψ	` ' '	Ψ	5 460 622	
LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS		1,027,014		4,433,619		5,460,633	
		420.000		1 400 000		1 020 050	
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		429,868		1,499,990		1,929,858	
ACCRUED INTEREST WAGES PAYABLE		125,954 291,779		71 690		125,954	
		,		71,680		363,459	
ACCRUED LIABILITIES ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE		1,312,808 1,971,184		22,722		1,312,808 1,993,906	
CUSTOMER DEPOSITS				,			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		-		563,685		563,685	
DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		1 200 540		1 207 262		2 615 912	
DUE IN MORE THAN ONE YEAR:		1,308,549		1,307,263		2,615,812	
COMPENSATED ABSENCES		1 511 000		619,665		2,130,764	
LANDFILL POSTCLOSURE COSTS		1,511,099 250,917		019,003		2,130,764	
TAX INCREMENT NOTE PAYABLE TO DEVELOPER		95,772,209		-		95,772,209	
OTHER NOTES PAYABLE  OTHER NOTES PAYABLE		93,772,209		1,561,664		1,561,664	
BONDS PAYABLE		14,515,000		5,580,000		20,095,000	
TOTAL LIADIUTES	Ф.	110 227 546		14.040.122		124 176 660	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	119,227,546	\$	14,949,123	\$	134,176,669	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
PROPERTY TAXES	\$	15,848,430	\$	-	\$	15,848,430	
NET POSITION							
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS		219,129,389		202,621,488		421,750,877	
RESTRICTED FOR							
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS		8,089,020		9,054,134		17,143,154	
DEBT SERVICE		471,027		8,915		479,942	
UNRESTRICTED (DEFICIT)		(88,715,100)		16,429,759		(72,285,341)	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	138,974,336	\$	228,114,296	\$	367,088,632	

					NET REVENUE (EXPENSE) AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION							
			PROGRAM REVENUE	S	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL					
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:												
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES												
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	\$ 6,608,885	\$ 1,280,770	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (5,328,115)	\$ -	\$ (5,328,115)					
PUBLIC SAFETY	10,046,876	735,826	110,988	-	(9,200,062)	-	(9,200,062)					
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	21,231,389	3,380,948	,	_	(17,850,441)	_	(17,850,441)					
STREETS AND HIGHWAYS	9,496,924	-	1,513,953	6,662,812	(1,320,159)	_	(1,320,159)					
PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE	8,023,291	3,442,123	27,996	6,724	(4,546,448)	_	(4,546,448)					
CEMETERY	362,172	200,865	27,220	5,721	(161,307)	_	(161,307)					
INTEREST ON LONG-TERM DEBT	4,520,957	200,003	_	_	(4,520,957)	_	(4,520,957)					
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	60,290,494	9,040,532	1,652,937	6,669,536	(42,927,489)		(42,927,489)					
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES												
CULINARY WATER	3,409,071	3,387,526	_	2,470,646	_	2,449,101	2,449,101					
SEWER	6,248,401	7,518,893	_	2,356,065	_	3,626,557	3,626,557					
PRESSURIZED IRRIGATION	2,747,577	2,236,370		3,670,865		3,159,658	3,159,658					
ELECTRIC	24,328,858	24,730,251		2,377,636		2,779,029	2,779,029					
DRAINAGE	1,301,784	1,072,401	_	2,156,417	_	1,927,034	1,927,034					
GARBAGE	2,427,119	2,025,666	_	2,130,417	_	(401,453)	(401,453)					
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	40,462,810	40,971,107		13,031,629		13,539,926	13,539,926					
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 100,753,304	\$ 50,011,639	\$ 1,652,937	\$ 19,701,165	(42,927,489)	13,539,926	(29,387,563)					
		GENERAL REVENUE	ES:		15,812,205		15,812,205					
		PROPERTY TAXES SALES TAXES				-						
		FRANCHISE TAXES			7,904,519 4,285,907	-	7,904,519					
		MOTOR VEHICLE FI	EEC IN LIEU		4,283,907 561,095	-	4,285,907 561,095					
		IMPACT FEES	EES IN LIEU		4,899,084	7,617,749	12,516,833					
		INVESTMENT EARN	IINCC		98,028	106,836	204,864					
			OF CAPITAL ASSETS		23,300	68,690	91,990					
		OTHER	OF CALITAL ASSETS		18,862	531,204	550,066					
		TOTAL GENERAL RI	EVENITES		33,603,000	8,324,479	41,927,479					
		TRANSFERS	EVENUES		730,920	(730,920)	41,327,479					
		TOTAL CENERAL D	EMENTING AND ED AND	GEERG	24 222 020	7,502,550	41,027,470					
		CHANGE IN NET PO	EVENUES AND TRAN: SITION	SFERS	34,333,920 (8,593,569)	7,593,559 21,133,485	41,927,479 12,539,916					
		NET POSITION AT BE	EGINNING OF YEAR, A	AS								
		PREVIOUSLY REPO	ORTED		147,135,218	206,980,811	354,116,029					
		PRIOR PERIOD ADJU	ISTMENT		432,687		432,687					
		NET POSITION AT BE	EGINNING OF YEAR , .	AS RESTATED	147,567,905	206,980,811	354,548,716					

NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	(	GENERAL		SPECIAL REVENUE EVELOPMENT AGENCY		CAPITAL PROJECTS	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS		_						<u> </u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS RECEIVABLES	\$	7,140,278	\$	888,946	\$	1,916,083	\$	9,945,307
TAXES		7,836,804		9,793,000		-		17,629,804
INTERGOVERNMENTAL		280,205		-		-		280,205
OTHER		332,075		-		-		332,075
PREPAID ITEMS		29,902		-		-		29,902
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH								
EQUIVALENTS		1,013,374		-		8,353,412		9,366,786
RESTRICTED IMPACT FEES								
RECEIVABLE		223,128		-		365,091		588,219
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	16,855,766	\$	10,681,946	\$	10,634,586	\$	38,172,298
LIABILITIES								
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$	637,663	\$	131.446	\$	56.024	\$	825,133
LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM	Ψ	037,003	Ψ	151,110	Ψ	30,021	Ψ	023,133
RESTRICTED ASSETS		134,462		_		295,406		429,868
WAGES PAYABLE		280,795		_		-		280,795
ACCRUED LIABILITIES		1,312,808		_		_		1,312,808
THE CHOLD EN IDIETTED		1,512,000						1,512,555
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,365,728		131,446		351,430		2,848,604
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
TAXES		6.055,430		9,793,000		_		15,848,430
IMPACT FEES		73,955		-,		148,106		222,061
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES		6,129,385		9,793,000		148,106		16,070,491
FUND BALANCES								
NONSPENDABLE		29,902		_		_		29,902
RESTRICTED		1,028,085				8,274,991		9,303,076
COMMITTED		466,584		_		-		466,584
ASSIGNED		190,349		757,500		1,860,059		2,807,908
UNASSIGNED		6,645,733		-		-		6,645,733
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		8,360,653		757,500		10,135,050		19,253,203
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		3,300,033		151,500		10,133,030		19,233,203
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS								
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	16,855,766	\$	10,681,946	\$	10,634,586	\$	38,172,298

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2014

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 19,253,203
AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL	
ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET	
POSITION ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:	
CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN GOVERNMENTAL	
ACTIVITIES ARE NOT FINANCIAL RESOURCES	
AND THEREFORE ARE NOT REPORTED IN	
THE FUNDS	234,294,389
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, INCLUDING BONDS	
PAYABLE, ARE NOT DUE AND PAYABLE IN	
THE CURRENT PERIOD AND THEREFORE	
ARE NOT REPORTED IN THE FUNDS	(113,357,774)
INTEREST PAYABLE ON LONG-TERM	
FINANCIAL RESOURCES IS NOT	
REPORTED IN THE GOVERNMENTAL	
FUNDS	(2,097,138)
THE CURRENT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF THE	
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS ARE INCLUDED	
IN THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE	1 250 550
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1,370,759
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED	
TO IMPACT FEES RECEIVABLE IN FUTURE	
PERIODS SHOULD BE RECOGNIZED AS	
REVENUES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	222,061
SOME OF THE INTERNAL SERVICE NET INCOME IS	
ALLOCABLE TO BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES.	
THESE AMOUNTS ARE SHOWN IN THE INTERNAL	
BALANCES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	 (711,164)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 138,974,336

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

DEVENIJES	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY	CAPITAL PROJECTS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES	0 10 201 11	o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	e 400 500	e 20.542.525
TAXES	\$ 18,261,64		\$ 429,500	\$ 28,563,726
LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS	1,833,48		4,611,238	6,444,720
INTERGOVERNMENTAL	1,671,59		-	1,671,598
CHARGES FOR SERVICES	5,762,72		-	5,762,720
FINES AND FORFEITURES	547,82		-	547,825
MISCELLANEOUS	806,89		-	806,898
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	45,40		39,189	88,992
TOTAL REVENUES	28,929,57	9,876,980	5,079,927	43,886,479
EXPENDITURES CURRENT GENERAL GOVERNMENT	5,512,99	3		5,512,993
PUBLIC SAFETY	9,830,30			9,830,309
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	1,964,11		-	21,215,648
STREETS AND HIGHWAYS	2,462,22		-	2,462,221
PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE	8,295,69		-	8,295,691
CEMETERY	334,73		-	334,730
OTHER	334,73	-	77.920	77,920
CAPITAL OUTLAY	-	-	4,245,051	4,245,051
DEBT SERVICE	-	-	4,243,031	4,243,031
PRINCIPAL.	560.00	3,107,440	7.055.000	10,722,440
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES	337,47	-,, -	417,017	4,636,091
TOTAL EXPENDITURES			11,794,988	67,333,094
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	29,291,32	20,240,377	11,794,900	07,333,094
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(367,95	(16,363,597)	(6,715,061)	(23,446,615)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TRANSFERS IN TRANSFERS OUT SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	2,608,66 (1,800,00 52,93	0) (1,877,742)	1,800,000	4,408,662 (3,677,742) 52,930
ISSUANCE OF NOTES AND BONDS	32,73	17,953,052	7,210,000	25,163,052
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	861.59		9,010,000	25,946,902
TOTAL OTHER PROPERTY SOURCES (USES)	001,57	10,073,310	>,010,000	23,740,702
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	493,63	5 (288,287)	2,294,939	2,500,287
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS PREVIOUSLY REPORTED	7,750,17	1,045,787	7,840,111	16,636,072
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	116,84	4		116,844
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED	7,867,01	1,045,787	7,840,111	16,752,916
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 8,360,65	\$ 757,500	\$ 10,135,050	\$ 19,253,203

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 2,500,287
AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:	
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REPORT CAPITAL OUTLAYS AS EXPENDITURES WHILE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES REPORT DEPRECIATION EXPENSE TO ALLOCATE THOSE EXPENDITURES OVER THE LIFE OF THE ASSETS CAPITAL ASSET PURCHASES CAPITALIZED DEPRECIATION EXPENSE	5,692,409 (9,406,832)
SOME EXPENSES REPORTED IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, SUCH AS COMPENSATED ABSENCES, ACCRUED INTEREST, LANDFILL POST-CLOSURE COSTS DO NOT REQUIRE THE USE OF CURRENT FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND THEREFORE ARE NOT REPORTED AS EXPENDITURES IN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	112,072
PROCEEDS FROM DEBT ISSUES ARE AN OTHER FINANCING SOURCE IN THE FUNDS, BUT A DEBT ISSUE INCREASES LONG-TERM LIABILITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	(25,163,052)
REPAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL IS AN EXPENDITURE IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, BUT THE REPAYMENT REDUCES LONG-TERM LIABILITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	10,722,440
THE NET REVENUE OF INTERNAL SERVICES FUNDS IS ALLOCATED BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES. INTERNAL SERVICE FUND NET INCOME LESS AMOUNT ALLOCATED TO BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	134,832 (34,476)
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REPORT THE DISPOSAL OF ASSETS TO THE EXTENT PROCEEDS ARE RECEIVED, IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, A GAIN OR LOSS IS REPORTED FOR EACH DISPOSAL	(36,122)
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO IMPACT FEES ARE DEFERRED IN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BUT RECOGNIZED AS REVENUES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	222,061
DEVELOPER CONTRIBUTIONS OF INFRASTRUCTURE NOT RECORDED IN GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	6,662,812
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (8,593,569)

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			GENER	RAL FUND			PMENT AGENCY	SENCY		
			O AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE	BUDGETED A	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE	
DEVENIUS		ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	
CHARGES FOR S FINES AND FOR	MENTAL REVENUE SERVICE FEITURES	\$ 17,231,000 1,750,000 1,508,000 5,257,608 807,500	\$ 17,231,000 1,750,000 1,508,000 5,257,608 807,500	\$ 18,261,649 1,833,482 1,671,598 5,762,720 547,825	\$ 1,030,649 83,482 163,598 505,112 (259,675)	\$ 8,940,000 - - - -	\$ 8,940,000 - - - -	\$ 9,872,577 - - - -	\$ 932,577 - - - -	
MISCELLANEOU		286,950	286,950	806,898	519,948	492,500	492,500	-	(492,500)	
INTEREST ON IN	NVESTMENTS	64,500	64,500	45,400	(19,100)	7,500	7,500	4,403	(3,097)	
	TOTAL REVENUES	26,905,558	26,905,558	28,929,572	2,024,014	9,440,000	9,440,000	9,876,980	436,980	
EXPENDITURES	S									
GENERAL GOVE	ERNMENT	5,516,573	5,726,573	5,512,993	213,580	-	-	-	-	
PUBLIC SAFETY	<i>Y</i>	9,610,105	9,855,105	9,830,309	24,796	-	-	-	-	
COMMUNITY D	EVELOPMENT	2,266,457	2,266,457	1,964,111	302,346	10,277,880	10,277,880	19,251,537	(8,973,657)	
STREETS AND H	HIGHWAYS	2,360,131	2,465,131	2,462,221	2,910	-	-	-	-	
PARKS, RECREA	ATIONS AND CULTURE	8,107,069	8,505,069	8,295,691	209,378	-	-	-	-	
CEMETERY		335,197	335,197	334,730	467	-	-	-	-	
DEBT SERVICE		982,361	982,361	897,474	84,887	6,326,750	6,326,750	6,989,040	(662,290)	
)	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	29,177,893	30,135,893	29,297,529	838,364	16,604,630	16,604,630	26,240,577	(9,635,947)	
EXCESS (DEFICION OVER EXPEN	IENCY) OF REVENUES NDITURES	(2,272,335)	(3,230,335)	(367,957)	2,862,378	(7,164,630)	(7,164,630)	(16,363,597)	(9,198,967)	
ISSUANCE		<u>-</u>		<del>-</del>	1.2	9,000,000	9,000,000	17,953,052	8,953,052	
TRANSFER		2,567,335	2,567,335	2,608,662	41,327	-	-	-	-	
TRANSFER	S OUT APITAL ASSETS	(300,000)		(1,800,000) 52.930	47.020	(1,835,370)	(1,835,370)	(1,877,742)	(42,372)	
	R FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	5,000 2,272,335	5,000 772,335	861,592	47,930 89,257	7,164,630	7,164,630	16,075,310	8,910,680	
	N FUND BALANCE		(2,458,000)	493,635	2,951,635	7,104,030	7,104,030	(288,287)	(288,287)	
	E AT BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS	7,750,174	7,750,174	7,750,174		1,045,787	1,045,787	1,045,787	-	
		116,844	116,844	116,844	_	-,,	_,~,,		_	
PRIOR PERIOD A			110,044	110,044						
PRIOR PERIOD A										
	E AT BEGINNING OF YEAR,	7,867,018	7,867,018	7,867,018		1,045,787	1,045,787	1,045,787		



PLONE FRING UTAH'S FUTURE

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

_	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES												GOVERNMENTAL		
_			•							N	NONMAJOR		TOTAL		ACTIVITIES
											NTERPRISE		BUSINESS-		INTERNAL
	CULINARY				ESSURIZED						FUND		TYPE		SERVICE
_	WATER	- <u> </u>	SEWER	IRF	RIGATION		ELECTRIC	D	DRAINAGE	(C	GARBAGE)	. —	FUNDS		FUNDS
ASSETS															
CURRENT ASSETS															
	\$ 690,994	\$	3,044,367	\$	1,148,954	\$	5,829,052	\$	2,980,808	\$	302,655	\$	13,996,830	\$	1,513,822
RECEIVABLE (NET):															
ACCOUNTS	338,014		760,426		199,316		2,497,831		112,696		218,767		4,127,050		-
UNBILLED	51,323		111,298		35,262		354,607		10,235		38,846		601,571		-
REFUND DUE FROM DEPOSIT															
WITH POWER SUPPLIER	-		-		-		229,175		-		-		229,175		-
PREPAID INTEREST AND OTHER EXPENSES	-		44,027		-		-		-		-		44,027		22,954
INVENTORY	97,719		5,960		67,339		2,487,737		1,474		-		2,660,229		46,848
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	1,178,050	. =	3,966,078		1,450,871		11,398,402	_	3,105,213	_	560,268	_	21,658,882	_	1,583,624
NON-CURRENT ASSETS															
RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,457,222		773,447		473,786		6,560,256		-		-		9,264,711		-
RESTRICTED IMPACT FEE RECEIVABLE	33,090		19,500		155,889		1,024,572		65,277		-		1,298,328		-
NONDEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS	24,168,220		578,931		23,730,699		1,663,664		161,324		-		50,302,838		=
DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	26,962,240		32,677,690		32,367,791		39,558,628		28,820,512		-		160,386,861		2,127,106
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	52,620,772	. —	34,049,568		56,728,165		48,807,120	_	29,047,113			_	221,252,738	_	2,127,106
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 53,798,822	\$	38,015,646	\$	58,179,036	\$	60,205,522	\$	32,152,326	\$	560,268	\$	242,911,620	\$	3,710,730
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES															
DEFERRED CHARGE ON REFUNDING	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	\$		\$		\$	146,922	\$	4,877	\$		\$	151,799	\$	-

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES											GC	OVERNMENTAL		
	CUI	LINARY			PRES	SSURIZED					EN	ONMAJOR TERPRISE FUND			ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE
LIABILITIES	W	ATER		SEWER	IRR	IGATION	I	ELECTRIC	D	RAINAGE	(G.	ARBAGE)	TOTALS		FUNDS
CURRENT LIABILITIES															
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	\$	147,272	\$	469,300	\$	173,346	\$	3,406,539	\$	30,177	\$	206,985	\$ 4,433,619	\$	201,881
WAGES PAYABLE		11,338		3,790		5,054		47,511		3,987		-	71,680		10,984
ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE		11,789		-		9,645		-		1,288		-	22,722		-
PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS:															-
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		133,764		701,415		629,675		35,136		-		-	1,499,990		-
CUSTOMER DEPOSITS		-		-		-		563,685		-		-	563,685		-
CURRENT PORTION COMPENSATED ABSENCES CURRENT MATURITIES OF LONG-TERM		46,647		14,183		13,012		143,266		11,809		-	228,917		28,965
OBLIGATIONS		96,173		-		82,173		740,000		160,000		-	1,078,346		-
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		446,983		1,188,688		912,905		4,936,137		207,261		206,985	7,898,959		241,830
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES															
COMPENSATED ABSENCES		153,901		14,439		50,765		380,878		19,682		-	619,665		37,549
NOTES PAYABLE		780,832		-		780,832		-		-		-	1,561,664		-
BONDS PAYABLE, LESS CURRENT MATURITIES		-		-		-		3,820,000		1,760,000		-	5,580,000		-
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		934,733		14,439		831,597		4,200,878		1,779,682		-	7,761,329		37,549
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,381,716	\$	1,203,127	\$	1,744,502	\$	9,137,015	\$	1,986,943	\$	206,985	\$ 15,660,288	\$	279,379
NET POSITION													_		
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS	4	50,253,455		33,256,621		55,235,485		36,809,214		27,066,713		-	202,621,488		2,127,106
RESTRICTED FOR															
CAPITAL PROJECTS		1,356,548		91,532		-		7,540,777		65,277		-	9,054,134		-
DEBT SERVICE		-		-		-		8,915		-		-	8,915		-
UNRESTRICTED		807,103		3,464,366		1,199,049		6,856,523		3,038,270		353,283	15,718,594		1,304,245
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 5	52,417,106	\$	36,812,519	\$	56,434,534	\$	51,215,429	\$	30,170,260	\$	353,283	227,403,131	\$	3,431,351

ADJUSTMENT TO REFLECT THE CONSOLIDATION OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUND ACTIVITIES RELATED TO ENTERPRISE FUNDS

CURRENT YEAR ADJUSTMENT

CUMULATIVE ADJUSTMENT FROM PRIOR YEARS

NET POSITION OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

A 34,476

676,689

\$ 228,114,296

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

·		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
	CULINARY WATER	SEWER	PRESSURIZED IRRIGATION	ELECTRIC	DRAINAGE	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND (GARBAGE)	TOTALS	ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS		
OPERATING REVENUES (PLEDGED AS SECURITY										
FOR REVENUE BONDS)										
CHARGES FOR SERVICES	\$ 3,114,429	\$ 7,518,893	\$ 2,159,581	\$ 24,505,352	\$ 1,072,401	\$ 2,025,666	\$ 40,396,322	\$ 3,193,592		
HOOK-UP AND SERVICING FEES	273,097	-	76,789	224,899	-	-	574,785	-		
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES	84,220	41,287	122,746	268,471	6,500	7,980	531,204			
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	3,471,746	7,560,180	2,359,116	24,998,722	1,078,901	2,033,646	41,502,311	3,193,592		
OPERATING EXPENSES										
PERSONNEL	733,316	255,506	357,165	2,018,958	232,811	-	3,597,756	634,40		
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION	150,916	78,855	73,460	455,781	21,148	35,375	815,535	-		
OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE	1,180,473	4,717,213	1,153,088	19,273,534	94,312	2,391,744	28,810,364	2,042,972		
INTERFUND CHARGES	203,240	131,000	75,000	576,092	15,000	-	1,000,332	-		
DEPRECIATION	1,094,264	1,065,827	1,046,209	1,947,903	861,096	-	6,015,299	414,603		
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	3,362,209	6,248,401	2,704,922	24,272,268	1,224,367	2,427,119	40,239,286	3,091,982		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	109,537	1,311,779	(345,806)	726,454	(145,466)	(393,473)	1,263,025	101,61		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
IMPACT FEE REVENUE (PLEDGED AS SECURITY										
FOR REVENUE BONDS)	1,679,003	493,608	1,162,188	3,897,634	385,316	-	7,617,749	-		
GOVERNMENTAL GRANTS	-	-	121,000	-	-	-	121,000	-		
INTEREST INCOME	10,585	16,620	9,419	52,046	15,799	2,367	106,836	26,73		
INTEREST EXPENSE	(46,862)	-	(42,655)	(91,066)	(77,417)	-	(258,000)	-		
GAIN ON SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	9,100	-	36,167	23,423	-	-	68,690	6,49		
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	1,651,826	510,228	1,286,119	3,882,037	323,698	2,367	7,656,275	33,22		
INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND										
TRANSFERS	1,761,363	1,822,007	940,313	4,608,491	178,232	(391,106)	8,919,300	134,83		
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	2,470,646	2,356,065	3,549,865	2,377,636	2,156,417	-	12,910,629	-		
TRANSFERS TO OTHER FUNDS	(174,500)	(150,000)	(64,890)	(265,920)	(65,610)	(10,000)	(730,920)			
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	4,057,509	4,028,072	4,425,288	6,720,207	2,269,039	(401,106)	21,099,009	134,833		
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	48,359,597	32,784,447	52,009,246	44,495,222	27,901,221	754,389		3,292,35		
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 52,417,106	\$ 36,812,519	\$ 56,434,534	\$ 51,215,429	\$ 30,170,260	\$ 353,283		\$ 3,427,18		

ADJUSTMENT TO REFLECT THE CONSOLIDATION OF INTERNAL SERVICE FUND ACTIVITIES RELATED TO ENTERPRISE FUNDS CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES (page 33)

\$ 21,133,485

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
	CULINARY WATER	SEWER	PRESSURIZED IRRIGATION	ELECTRIC	DRAINAGE	NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND (GARBAGE)	TOTALS	ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					-					
CASH RECEIVED FROM CUSTOMERS	\$ 3,393,983	\$ 7,548,089	\$ 2,236,901	\$ 24,953,108	\$ 1,072,676	\$ 2,049,004	\$ 41,253,761			
CASH RECEIVED FROM INTERFUND SERVICES PROVIDED	- 252.510)	-	- (55.015)	- (10, 602, 507)	- (116.020)	- (2.555.240)	- (22,552,455)	3,193,592		
CASH PAID TO SUPPLIERS	(1,268,510)	(4,451,235)	(656,015)	(19,683,507)	(116,830)	(2,577,360)	(28,753,457)	(1,409,786)		
CASH PAID TO EMPLOYEES	(720,316)	(252,820)	(374,589)	(1,991,627)	(232,539)	-	(3,571,891)	(1,139,948)		
CASH PAID FOR INTERFUND SERVICES	(203,240)	(131,000)	(75,000)	(576,092)	(15,000)	-	(1,000,332)	-		
OTHER RECEIPTS	84,220	41,287	122,746	268,471	6,500	7,980	531,204			
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)								,		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1,286,137	2,754,321	1,254,043	2,970,353	714,807	(520,376)	8,459,285	643,858		
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								ľ		
TRANSFERS OUT	(174,500)	(150,000)	(64,890)	(265,920)	(65,610)	(10,000)	(730,920)	/		
PAYMENTS MADE ON INTERFUND BALANCES	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
NET CASH USED IN NON-CAPITAL										
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(174,500)	(150,000)	(64,890)	(265,920)	(65,610)	(10,000)	(730,920)	_		
	(171,000)	(150,000)	(01,020)	(200,720)	(05,015)	(10,000)	(130,720)			
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								!		
ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF								!		
CAPITAL ASSETS	(1,616,827)	(2,130,877)	(2,359,253)	(3,878,775)	(194,678)		(10,180,410)	(1,382,242)		
PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS	9,100	(2,130,877)	(2,359,253)	(3,878,775)	(194,678)	-	(10,180,410)	(1,382,242) 24,173		
CONTRIBUTIONS FROM DEVELOPERS	9,100	-	30,107	1,839,468	118,279	-	1,957,747	24,173		
GOVERNMENTAL GRANTS RECEIVED	-	-	121,000	1,839,408	118,279	-	1,957,747			
PRINCIPAL PAID ON BONDS	(879,622)	-	(718,998)	(5,200,000)	(150,000)	-	(6,948,620)	- ! -		
INTEREST PAID ON BONDS	(50,124)	-	(46,024)	(94,032)	(72,657)	-	(262,837)	- -		
PROCEEDS FROM ISSUANCE OF BONDS	(30,127)	-	(40,024)	4,560,000	(12,031)	-	4,560,000	- -		
PRINCIPAL PAID ON NOTES PAYABLE	(18,447)	_	(18,447)	-,500,000	_	_	(36,894)	_		
IMPACT FEES COLLECTED	1,645,913	474,108	1,006,299	2,873,062	320,039	- -	6,319,421	_ ! 		
	1,010,710	17 1,100	1,000,277	2,073,002	320,037		0,517, .21			
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) CAPITAL										
AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(910,007)	(1,656,769)	(1,979,256)	124,563	20,983		(4,400,486)	(1,358,069)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES										
INTEREST INCOME COLLECTED	10,585	16,620	9,419	52,046	15,799	2,367	106,836	26,730		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	10,585	16,620	9,419	52,046	15,799	2,367	106,836	26,730		

#### LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - CONTINUED PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

						BUSI	NESS	S-TYPE ACTIVI	ITIES	,					G	GOVERNMENTAL
		CULINARY WATER		SEWER		RESSURIZED IRRIGATION		ELECTRIC		DRAINAGE	EN	NONMAJOR INTERPRISE FUND GARBAGE)	_	TOTALS		ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
	-	<del></del>	·	_	•	_	_	_	·	_	-	_	-	_	_	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH		212 215		064 172		(790 694)		2 991 042		C95 070		(539,000)		2 424 715		(697.491)
EQUIVALENTS  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		212,215 1,936,001		964,172 2,853,642		(780,684) 2,403,424		2,881,042 9,508,266		685,979 2,294,829		(528,009) 830,664		3,434,715 19,826,826		(687,481) 2,201,303
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$	2,148,216	\$	3,817,814	\$	1,622,740	\$	12,389,308	\$	2,294,829		302,655		23,261,541	\$	1,513,822
· ·	φ	2,170,210	φ	3,017,017	Ψ	1,022,770	φ	12,309,300	φ	2,700,000	Ψ	302,033	Ψ	23,201,371	Ψ	1,313,022
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR																,
CONSISTS OF:		****	•	- 011045	•		•	- 222 053	•	- 000 000	Φ.	202 455	Φ.	12.004.000	•	1 710 000
UNRESTRICTED CASH	\$	690,994	\$	3,044,367	\$	1,148,954	\$	5,829,052		2,980,808	\$	302,655	\$	13,996,830	\$	1,513,822
RESTRICTED CASH	•	1,457,222 2,148,216	\$	773,447 3,817,814	\$	473,786 1.622,740	\$	6,560,256 12,389,308		2,980,808	\$	302.655	\$	9,264,711 23,261,541	\$	1,513,822
	<u> </u>	2,148,210	2	5,817,814	<u> </u>	1,022,740	<u> </u>	12,389,300	<u> </u>	2,980,808	<u> </u>	302,033	<u> </u>	25,201,341	<u> </u>	1,515,622
NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES NOTES PAYABLE ISSUED TO ACQUIRE CONTRIBUTIONS OF CAPITAL ASSETS FROM DEVELOPERS	\$	2,470,646	\$	2,356,065	\$	3,549,865	\$	538,168	\$	2,038,138	\$	-	\$	10,952,882	\$	-
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)	\$	109,537	\$	1,311,779	\$	(345,806)	\$	726,454	\$	(145,466)	\$	(393,473)	\$	1,263,025	\$	101,610
OPERATING ACTIVITIES										00 -						:: 4 -500
DEPRECIATION		1,094,264		1,065,827		1,046,209		1,947,903		861,096		-		6,015,299		414,603
CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES		10.210		20 174		(1.222)		100 011		(500)		10.940		177 021		
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE AMOUNTS		10,219 (3,762)		38,174 (8,978)		(1,323) 1,854		100,811 3,818		(690) 965		19,840 3,498		167,031 (2,605)		-
ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE AMOUNTS ADVANCE BILLING ON DEPOSIT		(3,702)		(8,710)		1,054		3,010		905		3,470		(2,003)		-
WITH POWER SUPPLIER		_		_		-		(77,120)		_		-		(77,120)		=
PREPAID ITEMS		_		(16,657)		-		77,505		_		-		60,848		18,408
INVENTORY		(35,635)		5,587		(5,178)		185,556		1,618		-		151,948		3,221
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		98,514		355,903		575,711		(140,133)		(2,988)		(150,241)		736,766		108,009
WAGES PAYABLE		2,033		52		(789)		2,886		564		-		4,746		693
COMPENSATED ABSENCES		10,967		2,634		(16,635)		24,445		(292)		_		21,119		(2,686)
CUSTOMER DEPOSITS						<u> </u>		118,228		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		118,228		<u> </u>
	\$	1,286,137	\$	2,754,321	\$	1,254,043	\$	2,970,353	\$	714,807	\$	(520,376)	\$	8,459,285	\$	643,858

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Lehi City Corporation (the City) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Utah in 1852 and operates under an elected Mayor-Council form of government. The City's major operations include police and fire protection, parks, library and recreation, public works, community development and general administrative services. In addition, the City owns and operates culinary water, pressurized irrigation, sewer, drainage, and power systems.

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the City are discussed below.

## **Reporting Entity**

These financial statements present the City (primary government) and its component units, organizations that are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City. Blended component units, although legal separate entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the City. Entities that were evaluated by the City for presentation in the City's financial statements consist of the following:

The Lehi City Redevelopment Agency - The Lehi City Redevelopment Agency (RDA) serves all the citizens of the City and is governed by a board comprised of the City Council. Additionally, City staff manage the activities of the RDA in essentially the same manner as it manages the activities of the City. In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the RDA have been included in the financial reporting entity as a special revenue fund. Separate financial statements are not issued for the RDA.

The Hutchings Museum- In prior fiscal years the Hutchings Museum was treated as a discretely presented component unit based on several factors, including that it operated as a separate non-profit entity under its own articles of incorporation and its Board of Directors had controlled and directed the Museum's activities. During 2014, the Museum's Board of Directors was transitioned to a committee whose charge is limited to technical advice and support; while the City administration, in concert with the City Council direct the Museum activities. The City continues to be financially responsible for the Museum's operations and the City Council approves the Museum's budget and approves the Museum's programs and directives. With the changes that took place during 2014, the Museum is reported in the financial statements as a department within the City's General Fund.

The Tri-City Golf Course – The Tri-City Golf Course was established in 1973 by American Fork City, Pleasant Grove City, and Lehi City. The Golf Course has its own board with one member of the each city council serving on that board. The joint venture does not meet the criteria for inclusion in the City's financial report as a component unit because the City does not exercise administrative control and the effect of the City's investment in the joint venture is immaterial.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

#### **Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Statements**

The City's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The City's police and fire protection, parks, library and recreation, streets, community development and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The City's culinary water, sewer, pressurized irrigation, electric, drainage, and garbage services are classified as business-type activities. In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column, and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the City's functions and business-type activities (public safety, community development, streets, etc.). The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property, sales and franchise taxes, impact fees, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property, sales and franchise taxes, etc.).

The City does not allocate indirect expenses.

The effect of interfund activity has generally been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements in accordance with GAAP. Certain eliminations have been made in regards to interfund activities, payables and receivables. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

The government-wide statements focus more on the sustainability of the City in its entirety and the change in the City's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

#### **Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements**

The financial transactions of the City are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. The following fund types are used by the City:

#### Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund financial statements) is upon the determination of sources, uses and balances of financial resources, rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the City:

- **General fund** is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounting for in another fund.
- **Special revenue funds** are used to account for the property taxes levied on properties within each RDA or EDA project area.
- Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by business-type proprietary funds). The City has only one capital projects fund and it is used to account for major road, sidewalk, parks and land improvements.

The City has three major governmental funds – the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, and the Special Revenue Redevelopment Agency Fund which is used to account for revenues generated by development projects overseen by the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lehi.

### Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon the determination of net income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The City's proprietary funds consist of:

• Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity is (a) financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) establishes fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

The City's major enterprise funds are the Culinary Water Fund, the Sewer Fund, the Pressurized Irrigation Fund, the Electric Fund and the Drainage Fund.

The purpose of the Culinary Water Fund is to assure an adequate supply of potable water. It also maintains the culinary water distribution lines, wells and storage tanks, and culinary water facilities.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

- o The purpose of the Pressurized Irrigation Fund is to provide the citizens of the City with an adequate supply of clean irrigation water and adequate working water pressure for the City Fire Department.
- o The Sewer Fund's mission is to ensure the proper and healthy collection and transmission of the City's sewage and to protect, maintain and expand the City's sewer system.
- The purpose of the Electric Fund is to provide reliable electrical service to the City's customers at competitive rates. This includes the construction, operation and maintenance of the City's power distribution system including underground and overhead lines, meters, and substations.
- O The Drainage Fund is responsible for improving storm water conveyance throughout the City. This includes construction of new storm water conveyance and detention facilities to correct existing drainage problems in order to protect the City's citizens and their property from serious flooding.
- Internal service funds are used to account for the City's fleet maintenance, risk management, information technology, and property management services. The internal service fund activities have been combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds are provided with the combining data elsewhere in this report.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities category. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds.

## **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenditures, or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

## Accrual

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

#### Modified Accrual

The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## Cash and cash equivalents

The City has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, cash with fiscal agents and short-term investments with original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain qualifying commercial paper, repurchase agreements and bankers' acceptances, and negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and the Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund.

Investments for the City are reported at fair value. The Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

## Restricted cash and cash equivalents

Certain restricted cash and cash equivalents are held by a fiscal agent for the redemption of bonded debt and for acquisition and construction of capital projects.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories in the proprietary funds consist of materials used in the construction and repair of the transmission, distribution, collection, and treatment systems are valued at the lower of cost or market on a weighted average basis. Supplies inventories, consisting principally of office supplies, are valued at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis. Transformers are valued at the lower of cost or market on a specific identification basis.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets, which include buildings and structures, improvements (including distributions systems and infrastructure), machinery, equipment, vehicles and office furniture, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. All City infrastructure has been capitalized. Capital assets are defined as assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more. Capital assets are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on these assets is computed using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Years
Buildings and structures	10-50
Improvements, including distribution systems	
and other infrastructure	10-50
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	5-15
Office furniture and equipment	5-15

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

## **Intangible Assets**

The City records donated intangible assets meeting the criteria outlined in GASB Statement No. 51 at fair value. The City records purchased intangible assets as capital assets. Water rights are the City's primary intangible asset.

#### **Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions**

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is reported on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is reported in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year which the taxes are collected because the property taxes are intended to fund activities in the year of collection and not the fiscal year in which they were levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, matching requirements and expenditure requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from a nonexchange transaction must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year end: intergovernmental revenue, sales and franchise taxes, charges for services, interest, and other fees.

Property taxes and special assessments are measurable and susceptible to accrual when they attach as an enforceable lien on the property. They become available when they are due. Amounts that are measurable but not available are recorded as deferred revenue. Property taxes become an enforceable lien on January 1 but are not due until November 30.

The City bills utility customers once monthly when the meters are read. The City is divided into two billing districts. Unbilled accounts receivable were \$601,571 at June 30, 2014. The accounts receivable are reported net of the allowance for doubtful accounts of \$404,831 at June 30, 2014.

#### **Compensated Absences**

Accumulated unpaid vacation is accrued as incurred based on the years of service for each employee. Vacation is accumulated on a monthly basis and is fully vested when earned. Accumulated vacation cannot exceed 80 hours at the end of any calendar year and any vacation in excess of this amount is forfeited. At retirement, death, or termination, all unpaid accrued vacation is paid to the beneficiary. Proprietary funds expense all accrued vacation amounts when incurred. Governmental funds report an expenditure as the vacation is paid or at termination. The current portion is determined by the City to be the portion of vacation pay due employees who terminated prior to year-end.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Accumulated sick leave is earned at a rate of one day per month. Employees may accumulate unlimited sick leave. Upon retirement, employees may elect to be paid 25% of outstanding sick pay or may have 75% of outstanding sick pay deposited into a Retirement Health Savings Account in their name, which is administered by a third party. Proprietary funds expense 75% of sick pay when it is earned by the employee. Governmental funds report an expenditure when the sick pay is paid. The current portion is the accrued sick pay for employees of governmental funds who terminated prior to year end.

The noncurrent portion of these amounts (the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years) for governmental funds is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

#### **Interfund Activity**

Interfund activity is reported either as loans, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and, in the government-wide statement of activities, reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Fund Equity**

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as follows:

*Nonspendable fund balance*. This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form – prepaid items or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

*Restricted fund balance*. This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance. These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions of the city council – the City's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the city council removes the specified use by taking the same type of action used to impose the commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance. This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, as established by the city council with the recommendation of the city administrator. It also includes all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds other than the general fund that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed.

Unassigned fund balance. This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

When both restricted and non-restricted fund balances are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then non-restricted fund balance. Furthermore, committed fund balances are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those non-restricted fund balance classifications can be used.

#### **Operating Revenues and Expenses**

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. Operating expenses are necessary costs that have been incurred in order to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund.

## **Estimates and assumptions**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## **Budgets and budgetary control**

Annual budgets are prepared and adopted, in accordance with state law, by the Mayor and City Council on or before June 22 for the following fiscal year, beginning July 1. Estimated revenues and appropriations may be increased or decreased by resolution of the City Council at any time during the year. A public hearing must be held prior to any proposed increase in a fund's appropriations. Budgets include activities in several different funds, including the General Fund, Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund and Capital Projects Fund. The level of the City's budgetary control (that is, the level at which the City's expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amounts) is established by activity and purpose within an individual fund such as general government; public safety; community development; streets and highways; parks, recreation and culture; and cemetery within the governmental funds. Each department head is responsible to the Mayor and City Council for spending within the budget for their department. All annual budgets lapse at fiscal year end.

#### NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Utah State law prohibits the appropriation of unassigned General Fund balance until it exceeds 5% of the General Fund revenues. Until unassigned fund balance is greater than the above amount, it cannot be budgeted, but is used to provide working capital until tax revenue is received, to meet emergency expenditures, and to cover unanticipated deficits. When unassigned fund balance is greater than 25% of the next year's budgeted revenues, the excess must be appropriated within the following two years.

Once adopted, the budget can be amended by subsequent City Council action. The City Council can amend the budget to any extent, provided the budgeted expenditures do not exceed budgeted revenues and appropriated fund balance. A public hearing must be held to increase total appropriations of any governmental fund. With the consent of the Finance Director, department heads may reallocate unexpended appropriated balances from one expenditure account to another within that department during the budget year.

Budgetary information included in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual for the General Fund and the Redevelopment Agency are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Encumbrance accounting is not used by the City.

## Subsequent events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 3, 2014, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City's deposits and investments are governed by the Utah Money Management Act (*Utah Code*, Title 51, Chapter 7) and rules of the State of Utah Money Management Council.

## **Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits**

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be recovered. The Money Management Act requires deposits be in a qualified depository. The Act defines a qualified depository as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of federal government and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

The deposits in the bank in excess of the insured amount are uninsured and uncollateralized. Deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by state statute. At June 30, 2014 the book value of cash on deposit was \$2,615,911 and the bank balance was \$3,626,719 (\$3,255,905 of which was exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured and uncollateralized) with the difference being outstanding checks and deposits.

#### **Investments**

The Money Management Act defines the types of securities authorized as appropriate investments and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions may be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of investment securities. The Act authorizes investments in both negotiable and nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and

#### NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS-CONTINUED

permitted negotiable depositories; repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; commercial paper that is classified as "first tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investors Services or Standard & Poor's; bankers' acceptances; obligations of the United States Treasury including bills, notes, and bonds; obligations, other than mortgage derivative products, issued by U.S. government sponsored enterprises (U.S. Agencies) such as the Federal Home Loan Bank System, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac), Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), and Student Loan Marketing Association (Sallie Mae); bonds, notes, and other evidence of indebtedness of political subdivisions of the State; fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate securities rate "A" or higher, or the equivalent of "A" or higher, by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; and shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund as defined in the Act.

The City's investments at June 30, 2014 are presented below:

		Investment Maturities (in years)								
	Fair	Less					N	Iore		
Investment Type	Value	Than 1	an 1 1-5		6-10		Th	an 10		
Utah Public Treasurer's										
Investment Fund	\$ 40,874,565	\$40,874,565	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Money Market Funds	596,981	596,981		-		-		-		
	\$ 41,471,546	\$41,471,546	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		

#### **Interest Rate Risk – Investments**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's policy for managing interest rate risk is to comply with the State's Money Management Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, fixed rate negotiable deposits, and fixed rate corporate obligations to 270-365 days or less. In addition, variable rate negotiable deposits and variable rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding two years.

#### **Credit Risk of Debt Securities**

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City follows the Money Management Act as previously discussed as its policy for reducing exposure to investment credit risk. The City's rated debt investments are presented on the following page:

#### NOTE B – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS-CONTINUED

		Quality Ratings						
	Fair						_	
Rated Debt Investments	Value	AAA		AA	A		Unrated	
Utah Public Treasurer's								
Investment Fund	\$ 40,874,565	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$40,874,565	
Money Market Funds	596,981		-	596,981		-	-	
	\$ 41,471,546	\$	-	\$596,981	\$	-	\$40,874,565	

#### **Custodial Credit Risk – Investments**

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counter party, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk.

The City's investments at June 30, 2014 were predominantly with the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund and therefore are not categorized as to custodial credit risk. Additional information regarding the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund is available at Note C.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk – Investments**

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of a loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

The City's policy for reducing this risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Money Management Council. Rule 17 of the Money Management Council limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to between 5 and 10 percent depending upon the total dollar amount held in the portfolio. The Money Management Council limitations do not apply to securities issued by the U.S. government and its agencies.

At June 30, 2014, the City did not have more than 5 percent of its investments in any single issuer other than the amounts invested with the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund. The Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund is not categorized as to concentration of credit risk. Additional information regarding the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund is available at Note C.

#### NOTE C – EXTERNAL INVESTMENT POOL

The City invests in the Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF) which is an external investment pool administered by Utah State Public Treasurer. State agencies, municipalities, counties, and local governments within the State of Utah are allowed to invest in the PTIF. There is no required participation and no minimum balance or minimum/maximum transaction requirements.

The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Money Management Act, Chapter 51-7, Utah Code Annotated, 1953, as amended. The Act establishes the Money Management Council which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF. The Act details the investments that are authorized which are high-grade securities and, therefore, there is very little credit risk except in the most unusual and unforeseen circumstances. Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah and participants share

#### NOTE C – EXTERNAL INVESTMENT POOL - CONTINUED

proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments.

The PTIF allocates income and issues statements on a monthly basis. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The participants' balance is their investment deposited in the PTIF plus their share of income, gains and losses, net of administration fees, which are allocated to each participant on the ratio of each participant's share to the total funds in the PTIF.

Twice a year, at June 30 and December 31, the investments are valued at fair value to enable participants to adjust their investments in this pool at fair value. The Bank of New York and the State of Utah separately determine each security's fair value in accordance with GASB 31 (i.e. for almost all pool investments the quoted market price as of June 30, 2014) and then compare those values to come up with an agreed upon fair value of the securities.

As of June 30, 2014, the City had \$40,874,565 invested in the PTIF which had a fair value of \$41,099,629 for an unrealized gain of \$225,064. Due to the insignificance of this amount in relation to the funds affected by the unrealized gain, the fair value of investments in this external investment pool is deemed to be the amortized cost of the investment. The table below shows statistical information about the investment pool:

	investment
Investment Type	Percentage
Corporate bonds and notes	83.12%
Certificates of deposit	4.11%
Money market accounts	5.25%
Commercial paper	7.52%
	100.00%

## NOTE D – RESTRICTED CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The balance of the City's restricted cash and cash equivalents accounts are as follows:

	Primary Government							
	Governmental			isiness-type		Total		
	<i>F</i>	Activities		Activities		Total		
Reserves for future debt service	\$	596,981	\$	8,915	\$	605,896		
Unexpended B & C Road funds		730,604		-		730,604		
Funds restricted for landfill								
post-closure costs		282,770		-		282,770		
Unexpended impact fees		7,756,431		9,255,796	1	17,012,227		
	\$	9,366,786	\$	9,264,711	\$ 1	18,631,497		
	_							

## NOTE E – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are presented on the governmental fund balance sheet in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement No. 54. The detail of the fund balance categories is presented below:

	Major Governmental Funds								
				Special				_	
				Revenue					
			Red	evelopment	Cap				
		General	Agency		Projects			Total	
Nonspendable:									
Prepaid items	\$	29,902	\$		\$		\$	29,902	
Total nonspendable		29,902		-		-		29,902	
Restricted:									
Externally imposed by creditors						0 < 0 0 4		<b>7</b> 0 - 004	
Debt reserves		-		-	59	96,981		596,981	
Imposed by law or legislation		<b>73</b> 0 504						<b>=2</b> 0 <0.4	
C road funds		730,604		-		-		730,604	
Less liabilities payable		(10.1.1.50)						(101.150)	
from C road funds		(134,462)		-		-		(134,462)	
Landfill post-closure costs		282,770		-		<u>-</u>		282,770	
Impact fees		223,128		-	8,12	21,522		8,344,650	
Less liabilities payable		-		-		-		-	
from impact fees		-		-	(29	95,406)		(295,406)	
Less deferred inflows of									
resources - impact fees		(73,955)		-		48,106)		(222,061)	
Total restricted		1,028,085		-	8,27	74,991		9,303,076	
Committed:									
Library Fund		466,584		-		-		466,584	
Total committed		466,584		-		-		466,584	
Assigned:									
Hutchings Museum		190,349		-		-		190,349	
Redevelopment		-		757,500		-		757,500	
Capital Projects		-		-	1,80	60,059		1,860,059	
Total assigned	-	190,349		757,500		60,059		2,807,908	
Unassigned:		6,645,733				_		6,645,733	
Total fund balance	\$	8,360,653	\$	757,500	\$ 10,13	35,050	\$	19,253,203	

# NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 is as follows:

	July 1, 2013		Increases		Decreases		June 30, 2014	
Governmental Activities:								
Nondepreciable capital assets:								
Land	\$	87,343,805	\$	3,380,342	\$	-	\$	90,724,147
Construction in progress		4,271,659		513,261		933,688		3,851,232
Total nondepreciable capital assets	\$	91,615,464	\$	3,893,603	\$	933,688	\$	94,575,379
Depreciable capital assets:								
Buildings	\$	21,253,763	\$	1,684,077	\$	-	\$	22,937,840
Improvements, including								
infrastructure		177,409,326		7,517,724		-		184,927,050
Machinery, equipment and								
vehicles		14,031,927		2,071,430		392,599		15,710,758
Office furniture and equipment		1,477,668		128,701		-		1,606,369
Total depreciable capital		, ,						, ,
assets at historical cost		214,172,684		11,401,932		392,599		225,182,017
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings		7,218,330		1,033,382		_		8,251,712
Improvements, including		7,210,330		1,033,302				0,231,712
infrastructure		57,140,716		8,133,574		_		65,274,290
Machinery, equipment and		07,110,710		3,100,07				35,27 1,23 5
vehicles		10,025,516		892,432		338,796		10,579,152
Office furniture and equipment		1,295,780		62,073		-		1,357,853
Total accumulated depreciation		75,680,342		10,121,461		338,796		85,463,007
Depreciable capital assets, net of		75,000,512		10,121,101		330,770		03,103,007
accumulated depreciation	\$	138,492,342	\$	1,280,471	\$	53,803	\$	139,719,010
Depreciation was charged to functions as fo	ollows	<b>:</b> :						
Governmental activities:								
General government					\$ 1	1,367,042		
Public safety						559,426		
Community development						27,193		
Streets and highways,								
including infrastructure					(	5,973,884		
Parks, recreation and culture						866,448		
Cemetery						27,442		
·					\$ 9	9,821,435		

# NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS – CONTINUED

	July 1, 2013		Increases		Decreases		June 30, 2014	
<b>Business-type Activities</b>								
Nondepreciable capital assets:								
Land	\$	2,336,469	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,336,469
Construction in progress		2,126,525		4,296,414		1,435,828		4,987,111
Intangibles		40,287,658		2,691,600				42,979,258
Total nondepreciable capital assets	\$	44,750,652	\$	6,988,014	\$ 1	1,435,828	\$	50,302,838
Depreciable capital assets:								
Buildings	\$	2,808,699	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,808,699
Improvements, including								
infrastructure		197,333,636		15,589,041		-		212,922,677
Machinery, equipment and								
vehicles		5,210,255		-		156,629		5,053,626
Office furniture and equipment		195,611		-		-		195,611
Total depreciable capital								
assets at historical cost		205,548,201		15,589,041		156,629		220,980,613
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings		986,419		88,768		-		1,075,187
Improvements, including								
infrastructure		49,570,975		5,658,890		-		55,229,865
Machinery, equipment and								
vehicles		4,005,613		262,817		155,212		4,113,218
Office furniture and equipment		170,658		4,824		-		175,482
Total accumulated depreciation		54,733,665		6,015,299		155,212		60,593,752
Depreciable capital assets, net of								
accumulated depreciation	\$	150,814,536	\$	9,573,742	\$	1,417	\$	160,386,861
	11							

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Business-type activities:
C 1'

Culinary water	\$ 1,094,264
Sewer	1,065,827
Electric	1,947,903
Pressurized irrigation	1,046,209
Drainage	861,096
	\$ 6,015,299

#### NOTE G – CUSTOMER DEPOSITS

Business-type activity deposits are enterprise fund customer deposits the City requires from renters or businesses before they receive utility connections. The deposit is returnable when the residence is vacated by the renter, or the business has established a history of meeting its obligations to the City promptly.

#### NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following as of June 30, 2014:

#### **Governmental activities**

2014 Sales tax revenue and refunding bonds \$7,210,000 sales tax revenue and refunding term bonds due serially through June 1, 2024 with interest at 2.30%

\$ 7,210,000

#### 2004 Subordinated sales tax revenue bonds

\$9,000,000 sales tax revenue bonds with interest at 4.75% payable from 87.5% of the local sales and use tax and 100% of the transient room tax collected from the Cabela's Retail Store Project area, due in 2024

7,955,000

#### Tax increment note payable to developer

Due in annual installments equal to 70% of the tax increment received by the RDA from the Alpine Highway Project, including interest at 6.5%

64,020,325

#### NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

**Governmental activities - continued** 

Tax increment note payable to developer
Noninterest bearing note payable to developer, payable
in annual installments equal to 95% of the tax increment
received by the RDA from the Thanksgiving Park Economic

Development Project area 2,211,624

Tax increment note payable to developer

Noninterest bearing note payable to developer, payable in annual installments equal to 100% of the property tax increment received by the RDA from the Traverse Mountain Community Development Project area, as well as varying levels of the sales tax collected from business within the project area, over the

ten year tax increment period 12,768,681

Tax increment note payable to developer

Noninterest bearing note payable to developer, payable in annual installments equal to 93.33% of the tax increment received by the RDA from the Alpine Highway West Economic Development Project area

Economic Development Project area 16,771,579

Compensated absences 2,169,648

Landfill closure and postclosure care liability 250,917

Total Governmental activities long-term debt \$\\ \\$ 113,357,774

# NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

Business-type activities	
2014 Electric refunding and revenue bonds	
\$4,560,000 electric refunding bonds due serially through 2020	
with interest rates ranging from .8% to 2.2%	\$ 4,560,000
1999 Water refunding bonds	
\$1,740,000 water refunding bonds due serially through 2015	
with interest rates ranging from 3.25% to 4.9%	140,000
2010 Storm Drain revenue and refunding bonds	
\$2,500,000 in drainage revenue and refunding bonds	
due serially through 2025 with interest rates	
at 3.51%	1,920,000
Note payable to Provo Reservoir Water Users Company	
payable in annual installments through 2035. Payments	
include interest at 4% and range from \$34,813 to	
\$33,439	448,926
Note payable to Provo River Water Users Association	
payable in annual installments through 2035. Approximately	
81 percent of the total obligation bears interest at 4%.	
The balance of the obligation will mirror a line of credit	
issued by a bank to the Provo River Water Users	
Association. The line of credit will have a variable	
interest rate which is estimated to average 4.5%	1,151,084
Compensated absences	 848,582
Total Business-type activities long-term debt	\$ 9,068,592

## NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

The following is a summary of the changes in governmental-type activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance			Balance	Current	
	July 1, 2013	Additions	Additions Deletions		Amounts Due	
<b>Governmental activities</b>						
Bonds, note and leases payable						
2003 Sales tax revenue bonds	\$ 3,640,000	\$ -	\$ 3,640,000	\$ -	\$ -	
2004 Sales tax revenue and						
refunding bonds	3,975,000	-	3,975,000	-	-	
2014 Sales tax revenue and						
refunding bonds	-	7,210,000	-	7,210,000	\$ 650,000	
2004 Subordinated sales						
tax revenue bonds	7,955,000	-	-	7,955,000	-	
Tax increment notes payable						
to developers	80,926,594	17,953,052	3,107,440	95,772,209	<u> </u>	
Total bonds, notes and			_			
leases payable	96,496,594	25,163,052	10,722,440	110,937,209	650,000	
Other liabilities:						
Compensated absences	2,161,748	976,342	968,442	2,169,648	658,549	
Landfill closure and post-						
closure care liability	250,917			250,917		
	2,412,665	976,342	968,442	2,420,565	658,549	
Governmental activities						
long-term debt	\$ 98,909,259	\$26,139,394	\$ 11,690,882	\$ 113,357,774	\$ 1,308,549	

For the governmental activities, sales tax revenue bonds and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund. Capital project funds provide debt service for the subordinated sales tax revenue bonds. The debt service for the notes payable to developer is provided by the RDA.

2018

2019

2020-2024

#### NOTE H - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

As of June 30, 2014 annual debt service requirements of governmental activities to maturity are as follows:

	Sales Tax			
	Revenue Bonds			
Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest		
2015	\$ 650,000	\$ 165,830		
2016	660,000	150,880		
2017	680,000	135,700		

700,000

710,000

3,810,000 266,915 \$7,210,000 \$ 943,345

120,060

103,960

The amortization of compensated absences, subordinated sales tax revenues bonds, and the tax increment notes payable to developer have not been included in the above schedules due to the uncertainty of the timing of the payments. However, annual payments in the amount of 70% of tax increment collections for the Alpine Highway Economic Development Area are required on the tax increment note payable to developer through the year 2028. The City is required, per the contract with the developer, to make annual payments, as specified above, until 2028. In no case would the City be required to pay more on the note than 70% of the tax increment collections from this area through 2028. If these collections are insufficient to fully repay the tax increment note payable, the remaining balance will not be paid to the developer.

Annual payments, in the amount of 87.5% of sales tax collections from the Cabela's store (an outdoor and sporting goods retailer located within the City) are required on the subordinated sales tax bonds. To date, collections have been sufficient to pay interest and some principal related to the subordinated sales tax bonds. Per the subordinated sales tax bond covenants, if the bonds have not been paid in full by their September 2024 maturity date, the remaining outstanding balance shall be forgiven by the owners of the bonds.

# NOTE H - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

The following is a summary of the changes in business-type activities long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance			Balance	Current	
	July 1, 2013	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2014	Amounts Due	
<b>Business-type activities</b>	_					
Bonds, notes and leases payable						
2009 Electric refunding bonds	\$ 5,200,000	\$ -	\$ 5,200,000	\$ -	\$ -	
2014 Electric refunding bonds	-	4,560,000	-	4,560,000	740,000	
2003 Water refunding bonds	1,454,319	-	1,454,319	-	-	
1999 Water refunding bonds	285,000	-	145,000	140,000	140,000	
2010 Drainage refunding bonds	2,070,000	-	150,000	1,920,000	160,000	
Note payable to Provo Reservoir						
Water Users Company	460,086	-	11,160	448,926	12,120	
Note payable to Provo River						
Water Users Association	1,176,818		25,734	1,151,084	26,226	
Total bonds, notes and						
leases payable	10,646,223	4,560,000	6,986,213	8,220,010	1,078,346	
	_					
Compensated absences	827,463	381,862	360,743	848,582	228,917	
Business-type activities						
long-term debt	\$ 11,473,686	\$ 4,941,862	\$ 7,346,956	\$ 9,068,592	\$ 1,307,263	

As of June 30, 2014, annual debt service requirements of business-type activities to maturity are as follows:

	Electric			Wat	ter				
	Refunding Bonds			Refunding Bonds			ıds		
Year ending June 30,	Principal	Interest		cipal Interest		Principal		Interest	
2015	\$ 740,000	\$	64,702	\$	140,000	\$	6,860		
2016	745,000		58,782		-		-		
2014	755,000		52,078		-		-		
2018	760,000		43,395		-		-		
2019	775,000		31,995		-		-		
2020	785,000		17,270		-		-		
	\$4,560,000	\$	268,222	\$	140,000	\$	6,860		
	, , 9,000	_	1	_	- ,		-,,,,,,,		

NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED

Drainage		Note Payable to Provo				
Revenue bonds		Reservoir Water Users Co.				
Principal		Interest	Principal		I	nterest
\$ 160,000	\$	67,392	\$	12,120	\$	18,420
150,000		61,776		12,617		17,955
155,000		56,511		13,115		17,470
160,000		51,071		13,637		16,964
165,000		45,454		14,191		16,442
925,000		135,837		90,339		73,436
205,000		7,196		117,625		54,050
-		-		143,068		29,554
				32,214		3,804
\$1,920,000	\$	425,237	\$	448,926	\$	248,095
	Revent Principal \$ 160,000 150,000 155,000 160,000 165,000 925,000 205,000	Revenue bor Principal  \$ 160,000 \$ 150,000 155,000 160,000 165,000 925,000 205,000	Revenue bonds           Principal         Interest           \$ 160,000         \$ 67,392           150,000         61,776           155,000         56,511           160,000         51,071           165,000         45,454           925,000         135,837           205,000         7,196           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -	Revenue bonds         Revenue bonds           Principal         Interest         F           \$ 160,000         \$ 67,392         \$           150,000         61,776         61,776           155,000         56,511         60,001           165,000         45,454         60,002           925,000         135,837         60,002           205,000         7,196         60,002           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -           -         -         -	Revenue bonds         Reservoir War           Principal         Interest         Principal           \$ 160,000         \$ 67,392         \$ 12,120           150,000         61,776         12,617           155,000         56,511         13,115           160,000         51,071         13,637           165,000         45,454         14,191           925,000         135,837         90,339           205,000         7,196         117,625           -         -         143,068           -         -         32,214	Revenue bonds         Reservoir Water U           Principal         Interest         Principal         I           \$ 160,000         \$ 67,392         \$ 12,120         \$           \$ 150,000         61,776         12,617         155,000         131,115           \$ 160,000         51,071         13,637         143,637         144,191         925,000         135,837         90,339         205,000         7,196         117,625         143,068         -         -         32,214

Note Payable to Provo River Water Users Association

	Kivel Water Users Association			
Year ending June 30,		Principal Interest		Interest
2015	\$	26,226	\$	46,063
2016		27,260		45,014
2017		28,385		43,924
2018		29,509		42,789
2019		30,679		41,608
2020-2024		222,131		185,759
2025-2029		283,803		135,666
2030-2034		345,340		74,172
2035-2036		157,751		9,556
	\$	1,151,084	\$	624,551

The amortization of compensated absences has not been included in the above schedules due to the uncertainty of the timing of the payments.

#### NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED

All outstanding revenue bonds in the City's enterprise funds are secured by a first lien on net revenues earned by the City. Net revenues are defined in the revenue bond agreements. The City is required to establish rates (including connection fees) sufficient to pay the operation and maintenance expenses and to provide net revenues in an amount not less that 125% of the aggregate annual debt service requirement for the upcoming fiscal year. The following summarizes the debt service coverage calculations for the various revenue bonds:

	Electric Water		Drainage	
	Revenues	Revenue	Revenue	
	Bonds	Bonds*	Bonds	
Net revenues				
Operating revenues	\$ 24,998,722	\$ 5,830,862	\$1,078,901	
Operating expenses (excluding				
depreciation)	(22,324,365)	(3,926,658)	(363,271)	
Impact fee revenues	3,897,634	2,841,191	385,316	
Interest income	52,046	20,004	15,799	
Net revenues	\$ 6,624,037	\$ 4,765,399	\$1,116,745	
Aggregate debt service for 2015	\$ 804,702	\$ 146,860	\$ 227,392	
Ratio of net revenues to				
aggregate debt service	8.23	32.45	4.91	
Minimum ratio	1.25	1.25	1.25	

<sup>\*</sup>The net revenues calculation for the Water Revenue Bonds combines the related information from the Culinary Water Fund and the Pressurized Irrigation Fund.

#### **Current Refundings**

During 2014, the City issued \$4,560,000 in Electric Revenue Refunding Bonds with interest rates ranging from 0.80% to 2.20%. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$4,500,000 of outstanding 2009 Electric Refunding and Revenue Bonds. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$146,922. This amount is reported as a deferred charge on refunding and will be amortized over the life of the new bonds. The City refunded the 2009 Electric Refunding and Revenue Bonds to take advantage of lower interest rates and replace the 2009 Bonds' variable interest rate with fixed interest rate debt. Because the 2009 Electric Refunding and Revenue Bonds were remarketed weekly, with an interest rate based on the current market conditions, the present value of the debt service payments related to the these refunded bonds was not determinable. As a result, Lehi City has not calculated an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) associated with the refunding.

The City also issued \$7,210,000 in Sales Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds with an interest rate of 2.30%. The bond proceeds were used to refund \$7,055,000 in outstanding 2003 and 2004 Sales Tax Revenue and Refunding Bonds. The bonds were refunded to reduce total debt service payments by \$863,916 and resulted in an economic gain of \$845,916.

#### NOTE H - LONG-TERM DEBT - CONTINUED

#### Prior Years Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, certain outstanding bonds were defeased by placing proceeds of bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts and the defeased bonds are not included in the financial statements.

At June 30, 2014 the following bonds are considered defeased:

	Bond Series	Defeased Balance
Governmental Activities:	2000 Lease Revenue Bonds	\$4,055,000
Business-type Activities: Culinary Water and Pressurized Irrigation Funds	1989 Water Revenue – Series C	79,000

#### Pledged Revenues

The City has pledged sales tax revenues in the amount of \$16,108,345 to fund debt service payments on the sales tax revenue bonds. These bonds were used to finance infrastructure improvements within the City. Sales tax revenue has been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2024. Total sales tax collections through 2024 have not been estimated. Sales tax revenue in the current year was \$7,904,519 and debt service for the sales tax bonds was \$1,325,691.

The City has pledged tax increment revenues to fund debt service payments on the tax increment note payable to developer in the Alpine Highway Project Area. The principal portion of the note is \$64,020,325. The interest associated with the note is uncertain because of the timing of payments on the note are contingent upon tax increment revenues collected in the area. The proceeds from the note were used to fund redevelopment expenditures. Tax increment has been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2028. Total tax increment collections through 2028 are not estimable. Tax increment revenue available for debt service in the current year was \$7,986,936. As explained previously, if tax increment revenues over the life of the note are insufficient to pay the note, the City will not be required to pay the remaining balance.

The City has pledged tax increment revenues to fund debt service payments on a tax increment note payable to developer of the Thanksgiving Park Project Area in the amount of \$2,211,624. The note is noninterest bearing. Timing of the payments on the note is contingent upon tax increment revenues collected in the area. The note was issued to reimburse the developer for costs incurred in the project area. Tax increment revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2024. Tax increment revenue available for debt service in the current year was \$132,366. If tax increment revenues over the life of the note are insufficient to pay the note, the City will not be required to pay the remaining balance.

#### NOTE H – LONG-TERM DEBT – CONTINUED

The City has pledged property and sales tax increment revenues to fund debt service payments on a tax increment note payable to developer of the Traverse Mountain Project Area in the amount of \$12,768,681. The note is noninterest bearing. Timing of the payments on the note is contingent upon tax increment revenues collected in the area. The note was issued to reimburse the developer for costs incurred in the project area. Tax increment revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2024. Tax increment revenue available for debt service in the current year was \$565,964. If tax increment revenues over the life of the note are insufficient to pay the note, the City will not be required to pay the remaining balance.

The City has pledged property tax increment revenues to fund debt service payments on a tax increment note payable to developer of the Alpine Highway West Project Area in the amount of \$16,771,579. The note is noninterest bearing. Timing of the payments on the note is contingent upon tax increment revenues collected in the area. The note was issued to reimburse the developer for costs incurred in the project area. Tax increment revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2034. Tax increment revenue available for debt service in the current year was \$756,962. If tax increment revenues over the life of the note are insufficient to pay the note, the City will not be required to pay the remaining balance.

The City has pledged water revenues in the amount of \$146,860 to fund debt service payments on the water revenue refunding bonds. The bonds were issued to fund water system improvements within the City. Water revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2015. Water revenues are expected to produce 500 percent of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. Net water revenues for the year were \$4,765,399 and debt service payments on the water revenue bonds were \$466,428.

The City has pledged electric revenues in the amount of \$4,828,222 to fund debt service payments on the electric revenues bonds. The bonds were issued to fund electric system improvements within the City. Electric revenues have been pledged for debt service payments through the year 2020. Electric revenues are projected to produce 600 percent of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. In the current year, net electric revenues were \$6,624,037 and electric revenue bond debt service payments were \$794,032.

The City has pledged drainage revenues in the amount of \$2,345,237 to fund debt service payments on the drainage revenue bonds. The bonds were issued to refund the Series 2000 drainage revenue bonds and to fund drainage system improvements within the City. Drainage revenues have been pledged to fund debt service payments through the year 2025. Drainage revenues are expected to produce approximately 400 percent of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. In the current year, net drainage revenues were \$1,116,745 and drainage revenue bond debt service payments were \$227,651.

#### NOTE I - RETIREMENT PLANS

<u>Plan Description</u> - The City contributes to the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System and Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, Public Safety Contributory Retirement System, Firefighters Retirement System, cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (Systems). The Systems provide refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, Local Government Noncontributory Retirement System, the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System, and the Firefighters Retirement System. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – In the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System, the City is required to contribute 13.99% of plan members' annual covered salary. In the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, the City is required to contribute 17.29% of plan members' annual covered salary. In the Public Safety Contributory Tier 1 Retirement System, members are required to contribute 12.29% of their annual covered salary (all of which was paid by the City for the employee) and the City is required to contribute 20.83%. For members in the Public Safety Contributory Division Tier 2 System, the City is required to contribute 20.85% of the plan members' annual covered salary. For members in the Public Safety Noncontributory Division Tier 1 System, the City is required to contribute 32.14% of the plan members' annual covered salary. Members in the Firefighters System Division Tier 1 are required to pay 15.05% of the annual covered salary (all of which is paid by the City for the employee) and the City is required to pay 2.96% of the annual covered salary. For members in the Firefighters System Division Tier 2, the City is required to contribute 11.02% of the members' annual covered salary.

The City's contributions to the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement System for June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$59,967, \$37,696 and \$6,097, respectively. The City contributions to the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System for June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$1,122,948, \$1,120,784, and \$906,416, respectively; and for the Public Safety Contributory Retirement System, Tiers 1 and 2, the contributions for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, were \$262,697, \$232,427, and \$199,950, respectively; and for the Public Safety Noncontributory Retirement System, the contributions for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$425,735, \$392,685, and \$328,843, respectively. For the Firefighters Retirement System, the contributions for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$253,326, \$242,822, and \$202,236, respectively. The contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year.

### LEHI CITYCORPORATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

#### NOTE J - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The City sponsors a defined contribution deferred compensation plan administered by either USRS or ICMA Retirement Corporation under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) for City employees covered by the State's contributory and noncontributory retirement plans. The plan, available to all permanent full-time City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The 401(k) deferred compensation monies are not available to the City or its general creditors. The City's contributions for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are fully vested in the employee's account from the date of employment. The City's total payroll in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, was approximately \$16,000,000. The City participates at rates between 0% and 2.68% depending on the employees' contributions. The rate of City participation can be changed by the City Council. During the year ended June 30, 2014, contributions totaling \$156,030 were made to the plan by employees and \$187,930 by the City.

The City sponsors another deferred compensation plan through ICMA Retirement Corporation in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. This plan is available to all City employees and permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

### NOTE K – COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES

The City has entered into a contract expiring in 2027 with the Intermountain Power Agency (IPA) for the purchase of power. Under the terms of the agreement, the City is liable for an agreed-upon purchase amount of approximately .43% of production regardless of whether it is used. The City has also entered into an excess power sales agreement whereby all power purchased from IPA in excess of the City's need, will be sold to a group of California cities, thus relieving the City's excess power purchase liability.

The City is a member of Utah Associated Municipal Power System (UAMPS), a political subdivision of the State of Utah created to secure electric power for the members of UAMPS. As a member, the City has entered into power supply agreements with respect to various projects in which UAMPS participates. The total cost of the power the City will be required to purchase in future years is not determinable, however, at a minimum, in connection with these power supply agreements, the City will be required to fund debt service on the UAMPS bonds which, at June 30, 2014, had an outstanding balance of \$223,531,513, of which the City's portion was \$25,059,875. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the City purchased power totaling \$18,729,502.

### LEHI CITYCORPORATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

#### NOTE K – COMMITMENTS AND CONTIGENCIES – CONTINUED

There are several pending lawsuits in which the City is involved. The City management estimates the potential claims against the City resulting from such litigation not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial position of the City.

In fiscal year 2007, the City entered into a ten year operating lease agreement for property to be used for a park. The lease payment is \$300,000 annually. At the expiration of the lease the City has the option to purchase the property for \$4,200,000.

The City has entered into an agreement with Central Utah Water Conservancy District (the District) for the purchase of water. Under the agreement, the City will be required to pay a one-time development fee of \$5,850 per acre foot of water for the City's commitment to purchase 2,500 acre feet of water, or \$14,625,000. This fee is due in the year ending June 30, 2020.

### NOTE L – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City carries commercial insurance for all of these risks of loss except natural disasters. There were no decreases in coverage during 2014. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Expenses and claims not covered by insurance are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining claims, events that might create claims, but for which none have been reported, are considered. Claims information for the past two years is as follows:

2	014	2	2013
\$	-	\$	-
	-		14,418
	-		14,418
	-		-
\$	_	\$	-
		2014 \$ - - - \$ -	

### **NOTE M - INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

The City has transfers to distribute administrative costs expended in the general fund to the enterprise funds. The City has transfers from the Redevelopment Agency to the general fund to reimburse that fund for capital improvements made in prior years. The costs of these capital improvements are reimbursed to the general fund by the Redevelopment Agency pursuant to the Alpine Highway Economic Development Plan. The transfer to the Capital Projects fund from the General fund is to fund projects identified by the Council. These projects will be completed in the coming fiscal year.

A summary of interfund transfers by fund is as follows:

		Transfers in to:									
		_									
	General	Projects	Total								
Transfers out from:											
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 1,800,000	\$ 1,800,000								
Redevelopment Agency	1,877,742	-	1,877,742								
Culinary Water Fund	174,500	-	174,500								
Sewer Fund	150,000	-	150,000								
Pressurized Irrigation Fund	64,890	-	64,890								
Electric Fund	265,920	-	265,920								
Drainage Fund	65,610	-	65,610								
Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	10,000	-	10,000								
	\$ 2,608,662	\$ 1,800,000	\$ 4,408,662								

### NOTE N – SEGMENT INFORMATION FOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The City has issued revenue bonds to finance certain improvements to its culinary water distribution system, pressurized irrigation system, electric power distribution system and drainage system. Because each of these activities is accounted for in separate funds and all of those funds are reported as major funds in the fund financial statements, segment disclosures herein are not required.

### LEHI CITYCORPORATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2014

### NOTE O - REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF LEHI

The Lehi City Redevelopment Agency was created in 1985 to increase and develop the commercial growth in the southeast area of the City, known as the Millpond Project Area. Redevelopment activity did not begin until 1996, when the first tax increment was generated.

In 1994, Micron Technologies, Inc. (IM Flash), a computer chip manufacturer, approached the City for tax incentives to construct a manufacturing facility in Utah. This project, which became a component of the Redevelopment Agency of the City, is known as the Alpine Highway Project Area. Infrastructure improvements on and off site have been made over the life of the project area. In 1998, the tax increment related to this project was triggered and received by the Redevelopment Agency and was used for debt service. In 2008 the Alpine Highway Project Area was extended for an additional twenty years. Consequently, payments will be made to IM Flash through 2028. The majority of the infrastructure improvements associated with this project were contributed to the City's business-type activities therefore the note payable to IM Flash related to this project has not been included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets for the City's governmental activities.

During 2010, the Redevelopment Agency approved another economic development project called the Thanksgiving Park Economic Development Project Area. The project involves the construction of several office buildings within the project area, with the Redevelopment Agency obligated to pay the developer a portion of the tax increment generated by the project. The office buildings must be developed according to a specific schedule and if the schedule is not met, the developer would forfeit some of the tax increment funds.

In August 2010, the Redevelopment Agency passed an ordinance adopting an economic development project area known as the Alpine Highway West Economic Development Project Area. The project will be funded with tax increment financing for a period not to exceed twenty years and up to a maximum of \$17,953,052, with the Agency electing to receive 93.33% of the tax increment from the project area.

During 2012, the Redevelopment Agency approved a community development project area known as the Traverse Mountain Community Development Project Area. The project will be funded with tax increment financing for a period not to exceed twenty years and up to a maximum of \$7,895,934 of property tax increment and \$5,716,119 of sales tax increment. The Agency will receive 100% of the property tax and sales tax increment from the project area.

### NOTE O - REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF LEHI - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2014 the following activity occurred in the City's Redevelopment Agency:

Tax increment collected from other taxing agencies	
for the project area	
Millpond Project Area	\$ 430,349
Alpine Highway Project Area	7,986,936
Alpine Highway West Project Area	756,962
Traverse Mountain Project Area	565,964
Thanksgiving Park Project Area	132,366
	\$ 9,872,577
Outstanding loans to finance RDA projects	\$ 95,772,209
Expenditures:	
Tax increments paid to other taxing agencies	\$ 1,293,884
Principal	3,107,440
Interest	3,881,600
Redevelopment costs	17,953,052
Administrative costs	4,601
	\$ 26,240,577

### NOTE P – LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST

State and federal laws and regulations require the City to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the City reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expenditure in the General fund in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The landfill closure and postclosure care liability is evaluated every three years and as of June 30, 2014, the balance of the liability is as follows based on the cumulative use of 77% of the estimated capacity of the landfill:

Total estimated closure and postclosure care costs	\$ 325,866
Capacity used as of June 30, 2014	77%
Cumulative closure and postclosure care liability,	
as revised during 2012	250,917
Amounts previously recognized	250,917
Amount to be recognized as of June 30, 2014	-
Amount reported as a long-term liability in the	
governmental activities statement of net position	\$ 250,917

#### NOTE P – LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COST - CONTINUED

The total estimated closure and postclosure care costs are based on estimates of what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2014. The City expects the landfill to close in the year 2031 after reaching its total estimated capacity of 230,000 cubic yards. Actual cost may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The City is required to establish financial assurance in accordance with the State of Utah Department of Environmental Quality, Division of Solid and Hazardous Waste Administrative Rules. The City must submit an annual report in which certain financial information is provided to the State indicating that the City meets the minimum financial requirements outlined in the aforementioned rules.

### NOTE Q – EXPENDITURES EXCEEDING APPROPRIATIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the City incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations in community development expenditures of the Redevelopment Agency Special Revenue Fund as follows:

Community Development	\$ 8,973,657
Debt Service	662,290
Transfers Out	42,372

### NOTE R – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

As mentioned in Note A, in prior fiscal years, the Hutchings Museum (the Museum) was treated as a discretely presented component unit in the City's financial statements. Effective July 1, 2013, as a result of factors mentioned in Note A, the City determined that the Museum should be included in the City's financial statements as a department of the General Fund. A prior period adjustment was made to the General Fund in the amount of \$116,844 to incorporate the net of the Museum's cash and accounts payable items into the General Fund. A prior period adjustment was made to the Governmental Activities in the amount of \$432,687 to incorporate all of the net assets of the Museum, including capital assets and non-current liabilities, into the Governmental Activities.

### NOTE S – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

As detailed in Note K, the City is a member of the Utah Associated Municipal Power system (UAMPS) and has entered into power supply agreements with respect to various UAMPS projects. In April 2014, the City entered into a power sales contract with UAMPS to purchase a 25% share in the output of the Veyo Heat Recovery Project for \$7,875,000. To fund the purchase, the City paid UAMPS \$7,875,000 in December 2014.



PLONE FRING UTAH'S FUTURE

## INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

				VARIANCE WITH
	DUDCETE	DAMOUNTS		FINAL BUDGET
	ORIGINAL	D AMOUNTS FINAL	ACTILAL	POSITIVE
REVENUES	URIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
TAXES				
PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 6,400,000	\$ 6,400,000	\$ 6,401,245	\$ 1,245
IN LIEU OF	580,000	580,000	561,095	(18,905)
GENERAL SALES TAX	6,291,000	6,291,000	7,099,370	808,370
911 TAX	-	-	308,340	308,340
FRANCHISE TAX	3,960,000	3,960,000	3,891,599	(68,401)
	ΓAL 17,231,000	17,231,000	18,261,649	1,030,649
LICENSES, FEES AND PERMITS				
BUSINESS LICENSES	80,000	80,000	92,358	12,358
BUILDING PERMITS	1,670,000	1,670,000	1,741,124	71,124
TO	ΓAL 1,750,000	1,750,000	1,833,482	83,482
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUE				
CLASS "C" ROAD FUNDS	1,307,500	1,307,500	1,513,953	206,453
FIRE DEPARTMENT GRANT	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	20,174	20,174
POLICE SALARY REIMBURSEMENT	34,000	34,000	34,000	-
STATE LIQUOR FUNDS ALLOTMENT	41,000	41,000	43,616	2,616
COUNTY FIRE ALLOCATION	15,000	15,000	8,794	(6,206)
STATE GRANT	75,000	75,000	24,092	(50,908)
OTHER GRANTS	35,500	35,500	26,969	(8,531)
TO	ΓAL 1,508,000	1,508,000	1,671,598	163,598
CHARGES FOR SERVICE				
PLANNING/INSPECTION FEES	1,405,000	1,405,000	1,473,511	68,511
AMBULANCE FEES	490,665	490,665	614,948	124,283
FIRE FEES	60,000	60,000	90,771	30,771
CEMETERY FEES	137,800	137,800	200,865	63,065
RECREATION FEES	3,020,143	3,020,143	3,263,537	243,394
LIBRARY FEES	103,000	103,000	86,204	(16,796)
OTHER SERVICE REVENUE	41,000	41,000	32,884	(8,116)
TO	ΓAL 5,257,608	5,257,608	5,762,720	505,112
FINES AND FORFEITURES				
COURTS FINES AND FORFEITURES	807,500	807,500	547,825	(259,675)
MISCELLANEOUS	286,950	286,950	806,898	519,948
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	64,500	64,500	45,400	(19,100)
TOTAL REVENU	JES 26,905,558	26,905,558	28,929,572	2,024,014
EXPENDITURES				
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
COURT				
PERSONNEL	439,800	439,800	417,596	22,204
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	118,900	118,900	139,179	(20,279)
CAPITAL	110,700	110,700	137,177	(20,277)
TOT	AL 558,700	558,700	556,775	1,925
ADMINISTRATIVE	AL 336,700	338,700	330,773	1,723
PERSONNEL	787,250	787,250	792,343	(5,093)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	108,500	108,500	73,048	35,452
CAPITAL	100,500	100,500	75,040	
TOT	AL 895,750	895,750	865,391	30,359
TREASURY	075,130	673,730	003,371	30,339
PERSONNEL	370,252	370,252	341,134	29,118
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	37,700	37,700	33,948	3,752
TOT		407,952	375,082	32,870
101	101,732	+01,732	373,002	32,070
	CONTINUE	)		

					VARIANCE WITH
		DID CETTED A	MOLINEG		FINAL BUDGET
		BUDGETED A	FINAL	ACTUAL	POSITIVE
FINANCE		ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
PERSONNEL		353,401	353,401	366,236	(12,835)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		85,746	85,746	72,882	12,864
OF ERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	TOTAL	439.147	439.147	439,118	29
CITY RECORDER	TOTAL	437,147	437,147	437,116	
PERSONNEL		138,125	138,125	98,488	39,637
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		78.050	78,050	40,348	37,702
OF ERVITORS AND WARNIE VINCE	TOTAL	216,175	216,175	138,836	77,339
LEGAL SERVICES	101112	210,170	210,170	150,050	,557
PERSONNEL		378,248	378,248	376,827	1,421
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		105,000	105,000	88,959	16,041
	TOTAL	483,248	483,248	465,786	17,462
LEGISLATIVE	101112	100,210	.00,2.0	100,700	17,102
PERSONNEL		167,365	167,365	165,844	1,521
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		81,000	81,000	36,551	44,449
	TOTAL	248,365	248,365	202,395	45,970
NONDEPARTMENTAL					
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		1,613,543	1.613.543	1,622,934	(9,391)
CAPITAL		240,000	300,000	285,549	14,451
	TOTAL	1,853,543	1,913,543	1,908,483	5,060
EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT				,,	
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		15,000	15,000	12,819	2,181
CAPITAL		-	-	-	-
	TOTAL	15,000	15,000	12,819	2,181
FACILITIES MAINTENANCE				<u> </u>	
PERSONNEL		228,293	228,293	293,078	(64,785)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		170,400	320,400	255,230	65,170
CAPITAL		-	=	-	, =
	TOTAL	398,693	548,693	548,308	385
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT		5,516,573	5,726,573	5,512,993	213,580
DUDLIG GARETY					
PUBLIC SAFETY					
POLICE PERSONNEL		4.506.919	4746 010	4 600 517	56 201
		4,596,818	4,746,818	4,690,517	56,301
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL		755,966	805,966 145,000	1,063,501 140,722	(257,535)
CAFITAL	TOTAL	100,000	<del></del> .		4,278
CODE ENFORCEMENT	IOIAL	5,452,784	5,697,784	5,894,740	(196,956)
PERSONNEL		89,469	89,469	94,475	(5,006)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		22,294	22.294	16,736	(5,006) 5,558
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	TOTAL	111,763	111,763	111.211	552
FIRE	IOIAL	111,703	111,703	111,211	332
PERSONNEL		3,361,016	3,361,016	3,101,587	259,429
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		507,395	507,395	529,973	(22,578)
CAPITAL		28,450	28,450	45,938	(17,488)
CALITAL	TOTAL	3,896,861	3,896,861	3,677,498	219,363
ANIMAL CONTROL	TOTAL	3,070,001	3,070,001	3,077,490	219,303
PERSONNEL		80,597	80,597	78,003	2,594
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		68,100	68,100	68,857	(757)
CAPITAL		00,100	00,100	-	
CATTAL	TOTAL	148,697	148,697	146,860	1,837
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	IOIAL	9,610,105	9,855,105	9,830,309	24,796
1017E I UDEIC SAFEI I		7,010,103	7,033,103	2,030,303	24,790

CONTINUED

		BUDGETED A	AMOUNTS		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
		ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PUBLIC WORKS ADMINISTRATION					
PERSONNEL		213,511	213,511	161,446	52,065
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		19,100	19,100	16,992	2,108
CAPITAL	mom			-	
ENGINEEDING	TOTAL	232,611	232,611	178,438	54,173
ENGINEERING		505.000	E05 000	204 270	120 921
PERSONNEL		505,099	505,099	384,278	120,821
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL		42,800	42,800	66,783	(23,983)
CAPITAL	TOTAL	3,850 551,749	3,850 551.749	3,354 454,415	97,334
PLANNING AND ZONING	IOIAL	551,749	331,749	454,415	97,334
PERSONNEL		560,083	560,083	503,585	56,498
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		82,800	82,800	68,228	14,572
CAPITAL		02,000	-	00,220	14,572
CHITTE	TOTAL	642,883	642,883	571,813	71,070
INSPECTIONS	101112	0.12,005	0.2,000	071,015	71,070
PERSONNEL		585,911	585,911	538,657	47,254
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		74,110	74,110	76,090	(1,980)
CAPITAL		12,270	12,270	-	12,270
	TOTAL	672,291	672,291	614,747	57,544
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT					
PERSONNEL		124,938	124,938	124,844	94
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		41,985	41,985	19,854	22,131
CAPITAL			<u> </u>		
	TOTAL	166,923	166,923	144,698	22,225
TOTAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		2,266,457	2,266,457	1,964,111	302,346
STREETS AND HIGHWAYS STREETS AND PUBLIC IMPROVEMEN PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE CAPITAL	TS	917,575 126,556	1,022,575 126,556	976,974 134,868	45,601 (8,312)
	TOTAL	1,044,131	1,149,131	1,111,842	37,289
C ROAD		, , , ,	, -, -	, , , -	
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		187,900	187,900	154,569	33,331
CAPITAL		1,128,100	1,128,100	1,195,810	(67,710)
	TOTAL	1,316,000	1,316,000	1,350,379	(34,379)
TOTAL STREETS AND HIGHWAYS		2,360,131	2,465,131	2,462,221	2,910
PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE PARKS					
PERSONNEL		1,217,899	1,217,899	1,187,609	30,290
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		283,530	378,530	403,673	(25,143)
CAPITAL			<del></del> -	6,622	(6,622)
	TOTAL	1,501,429	1,596,429	1,597,904	(1,475)
COMMUNITY ARTS AND EVENTS		20 < 000	204.000	200.005	7.705
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE	TOTAL	296,800	296,800	289,095	7,705
CENIOD CITIZENS	TOTAL	296,800	296,800	289,095	7,705
SENIOR CITIZENS		119,712	110.712	109,715	9,997
PERSONNEL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		38,150	119,712 38,150	24,663	13,487
CAPITAL		36,130	36,130	2,352	(2,352)
C/11/11/1L	TOTAL	157,862	157,862	136,730	21,132
RECREATION	IOIAL	137,002	157,002	130,730	21,132
PERSONNEL		2,106,626	2,106,626	2,145,938	(39,312)
OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE		1,519,293	1,519,293	1,518,592	701
CAPITAL		979,100	1,279,100	1,161,855	117,245
	TOTAL	4,605,019	4,905,019	4,826,385	78,634
				, -,	

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VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET BUDGETED AMOUNTS POSITIVE (NEGATIVE) ORIGINAL FINAL. ACTUAL. MUSEUM PERSONNEL 135,603 135,603 121,675 13,928 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 81,050 81,050 91,174 (10,124)TOTAL 216,653 216,653 212,849 3,804 LITERACY CENTER PERSONNEL 229,161 229,161 184,792 44,369 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 10,250 10,250 17,456 (7,206)CAPITAL 239,411 202,248 37,163 TOTAL 239,411 LIBRARY PERSONNEL 746,895 746,895 701,282 45,613 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 343,000 346,000 16,802 329,198 CAPITAL TOTAL 1,089,895 1,092,895 1,030,480 62,415 TOTAL PARKS, RECREATION AND CULTURE 8,107,069 8,505,069 8 295 691 209 378 CEMETERY PERSONNEL. 267,640 267,640 262,789 4.851 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE 67,557 67,557 71,941 (4,384)CAPITAL TOTAL 335.197 335,197 334,730 467 DEBT SERVICE PRINCIPAL 481,473 481,473 560,000 (78,527)INTEREST 416,000 416,000 337,474 78,526 CAPITAL LEASE PAYMENT-PRINCIPAL 81,288 81,288 81,288 CAPITAL LEASE PAYMENT-INTEREST 3,600 3,600 3,600 982,361 982,361 897,474 84,887 TOTAL EXPENDITURES 29,177,893 29,297,529 30,135,893 838,364 EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES (2,272,335) OVER EXPENDITURES (3,230,335) (367,957) 2,862,378 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) TRANSFERS IN 2,567,335 2,567,335 2,608,662 41,327 TRANSFERS OUT (300,000)(1,800,000)(1,800,000)SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS 5,000 47,930 5,000 52,930 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 2,272,335 772,335 861,592 89,257 493,635 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE 2,951,635 (2,458,000)FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS PREVIOUSLY REPORTED 7,750,174 7,750,174 7,750,174 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT 116,844 116,844 116,844 FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR, AS RESTATED 7,867,018 7,867,018 7,867,018 FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR 7,867,018 5,409,018 8,360,653 2,951,635

		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
IMPACT FEE REVENUE	\$ 4,550,000	\$ 4,550,000	\$ 4,611,238	\$ 61,238
SALES TAX REVENUE	429,500	429,500	429,500	-
INTEREST ON INVESTMENTS	32,000	32,000	39,189	7,189
TOTAL REVENUES	5,011,500	5,011,500	5,079,927	68,427
EXPENDITURES				
CURRENT				
OTHER	73,000	1,573,000	77,920	1,495,080
CAPITAL OUTLAY	5,668,409	6,814,439	4,245,051	2,569,388
DEBT SERVICE				
PRINCIPAL	-	7,210,000	7,055,000	155,000
INTEREST AND FISCAL CHARGES	427,500	427,500	417,017	10,483
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	6,168,909	16,024,939	11,794,988	4,229,951
DEFICIENCY OF DEVENIES UNDER				
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	(1,157,409)	(11,013,439)	(6,715,061)	4,298,378
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
TRANSFERS IN	300,000	1.800.000	1.800.000	
ISSUANCE OF BONDS	300,000	7,210,000	7,210,000	14,420,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	300,000	9,010,000	9,010,000	14,420,000
TOTAL OTHER THVANCING SOURCES		2,010,000	7,010,000	14,420,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(857,409)	(2,003,439)	2,294,939	18,718,378
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	7,840,111	7,840,111	7,840,111	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$ 6,982,702	\$ 5,836,672	\$ 10,135,050	\$ 18,718,378

### COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City.

Information Technology-This fund is used to account for the costs of providing computers, related equipment, and software to City departments. A service fee is charged to City departments monthly.

Fleet-This fund is used to account for the costs of maintaining the City's vehicles and equipment.

Risk Management-This fund is used to account for the costs of general liability insurance premiums, property damage, and claims for which the City is responsibility. The City employs a risk manager whose salary and benefits are recorded in this fund.

Building and Grounds – This fund is used to account for the costs of maintaining the buildings and grounds of the City's physical facilities. A service fee is charged to the relevant departments of the City on a monthly basis.

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS									
	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY		FLEET		RISK MANAGEMENT		BUILDING AND GROUNDS			TOTALS
ASSETS										
CURRENT ASSETS  CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS  INVENTORY	\$	430,824	\$	257,220 46,848	\$	788,996 -	\$	36,782	\$	1,513,822 46,848
PREPAID EXPENSES		22,954		-		-		-		22,954
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		453,778		304,068		788,996		36,782		1,583,624
NON-CURRENT ASSETS DEPRECIABLE CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		195,764		1,881,051		-		50,291		2,127,106
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		195,764	_	1,881,051				50,291	_	2,127,106
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	649,542	\$	2,185,119	\$	788,996	\$	87,073	\$	3,710,730
LIABILITIES CURRENT LIABILITIES ACCOUNTS PAYABLE WAGES PAYABLE CURRENT PORTION COMPENSATED ABSENCES	\$	4,558 5,154 13,310	\$	126,747 1,961 9,720	\$	33,258 1,880 5,935	\$	37,318 1,989	\$	201,881 10,984 28,965
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		23,022		138,428		41,073		39,307		241,830
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES COMPENSATED ABSENCES		8,417		11,192		17,940		-		37,549
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		8,417		11,192		17,940		-		37,549
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	31,439	\$	149,620	\$	59,013	\$	39,307	\$	279,379
NET POSITION  NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS  UNRESTRICTED		195,764 422,339		1,881,051 154,448		729,983		50,291 (2,525)		2,127,106 1,304,245
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	618,103	\$	2,035,499	\$	729,983	\$	47,766	\$	3,431,351

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014

	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS									
INFORMATI TECHNOLO			FLEET		RISK MANAGEMENT		BUILDING AND GROUNDS			TOTALS
OPERATING REVENUES										
CHARGES FOR SERVICES - INTERNAL TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	\$	668,999 668,999	\$	1,594,240 1,594,240	\$	550,991 550,991	\$	379,362 379,362	\$	3,193,592 3,193,592
OPERATING EXPENSES										
PERSONNEL		280,794		174,961		109,544		69,108		634,407
OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE		199,188		943,606		643,507		256,671		2,042,972
DEPRECIATION		47,624		356,517		477		9,985		414,603
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		527,606		1,475,084		753,528		335,764	_	3,091,982
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		141,393		119,156		(202,537)		43,598		101,610
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)										
GAIN ON DISPOSAL OF CAPITAL ASSETS		-		6,492		-		-		6,492
INTEREST INCOME		1,786		2,469		22,475		-		26,730
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		1,786		8,961		22,475		-		33,222
CHANGE IN NET POSTION		143,179		128,117		(180,062)		43,598		134,832
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		474,924		1,907,382		910,045		4,168		3,296,519
NET POSTION AT END OF YEAR	\$	618,103	\$	2,035,499	\$	729,983	\$	47,766	\$	3,431,351

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS JUNE 30, 2014

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	INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS									
		INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY		FLEET	RISK MANAGEMENT		BUILDING AND GROUNDS		TOTALS	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  CASH RECEIVED FROM INTERFUND  SERVICES PROVIDED	\$	668,999	\$	1,594,240	\$ 550		<u> </u>	379,362	\$	3,193,592
CASH PAID TO SUPPLIERS CASH PAID TO EMPLOYEES		(177,831) (287,094)		(881,145) (173,869)	(107 (610	,317) ,865)		(243,493) (68,120)		(1,409,786) (1,139,948)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		204,074		539,226	(167	,191)		67,749		643,858
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES MISCELLANEOUS RECEIPTS		_		_		_		-		-
NET CASH USED IN NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		-		-		_		-		-
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES PROCEEDS FROM SALE OF CAPITAL ASSETS ACQUISITION AND CONSTRUCTION OF		-		24,173		-		-		24,173
CAPITAL ASSETS		(51,421)		(1,292,095)				(38,726)		(1,382,242)
NET CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(51,421)		(1,267,922)				(38,726)		(1,358,069)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES INTEREST INCOME COLLECTED		1,786		2,469	22	,475				26,730
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		1,786	_	2,469	22	,475			_	26,730
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		154,439 276,385		(726,227) 983,447	(144 933			29,023 7,759		(687,481) 2,201,303
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$	430,824	\$	257,220	\$ 788	,996	\$	36,782	\$	1,513,822
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR CONSISTS OF: UNRESTRICTED CASH	\$	430,824	\$	257,220	\$ 788	996	\$	36,782	\$	1,513,822
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Ψ	430,024	Ψ	231,220	ŷ 760	,,,,,	Ţ	30,762	Ψ	1,515,622
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$	141,393	\$	119,156	\$ (202	,537)	\$	43,598	\$	101,610
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES										
DEPRECIATION CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES		47,624		356,517		477		9,985		414,603
INVENTORY		-		3,221		-		-		3,221
PREPAID EXPENSES		18,408		-	22	-		12.170		18,408
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE WAGES PAYABLE		2,949 154		59,240 60		,642 479		13,178		108,009 693
WAGES PAYABLE COMPENSATED ABSENCES		(6,454)		1,032		,748		988		(2,686)
	\$	204,074	\$	539,226	\$ (167		\$	67,749	\$	643,858
	\$	204,074	\$	539,226	\$ (167)	,191)	2	0/,/49	3	043,85



PLONE FRING UTAH'S FUTURE

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION STATISTICAL SECTION TABLE OF CONTENTS

This part of Lehi City Corporation's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

	Page
FINANCIAL TRENDS  These schedules provide trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and economic conditions have changed over time.	88 - 96
REVENUE CAPACITY  These schedules contain information to help the reader understand the City's capacity to raise revenues and the sources of these revenues.	97 - 100
DEBT CAPACITY  These schedules provide information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	101 - 109
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION  These schedules present demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	110 - 111
OPERATING INFORMATION  These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial reports relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	112 - 114

Note: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

### NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

(accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year		
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 211,805,645	\$ 211,722,660	\$ 215,235,149	\$ 214,537,806	\$ 219,129,389
Restricted	3,500,816	9,514,316	6,905,380	6,470,224	8,560,047
Unrestricted	(72,015,133)	(71,391,471)	(66,936,366)	(73,872,812)	(88,715,100)
Total governmental activities net position	143,291,328	149,845,505	155,204,163	147,135,218	138,974,336
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	172,095,833	171,920,314	176,523,733	184,918,965	202,621,488
Restricted	5,638,545	5,166,369	5,681,780	8,545,937	9,063,049
Unrestricted	(2,125,977)	49,034	5,025,384	13,515,909	16,429,759
Total business-type activities net position	175,608,401	177,135,717	187,230,897	206,980,811	228,114,296
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	383,901,478	383,642,974	391,758,882	399,456,771	421,750,877
Restricted	9,139,361	14,680,685	12,587,160	15,016,161	17,623,096
Unrestricted	(74,141,110)	(71,342,437)	(61,910,982)	(60,356,903)	(72,285,341)
Total primary government net position	\$ 318,899,729	\$ 326,981,222	\$ 342,435,060	\$ 354,116,029	\$ 367,088,632
			Fiscal Year		
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Governmental activities	Ф. 7.6.400. <b>27.1</b>	A 07 662 000	ф 110 c7c c05	A 100 570 556	Ф <b>212</b> 570 210
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 76,480,271	\$ 95,663,909	\$ 118,676,685	\$ 199,579,556	\$ 213,579,310
Restricted Unrestricted	2,464,432 11,523,200	5,069,239 14,183,830	3,168,606 5,528,236	1,412,125 (71,602,248)	2,488,688 (74,678,852)
Omestricted	11,323,200	14,165,650	3,328,230	(71,002,248)	(74,078,832)
Total governmental activities net position	90,467,903	114,916,978	127,373,527	129,389,433	141,389,146
Business-type activities					
Net investment in capital assets	88,606,990	111,727,736	138,778,193	131,058,326	137,407,148
Restricted	2,278,824	3,964,822	7,081,023	7,606,529	5,622,428
Unrestricted	2,888,003	4,861,520	5,232,772	(764,656)	(1,728,272)
Total business-type activities net position	93,773,817	120,554,078	151,091,988	137,900,199	141,301,304
Primary government					
Net investment in capital assets	165,087,261	207,391,645	257,454,878	330,637,882	350,986,458
Restricted	4,743,256	9,034,061	10,249,629	9,018,654	8,111,116
Unrestricted	14,411,203	19,045,350	10,761,008	(72,366,904)	(76,407,124)
Total primary government net position	\$ 184,241,720	\$ 235,471,056	\$ 278,465,515	\$ 267,289,632	\$ 282,690,450

Beginning in FY 2013 the City adopted GASB Statement No. 63 and began using the title of Net Position in lieu of Net Assets to describe the City's net equity.

## CHANGES IN NET POSITION (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS) (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year			scal Year						
		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014
Expenses										
Governmental activities										
General government	\$	4,429,526	\$	5,307,139	\$	5,664,766	\$	5,602,138	\$	6,608,885
Public Safety		8,294,302		8,781,592		8,759,020		9,487,082		10,046,876
Community Development		3,915,440		4,264,439		3,826,912		17,364,548		21,231,389
Streets and Highways		7,533,656		10,227,496		11,731,075		8,753,776		9,496,924
Parks, recreation, and culture		6,181,189		6,369,274		6,740,823		7,585,566		8,023,291
Cemetery		343,280		269,700		261,054		315,796		362,172
Interest on long-term debt		4,677,116		4,545,032		4,457,480		4,498,839		4,520,957
Total governmental activities		35,374,509		39,764,672		41,441,130		53,607,745		60,290,494
Business-type activities										
Culinary Water		2,502,822		2,544,131		2,562,929		2,848,555		3,409,071
Sewer		4,867,521		6,102,340		6,372,255		6,218,600		6,248,401
Pressurized Irrigation		1,882,960		2,676,304		2,277,980		2,604,120		2,747,577
Electric		20,554,351		20,787,596		19,951,247		23,776,549		24,328,858
Drainage		1,006,380		1,225,380		1,161,325		1,299,785		1,301,784
Garbage		2,021,030		1,816,865		2,120,558		2,243,542		2,427,119
Total business-type activities		32,835,064		35,152,616		34,446,294		38,991,151		40,462,810
Total primary government expenses	\$	68,209,573	\$	74,917,288	\$	75,887,424	\$	92,598,896	\$	100,753,304
Program Revenues Governmental activities Charges for services										
General government	\$	1,145,665	\$	1,021,657	\$	901,786	\$	852,069	\$	1,280,770
Public Safety		591,731		505,979		491,458		639,389		735,826
Community Development		1,363,643		1,487,215		2,331,513		3,697,018		3,380,948
Parks, recreation, and culture		2,987,914		2,949,442		3,103,973		3,261,742		3,442,123
Cemetery		70,780		161,502		147,453		170,515		200,865
Operating grants and contributions		1,545,098		2,153,477		3,443,139		1,990,385		1,652,937
Capital grants and contributions		5,596,760		12,581,519		7,656,824		2,693,363		6,669,536
Total governmental activities		13,301,591		20,860,791		18,076,146		13,304,481		17,363,005
Business-type activities										
Charges for services										
Culinary Water		2,597,686		2,634,733		2,843,567		3,353,732		3,387,526
Sewer		3,959,930		4,886,485		6,292,827		7,329,883		7,518,893
Pressurized Irrigation		1,850,135		2,200,146		2,296,606		2,160,964		2,236,370
Electric		18,975,668		19,856,320		21,222,943		23,493,768		24,730,251
Drainage		933,646		1,070,910		1,107,979		1,023,980		1,072,401
Garbage		2,125,792		2,193,629		2,291,890		2,155,728		2,025,666
Capital grants and contributions		5,034,797		4,245,278		5,631,871		9,991,274		13,031,629
Total business-type activities		35,477,654		37,087,501		41,687,683		49,509,329		54,002,736
Total primary government program revenues	\$	48,779,245	\$	57,948,292	\$	59,763,829	\$	62,813,810	\$	71,365,741

## CHANGES IN NET POSITION (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS) (accrual basis of accounting)

			Figural Voca		
	2010	2011	Fiscal Year 2012	2013	2014
Net (Expense)/Revenue	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental activities	\$ (22,072,918)	\$ (18,903,881)	\$ (23,364,984)	\$ (40,303,264)	\$ (42,927,489)
Business-type activities	2,642,590	1,934,885	7,241,389	10,518,178	13,539,926
Total primary government net					
(expense)/revenue	\$ (19,430,328)	\$ (16,968,996)	\$ (16,123,595)	\$ (29,785,086)	\$ (29,387,563)
General Revenues and Other Changes in N	let Position				
Governmental activities					
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ 13,900,358	\$ 14,704,702	\$ 14,430,126	\$ 14,014,696	\$ 15,812,205
Sales taxes	5,741,667	5,985,133	6,818,129	7,361,030	7,904,519
Franchise taxes	3,127,311	3,418,306	3,374,229	3,733,118	4,285,907
Motor vehicle fees in lieu	321,119	511,309	537,784	549,720	561,095
Impact fees	-	-	2,719,390	4,727,508	4,899,084
Earnings on investments	98,348	74,775	95,889	108,596	98,028
Gain (Loss) on disposal of assets	55,297	28,511	-	57,750	23,300
Other	-	4,402	17,175	47,656	18,862
Transfers	731,000	730,920	730,920	730,920	730,920
Total governmental activities	23,975,100	25,458,058	28,723,642	31,330,994	34,333,920
Business-type activities					
Earnings on investments	49,956	48,967	159,686	99,922	106,836
Impact fees	-	-	3,127,551	4,273,216	7,617,749
Gain (Loss) on disposal of assets	(115,728)	-	33,221	1,800	68,690
Other	169,979	274,384	264,253	286,009	531,204
Transfers	(731,000)	(730,920)	(730,920)	(730,920)	(730,920)
Total business-type activities	(626,793)	(407,569)	2,853,791	3,930,027	7,593,559
Total primary government	\$ 23,348,307	\$ 25,050,489	\$ 31,577,433	\$ 35,261,021	\$ 41,927,479
Change in Net Position					
Governmental activities	\$ 11,999,713	\$ 1,902,182	\$ 6,554,177	\$ (8,972,270)	\$ (8,593,569)
Business-type activities	3,401,105	2,015,797	1,527,316	14,448,205	21,133,485
Total primary government	\$ 15,400,818	\$ 3,917,979	\$ 8,081,493	\$ 5,475,935	\$ 12,539,916

## CHANGES IN NET POSITION (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS) (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year								
Expenses	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009				
Governmental activities	2003	2000	2007	2000	200)				
General government	\$ 2,481,312	\$ 3,061,330	\$ 3,278,956	\$ 3,628,674	\$ 4,790,376				
Public Safety	4,058,050	5,591,343	6,602,301	7,519,925	6,917,410				
Community Development	2,094,404	2,430,340	4,117,333	23,047,285	7,845,367				
Streets and Highways	4,075,003	4,832,769	4,927,772	5,810,559	6,833,204				
Parks, recreation, and culture	4,880,066	5,224,571	6,017,809	6,392,168	6,154,035				
Cemetery	303,608	350,002	409,954	448,945	179,180				
Interest on long-term debt	2,228,046	2,573,686	3,407,163	4,365,331	4,818,132				
Total governmental activities	20,120,489	24,064,041	28,761,288	51,212,887	37,537,704				
Business-type activities									
Culinary Water	1,806,484	1,883,564	2,182,072	2,656,616	2,738,379				
Sewer	2,529,956	2,885,779	3,377,096	3,763,563	4,427,260				
Pressurized Irrigation	1,368,222	1,396,885	1,926,428	1,827,990	1,867,549				
Electric	14,829,348	16,087,303	16,223,414	18,944,544	20,728,252				
Drainage	434,486	440,973	508,081	607,976	906,252				
Swimming pool	235,355	-	-	-	-				
Ambulance	381,408	-	-	-	-				
Garbage	1,257,056	1,386,508	1,661,564	1,673,466	1,934,512				
Total business-type activities Total primary government expenses	22,842,315 \$ 42,962,804	24,081,012 \$ 48,145,053	25,878,655 \$ 54,639,943	29,474,155 \$ 80,687,042	32,602,204 \$ 70,139,908				
Program Revenues									
Governmental activities									
Charges for services									
General government	\$ 1,300,040	\$ 1,671,982	\$ 1,594,333	\$ 1,695,954	\$ 1,704,170				
Public Safety	86,129	389,767	389,865	428,763	492,808				
Community Development	2,781,526	4,738,740	5,355,658	2,887,683	1,023,732				
Streets and Highways	19,475	314,829	<u>-</u>		-				
Parks, recreation, and culture	1,579,155	2,496,624	2,862,975	2,605,373	2,874,871				
Cemetery	77,836	113,897	130,334	271,967	136,252				
Operating grants and contributions	299,681	652,893	829,731	1,229,542	823,303				
Capital grants and contributions	15,631,015	23,997,070	34,359,144	27,104,451	13,239,384				
Total governmental activities	21,774,857	34,375,802	45,522,040	36,223,733	20,294,520				
Business-type activities									
Charges for services									
Culinary Water	1,589,361	1,986,927	2,110,706	2,346,398	1,984,451				
Sewer	1,802,658	2,071,764	2,806,305	3,696,025	3,682,833				
Pressurized Irrigation	1,134,314	1,325,319	1,497,451	1,606,059	1,630,416				
Electric	14,735,942	16,880,143	15,926,346	18,198,914	19,110,795				
Drainage	381,558	426,361	492,993	540,080	866,809				
Swimming pool	81,895	-	-	-	-				
Ambulance	254,131	-	-	-	-				
Garbage	1,200,183	1,405,976	1,595,038	1,833,795	2,011,309				
Operating grants and contributions	11,308	-		<u>-</u>	-				
Capital grants and contributions	11,178,666	26,673,151	22,743,591	14,121,431	8,470,064				
Total business-type activities	32,370,016	50,769,641	47,172,430	42,342,702	37,756,677				
Total primary government revenues	\$ 54,144,873	\$ 85,145,443	\$ 92,694,470	\$ 78,566,435	\$ 58,051,197				

CONTINUED

## CHANGES IN NET POSITION (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS) (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year		
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Net (Expense)/Revenue	· <u> </u>				
Governmental activities	\$ 1,654,368	\$ 10,311,761	\$ (14,989,154)	\$ (17,243,184)	\$ (22,072,918)
Business-type activities	9,527,791	9,527,791	12,868,547	5,154,473	2,642,590
Total primary government net					
(expense)/revenue	\$ 11,182,159	\$ 19,839,552	\$ (2,120,607)	\$ (12,088,711)	\$ (19,430,328)
General Revenues and Other Changes in	Net Position				
Governmental activities					
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ 6,087,979	\$ 7,078,262	\$ 6,581,220	\$ 17,539,314	\$ 13,900,358
Sales taxes	1,758,008	2,462,970	5,670,821	5,727,822	5,741,667
Franchise taxes	1,864,640	2,186,651	3,059,267	3,191,822	3,127,311
Motor vehicle fees in lieu	333,893	503,721	427,577	533,111	321,119
Earnings on investments	542,371	698,566	503,871	177,236	98,348
Gain (Loss) on disposal of assets	-	-	_	(159,412)	55,297
Other	160,689	41,239	31,304	-	-
Transfers	326,900	1,165,905	731,000	2,231,004	731,000
Total governmental activities	11,074,480	14,137,314	17,005,060	29,240,897	23,975,100
Business-type activities					
Earnings on investments	230,544	328,593	505,827	280,778	49,956
Gain on disposal of assets	396,716	-	_	-	(115,728)
Other	-	928,944	274,922	196,858	169,979
Transfers	(326,900)	(1,165,905)	(731,000)	(2,231,004)	(731,000)
Total business-type activities	300,360	91,632	49,749	(1,753,368)	(626,793)
Total primary government	\$ 11,374,840	\$ 14,228,946	\$ 17,054,809	\$ 27,487,529	\$ 23,348,307
Change in Net Position					
Governmental activities	\$ 12,728,848	\$ 24,449,075	\$ 19,762,254	\$ 2,015,906	\$ 11,999,713
Business-type activities	9,828,151	9,619,423	34,837,591	12,918,296	3,401,105
Total primary government	\$ 22,556,999	\$ 34,068,498	\$ 54,599,845	\$ 14,934,202	\$ 15,400,818

### FUND BALANCES: GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year		
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ 2,637	\$ -	\$ 25,858	\$ 29,902
Restricted	2,226,954	1,079,347	1,160,885	652,048	1,028,085
Committed	321,627	355,345	398,166	448,237	466,584
Assigned	180,961	181,923	183,210	184,415	190,349
Unassigned	913,681	1,590,564	3,410,473	6,439,616	6,645,733
Total general fund	3,643,223	3,209,816	5,152,734	7,750,174	8,360,653
All Other Governmental Funds					
Restricted	1,509,304	8,566,451	6,121,394	6,195,047	8,274,991
Assigned	481,634	(1,008,431)	37,941	2,690,851	2,617,559
Total all other governmental funds	1,990,938	7,558,020	6,159,335	8,885,898	10,892,550
Total governmental funds	\$ 5,634,161	\$ 10,767,836	\$ 11,312,069	\$ 16,636,072	\$ 19,253,203
			Fiscal Year		
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,398
Restricted	3,986,548	4,626,796	3,026,635	2,087,820	1,963,731
Committed	-	-	144,549	199,396	319,499
Assigned	-	-	89,938	103,574	179,765
Unassigned	2,061,121	4,515,495	3,710,734	3,031,997	526,590
		0 142 201	6 071 956	5,422,787	3,023,983
Total general fund	6,047,669	9,142,291	6,971,856	3,422,767	3,023,763
-	6,047,669	9,142,291	0,971,830	3,422,787	3,023,763
All Other Governmental Funds					
-	651,415 3,177,623	812,311 1,990,050	141,971 2,095,679	108,055 2,680,563	1,055,460 297,990
All Other Governmental Funds Restricted Assigned	651,415 3,177,623	812,311 1,990,050	141,971 2,095,679	108,055 2,680,563	1,055,460 297,990
All Other Governmental Funds Restricted	651,415	812,311	141,971	108,055	1,055,460

Lehi City has implemented GASB 54 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The fund balances from prior fiscal years (2005 - 2010) were restated for comparison purposes.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
SCHEDULE 4
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES: GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year		
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 23,090,455	\$ 24,619,450	\$ 25,160,268	\$ 25,658,564	\$ 28,563,726
Licenses, fees and permits	3,295,183	3,070,742	4,187,195	6,695,905	6,444,720
Intergovernmental	2,589,244	10,694,110	7,031,764	2,015,152	1,671,598
Charges for services	4,111,773	4,209,859	4,554,976	5,668,980	5,762,720
Fines and forfeitures	828,467	835,010	651,848	593,424	547,825
Miscellaneous	441,419	335,460	365,682	357,656	806,898
Interest on investments	92,336	67,281	83,006	96,393	88,992
Total revenues	34,448,877	43,831,912	42,034,739	41,086,074	43,886,479
Expenditures					
General government	4,431,166	4,928,570	4,926,429	4,756,942	5,512,993
Public Safety	8,071,323	8,453,897	8,430,152	9,108,300	9,830,309
Community development	3,707,335	4,388,643	3,775,472	17,383,350	21,215,648
Streets and highways	1,689,097	1,770,865	1,873,444	2,094,633	2,462,221
Parks recreation and culture	5,793,779	6,058,330	6,927,077	6,805,808	8,295,691
Cemetery	289,208	223,569	244,481	291,914	334,730
Other	33,225	798,307	312,483	13,780	77,920
Capital outlay	1,695,944	5,362,725	8,858,638	3,569,430	4,245,051
Debt Service					
Principal	4,062,549	3,848,822	3,508,069	3,136,951	10,722,440
Interest and fiscal charges	4,568,005	4,603,039	4,032,356	4,405,021	4,636,091
Total expenditures	34,341,631	40,436,767	42,888,601	51,566,129	67,333,094
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	107,246	3,395,145	(853,862)	(10,480,055)	(23,446,615
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	2,100,180	5,254,970	2,522,057	3,708,947	4,408,662
Transfers out	(1,369,180)	(4,524,050)	(1,791,137)	(2,978,027)	(3,677,742
Sale of capital assets	56,297	49,110	17,175	82,760	52,930
Bond and note proceeds	362,185	958,500	650,000	14,087,053	25,163,052
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,149,482	1,738,530	1,398,095	14,900,733	25,946,902
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,256,728	\$ 5,133,675	\$ 544,233	\$ 4,420,678	\$ 2,500,287
Debt service as a percentage					
of noncapital expenditures	25.13%	22.90%	20.55%	16.62%	33.189

Note: Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay and expenditures for capitalized assets included within the functional expenditures categories.

**CONTINUED** 

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
SCHEDULE 4
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES: GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 Revenues Taxes 9,444,620 \$ 11,590,739 \$ 14,296,381 \$ 15,738,885 \$ 26,992,069 Licenses, fees and permits 4,283,213 6,903,211 5,869,656 2,720,478 1,753,077 Intergovernmental 1,062,031 1,338,970 1,569,424 1,888,959 1,604,255 Charges for services 2,702,550 4,587,955 6,025,454 4,899,924 3,951,453 Fines and forfeitures 1,300,040 1,219,282 1,129,472 1,252,981 1,133,215 2,875,335 1,271,000 Special assessment revenue 831,970 451,914 3,500,000 Miscellaneous 547,766 978,350 464,861 442,973 570,955 Interest on investments 542,371 566,413 1,283,194 503,871 179,236 Total revenues 20,714,561 27,636,834 33,513,777 30,948,071 37,455,260 Expenditures General government 2,351,371 3,826,086 3,074,401 3,285,328 4,390,714 7,897,722 Public Safety 3,982,637 5,424,736 6,572,995 6,858,543 Community development 22,801,077 7,667,029 Streets and highways 2,518,285 2,949,997 4,134,069 1,551,653 1,834,279 Parks recreation and culture 4,562,906 5,639,584 4,611,346 5,674,251 5,542,788 Cemetery 329,604 480,627 8,360,057 345,922 297,062 Redevelopment 446,884 Other 87,616 8,598 180,038 32,623 5,571 Capital outlay 10,741,229 4,859,533 2,577,544 8,046,417 8,617,325 Debt Service Principal 2,113,343 1,555,506 4,708,651 1,443,002 7,937,343 Interest and fiscal charges 2,230,367 2,182,580 3,455,683 4,366,846 3,774,216 Total expenditures 28,917,358 26,927,247 37,947,201 54,553,077 47,991,101 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (8,202,797) 709,587 (4,433,424) (23,605,006) (10,535,841) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in 3,571,403 3,526,085 1.799.157 4,494,820 8.224.855 Transfers out (3,244,503)(2,963,569)(14,423,252)(3,763,820)(5,993,851)Transfer to component unit (100,000)Proceeds from capital lease 500,000 Sale of capital assets 41,239 71,920 35,550 Bond and note proceeds 5,399,485 2,747,936 15,785,158 21,840,355 4,470,865 5,626,385 3,851,691 3,232,983 22,606,905 Total other financing sources (uses) 6,701,869 Net change in fund balances \$ (2,576,412) 4,561,278 (1,200,441)(998,101)\$ (3,833,972) Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures 31.40% 20.39% 30.01% 14.28% 30.65%

Note: Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay and expenditures for capitalized assets included within the functional expenditures categories.

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 5 TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

\_\_\_\_\_

Fiscal Year	General Property Tax		General Use and Sales Tax		·	Franchise Tax		Fees in Lieu of Personal Property Tax		Total	
2005	\$	4,557,879	\$	2,688,208	\$	1,864,640	\$	333,893	\$	9,444,620	
2006		5,594,262		3,946,940		2,186,651		503,721		12,231,574	
2007		6,310,568		4,897,855		2,543,247		544,711		14,296,381	
2008		6,581,220		5,670,821		3,059,267		427,577		15,738,885	
2009		17,539,314		5,727,822		3,191,822		533,111		26,992,069	
2010		13,900,358		5,741,667		3,127,311		321,119		23,090,455	
2011		14,704,702		5,985,133		3,418,306		511,309		24,619,450	
2012		14,430,126		6,818,129		3,374,229		537,784		25,160,268	
2013		14,014,696		7,361,030		3,733,118		549,720		25,658,564	
2014		15,812,205		7,904,519		4,285,907		561,095		28,563,726	
Growth											
2005-2014		246.9%		194.0%		129.9%		68.0%		202.4%	

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 6 ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY (LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS)

Fiscal Year	Real Property	Personal Property (1)		7	Fotal Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Ta Rate	x A	imated ctual 'alue	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2005	\$ 912,402,842	\$	42,195,354	\$	954,598,196	0.00246	2 \$ 1,15	0,131,724	83.0%
2006	1,146,420,573		43,193,930		1,189,614,503	0.00266	3 1,49	2,493,909	79.7%
2007	1,508,651,703		41,945,858		1,550,597,561	0.00260	4 2,35	3,579,350	65.9%
2008	2,343,043,319		60,776,677		2,403,819,996	0.00183	4 2,47	9,270,209	97.0%
2009	2,532,240,755		73,015,449		2,605,256,204	0.00190	1 2,76	1,251,394	94.4%
2010	2,473,231,195		82,005,953		2,555,237,148	0.00178	9 3,12	6,588,174	81.7%
2011	2,320,436,311		74,701,702		2,395,138,013	0.00237	0 2,90	6,739,493	82.4%
2012	2,228,436,729		83,068,215		2,311,504,944	0.00251	9 2,89	9,782,952	79.7%
2013	2,285,322,712		93,605,726		2,378,928,438	0.00258	5 2,98	1,986,797	79.8%
2014	2,516,467,362		86,281,568		2,602,748,930	0.00243	2 3,20	5,389,417	81.2%

Values obtained from the Utah County auditor and do not include RDA values

<sup>(1)</sup> Personal Property has been combined with centrally assessed values.

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 7 PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS)

		Collected v	within the				
	Total	Fiscal Year	of the Levy	Collections	Total Collection	ons to Date	
Fiscal	Tax		Percentage	in Subsequent		Percentage	
Year	Levy (1)	Amount	of Levy	Years	Years Amount		
2005	\$ 2,350,221	\$ 2,482,760	105.64%	\$ (132,539)	\$ 2,350,221	100.00%	
2006	3,167,943	2,962,266	93.51%	205,677	3,167,943	100.00%	
2007	4,037,756	3,705,842	91.78%	331,914	4,037,756	100.00%	
2008	4,408,606	3,883,399	88.09%	525,207	4,408,606	100.00%	
2009	4,834,566	4,387,425	90.75%	446,803	4,834,228	99.99%	
2010	5,235,678	4,605,762	87.97%	620,504	5,226,266	99.82%	
2011	5,676,477	5,203,186	91.66%	451,842	5,655,028	99.62%	
2012	5,822,681	5,293,437	90.91%	477,985	5,771,422	99.12%	
2013	6,149,530	5,660,924	92.05%	325,659	5,986,583	97.35%	
2014	6,343,087	6,020,853	94.92%	-	6,020,853	94.92%	

Source: Utah County Treasurer

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 8 DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Fis cal Year	General Fund	Lehi City (1)  Debt Service Fund	Total	Alpine School District	Utah County	Central Utah Water Conservancy District	Northern Utah County Water Conservancy District	Lehi Metropolitan Water District	Total
2005	0.002462	-	0.002462	0.008119	0.001065	0.000353	0.000035	0.000010	0.012044
2006	0.002663	-	0.002663	0.008082	0.001040	0.000400	0.000033	0.000011	0.012229
2007	0.002604	-	0.002604	0.006883	0.001079	0.000360	0.000028	0.000011	0.010965
2008	0.001834	-	0.001834	0.008150	0.001090	0.000320	0.000022	0.000008	0.011424
2009	0.001901	-	0.001901	0.008153	0.001092	0.000310	0.000022	0.000008	0.011486
2010	0.001789	-	0.001789	0.008152	0.001091	0.000310	0.000021	0.000008	0.011371
2011	0.002370	-	0.002370	0.008152	0.001091	0.000500	0.000021	0.000008	0.012142
2012	0.002519	-	0.002519	0.008120	0.001342	0.000500	0.000028	0.000013	0.012522
2013	0.002585	-	0.002585	0.008120	0.001342	0.000500	0.000028	0.000013	0.012588
2014	0.002432	-	0.002432	0.008699	0.001259	0.000446	0.000028	0.000012	0.012876

<sup>(1)</sup> The City's certified property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the city council, after holding one or more truth-in-taxation public hearings.

Source: Utah State Tax Commission

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 9 PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS (CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO)

\_\_\_\_\_\_

		2014			2005	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
	Taxable		Total Taxable	Taxable		Total Taxable
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Valuation	Rank	Valuation	Valuation	Rank	Valuation
Micron Technology, Inc.	\$ 236,364,200	1	6.73 %	\$ 114,694,100	1	9.93 %
Adobe Systems Inc.	72,754,400	2	-	-	-	-
Outlets at Traverse Mountai	42,881,700	3	-	-	-	-
TMCV#1 LLC	36,104,600	4	-	-	-	-
Thanks giving Point L.C.	68,578,465	2	1.75	31,743,892	2	2.75
Cabelas	28,913,350	3	1.74	-	-	-
Fox Ridge Investments LLC	23,545,315	4	1.18	-	-	-
Thai Properties, LLC	17,576,575	5	1.05	7,409,427	4	0.64
Point Development L.C.	11,235,567	6	0.48	-	-	-
Whistle Stop Development C	7,258,987	7	0.42	-	-	-
Smiths	7,011,554	8	0.41	-	-	-
Century Link	6,759,501	9	0.42	8,349,665	3	0.72
Museum of Ancient History	5,879,554	10	0.36	-	-	-
Albertsons Inc.	-	-	-	5,363,600	5	0.46
Mayflower Harbot Apartmen	-	-	-	5,192,199	6	0.45
Open Court	-	-	-	4,353,270	7	0.38
Questar Gas	-	-	-	4,289,522	8	0.37
Cabelas Retail	-	-	-	4,000,000	9	0.32
Oldcastle		-		3,235,215	10	0.28
Total	\$ 564,863,768	· •	14.54 %	\$ 188,630,890		16.30 %

Source: Utah County Assessor

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 10 RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

	Governmental Activities							Business-Type Activities								
	Sales Tax	Lease	Sewer	Excise Tax	Special			Water	Sewer	Electric	Dainage	S	pecial Assessmen	1 Total	Percentage	
Fiscal	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Road	Assessment	Capital	Note	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Capital	Bonds/Other	Primary	of Personal	Per
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Leases	Payable	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Leases	Notes Payable	Government	Income (1)	Capita (1)
2005	\$17,036,200	\$ -	\$ 860,425	\$ 4,115,000	\$ 3,780,987	\$ 292,194	\$39,127,461	\$ 4,838,304	\$ 508,311	\$ 3,269,798	\$ 1,655,000	\$ 154,809	\$ 2,604,125	\$78,242,614	11.12%	\$ 2,272
2006	19,155,292	-	755,650	3,660,000	3,461,254	679,356	39,276,305	4,451,752	446,124	8,892,948	1,525,000	420,591	2,383,954	85,108,226	10.73%	2,266
2007	19,805,000	-	644,525	3,185,000	-	518,084	53,911,763	4,050,196	380,288	8,552,948	1,390,000	296,063	-	92,733,867	10.76%	2,343
2008	19,052,455	-	530,225	2,695,000	-	431,927	75,752,118	3,632,088	312,625	8,046,098	1,245,000	209,457	-	111,906,993	12.20%	2,569
2009	18,401,997	-	-	2,190,000	-	305,665	74,097,585	3,200,536	-	7,457,501	1,095,000	118,935	-	106,867,219	10.53%	2,283
2010	17,610,000	-	-	1,665,000	-	234,551	71,785,332	2,853,981	-	6,881,750	935,000	24,317	-	101,989,931	8.74%	2,054
2011	16,670,000	-	-	1,125,000	-	160,014	72,133,133	2,497,427	-	6,306,000	2,335,492	-	1,686,586	102,913,652	8.80%	2,068
2012	16,110,000	-	-	575,000	-	81,888	68,779,604	2,125,873	-	5,730,250	2,200,369	-	1,672,366	97,275,350	8.30%	1,951
2013	15,570,000	-	-	-	-	-	80,926,594	1,739,319	-	5,200,000	2,070,000	-	1,636,904	107,142,817	8.90%	2,094
2014	15,165,000	-	-	-	-	-	95,772,209	140,000	-	4,560,000	1,920,000	-	1,600,010	119,157,219	9.19%	2,191

<sup>1)</sup> See Schedule 19 for personal income and population data

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 11 RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING (LAAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Fiscal Year	Gen Oblig Bor	ation	Otl Bor		То	tal	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property (1)		Per Capita (2)	
2005	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	_	%		%
2006		-		-		-	-		-	
2007		-		-		-	-		-	
2008		-		-		-	-		-	
2009		-		-		-	-		-	
2010		-		-		-	-		-	
2011		-		-		-	-		-	
2012		-		-		-	-		-	
2013		-		-		-	-		-	
2014		_		_		-	-		_	

<sup>(1)</sup> See Schedule 6 for property value data.

<sup>(2)</sup> See Schedule 19 for population data.

<sup>(3)</sup> Lehi City has no general obligation debt outstanding or any other bonds that would commit property taxes for payment.

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 12 DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (AS OF JUNE 30, 2014)

Governmental Unit	(	Debt Dutstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable to Lehi (1)	Estimated Amount pplicable to Lehi
Utah County	\$	234,865,000	12.87%	\$ 30,221,870
Alpine School District		396,562,710	22.28%	 45,449,549
Subtotal, overlapping debt		631,427,710		75,671,419
Lehi City direct debt		110,937,209	100.00%	 110,937,209
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	742,364,919		\$ 186,608,628

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Lehi. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by dividing the City's taxable assessed value by each overlapping unit's total taxable assessed value.

Sources: Utah State Tax Commission; State of Utah; Alpine School District; Utah County Auditor's Office; Central Utah Water Conservancy District

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 13 LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Fiscal Year		Debt Limit	Total	lebt	Leg	gal debt margin
2005	\$	46,005,269	\$	-	\$	46,005,269
2006		59,699,756		-		59,699,756
2007		94,143,174		-		94,143,174
2008		99,170,808		-		99,170,808
2009		110,450,056		-		110,450,056
2010		125,063,527		-		125,063,527
2011		116,269,580		-		116,269,580
2012		115,991,318		-		115,991,318
2013		119,279,472		-		119,279,472
2014		128,215,577		-		128,215,577
limit as a percentage of debt limit  Legal Debt Margin Calculation	n for I	Fiscal Year 2014				0.0%
Estimated market value					\$	3,205,389,417
Debt limit (4% of market value	e)					128,215,577
Debt applicable to limit						-
Legal debt margin					\$	128,215,577

Source: Utah State Tax Commission; Utah County Auditor's Office

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 14 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE WATER REVENUE BONDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

			Net Revenue				
			Available				
Fiscal	Gross	Operating	for Debt	Debt Se	ervice Requireme	ents (3)	
Year	Revenues (1)	Expenses (2)	Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2005	\$ 5,745,050	\$ 1,885,130	\$ 3,859,920	\$ 375,000	\$ 181,287	\$ 556,287	6.94
2006	6,178,631	1,921,382	5,175,682	385,000	170,345	555,345	9.32
2007	5,639,918	2,550,237	3,089,681	400,000	159,019	559,019	5.53
2008	5,732,489	2,744,802	2,987,687	415,000	147,235	562,235	5.31
2009	5,200,893	2,668,401	2,532,492	430,000	133,951	563,951	4.49
2010	5,722,876	2,375,972	3,346,904	345,000	119,327	464,327	7.21
2011	5,901,420	3,195,015	2,706,405	355,000	107,178	462,178	5.86
2012	6,611,424	2,708,050	3,903,374	370,000	94,383	464,383	8.41
2013	6,956,808	3,215,600	3,741,208	385,000	73,148	458,148	8.17
2014	8,692,057	3,926,658	4,765,399	400,000	66,428	466,428	10.22

<sup>(1)</sup> Total revenue (including interest and impact fees). Amounts shown are for culinary water and secondary water combined.

<sup>(2)</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation. Amounts shown are for culinary water and secondary water combined.

<sup>(3)</sup> Amounts shown are for culinary water and secondary water.

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 15 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE SALES TAX REVENUE BONDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Fiscal Sales Tax Debt Service Requirements Year Revenue Principal Interest Total Coverage \$ \$ 2005 2,356,721 \$ 460,000 \$ 464,929 924,929 2.55 2006 3,946,970 480,000 432,750 912,750 4.32 2007 4,897,855 500,000 458,950 5.11 958,950 2008 5,670,821 500,000 439,450 939,450 6.04 2009 5,727,822 515,000 427,576 942,576 6.08 2010 525,000 414,058 939,058 6.11 5,741,667 2011 389,371 939,371 6.37 5,985,133 550,000 2012 7.25 6,818,129 560,000 380,434 940,434 2013 540,000 358,034 898,034 7,361,030 8.20 2014 560,000 337,473 897,473 7,904,519 8.81

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 16 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE EXCISE TAX ROAD BONDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Fiscal	Excise Tax	Debt	ments		
Year	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2005	\$ 791,544	\$ 440,000	\$ 149,467	\$ 589,467	1.34
2006	1,019,426	455,000	134,420	589,420	1.73
2007	1,237,982	475,000	118,819	593,819	2.08
2008	1,399,065	490,000	102,821	592,821	2.36
2009	1,298,469	505,000	84,070	589,070	2.20
2010	1,446,611	525,000	64,525	589,525	2.45
2011	1,534,646	540,000	51,100	591,100	2.60
2012	1,520,746	550,000	34,900	584,900	2.60
2013	1,586,980	575,000	18,400	593,400	2.56
2014	1,513,953	-	-	-	_

# LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 17 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE ELECTRIC REVENUE BONDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Fisc	vol.	Gross	Operating	1	et Revenue Available for Debt	Dobt (	Com:	ce Require		ta	
Ye		evenues (1)	Expenses (2)		Service	 Principal		nterest	шеп	Total	Coverage
200	)5 \$	16,188,046	\$ 13,302,032	\$	2,886,014	\$ 230,000	\$	157,880	\$	387,880	7.44
200	)6	20,623,100	14,822,497		5,800,603	230,000		148,680		378,680	15.32
200	07	19,328,569	14,093,103		5,235,466	495,000		268,685		763,685	6.86
200	)8	20,721,770	17,229,303		3,492,467	506,850		323,186		830,036	4.21
200	)9	20,144,969	18,942,731		1,202,238	540,000		296,110		836,110	1.44
201	.0	20,228,879	18,942,921		1,285,958	600,000		143,957		743,957	1.73
201	.1	20,907,913	19,138,670		1,769,243	600,000		128,398		728,398	2.43
201	.2	22,771,390	18,216,123		4,555,267	600,000		117,490		717,490	6.35
201	.3	25,857,917	21,786,781		4,071,136	630,000		119,249		749,249	5.43
201	.4	28,948,402	22,324,365		6,624,037	700,000		94,032		794,032	8.34

<sup>(1)</sup> Total revenue (including interest and impact fees).

<sup>(2)</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

## LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 18 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE DRAINAGE REVENUE BONDS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Net Revenue
Available

Fiscal	Gross	Operating	for Debt	Debt S	Service Require	ements	
Year	Revenues (1)	Expenses (2)	Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2005	\$ 399,467	\$ 33,387	\$ 366,080	\$ 125,000	\$ 96,087	\$ 221,087	1.66
2006	668,249	21,712	646,537	130,000	89,837	219,837	2.94
2007	893,418	13,208	880,210	135,000	83,207	218,207	4.03
2008	732,353	10,294	722,059	145,000	76,255	221,255	3.26
2009	984,694	242,283	742,411	150,000	68,715	218,715	3.39
2010	1,083,110	273,040	810,070	160,000	60,840	220,840	3.67
2011 (3)	1,225,501	457,221	768,280	145,000	62,156	207,156	3.71
2012	1,332,332	358,815	973,517	140,000	82,661	222,661	4.37
2013	1,334,947	394,904	940,043	145,000	77,747	222,747	4.22
2014	1,480,016	363,271	1,116,745	150,000	72,657	222,657	5.02

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Drainage fund created in 2000.

<sup>(1)</sup> Total revenue (including interest and impact fees).

<sup>(2)</sup> Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

<sup>(3)</sup> The 2000 drainage bond was refunded and an additional \$1,500,000 was added to the debt to complete Murdock Canal when the City issued the 2010 drainage bonds.

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 19 DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

			Per Capita	
Fiscal		Personal	Personal	Unemployment
Year	Population	Income (1)	Income (2)	Rate (3)
2005	34,433	\$ 703,776,087	\$ 20,439	3.8 %
2006	37,558	793,224,960	21,120	3.6
2007	39,587	862,204,860	21,780	2.5
2008	43,566	917,344,440	21,056	2.3
2009	46,802	1,015,041,776	21,688	4.9
2010	49,646	1,167,376,044	23,514	7.2
2011	49,753	1,169,892,042	23,514	7.6
2012	49,857	1,172,337,498	23,514	6.5
2013	51,173	1,203,281,922	23,514	4.9
2014	54,382	1,296,640,685	23,843	3.5

- (1) Estimates of total personal income are derived by multiplying per capita personal income amounts by the corresponding population.
- (2) Per capita personal income amounts are for Utah County. The amounts shown are for the calendar year that ended during the specified fiscal year, e.g., amounts for calendar year 2009 are shown in fiscal year 2011. Amounts for calendar year 2010 are estimated at 2 percent greater than calendar year 2009 amounts.
- (3) Unemployment rates are for Utah County. The rates shown are for the calendar year that ended during the specified fiscal year, e.g., rates for calendar year 2010 are shown in fiscal year 2011.

Sources: Population information provided by the Lehi Planning Department. Per capita personal income information provided by the Governor's office of Planning & Budget. Unemployment rates provided by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

### LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 20 PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO)

		2014(1)		2005(1)					
	Estimated		Percentage of Total City			Percentage of Total City			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment			
IM Flash	1,700	1	N/A	N/A	1	N/A %			
Adobe	900	2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Xactware	650	3	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Xango	630	4	N/A	N/A	2	N/A			
Cabela's	425	5	N/A	N/A	3	N/A			
Thanks giving Point	420	6	N/A	N/A	4	N/A			
Hadco	235	7	N/A	N/A	5	N/A			
Jack B Parson Co.	215	8	N/A	N/A	6	N/A			
Costco	211	9	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Smiths	165	10	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Young Living	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	9	N/A			
Lowes	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7	N/A			

<sup>(1)</sup> The City does not collect employee information as part of the business license or any other process.

N/A = Not Available

LEHI CITY CORPORATION
SCHEDULE 21
FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

Function/Program	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General government										
Court	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Administrative	6.5	7.5	5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	6.5	9.5
Treasury	4.5	5.5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	5
Finance	4.5	4.5	4.5	5	5	5	5	5	5	7
Legal Services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.5	4.5
Legislative (1)	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Public safety										
Police	35.5	37.5	39.5	40.5	41.5	41.5	41.5	44.5	45	48
Fire	22	27	27	27	39	39	39	40	40	42
Animal Control	1	1	1	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2	2
Community development										
Public Works Administration	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Planning and Zoning	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	6.5	6.5	6	6	6
Inspections	9	10	10	9	9	8	8	8	8	9
Streets and Highways										
Streets and Public Improvements	9.5	11	11	11	10	9	9	12	12	12
Park, recreation and culture										
Parks	12.5	17.5	18	19	18	19	19	21	22	27
Senior Citizens	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2
Recreation	109.5	113.5	115.5	115.5	115.5	115.5	115.5	73.5	75.5	84.5
Library	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	18	20	20
Literacy Center	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	5.5	5.5	6.5
Cemetery	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	3	3.5
Culinary Water	8.5	8.5	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	9
Sewer	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Power	16	17	18	19	19	19	19	24.5	24.5	23.5

Note: Full-time equivalent employees shown are based on authorized positions as determined by the salary schedule and the personnel budgets for the specified year.

<sup>(1)</sup> Legislative is made up of a part-time mayor and 5 part-time council members.

<sup>(2)</sup> Garbage service is contracted out to a private hauler.

<sup>(3)</sup> The public works director oversee drainage. The cleaning and necessary repairs are done by all three water departments.

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 22 OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Community development										
Residential building permits issued	817	1,188	1,452	1,734	298	243	286	590	569	340
Commercial building permits issued	47	29	34	48	35	28	28	38	25	26
Court										
Traffic and Misdemeanor cases handled	8,706	9,482	12,776	13,585	14,354	15,351	15,950	15,309	15,212	15,789
Police										
Calls for service	15,000	11,453	12,252	13,575	14,041	14,326	14,062	15,278	15,575	27,087
Arrests	712	760	816	831	1,876	1,902	1,950	1,235	1,089	1,261
Fire										
Fire/Medical responses	1,576	1,690	2,213	2,415	2,201	2,322	2,050	2,136	2,232	2,200
Recreation	·	•			•	,		·		•
Recreation programs	55	60	62	69	70	72	75	72	71	70
Participants in recreation programs	18,911	19,057	21,278	24,326	22,868	22,992	22,500	23,690	24,555	25,983
Library										
Books in collection	65,782	71,565	74,238	77,582	81,603	82,606	95,611	108,669	121,168	125,220
Books circulated	273,811	304,798	268,383	271,666	340,629	342,819	451,362	509,764	511,130	529,218
Cemetery										
Acres maintained	35	35	35	50	52	53	55	55	55	55
Total gravesites	21,648	21,768	21,888	40,852	42,853	42,965	42,965	43,010	43,155	43,212
Culinary Water										
Residential accounts serviced	6,985	8,548	9,605	10,023	10,555	10,826	12,568	13,121	13,152	11,419
Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	1,770	1,847	1,729	1,749	1,765	1,767	357	350	263	274
Sewer										
Sewer lines miles inspected	66	63	58	53	54	65	80	78	78	78
Power										
Accounts serviced	7,887	9,381	10,123	10,225	10,953	11,212	14,817	15,010	16,279	16,764
Megawatt hours sold	159	171	172	174	176	177	223	220	259	270
Secondary Water										
Accounts serviced	6,958	8,548	9,607	9,679	9,859	10,580	11,426	11,632	13,574	14,419

Source: City records

LEHI CITY CORPORATION SCHEDULE 23 CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM (LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS)

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Streets and Highways								<u></u>		
Street lights	1,297	1,436	1,776	1,792	1,801	1,803	2,355	2,412	2,446	2,506
Street miles	169	195	203	206	209	210	202	204	206	221
Police										
Vehicles	27	30	32	34	35	36	43	46	51	57
Fire										
Fire stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
Fire vehicles	7	7	7	7	7	7	12	12	12	12
Ambulances	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4
Public works										
Incorporated area in square miles	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
City building in square feet	212,000	220,000	220,000	220,000	221,000	235,000	235,000	235,000	235,000	235,000
Parks and recreation										
Park acreage	181	195	195	195	196	216	333	333	333	333
Baseball/softball diamonds	8	8	8	8	9	9	9	9	8	8
Soccer fields	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	9	9
Culinary water										
Water main line miles	178	201	202	202	204	206	243	263	256	271
Storage capacity										
(thousands of gallons)	7,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	9,800	9,800	9,800	8,400
Sewer										
Sewer line miles	134	141	142	142	142	144	205	210	212	223
Secondary water										
Secondary water main line miles	163	186	188	188	188	189	243	249	258	272
Power										
Power main feeder line miles	189	205	211	213	214	217	219	231	240	248
Overhead line miles	33	35	38	42	44	48	52	64	64	64

N/A = Not available Source: City records

### END OF REPORT



PIONEERING UTAH'S FUTURE