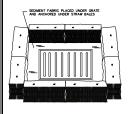
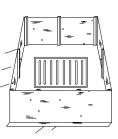
# BMP: Inlet Protection - Silt Fence or Straw Bale

#### INLET PROTECTION





STRAW BALE BARRIER

SILT FENCE

SEE INDIVIDUAL BMP INFORMATION SHEETS FOR INSTRUCTIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF STRAW BALE BARRIER AND SILT FENCE.

## **DESCRIPTION:**

Sediment barrier erected around storm drain inlet.

## **APPLICATION:**

Construct at storm drainage inlets located downgradient of areas to be disturbed by construction (for inlets in paved areas see other information sheets for inlet protection).

## INSTALLATION/APPLICATION CRITERIA:

- Provide upgradient sediment controls, such as silt fence during construction of inlet.
- When construction of inlet is complete, erect straw bale barrier or silt fence surrounding perimeter of inlet. Follow instructions and guidelines on individual BMP information sheets for straw bale barrier and silt fence construction.

#### LIMITATIONS:

- Recommended maximum contributing drainage area of one acre.
- Limited to inlets located in open unpaved areas.
- Requires shallow slopes adjacent to inlet.

#### MAINTENANCE:

- Inspect inlet protection following storm event and at a minimum of once monthly.
- Remove accumulated sediment when it reaches 4-inches in depth.
- Repair or realign barrier/fence as needed.
- Look for bypassing or undercutting and recompact soil around barrier/fence as required.

#### **OBJECTIVES**

Housekeeping Practices
 Contain Waste
 Minimize Disturbed Areas
 Stabilize Disturbed Areas
 Protect Slopes/Channels
 Control Site Perimeter
 Control Internal Erosion



## PIONEERING UTAH'S FUTURE

Adapted from Salt lake county BMP fact sheet

#### **TARGETED POLLUTANTS**

Sediment

□ Nutrients

Toxic Materials

- Oil & Grease
- Floatable Materials
  Other Waste
- High Impact
- Medium Impact
- Low or Unknown Impact

#### **IMPLEMENTATION REQUIREMENTS**

⊠ Capital Costs □ O&M Costs ⊠ Maintenance □ Training

■ High 🗵 Medium 🗆 Low